Modeling SW-Architectures using UML-RT/UML 2.0

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- UML: Good Enough for Specifying Architectures?
- UML-RT/UML 2.0
 - Overview
 - Capsules
 - Ports and Connectors
 - Protocols
 - Behavior Description
 - Evaluation
- Example: Autononomous Transport System
- Summary and Outlook

Is the UML Good Enough?

- The UML offers a plethora of description techniques for many aspects of software architectures
- The UML has, however, also significant deficits especially when it comes to modeling complex, service-oriented systems!
- In particular, we miss:
 - An adequate notation for services
 - A non-technical component notion
 - Clear concepts for hierarchy
 - Strong concepts and description techniques for
 - logical component distribution
 - non-technical interfaces
 - Formal means for behavior descriptions with respect to interfaces

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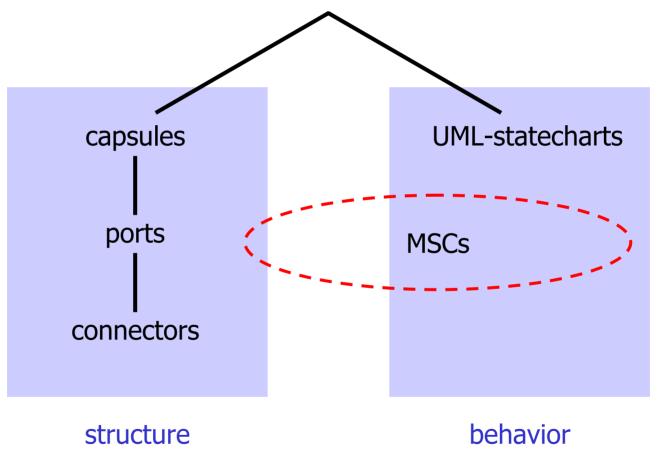
- Examples of "profiles" of the UML:
 - embedded real-time systems ("UML-RT")
 - automotive
 - web applications
 - ...
- Origin: ROOM [SGW94] + UML

Read: UML with component notion

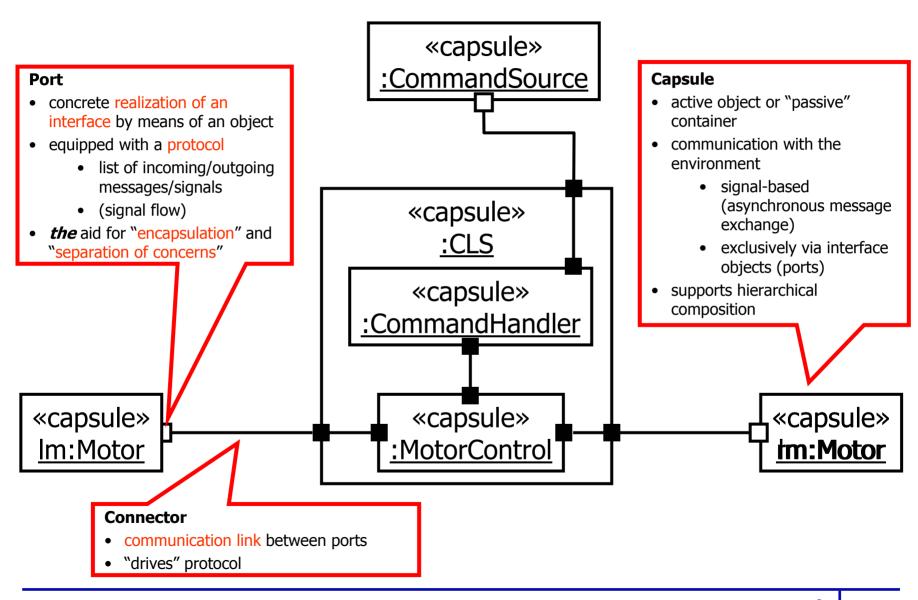
- Focus of UML-RT/ROOM:
 - component-oriented development
 - all components are potentially active units
 - signal-/message-oriented communication
 - time concept
 - quality of service (in preparation)

The Component Model of UML-RT

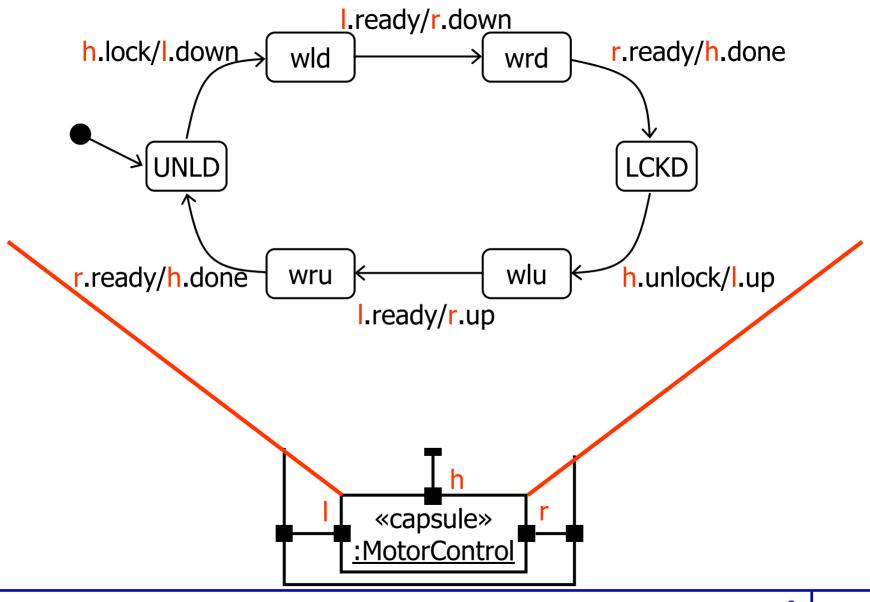
Description Techniques of UML-RT for Structure and Behavior



Hierarchical Composition in UML-RT

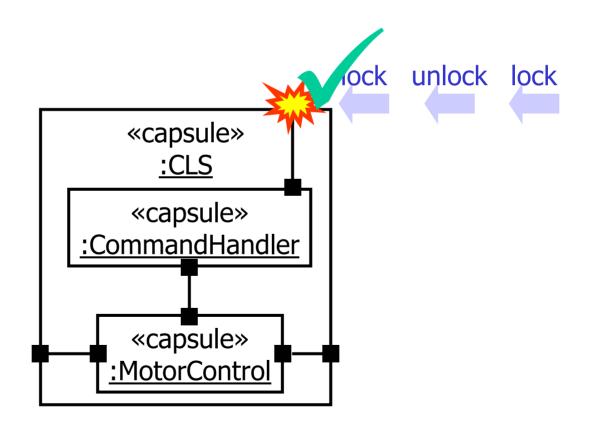


Example: UML-statecharts



Signal-Based Communication

- Capsules receive and send signals via their ports
- Signals, which cannot be processed immediately, are stored in a queue

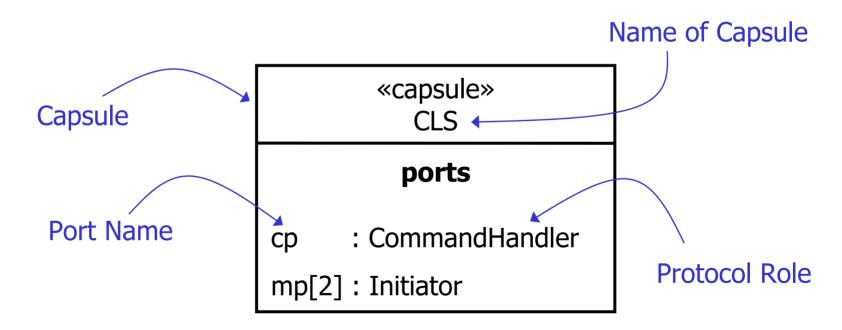


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Capsules

- Every capsule represents a potentially active object
- Communication between capsule and environment: exclusively via ports
 - no public data
 - no public methods
- Hierarchical decomposition into sub-capsules
- Every capsule has (at most) one state automaton describing the capsule's behavior
 - ⇒ capsule is "controller" for its sub-capsules
 - ⇒ see architectural pattern "recursive control"

- Upon its instantiation a capsule builds its internal structure (sub-capsules)
- The capsule can change its internal structure over time
 Architectural integrity



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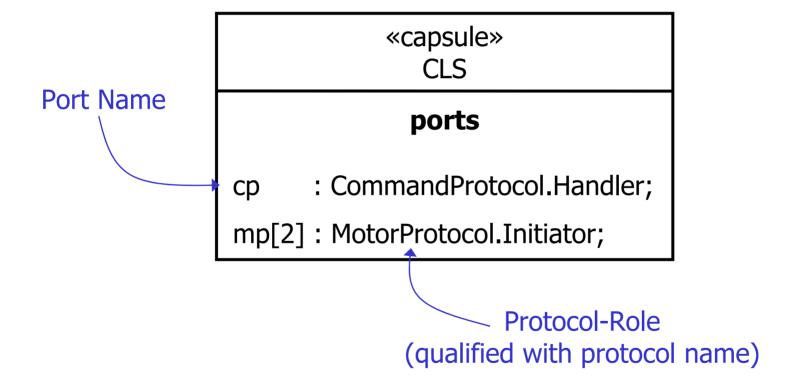
Port

- belongs to precisely one capsule (the capsule creates and destroys its ports)
- has identity and state
- has behavior
- implements the role of its capsule in a protocol

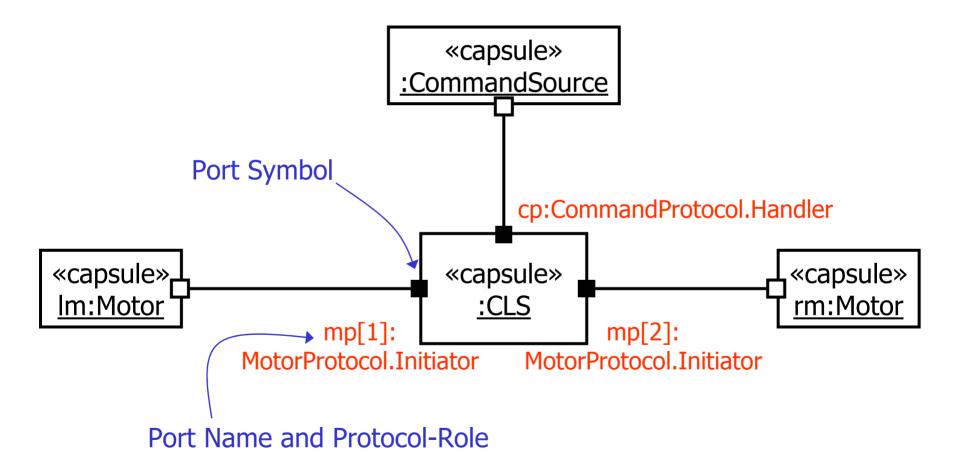
Kinds of ports

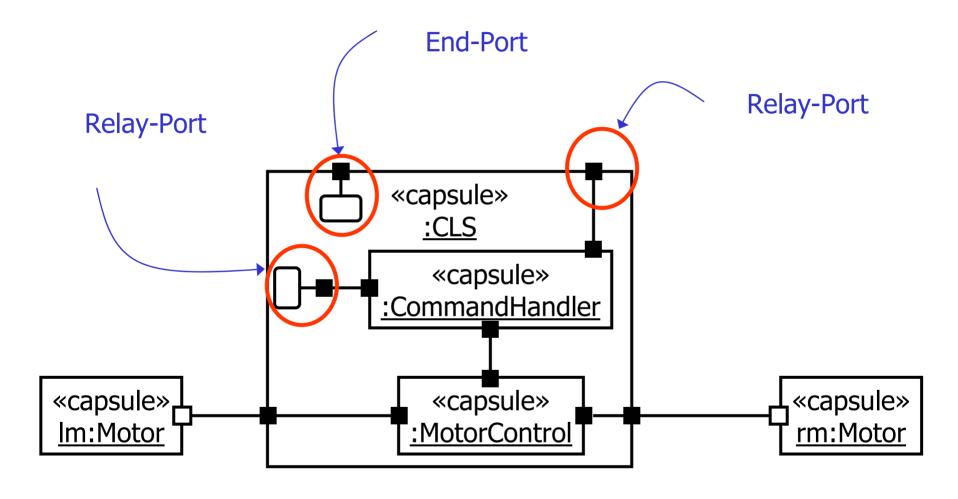
- Relay-Ports
 - relay signals between capsules and their sub-capsules
 - controlled interface export
- End-Ports
 - relay signals between capsules and their state automata
 - have queues for signals already received, but not yet processed

Simplified Representation



Simplified Representation in Collaboration Diagrams





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Protocols

Example: Simple Communication Protocol

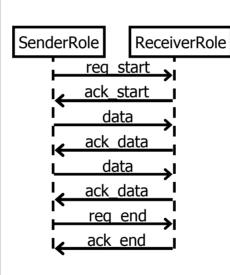
«protocolRole» SenderRole

incoming

ack_start ack_data ack_end

outgoing

req_start data req_end



«protocolRole» ReceiverRole

incoming

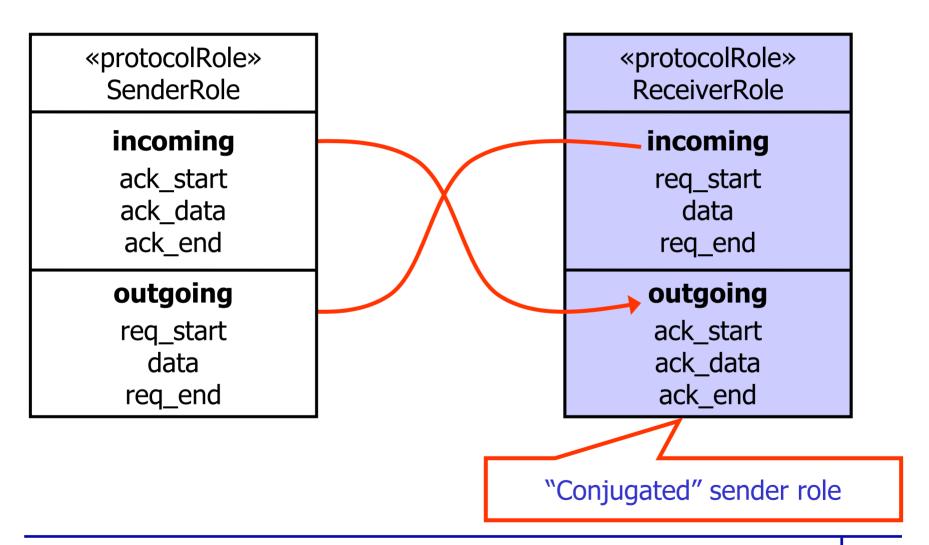
req_start data req_end

outgoing

ack_start ack_data ack_end

Protocols

Example: Simple Communication Protocol



Protocols

Simplification for Point-to-Point Protocols

Base Role for Protocol (Sender View) «protocol» **Transmission** Base Role incoming ack_start ack_data sp: ack_end **Transmission** outgoing «capsule»_ «capsule» Sender **Receiver** req_start data rp: Transmission~ req_end Conjugated (Inverse) Role

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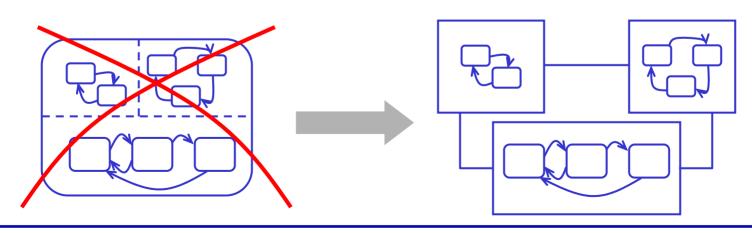
Behavior Description in UML-RT

- Every capsule that has its own behavior is associated with a UML-statechart
- Max one statechart per capsule
- Hierarchical composition:
 - every sub-capsule can have its own statechart

Behavior Description in UML-RT

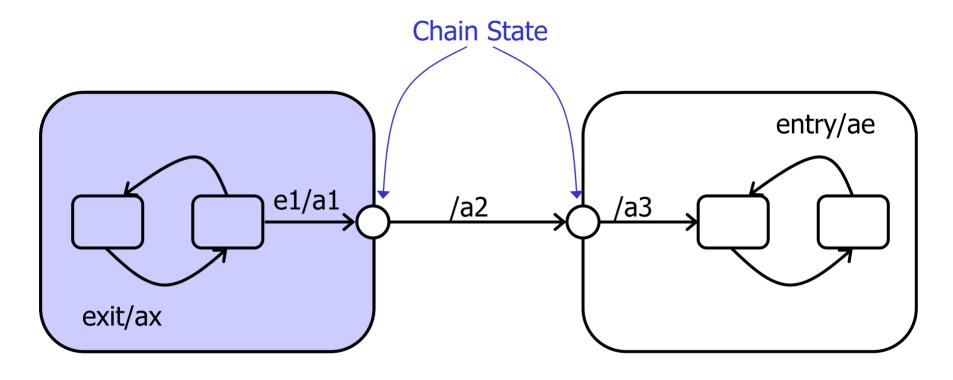
Doing without AND-states

- Concurrency via separate capsules
- Synchronization via explicit communication
- Result: stronger decoupling



Behavior Description in UML-RT

Encapsulation on the Level of States



- States become exchangeable entities
- Helps avoid "stub states"

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Evaluation

- UML-RT is much better suited for the specification of software architectures and services than "pure" UML:
 - hierarchic component model,
 precise behavior descriptions
 - interface concept
 - protocols and connectors
- Potentials for improvement (among others):
 - m2m communication instead of p2p
 - association of interaction patterns with ports/connectors
 - methodological guidelines for iterative service development
- Future:
 - (methodological!) treatment of Quality-of-Service aspects

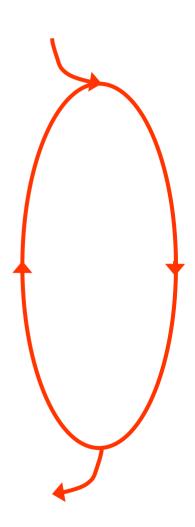
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Systematic Construction of Reliable SW-Systems

1. Develop/Refine domain model

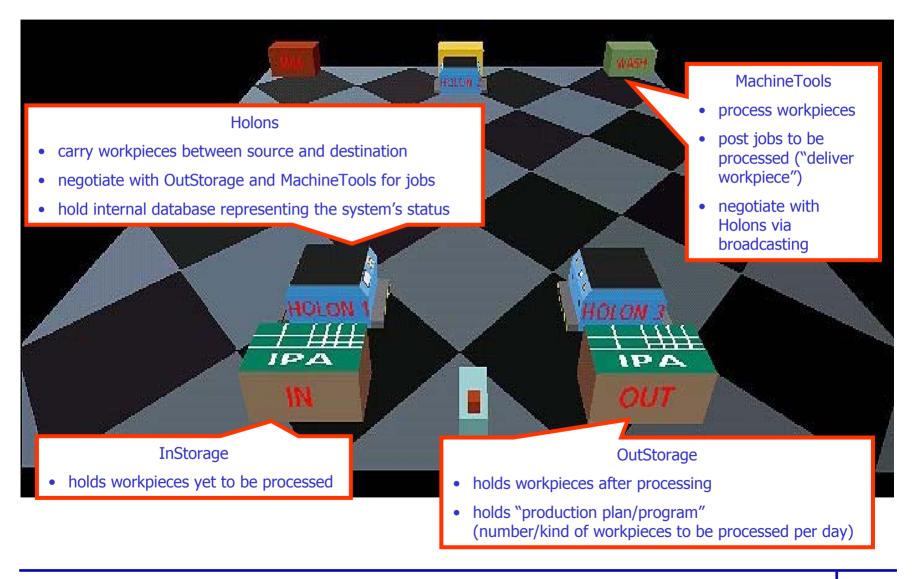
2. Capture interaction patterns

- 3. Derive interface specification
 - messages/signals, types
 - behavior
- 4. Decompose components hierarchically



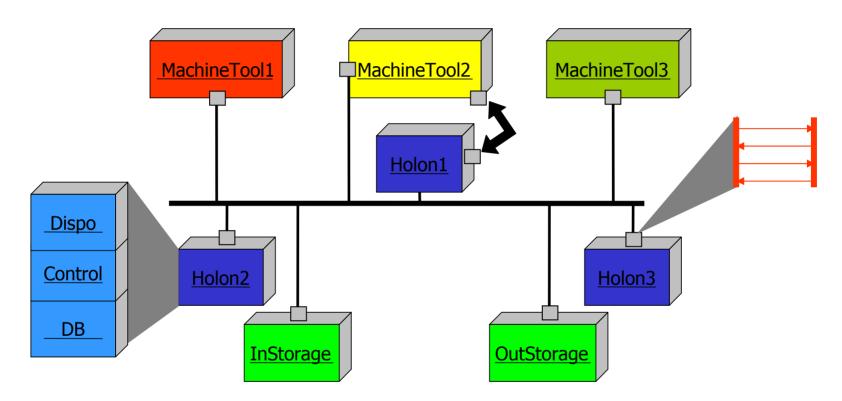
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Example Application: Autonomous Transport System



Example Application: Autonomous Transport System

Architectural Aspects:



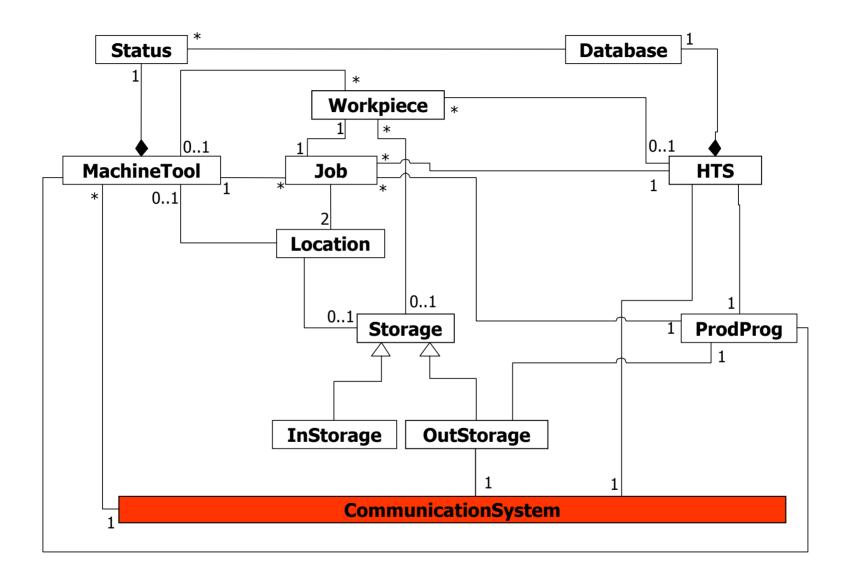
- components
- interfaces/behavior
- hierarchy/decomposition

p2p communication

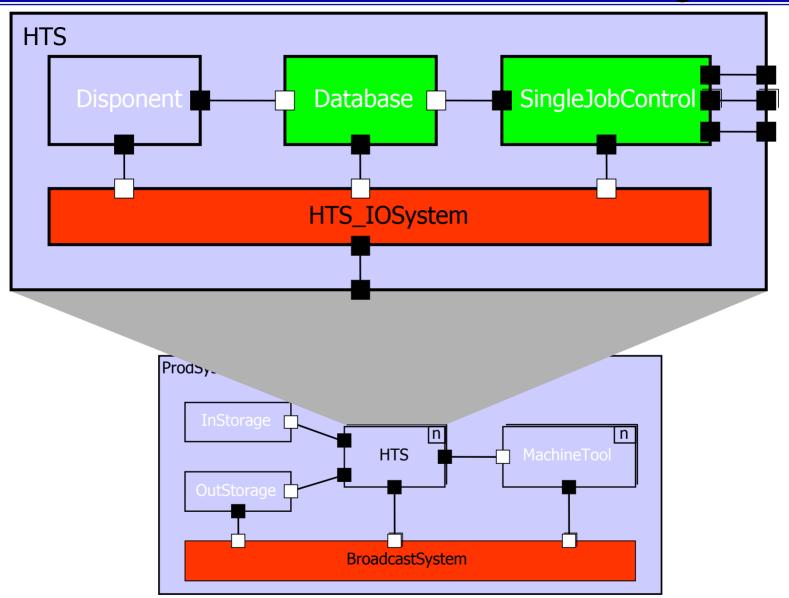
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broadcasting

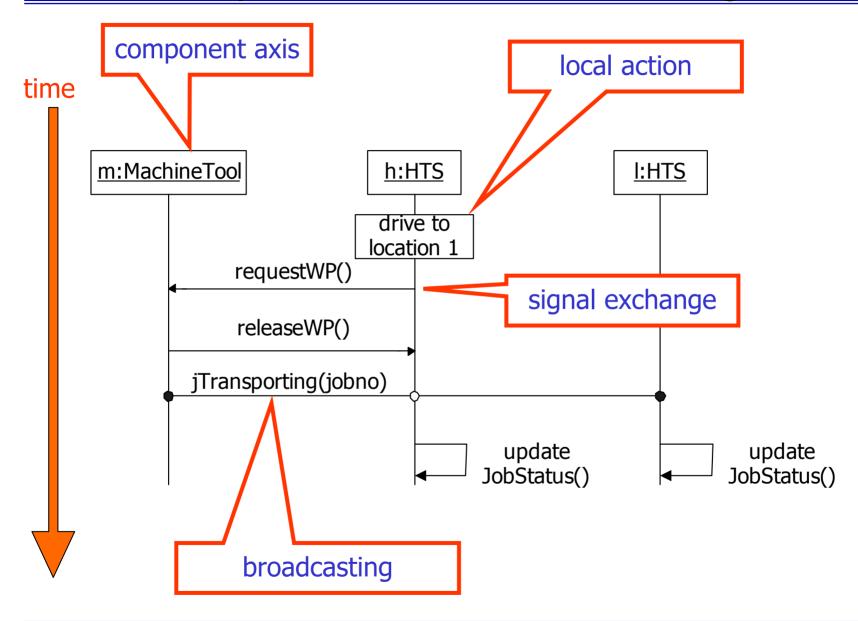
Domain Model



Architectural Pattern for Broadcasting

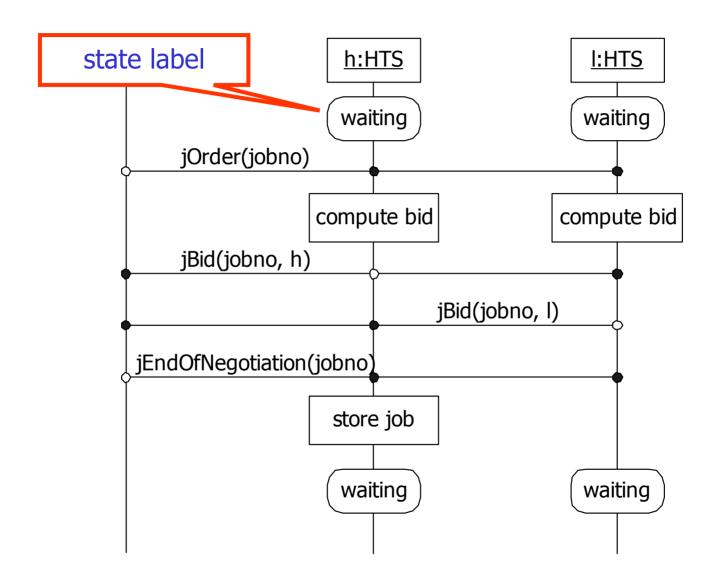


Sequence Charts for Broadcasting



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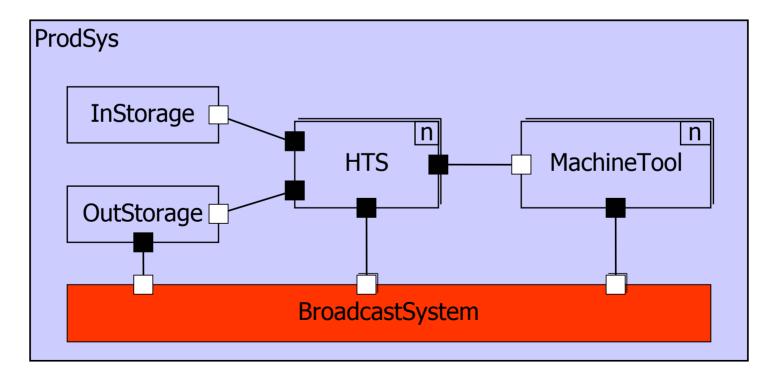
Sequence Charts for Broadcasting



Derivation of Component Structure

Captured scenarios & domain model indicate:

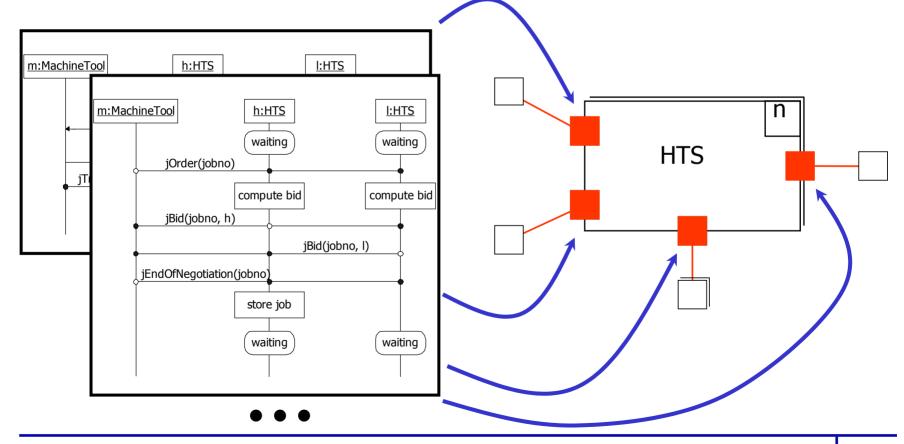
- active vs. passive components
- Point-to-point communication requirements
- broadcasting requirements



Derivation of Interface Behavior

Captured scenarios indicate also:

- names and types of signals
- ordering of signal flow



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Summary and Outlook

- Modeling "in the real world":
 often if at all done using UML/UML-RT/UML 2.0
- UML-RT/UML 2.0 better equipped for modeling software architectures than UML versions < 2.0
- Starting point for component- and service-oriented development: domain model, interaction scenarios
- How to avoid over-modeling and over-engineering?