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Abstract:

The SCA Web Service binding specified in this document applies to the services and references of an SCA composites. It defines the manner in which a service can be made available as a web service, and in which a reference can invoke a web service.

This binding is a WSDL-based binding; that means it either references an existing WSDL binding or allows one to specify enough information to generate one. When an existing WSDL binding is not referenced, rules defined in this document allow one to generate a WSDL binding.

Status:

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1 Introduction

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- The SCA Web Service binding specified in this document applies to the services and references of composites and components [SCA-Assembly]. It defines the manner in which a service can be made available as a web service, and in which a reference can invoke a web service.
- This binding is a WSDL-based binding; that means it either references an existing WSDL binding or can be configured to specify enough information to generate one. When an existing WSDL binding is not referenced, rules defined in this document allow one to generate a WSDL binding.
- The Web Service binding can point to an existing WSDL [WSDL] document, separately authored, that specifies the details of the WSDL binding[ask1] to be used to provide or invoke the web service. In this case the SCA web services binding allows anything that is valid in a WSDL binding, including rpc-encoded style[ask2] and binding extensions. It is the responsibility of the SCA system provider to ensure support for all options specified in the WSDL binding. Interoperation of such services is not guaranteed.
- The SCA Web Service binding also provides attributes that can be used to provide the details of a WSDL SOAP binding. This allows a WSDL document to be synthesized in the case that one does not already exist. In this case only WS-I compliant mapping is supported.
- The SCA Web Service binding can be further customized through the use of SCA Policy Sets. For example, a requirement to conform to a WS-I profile [WSI-Profiles] could be represented with a policy set.

1.1 Terminology

- The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119]].
- This specification uses predefined namespace prefixes throughout; they are given in the following list. Note that the choice of any namespace prefix is arbitrary and not semantically significant.
 - Table 1-1 Prefixes and Namespaces used in this specification

Prefix	Namespace	Notes
XS	"http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"	Defined by XML Schema 1.0 specification
wsa	"http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"	Defined by WS-Addressing 1.0
wsp	"http://www.w3.org/ns/ws-policy"	Defined by WS-Policy 1.5
wsrmp	"http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrmp/200702"	Defined by WS-ReliableMessaging Policy 1.2
soap11	"http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"	Defined by SOAP 1.1
soap12	"http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"	Defined by SOAP 1.2
wsdli	"http://www.w3.org/ns/wsdl-instance"	Defined by WSDL 2.0
wsoap11	"http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"	Defined by WSDL 1.1 [WSDL11]
wsoap12	"http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap12/"	Defined by [WSDL11-SOAP12]
sca	"http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200712"	Defined by the SCA specifications

1.2 Normative References

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27	[RFC2119]	S. Bradner, Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels,
28		http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.
29	[SCA-Assembly]	http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-assembly/sca-assembly-1.1-spec.pdf
30	[SCA-Policy]	http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-policy/sca-policy-1.1-spec.pdf
31	[SCA-JCAA]	http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-j/sca-javacaa-1.1-spec.pdf
32	[WSDL11]	E. Christensen et al, Web Service Description Language (WSDL) 1.1,
33		http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/NOTE-wsdl-20010315, W3C Note, March 15 2001.
34	[WSDL]	E. Christensen et al, Web Service Description Language (WSDL) 1.1,
35		http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/NOTE-wsdl-20010315, W3C Note, March 15 2001.
36		R. Chinnici et al, Web Service Description Language (WSDL) Version 2.0 Part 1: Core
37		Language, http://www.w3.org/TR/2007/REC-wsdl20-20070626/, W3C
38		Recommendation, June 26 2007.
39	[WSI-Profiles]	http://www.ws-i.org/Profiles/BasicProfile-1.1.html
40		http://www.ws-i.org/Profiles/AttachmentsProfile-1.0.html
41		http://www.ws-i.org/Profiles/SimpleSoapBindingProfile-1.0.html
42		http://www.ws-i.org/Profiles/BasicSecurityProfile-1.0.html
43	[JAX-WS]	http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=224
44	[SOAP]	http://www.w3.org/TR/2003/REC-soap12-part1-20030624/
45		http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/NOTE-SOAP-20000508/
46	[SOAP12Adjuncts]	SOAP Version 1.2 Part 2: Adjuncts (Second Edition)
47		http://www.w3.org/TR/soap12-part2/
48	[WS-Addr]	http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/REC-ws-addr-core-20060509/
49	[WSDL11-SOAP12]	http://www.w3.org/Submission/wsdl11soap12/
50		

1.3 Non-Normative References

52	[WSI-AP]	http://www.ws-i.org/Profiles/AttachmentsProfile-1.0.html
53	[MTOM]	http://www.w3.org/TR/2005/REC-soap12-mtom-20050125/
54	[WS-RM]	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200702/wsrm-1.2-spec-cd-01.html

2 Web Service Binding Schema

The Web Service binding element is defined by the following pseudo-schema.

```
57
           <binding.ws name="xs:NCName"?</pre>
58
                  requires="list of xs:QName"?
59
                           policySets="list of xs:QName"?
60
                  uri="xs:anvURI"?
61
                  wsdlElement="xs:anvURI"?
62
                  wsdli:wsdlLocation="list of xs:anyURI pairs"?
63
64
             <endpointReference>...</endpointReference>*
65
66
            </binding.ws>
```

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- /binding.ws/@name as defined in the SCA Assembly Specification [SCA-Assembly].
- /binding.ws/@requires as defined in the SCA Assembly Specification [SCA-Assembly].
- /binding.ws/@policySets as defined in the SCA Assembly Specification [SCA-Assembly].
- /binding.ws/@uri the resolution algorithm of Section 2.1 below describes how this attribute is interpreted.
- /binding.ws/@wsdlElement when present this attribute specifies the URI of a WSDL element. This attribute points to the specified element in an existing WSDL document. The URI can have the following forms:
 - Service:

<WSDL-namespace-URI>#wsdl.service(<service-name>)

In this case, the SCA runtime MUST make all the ports in the WSDL Service that have equivalent portTypes with the SCA service or reference available to the SCA service or reference.

o Port (WSDL 1.1):

<WSDL-namespace-URI>#wsdl.port(<service-name>/<port-name>)

In this case, the port in the WSDL 1.1 Service identified by the
binding.ws> element MUST implement a portType that is equivalent to the one specified for the SCA service or reference. The identified port MUST be made available to the SCA service or reference by the SCA runtime.

Endpoint (WSDL 2.0):

<WSDL-namespace-URI>#wsdl.endpoint(<service-name>/<endpoint-name>)

In this case, the endpoint in the WSDL 2.0 Service identified by the
 binding.ws> element MUST have an equivalent portType with the SCA service or reference. The identified endpoint MUST be made available to the SCA service or reference by the SCA runtime.

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96 97 o Binding:

<WSDL-namespace-URI>#wsdl.binding(<binding-name>)

In this case, the WSDL binding identified by the
binding.ws> element MUST implement a portType that is equivalent to the one specified for the SCA service or reference. The SCA runtime MUST make the service or reference available via the specified WSDL binding. In this case, the endpoint address URI for an SCA reference MUST be specified by either the @uri attribute on the binding or a WS-Addressing EndpointReference element, except where the SCA Assembly specification states that the @uri attribute can be omitted. The endpoint address URI for an SCA service or the callback

98 element of an SCA reference is determined as specified in section 2.1. For the *callback* element of an SCA service, the binding MUST NOT specify an endpoint address URI or a WS-Addressing EndpointReference..

- /binding.ws/@wsdli:wsdlLocation when present this attribute specifies the location(s) of the WSDL document(s) associated with specific namespace(s). This attribute MAY be specified by the binding in the event that the <WSDL-namespace-URI> in the 'endpoint' attribute is not dereferencable, or when the intended WSDL document is to be found at a different location than the one pointed to by the <WSDL-namespace-URI>. The use of this attribute indicates that the WSDL binding points to an existing WSDL document. The semantics of this attribute are specified in Section 7.1 of WSDL 2.0 [WSDL].
- /binding.ws/endpointReference when present this element provides the WS-Addressing [WS-Addr] EndpointReference that specifies the endpoint for the service or reference. When this element is present along with the @wsdlElement attribute on the parent element, the @wsdlElement attribute value MUST be of the 'Binding' form as specified above, i.e. <WSDL-namespace-URI>#wsdl.binding(<binding-name>).
- /binding.ws/@{any} this is an extensibility mechanism to allow extensibility via attributes.
- /binding.ws/any this is an extensibility mechanism to allow extensibility via elements.

The SCA runtime MUST support all the attributes of the

dining.ws> element, namely @name, @uri, @requires, @policySets @wsdlElement, and @wsdli:wsdlLocation.

The SCA runtime SHOULD support the element <endpointReference>. <u>If an SCA runtime does not support the element <endpointReference></u>, then it <u>MUST reject an SCA WS Binding XML document (as defined in Section 5.1)</u> that contains the element.

The <binding.ws> element MUST conform to the XML schema defined in sca-binding-webservice.xsd.

2.1 Endpoint URI resolution

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The rules for resolving the URI at which an SCA service is hosted, or SCA reference targets, when used with binding.ws (in precedence order) are:

1. The URIs in the endpoint(s) of the referenced WSDL or The URI specified by the wsa: Address element of the endpointReference,

- 2. The explicitly stated URI in the @uri attribute of the binding.ws element, which can be relative,
- 3. The structural URI as defined by the Assembly specification
- An SCA runtime MUST follow rules listed above in determining the URI at which an SCA service is hosted or an SCA reference is targeted.
- The URI in the WSDL endpoint or in the *wsa:Address* of an EPR MAY be a relative URI, in which case it is relative to the URI defined in (2) or (3). The *wsa:Address* element MAY be the empty relative URI, in which case it uses the URI defined in (2) or (3) directly. This enables the EPR writer to specify reference parameters, metadata and other EPR contents while letting the deployer choose the URI.
- To reference a WSDL document and also specify an EPR, the @wsdlElement attribute MUST refer to a binding element in the WSDL.

2.2 Interface mapping

- When *binding.ws* is used on a service or reference with an interface that is not defined by *interface.wsdl*, then a WSDL portType for the service or reference is derived from the interface by the rules defined for that SCA
- interface type. An SCA runtime MUST raise an error if the interface does not map to a WSDL portType.
- For example, for *interface.java*, the mapping to a WSDL portType is as defined in the SCA Java Common Annotations and API Specification [SCA-JCAA].

142 143	binding.ws implementations can use appropriate standards, for example WS-I AP 1.0 [WSI-AP] or MTOM [MTOM], to map interface parameters to binary attachments transparently to the target component.
144	
145	2.3 Production of WSDL description for an SCA service
146 147 148 149 150	Any service hosted by an SCA runtime with one or more web service bindings with HTTP endpoints SHOULD return a WSDL description of the service in response to an HTTP GET request with the "?wsdl" suffix to that HTTP endpoint. If none of the web service bindings have HTTP endpoints, then some other means of obtaining the WSDL description of the service SHOULD be provided by the SCA runtime. This can include out of band mechanisms, for example publication to a UDDI registry.
151 152	Refer to section 4 for a detailed definition of the rules that SHOULD be used for generating the WSDL description of an SCA service with one or more web service bindings.
153	
154	2.4 Additional binding configuration data
155 156 157	SCA runtime implementations MAY provide additional metadata that is associated with a web service binding, for example to enable JAX-WS [JAX-WS] handlers to be executed as part of the target component dispatch. The specification of such metadata is SCA runtime-specific and is outside of the scope of this document.
158	
159	2.5 Web Service Binding and SOAP Intermediaries
160	The Web Service binding does not provide any direct or explicit support for SOAP intermediaries [SOAP].
161	
162	2.6 Support for WSDL extensibility
163 164 165 166 167	When a binding we element uses the @wsdlElement attribute, the details of the binding are specified by the WSDL element referenced by the value of the attribute. Per the WSDL specification, WSDL allows for extensibility via elements as well as attributes, and it specifies rules for processing such elements. This specification does not constrain the use of such extensibility in WSDL and relies on the rules specified in the WSDL specification for processing such extended elements.
168 169	This specification requires that an SCA runtime MUST support the WSDL extensions defined in the namespace associated with the prefix "sca" (as defined in section 1.1).
170 171 172	The SCA runtime MUST support the WSDL 1.1 binding extension for SOAP 1.1 over HTTP [WSDL11], as identified by the WSDL element wsoap11:binding that has the @transport attribute with a value of "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http".
173 174 175	The SCA runtime SHOULD support the WSDL 1.1 binding extension for SOAP 1.2 over HTTP [WSDL11-SOAP12], as identified by the WSDL element wsoap12:binding that has the @transport attribute with a value of "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http".
176 177 178	Because a WSDL document might contain extension elements that cannot be supported by the SCA runtime, when using the @wsdlElement form of binding.ws it is not possible to determine whether the binding is supported by the SCA runtime without parsing the referenced WSDL element and its dependent elements.

This specification places no requirements on the intents that are listed as either @alwaysProvides or

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2.7 Intents listed in the bindingType

@mayProvides in the bindingType for binding.ws.

2.8 Intents and binding configuration

- The SCA runtime MUST support the SOAP.1_1 intent. The SCA runtime SHOULD support the SOAP.1_2 intent. This binding mandates support for SOAP 1.1 and encourages SOAP 1.2 support. The

 element associated with this binding MUST include the SOAP.1_1 intent in its @mayProvides or @alwaysProvides attributes. The

 bindingType> element associated with this binding SHOULD include the SOAP.1_2 intent in its @mayProvides attribute. For more details on the

 bindingType> element see [SCA-Policy].
- The SCA runtime MUST raise an error if the web service binding is configured with a policy intent(s) that conflicts with a binding instance's configuration. For example, it is an error to use the SOAP policy intent in combination with a WSDL binding that does not use SOAP.

3 Web Service Binding Examples

The following snippets show the sca.composite file for the MyValueComposite file containing the service element for the MyValueService and reference element for the StockQuoteService. Both the service and the reference use a Web Service binding.

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3.1 Example Using WSDL documents

This example shows a service and reference using the SCA Web Service binding, using existing WSDL documents in both cases. In each case there is a single binding element, whose name defaults to the service/reference name.

The service's binding is defined by the WSDL document associated with the given URI. This service conforms to WS-I Basic Profile 1.1.

The reference's first binding is defined by the specified WSDL service in the WSDL document at the given location. The reference can use any of the WSDL service's ports/endpoints to invoke the target service. The reference's second binding is defined by the specified WSDL binding. The specific endpoint URI to be invoked is provided via the @uri attribute.

```
206207
```

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```
208
              <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
209
              <composite xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200712"</p>
210
                   name="MyValueComposite">
211
               <service name="MyValueService">
212
                 <interface.java interface="services.myvalue.MyValueService"/>
213
                 <binding.ws wsdlElement="http://www.example.org/MyValueService#</pre>
214
                               wsdl.endpoint(MyValueService/MyValueServiceSOAP)"/>
215
216
               </service>
217
218
219
220
               <reference name="StockQuoteReference1">
221
                 <interface.java interface="services.stockquote.StockQuoteService"/>
222
                 <binding.ws wsdlElement="http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService#</pre>
223
                               wsdl.service(StockQuoteService)"
224
                 wsdli:wsdlLocation="http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService
225
                            http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService.wsdl"/>
226
               </reference>
227
228
               <reference name="StockQuoteReference2">
229
                 <interface.java interface="services.stockquote.StockQuoteService"/>
230
                 <binding.ws wsdlElement="http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService#</pre>
231
                               wsdl.binding(StockQuoteBinding)"
232
                 wsdli:wsdlLocation="http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService
233
                            http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService.wsdl"
                         uri="http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService5"/>
234
235
               </reference>
236
              </composite>
```

3.2 Examples Without a WSDL Document

The next example shows the simplest form of the binding element without WSDL document, assuming all defaults for portType mapping and SOAP binding synthesis. The service and reference each have a single binding element, whose name defaults to the service/reference name.

The service is to be made available at a location determined by the deployment of this component. It will have a single port address and SOAP binding, with a simple WS-I BasicProfile 1.1 compliant binding, and using the default options for mapping the Java interface to a WSDL portType.

The reference indicates a service to be invoked which has a SOAP binding and portType that matches the default options for binding synthesis and interface mapping. One particular use of this case would be where the reference is to an SCA service with a web service binding which itself uses all the defaults.

The next example shows the use of the binding element without a WSDL document, with multiple SOAP bindings with non-default values. The SOAP 1.2 binding name defaults to the service name, the SOAP 1.1 binding is given an explicit name. The reference has a web service binding which uses SOAP 1.2, but otherwise uses all the defaults for SOAP binding. The reference binding name defaults to the reference name.

```
270
271
             <?xml version="1.0" encoding="ASCII"?>
272
              <composite xmlns="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200712"</p>
273
                    name="MyValueComposite">
274
275
               <service name="MyValueService">
                   <interface.java interface="services.myvalue.MyValueService"/>
276
277
                 <binding.ws name="MyValueServiceSOAP11" requires="SOAP.1 1"/>
278
                 <binding.ws requires="SOAP.1 2"/>
279
280
               </service>
281
282
283
284
               <reference name="StockOuoteService">
285
                 <interface.java interface="services.stockquote.StockQuoteService"/>
286
                 <binding.ws uri="http://www.example.org/StockQuoteService"</pre>
287
                       requires="SOAP.1 2"/>
288
               </reference>
289
              </composite>
```

3.3 Example PolicySet Providing The Conversation Intent

The following policy set applies to *binding.ws* and provides the conversation intent. The conversation intent is provided by using WS-ReliableMessaging [WS-RM] protocol which has a concept of a Sequence. This Sequence (which appears as a wsrm:Sequence SOAP header in the message) is used as a correlation mechanism, on the wire, to implement conversational semantics.

4 Transport Binding

- The binding ws element provides numerous ways to specify exactly how messages ought to be transmitted from
- or to the reference or service. Those ways include references to WSDL binding elements from the
- 308 @wsdlElement attribute, policy intents, and even vendor extensions within the binding ws element. However,
- all of those ways to indicate how messages get carried happen to be optional. This section describes the defaults
- to be used if the specific transport details are not otherwise specified.

4.1 Intents

- So as to narrow the range of choices for how messages are carried, the following policy intents affect the transport binding:
- 314 SOAI

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- This indicates that messages MUST be transmitted using SOAP. One or more SOAP versions can be used.
- 316 SOAP.1 1
- Messages MUST be transmitted using only SOAP 1.1.
- 318 SOAP.1 2
- Messages MUST be transmitted using only SOAP 1.2.

4.2 Default Transport Binding Rules

4.2.1 WS-I Basic Profile Alignment

- To align to WS-I Basic Profile, the resulting WSDL port needs to be all document-literal, or all rpc-literal binding (R2705). This means, for any given portType, for all messages referenced by all operations in that portType, either
 - that every message part references an XML Schema type (rpc-literal pattern)
 - or that every message references exactly zero or one XML Schema elements (document-literal pattern)
- For a service element, the portType from the service's interface or derived from the service's interface MUST fit one of these two patterns. The rest of this section assumes the short-hand reference of an "rpc-literal" or
- "document-literal" pattern, depending on which of the two bullet points above it matches.

4.2.2 Default Transport Binding Rules

- In the event that the transport details are not otherwise determined, an SCA runtime MUST enable the following configuration:
 - HTTP-based transfer protocol
- Bindings for SOAP 1.1 MUST be provided and additional bindings MAY be provided, unless policy is applied that explicitly restricts this.
 - "literal" format as described in section 3.5 of [WSDL11]
- For document literal pattern, each message uses "document" style, as per section 3.5 of [WSDL11].
- For rpc-literal pattern, each message uses "rpc" style, as per section 3.5 of [WSDL11]. In this case, the child elements of the SOAP Body element MUST be namespace qualified with a non-empty namespace name. This namespace SHOULD be the structural URI associated with the binding.
 - For SOAP 1.1 messages, the SOAPAction HTTP header described in section 6.1.1 represents the empty string, in quotes ("").

- For SOAP 1.2 messages, the SOAP Action feature described in section 6.5 of [SOAP12Adjuncts] does not appear.
- All WSDL message parts are carried in the SOAP body

5 Conformance 346 The XML schema pointed to by the RDDL document at the namespace URI, defined by this specification, are 347 considered to be authoritative and take precedence over the XML schema defined in the appendix of this 348 349 document. 350 There are two categories of artifacts for which this specification defines conformance: 351 a) SCA WS Binding XML Document 352 b) SCA Runtime 353 5.1 SCA WS Binding XML Document 354 355 An SCA WS Binding XML document is an SCA Composite Document, or an SCA ComponentType Document, as defined by the SCA Assembly specification Section 13.1 356 [SCA-Assembly], that uses the <binding.ws> element. 357 358 An SCA WS Binding XML document MUST be a conformant SCA Composite Document or a SCA ComponentType Document, as defined by the SCA Assembly specification [SCA-359 ASSEMBLY], and MUST comply with all the applicable requirements specified in this 360 specification. 361 362 5.2 SCA Runtime 363 An implementation that claims to conform to the requirements of an SCA Runtime defined in this specification 364 365 has to meet the following conditions: 1. The implementation MUST comply with all statements in Appendix XXX: Conformance Items related 366 to an SCA Runtime, notably all "MUST" statements have to be implemented. 367 368 The implementation MUST conform to the SCA Assembly Model Specification Version 1.1 [SCA-Assembly], and to the SCA Policy Framework Version 1.1 [SCA-Policy]. 369 370 The implementation MUST reject a SCA WS Binding XML Document that is not conformant per 371 Section 5.1. 372 [ask3][ask4]

A. Web Services Binding XML Schema: sca-bindingwebservice.xsd

```
376
              <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
377
              <!-- (c) Copyright OASIS 2006, 2008 -->
378
              <schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</p>
379
                targetNamespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200712"
380
                xmlns:sca="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200712"
381
                xmlns:wsdli="http://www.w3.org/ns/wsdl-instance"
382
                xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
383
                elementFormDefault="qualified">
384
385
                  <import namespace="http://www.w3.org/ns/wsdl-instance"</pre>
386
                    schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2007/05/wsdl/wsdl20-instance.xsd"
387
388
                  <import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"</pre>
389
                     schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2006/03/addressing/ws-addr.xsd"
390
391
                <include schemaLocation="sca-core.xsd"/>
392
393
                <element name="binding.ws" type="sca:WebServiceBinding"</pre>
                     substitutionGroup="sca:binding"/>
394
395
                <complexType name="WebServiceBinding">
396
                  <complexContent>
                    <extension base="sca:Binding">
397
398
                       <sequence>
399
                                      <element name="endpointReference"</pre>
400
                              type="wsa:EndpointReference"
401
                              minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
402
                         <any namespace="##other" processContents="lax"</pre>
403
                            minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
404
                       </sequence>
405
                                    <attribute name="wsdlElement" type="anyURI" use="optional"/>
406
                                    <attribute ref="wsdli:wsdlLocation" use="optional"/>
407
                       <anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax"/>
408
                    </extension>
409
                  </complexContent>
410
                </complexType>
411
412
              </schema>
```

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B. Appendix - WSDL Generation

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- Due to the number of factors that determine how a WSDL might be generated, including compatibility with existing WSDL uses, precise details cannot be specified. For example, implementation decisions can affect the way WSDL might be generated. For reference, and consistency, this section suggests non-normative choices for some of the various details involved in generating WSDL. For brevity, the following definitions apply:
 - component name = the value of the @name attribute of the component element containing the binding.ws element
 - service name = the value of the @name attribute of the service element containing the binding.ws element
 - binding name = the value of @name attribute of the binding.ws element, or the default if no @name attribute is present
 - SOAP version = either "SOAP11" or "SOAP12" as appropriate
- With those definitions in place, here are the suggested choices:
 - wsdl:definitions/@name = <component name> + "." + <service name>
 - wsdl:definitions/@targetNamespace = <structural URI for the service>
 - import each WSDL 1.1 portType, rather than putting them inline
 - wsdl:binding/@name = <binding name> + <SOAP version> + "Binding"
- wsdl:service/@name = <service name>
- wsdl:port/@name = <binding name> + <SOAP version> + "Port"

C. Acknowledgements

The following individuals have participated in the creation of this specification and are gratefully acknowledged:

435 **Participants:**

[Participant Name, Affiliation | Individual Member]

[Participant Name, Affiliation | Individual Member]

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D. Non-Normative Text

E. Revision History

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[optional; should not be included in OASIS Standards]

Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
1	2007-09-25	Anish Karmarkar	Applied the OASIS template + related changes to the Submission
2	2008-04-02	Anish Karmarkar	* Partially applied the resolution of issue 14 in the conformance section.
			* Applied resolution to issue 9.
			* Applied resolution to issue 15.
			* Applied resolution to issue 16.
			* Applied resolution to issue 10.
			* Applied resolution to issue 8.
			* Applied resolution to issue 3.
3	2008-06-12	Simon Holdsworth	* Completed application of resolution to issue 10
			* Applied most of the editorial changes from Eric Johnson's review
4	2008-08-13	Anish Karmarkar	* Applied rest of Eric Johnson's ed review comments.
			* Applied resolution of issue 13.
			* Reapplied resolution of issue 15 (it was not applied correctly before)
			* Applied resolution of issue 19.
			* Applied resolution of issue 30.
			* Applied resolution of issue 32.
			* Applied resolution of issue 36.
			* Applied resolution of issue 38.
cd01-rev1	2008-10-16	Simon Holdsworth	Applied resolution of issue 41.
cd01-rev2	2008-10-20	Anish Karmarkar	Added rfc2119 statements.
cd01-rev3	2008-11-19	Anish Karmarkar	Incorporated feedback from Bryan, Eric & Dave
cd01-rev3	2008-12-02	Anish Karmarkar	Removed 'required' word associated with description of pseudo-schema + changed section 2.6 (wsdl extensibility) per the TC decision. Both of these were associated with issue 51 (2119 stmts)
cd01-rev5	2009-02-06	Simon Holdsworth	Applied resolution of issue 11
			Applied resolution of issue 49
			Applied action item 20080904-1
cd02	2009-02-16	Simon Holdsworth	Renamed, applied editorial issues
	1	I	

Page: 5

[ask1]Mentioning portType here does not seem appropriate.

Page: 5

[ask2]Dave would like to get rid of this.

Page: 16

[ask3]Moved to the top of the section and modified to match the Java CAA wordings

Page: 16

[ask4]Moved to section 5.1 and to section 2