



XACML Profile of SAML V2.0 Attributes

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Abstract:

This document provides a profile for creating SAML Attribute Assertions that can be mapped automatically to XACML Attributes.

Status:

Committee members should send comments on this specification to the security-services@lists.oasis-open.org list. Others should use the comment form at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/comments/form.php?wg_abbrev=security

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1 Introduction

SAML Attribute Assertions may be used as input to authorization decisions made according to the OASIS eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML) standard specification [XACML]. Since the SAML **Attribute** format differs from the XACML **Attribute** format, there is a mapping that must be performed. The OASIS XACML TC has defined a Profile for doing this mapping [XACML-Profile], but that Profile imposes constraints on the meta-data provided with the SAML **Attribute**. This Profile describes those meta-data constraints. SAML Attribute Assertions generated in conformance with this Profile can be mapped automatically to XACML **Attributes** and used as input to XACML authorization decisions.

1.1 Terminology

The key words *must*, *must not*, *required*, *shall*, *shall not*, *should*, *should not*, *recommended*, *may*, and *optional* in this document are to be interpreted as described in IETF RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

The following additional terms are used with particular semantics in this Profile. When used in this way, the terms are specified in **bold, italicized font**.

Attribute – when capitalized, the term **Attribute** refers to an instance of the SAML schema **Attribute** element or to an instance of the XACML schema **Attribute** element.

attribute – when not capitalized, the term **attribute** refers to an XML element **attribute**.

Context Handler – an entity in the XACML operational model that uses an authorization decision request and possibly other information to create the context for an XACML **PDP** policy evaluation. The **Context Handler** is responsible for converting **Attributes** to the XACML **Attribute** format if necessary.

Policy Decision Point or **PDP** – an entity in the XACML operational model that evaluates an authorization decision request against an authorization policy and returns an authorization decision.

Policy Enforcement Point or **PEP** – an entity in the XACML operational model that protects access to a resource. When access to a resource is attempted, the **PEP** sends an authorization decision request to a **Policy Decision Point** and carries out the authorization decision returned by the **PDP**.

XACML processor – in this Profile, the term **XACML processor** is used for any entity that is constrained to use XACML **Attributes**. Typically, such an entity will be an XACML **Context Handler** or a **Policy Enforcement Point** that will be sending authorization decision requests to an XACML **Policy Decision Point**.

2 Data Type

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71 XACML requires each **Attribute** to have an explicit data type. To supply this data type value, a SAML
72 **Attribute** to be used as input to an **XACML processor** SHALL have the following metadata provided.

73

```
<xs:attribute name="DataType" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"  
74 default="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#string"/>
```

75 The standard values for the `DataType` **attribute** are specified in Appendix A of the XACML 2.0
76 Specification [XACML].

77 If non-standard values are used for the `DataType` **attribute**, each XACML PDP that will be consuming
78 **Attributes** with these new `DataType` values must be extended to support the new data types.

3 Attribute Identifiers

80 XACML requires each **Attribute** to have a single identifier that is sufficient to distinguish instances of the
81 **Attribute** from instances of other **Attributes** that have different semantics. In SAML 2.0, two standard
82 identifiers – `Name` and `NameFormat` - are required to distinguish two **Attributes** that may have different
83 semantics. SAML 2.0 also allows the use of arbitrary additional identifiers. In order to map a SAML
84 **Attribute** to an XACML **Attribute**, there must be a canonical way to generate a single XACML **Attribute**
85 identifier from the set of SAML **attributes** that are sufficient to distinguish instances of the SAML **Attribute**
86 that have different semantics.

87 In order to satisfy this requirement, a SAML **Attribute** that is to be used as input to an **XACML processor**
88 SHALL contain no **attributes** other than `Name` and `NameFormat` that are needed to distinguish
89 distinguish the SAML **Attribute** from other **Attributes** with different semantics. The XACML identifier for a
90 SAML **Attribute** SHALL be the concatenation of `NameFormat` and `Name` using a “:” character as a
91 separator. This concatenation SHALL be a valid URI and SHALL be sufficient to distinguish instances of
92 the given SAML **Attribute** from instances of other SAML or XACML **Attributes** that have different
93 semantics. Additional **attributes** not necessary for distinguishing the SAML **Attribute** semantics MAY be
94 used in the SAML metadata, but will not be used in the corresponding XACML **Attribute**.

4 References

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[XACML] T. Moses, ed., *OASIS eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML) Versions 1.0, 1.1, and 2.0*. Available on the OASIS XACML TC web page at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=xacml.

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[XACML-Profile] A. Anderson and H. Lockhart, eds., *XACML Profile for SAML 2.0*. Available on the OASIS XACML TC web page at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=xacml.

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[RFC2119] S. Bradner, *Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels*, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>.

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A. Revision History

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Rev	Date	By Whom	What
01	13 May 2004	Anne Anderson	Initial draft.

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