#### ACCELERATING ELECTRONIC BUSINESS 1 **Conformance Program Specification** 2 for the OASIS Security Assertion 3 Markup Language (SAML) 4 5 Document identifier: draft-sstc-conform-spec-11 6 Location: http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/security/docs 7 Publication date: 19 February 2002 8 Maturity Level: Committee Working Draft 9 Send comments to: security-services-comment@lists.oasis-open.org unless you are 10 subscribed to the security-services list for committee members -- send comments there if so. Note: 11 Before sending messages to the security-services-comment list, you must first subscribe. To subscribe, send an 12 email message to security-services-comment-request@lists.oasis-open.org with the word "subscribe" as the 13 body of the message. 14 15 Contributors: 16 Marc Chanliau, Netegrity 17 Robert Griffin, Entrust (editor) Hal Lockhart, Entegrity 18 19 Eve Maler, Sun Microsystems 20 Prateek Mishra, Netegrity 21 Mike Myers 22 Charles Norwood, SAIC 23 Mark O'Neill, Vordel 24 Tony Palmer, Vordel 25 Darren Platt, RSA 26 Irving Reid, Baltimore 27 Lynne Rosenthal, NIST 28 Krishna Sankar, Cisco Systems 29 Mark Skall, NIST

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Rev	What
001	Initial version
002	Strawman profiles, test cases and process
003	Revisions from 1-June-2001 review; added example of test case
004	Revisions from 18-June-2001 review; modified to reflect conformance clause
005	Additions to test cases
006	Additions to test cases; HTTP profile mandatory
007	Includes conformance clause; SOAP binding mandatory
007a	Draft using assertions rather partitions as basis of conformance

	007b	Draft using bindings rather than partitions as basis of conformance	
	007c	Stylistic edits and added OASIS notices to 007a	
	08	Revised using bindings approach; corrected references; included issue	
	09	Removed SOAP Profile tests	
	10	Incorporated restriction for unbounded elements	
	11	Revised bounds for nested elements; mandatory/optional	
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## 88 **1** Introduction

89 This document describes the program and technical requirements for the SAML conformance system.

### 90 **1.1 Scope of the Conformance Program**

SAML deals with a rich set of functionalities ranging from authentication assertions to assertions for policy
 enforcement. Not all software might choose to implement all the SAML specifications. In order to achieve
 compatibility and interoperability, applications and software need to be certified for conformance in a
 uniform manner. The SAML conformance effort aims at fulfilling this need.

- 95 The deliverables of the SAML conformance effort include:
- 96 Conformance Clause, defining at a high-level what conformance means for the SAML standard
- 97
   Onformance Program specification, defining how an implementation or application establishes conformance
- Conformance Test Suite. This is a set of test programs, result files and report generation tools that can be used by vendors of SAML-compliant software, buyers interested in confirming SAML compliance of software, and testing labs running conformance tests on behalf of vendors or buyers.

Section 2 of this document provides the SAML Conformance Clause. Section 3 deals with defining and specifying the process by which conformance to the SAML specification can be demonstrated and certified. Section 4 elaborates the technical requirements which constitute conformance; this includes both the levels of conformance that may be demonstrated and the requirements for each of those levels of conformance. Section 5 describes the test suite for SAML, including the processes for using the test suite to establish conformance, and the policies and procedures relating to those processes. Section 6 defines the services which are available to assist in establishing conformance.

### 110 **1.2 Notation**

111	The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD
112	NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be
113	interpreted as described in IETF RFC 2119 [NIST/ITL] "What is this thing
114	called conformance" [Rosenthal, Brady; NIST/ITL Bulletin, January 2001]
115	http://www.itl.nist.gov/div897/ctg/conformance/bulletin-conformance.htm.

116 **[RFC2119]**.

## 117 **2 Conformance Clause**

- 118 The objectives of the SAML Conformance Clause are to:
- 1. Ensure a common understanding of conformance and what is required to claim conformance
- 120 2. Promote interoperability in the exchange of authentication and authorization information
- 121 3. Promote uniformity in the development of conformance tests
- 122 The SAML Conformance Clause specifies explicitly all the requirements that have to be satisfied to claim 123 conformance to the SAML standard.

### 124 **2.1 Specification of the SAML Standard**

- 125 The following four specifications, in addition to this SAML conformance program specification, comprise the 126 proposed Version 1.0 specification for the SAML standard:
- Assertions and Protocol for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLCore]
- Security Considerations for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLSec]
- Bindings and Profiles for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLBind]
- Glossary for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLGIOSS]

Although additional documents might use or reference the SAML standard (such as white papers,
 descriptions of custom profiles, and position papers referencing particular issues), they do not constitute
 part of the standard.

### **134 2.2 Declaration of SAML Conformance**

Conformance to the SAML standard may be declared for the entire standard or for a subset of the
standard, based on the requirements that a given implementation or application claims to meet. That is,
requirements can be applied at varying levels, so that a given implementation or application of the SAML
standard can achieve clearly defined conformance with all or part of the entire set of specifications.

SAML conformance must be expressed in terms of which SAML bindings and profiles are supported by a
 given application or implementation. The application or implementation claiming conformance to the SAML
 standard must support the SOAP protocol binding for at least one assertion. An application or
 implementation may also support the web browser profiles.

- For any binding for which an application or implementation claims conformance, the level of conformance must then be specified in each of these dimensions:
- Whether the application or implementation acts as requester or responder or both requester and responder of the SAML messages in the supported bindings and profiles.
- Which assertions the application or implementation supports for each supported binding.
- 148 Table 1 shows the protocols, protocol bindings, and profiles applicable to each SAML assertion. For each
- SAML binding or profile to which an application or implementation claims conformance, the claim must
   stipulate whether the requester and/or responder roles are supported and for which assertions for those
   roles.
- For example, an implementation consisting solely of an Authentication Authority responsible for generating Authentication Assertions and returning those assertions in response to a SOAP-over-HTTP request would correspond to the cell in the third column of the second row (including the column title row). If the implementation also supported the use of that Authentication Authority Browser/Artifact profile, then the third column in the fifth rewuveuld also be supported.
- third column in the fifth row would also be supported.
- 157

Binding or Profile	Requester Role	Responder Role
SOAP over HTTP protocol binding	Send an Authentication Query to request an Authentication Assertion from a responder	Return an AuthenticationResponse containing an Authentication Assertion to the requester
	Send an AttributeQuery to request an Attribute Assertion from a responder	Return an AttributeResponse to containing an Attribute Assertion to the requester
	Send an AuthorizationDecisionQuery to request an Authorization Decision Assertion from a responder	Return an AuthorizationDecisionResponse containing an Authorization Decision Assertion to the requester
Browser/Artifact Profile	Request an Authentication Assertion corresponding to an artifact	Return the corresponding Authentication Assertion to the requester
Browser/POST Profile	Send an Authentication Assertion in a form POST	Process the received Authentication Assertion

Table 1: Protocol Bindings and Profiles for SAML Assertions

158

An application or implementation should express its level of conformance in terminology such as thefollowing:

161 [Application or implementation] as both requester and responder supports all SAML protocol bindings and 162 profiles, for all assertions. No optional elements for the assertions, bindings and profiles are supported.

[Application or implementation] as both requester and responder supports the SOAP protocol binding for all
 assertions. It also supports the Conditions optional elements for all assertions in the SOAP protocol
 binding. It does not support the Web Browser Profile and the SOAP profile for any assertion.

[Application or implementation] as both requester and responder supports the SOAP protocol binding for all
 assertions, for all assertions.. It also support the Web Browser Profile for Authentication Assertion and all
 required elements. No optional elements for the assertions, bindings and profiles are supported.

An application or implementation that claims conformance for a particular binding or profile must support all required elements of that binding or profile and of the assertions supported with that binding or profile. It

170 required elements of that binding of profile and of the assertions supported with that binding of profile. It must also state which assertions are supported and which, if any optional elements for that binding or

172 profile and corresponding assertions are supported.

## 173 2.3 Mandatory/Optional Elements in SAML Conformance

The SOAP protocol binding must be implemented by all implementations or applications claiming SAML
 conformance, for each assertion claimed as supported through a binding or profile. (see Appendix B:
 Issues)

- 177 The SAML schema and binding specifications include both mandatory and optional elements. A conforming
- 178 application or implementation must be able to handle all valid SAML elements, including those that are 179 optional. However, it does not have to produce those optional elements.
- 180 For example:

- An application or implementation that consumes assertions must be able to handle assertions that include the optional "condition" element, such as by rejecting any conditions that it does not recognize.
- An application or implementation that produces assertions can, but is not required to, include the optional "condition" element in those assertions.
- An application or implementation claiming support for an assertion must support the SOAP over
   HTTP protocol binding. It can also, optionally, implement the protocol by means of another binding.

The test cases for SAML conformance are intended to check for support of all valid SAML elements. They
also check whether an implementation or application accepts and properly handles optional assertion
elements (such as CONDITION) who value the implementation or application does not recognize. The test
suite does not check for handling of implementation- or application-specific values for optional elements.

### 192 **2.4 Impact of Extensions on SAML Conformance**

SAML supports extensions to assertions, protocols, protocol bindings and profiles. An application or
 implementation may claim conformance to SAML only if its extensions (if any) meet the following
 requirements:

- Extensions shall not re-define semantics for existing functions.
- Extensions shall not alter the specified behavior of interfaces defined in this standard.
- 198 Extensions may add additional behaviors.
- Extensions shall not cause standard-conforming functions (i.e., functions that do not use the extensions) to execute incorrectly.

SAML bindings and profiles can be extended so long as the above conditions are met. It is requested that, if a system is extending the SAML assertions:

- The mechanism for determining application conformance and the extensions shall be clearly described in the documentation, and the extensions shall be marked as such;
- Extensions shall follow the spirit, principles and guidelines of the SAML specification, that is, the specifications must be extended in a standard manner as defined in the extension fields.
- In the case where an implementation has added additional behaviors, the implementation shall
   provide a mechanism whereby a conforming application shall be recognized as such, and be
   executed in an environment that supports the functional behavior defined in this standard
- 210 Extensions are outside the scope of conformance. There are no mechanisms specified to validate and 211 verify the extensions. This section contains the recommended guidelines for extensions.

## 212 2.5 Maximum Values of Unbounded Elements

The SAML schema supports a number of elements that can be specified multiple times in an assertion, request or response. An application or implementation claiming conformance must support at least the values listed in Table 2 below for each of the elements defined as "unbounded" in the SAML schema. In those cases where the maximum value is greater than the listed values, the application or implementation should state what that maximum supported value is.

However. Some of the elements in the table can be nested, such that repeated elements have a
 multiplicative effect on the number of elements. For example, trees of nested unbounded elements include
 the following:

- 221 Response > Assertion > Signature
- 222 Response > Assertion > Advice
- 223 Response > Assertion > Condition > Target

- 224 Response > Assertion > Condition > Audience
- 225 Response > Assertion > Statement > SubjectConfirmationMethod
- 226 Response > Assertion > Statement > AuthorityBinding
- 227 Response > Assertion > Statement > Action
- 228 Response > Assertion > Statement > Attribute > AttributeValue

In a response containing 10 assertions, each with 10 AttributeStatements, each with 10 Attributes, each with 10 AttributeValues, this tree alone comprises 10,000 elements.

231 Therefore, In order to minimize the potential impact of nested unbounded elements, an application or

232 implementation can limit the total number of elements supported in a given request, response or (when

this is used in the POST profile) assertion to no more than 1000 total elements and still claim conformance
 to the SAML V1.0 specification.

235

#### **Table 2: Unbounded Elements**

Element	Parent Element	Maximum Value	Section in sstc-core
Statement	Assertion	1000	2.3.3
Signature	Assertion	1000	2.3.3
Condition	Assertion	1000	2.3.3
Audience	Condition	1000	2.3.3.1.3
Target	Condition	1000	2.3.3.1.4
Advice	Assertion	1000	2.3.3.2
ConfirmationMethod	SubjectConfrmation	1000	2.4.2.3
AuthorityBinding	AuthenticationStatement	1000	2.4.3.2
Evidence	AuthorizationDecisionStatement	1000	2.4.4
Actions	Action	1000	2.4.4.1
Attribute	AttributeStatement	1000	2.4.5
AttributeValue	Attribute	1000	2.4.5.1.1
RespondWith	Request	1000	3.2.1
AssertionArtifact	Request	1000	3.2.2
AttributeDesignator	AttributeQuery	1000	3.3.4
Evidence	AuthorizationDecisionQuery	1000	3.3.5
Assertion	Response	1000	3.4.2
StatusMessage	Status	1000	3.4.3
StatusDetail	Status	1000	3.4.3

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## 237 **3 Conformance Process**

As discussed in the article "What is this thing called conformance" **[NIST/ITL]**, conformance can comprise any of several levels of formal process:

- Conformance testing (also called conformity assessment) is the execution of automated or non-automated scripts, processes or other mechanisms to determine whether an application or implementation of a specification deviates from that specification. For SAML, conformance testing means the running of (some or all) tests within the SAML Conformance Test Suite. Conformance testing performed by implementers early on in the development process can find and correct their errors before the software reaches the marketplace, without necessarily being part of either a validation or certification process.
- Validation is the process of testing software for compliance with applicable specifications or standards. The validation process consists of the steps necessary to perform the conformance testing by using an official test suite in a prescribed manner.
- Certification is the acknowledgment that a validation has been completed and the criteria
   established by the certifying organization for issuing a certificate have been met. Successful
   completion of certification results in the issuance of a certificate (or brand) indicating that the
   implementation conforms to the appropriate specification. It is important to note that certification
   cannot exist without validation, but validation can exist without certification.

The conformance process for SAML is based on validation rather than certification. That is, no certifying organization has been established with the responsible for issuing a statement of conformance with regard to an application or implementation. Therefore, an implementer who has validated SAML conformance by means of conformance testing may not legitimately use the term "certified for SAML conformance". Until and if a certification process is in place, vendor declaration of validation will be the only means of asserting that conformance testing has been performed.

The conformance process does not stipulate whether validation is performed by the implementer, by a third-party, or by the customer of an application or implementation. Rather, the conformance process describes the way in which conformance testing should be done in order to demonstrate that an application or implementation correctly performs the functionality specified in the standard. Validation achieved through the SAML conformance process provides software developers and users assurance and confidence that the product behaves as expected, performs functions in a known manner, and possesses the prescribed interface or format.

- The SAML Technical Committee is responsible for generating the materials that allow vendors, customers, and third parties to evaluate software for SAML conformance. These materials include:
- Documentation describing test cases, linked to use cases and requirements
- Test suite, based on those test cases, that can be run against an implementation to demonstrate any of the several levels/profiles of conformance defined in the conformance clause of the SAML specification
- Documentation describing how to run the test suite, interpret the results, and resolve disputes regarding the results of the tests
- 276 The SAML Technical Committee is not, however, responsible for testing of particular implementations.

### **3.1 Implementation and Application Conformance**

- 278 SAML Conformance is applicable to:
- Implementations of SAML assertions, protocols and bindings. These could be in the form of
   toolkits, products incorporating SAML components, or reference implementations that demonstrate
   the use of SAML components.

- Applications that produce or consume SAML protocol bindings or that execute on SAML
   implementations (for example, using a SAML toolkit to support multi-domain single-signon)
- 284 A conforming **implementation** shall meet all the following criteria:
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  4. The implementation shall support all the required interfaces defined within this standard for a given binding or profile. It shall also specify which assertions relevant to that binding or profile are supported. The implementation shall support the functional behavior described in the standard.
- An implementation may provide additional or enhanced features or functionality not required by the
   SAML Specification. These non-standard extensions shall not alter the specified behavior of interfaces
   or functionality defined in the specification.
- 6. The implementation may provide additional or enhanced facilities not required by this standard. These non-standard extensions shall not alter the specified behavior of interfaces defined in this standard. They may add additional behaviors. In these circumstances, the implementation shall provide a mechanism whereby a SAML conforming application shall be recognized as such, and be executed in an environment that supports the functional behavior defined in this standard.
- A conforming **application** shall meet all the following criteria:
- 297 1. The application shall be able to execute on any conforming implementation.
- If an application requires a particular feature set that is not available on a specific implementation, then
   the application must act within the bounds of the SAML specification even though that means that the
   application may not perform any useful function. Specifically, the application shall do no harm, and
   shall correctly return resources and vacate memory upon discovery that a required element is not
   present.

### **303 3.2 Process for Declaring Conformance**

- The following process should be followed in declaring that an application or implementation conforms to the SAML standard:
- 306 1. Determine which bindings and protocols will be asserted as conforming.
- 307 2. Obtain the test suite for the SAML standard from [tbs]
- 3083. Validate the application or implementation by execute those conformance tests from the test suite309 which are relevant to the conformance being asserted.
- Send the statement claiming conformance to the Security Services Technical Committee at [tbs] so
   that it can be posted on the SAML web site. A statement of any bindings and profiles which are being
   used that are not part of the SAML standard should also be sent to the Security Services Technical
- 313 Committee at the same time for posting on the SAML web site.

# 4 Technical Requirements for SAML Conformance

- This section defines the technical criteria which apply to declaring conformance to the SAML standard. The requirements are specified as test cases.
- 318 Each test case includes:
- A description of the test purpose (that is, what is being tested the conditions, requirements, or capabilities which are to be addressed by a particular test)
- 321 The pass/fail criteria
- 322 A reference to the requirement in the requirements document [SAMLReqs] relevant to the test case
- A reference to the section in the standard from which the test case is derived (that is, traceability back to the specification)
- For each assertion, both required tests for producing and consuming the assertion, as well as tests related to protocols, bindings and profiles are specified.

### 327 4.1 Test Group 1 – SOAP over HTTP Protocol Binding

The test cases in this test group check for conformance to SOAP Protocol Binding for the SAML standard. Any implementation or application claiming conformance to SAML must be able to execute these test cases successfully, even if that support is incidental to the primary purposes of the application or implementation.

## 4.1.1 Test Case 1-1: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authentication Assertion Received in Valid Response to Valid Authentication Query.

*Description:* This test case requests and receives an authentication assertion created by an
 implementation-under-test using the AuthenticationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms
 that the authentication assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required
 functionality.

- Pass/Fail Criteria: Authentication assertion contains all required elements in the right format and sequence,
   AuthenticationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthenticationResponse contains all
   required elements in correct sequence.
- 341 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHN, and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 342 Specification Reference: SAML Core, sections 2.4.3 and 3
- 343 SAML Bind, section 3.1.

344 *Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP binding of the 345 AuthenticationQuery and AuthenticationResponse protocols to obtain the Authentication Assertion. It

346 establishes successful execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

## 4.1.2 Test Case 1-2: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authentication Assertion Artifact Returned in Valid Response to Valid Authentication Query.

349 *Description*: This test case submits a SOAP message containing authentication credentials to an 350 implementation-under-test, requesting an authentication artifact. It checks that the implementation-under-351 test returns a valid authentication assertion artifact in a valid AuthenticationResponse. It then submit the 352 artifact to the application/implementation-under-test. Finally, it checks that the returned authentication 353 assertion is valid. Pass/Fail Criteria: Authentication assertion artifact returned by implementation-under-test must be contain
 all required information in the right sequence and format. Any optional information included (including
 conditions) must not compromise the validity of the required information.

### 357 Reference: R-AUTHN, and R-MULTIDOMAIN

- 358 Specification Reference: SAML Core, sections 2.4.3 and 3
- 359 SAML Bind, section 3.1.
- 360 *Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case establishes successful execution of the 361 test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion artifact.

## 4.1.3 Test Case 1-3: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authentication Assertion Returned in Valid Response to Valid Authentication Query with artifact.

- 364 *Description*: This test case requests and receives an authentication assertion artifact created by an 365 implementation-under-test using the AuthenticationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms 366 that the returned authentication assertion is valid for all required functionality.
- Pass/Fail Criteria: Authentication assertion contains all required elements in the right format and sequence,
   AuthenticationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthenticationResponse contains all
   required elements in correct sequence.
- 370 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHN, and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 371 Specification Reference: SAML Core, sections 2.4.3 and 3
- 372 SAML Bind, section 3.1

373 Implementation notes: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP binding of the

AuthenticationQuery and AuthenticationResponse protocols to obtain the Authentication Assertion. It

establishes successful execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

## 4.1.4 Test Case 1-4: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authentication Assertion Query Received

- 378 *Description*: This test case receives an authentication assertion query created by an implementation-under-379 test using the AuthenticationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the returned 380 authentication query is valid for all required functionality.
- 381 Pass/Fail Criteria: AuthenticationQuery contains all required elements in the right format and sequence.
- 382 *Requirements Reference*: **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**
- 383 Specification Reference: SAML Core, sections 2.4.3 and 3
- 384 SAML Bind, section 3.1

385 *Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP binding of the 386 AuthenticationQuery and AuthenticationResponse protocols to obtain the Authentication Assertion. It

establishes successful execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

## 4.1.5 Test Case 1-5: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Attribute Assertion Received in Valid Response to Valid Attribute Query.

390 *Description*: This test case requests and receives an attribute assertion created by an implementation-391 under-test using the AttributeRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the attribute 392 assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required functionality.

- 393 Pass/Fail Criteria: Attribute assertion contains all required elements in the right format and sequence,
- AttributeQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AttributeResponse contains all required elements in correct sequence.
- 396 *Requirements Reference*: **R-AUTHZ**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**
- 397 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Sections 2.4.5 and 3
- 398 SAML Bind, section 3.1.

*Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP bindings of the
 AttributeQuery and AttributeResponse protocols to obtain the Attribute Assertion. It establishes successful
 execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

## 402 4.1.6 Test Case 1-6: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Attribute Assertion Artifact 403 Returned in Valid Response to Valid Attribute Query.

404 *Description*: This test case submits a SOAP message containing attribute credentials to an 405 implementation-under-test, requesting an attribute artifact. It checks that the implementation-under-test 406 returns a valid attribute assertion artifact in a valid AttributeResponse. It then submit the artifact to the 407 application/implementation-under-test. Finally, it checks that the returned attribute assertion is valid.

Pass/Fail Criteria: Attribute assertion artifact returned by implementation-under-test must be contain all
 required information in the right sequence and format. Any optional information included (including
 conditions) must not compromise the validity of the required information.

### 411 *Reference*: **R-AUTHZ**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

- 412 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Sections 2.4.5 and 3
- 413 SAML Bind, section 3.1.

414 *Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case establishes successful execution of the 415 test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion artifact.

## 416 4.1.7 Test Case 1-7: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Attribute Assertion Returned 417 in Valid Response to Valid Attribute Query.

418 *Description*: This test case requests and receives an attribute assertion created by an implementation-419 under-test using the AttributeRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the attribute 420 assertion is valid for all required functionality.

421 Pass/Fail Criteria: Attribute assertion contains all required elements in the right format and sequence,
 422 AttributeQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AttributeResponse contains all required

423 elements in correct sequence.

### 424 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHZ, and R-MULTIDOMAIN

- 425 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Sections 2.4.5 and 3
- 426 SAML Bind, section 3.1

*Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP binding of the
 AttributeQuery and AttributeResponse protocols to obtain the Attribute Assertion. It establishes successful
 execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

### 430 **4.1.8 Test Case 1-8: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Attribute Query Received**

431 *Description*: This test case receives an attribute assertion query created by an implementation-under-test 432 using the AttributeRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the returned authentication

433 query is valid for all required functionality.

- 434 Pass/Fail Criteria: AuthenticationQuery contains all required elements in the right format and sequence.
- 435 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHZ, and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 436 Specification Reference: SAML Core, sections 2.4.5 and 3
- 437 SAML Bind, section 3.1

438 Implementation notes: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP binding of the AttributeQuery and Response protocols to obtain the Attribute Assertion. It establishes successful 439

440 execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

#### 4.1.9 Test Case 1-9: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authorization Decision 441 442 Assertion Received in Valid Response to Valid Authorization Decision 443 Query.

444 Description: This test case requests and receives an authentication assertion created by an

445 implementation-under-test using the AuthenticationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms 446 that the authentication assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required 447 functionality.

448 Pass/Fail Criteria: Authorization decision assertion contains all required elements in the right format and 449 sequence, AuthorizationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthorizationResponse 450 contains all required elements in correct sequence.

#### 451 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHZDECISION, and R-MULTIDOMAIN

- 452 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Section 2.4.4 and 3
- 453 SAML Bind, section 3.1.

454 Implementation notes: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP bindings of the AuthorizationQuery and AuthorizationResponse protocols to obtain the Authorization decision Assertion. It 455 establishes successful execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion. 456

#### 4.1.10 Test Case 1-10: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authorization Decision 457 Assertion Artifact Returned in Valid Response to Valid Authorization 458 **Decision Query.** 459

460 Description: This test case submits a SOAP message containing an authorization decision request to an 461 implementation-under-test, requesting an authorization decision artifact. It checks that the implementationunder-test returns a valid authorization decision assertion artifact in a valid AuthorizationResponse. It then 462 463 submit the artifact to the application/implementation-under-test. Finally, it checks that the returned authorization decision assertion is valid. 464

465 Pass/Fail Criteria: Authorization decision assertion artifact returned by implementation-under-test must be 466 contain all required information in the right sequence and format. Any optional information included (including conditions) must not compromise the validity of the required information. 467

#### 468 Reference: R-AUTHZDECISION, and R-MULTIDOMAIN

- 469 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Sections 2.4.4 and 3
- 470 SAML Bind, section 3.1.
- 471 Implementation notes: Test program implementing this test case establishes successful execution of the 472 test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion artifact.

## 473 4.1.11 Test Case 1-11: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authorization Decision 474 Assertion Returned in Valid Response to Valid Query.

475 Description: This test case requests and receives an authorization decision assertion created by an
 476 implementation-under-test using the AuthorizationRequest protocol in the SOAP over HTTP binding. It then
 477 confirms that the authorization decision assertion is valid for all required functionality.

478 *Pass/Fail Criteria*: Authorization decision assertion contains all required elements in the right format and
 479 sequence, AuthorizationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthorizationResponse
 480 contains all required elements in correct sequence.

### 481 *Requirements Reference*: **R-AUTHZDECISION**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

482 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Sections 2.4.4 and 3

### 483 SAML Bind, section 3.1

*Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP protocol
 bindings of the AuthorizationQuery and AuthorizationResponse protocols to obtain the Authorization
 decision Assertion. It establishes successful execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the

487 returned assertion.

## 488 4.1.12 Test Case 1-12: SOAP Protocol Binding: Valid Authorization Decision 489 Assertion Query Received

- 490 *Description*: This test case receives an authorization decision assertion query created by an
- implementation-under-test using the AuthorizationRequest protocol in the SOAP binding. It then confirms
   that the received query is valid for all required functionality.
- 493 *Pass/Fail Criteria*: AuthorizationQuery contains all required elements in the right format and sequence.

### 494 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHZDECISION, and R-MULTIDOMAIN

- 495 Specification Reference: SAML Core, sections 2.4.4 and 3
- 496 SAML Bind, section 3.1

497 *Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case uses the SOAP over HTTP binding of the
 498 AuthenticationQuery and AuthenticationResponse protocols to obtain the Authentication Assertion. It
 499 establishes successful execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

### **4.2 Test Group 2 – Web Browser Profiles**

501 The test cases in this test group check for conformance to the HTTP Web Browser Profiles for the SAML 502 standard. Both the Browser/Artifact and Browser/POST profiles are optional. Any implementation or 503 application claiming conformance to the Web Browser/Artifact Profile of SAML must be able to execute 504 Test Cases 3-1 and 3-2 successfully. Any implementation or application claiming conformance to the Web 505 Browser/Post Profile of SAML must be able to execute Test Cases 3-3 successfully.

## 5064.2.1Test Case 2-1: HTTP Web Browser/Artifact Profile: Valid Authentication507Assertion Artifact Produced in Response to Valid Authentication Query.

508 *Description*: This test case submits an HTTP message to an implementation-under-test containing 509 authentication credentials and checks that the implementation-under-test returns a valid authentication 510 assertion artifact. It submits the authentication artifact to the implementation-under-test and confirms that 511 the authentication assertion artifact has been properly consumed by inspecting the authentication assertion 512 returned.

- 513 Pass/Fail Criteria: Authentication assertion artifact returned by implementation-under-test must be contain
- all required information in the right sequence and format. Any optional information included (including
- 515 conditions) must not compromise the validity of the required information.

### 516 Reference: R-AUTHN, and R-MULTIDOMAIN

- 517 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Section 2.4.3;
- 518 SAML Bind, section 4.1.1
- 519 *Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case establishes successful execution of the 520 test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion artifact.

# 4.2.2 Test Case 2-2: HTTP Web Browser/Artifact Profile: Valid Authentication Assertion Produced in Response to Valid Authentication Query with Artifact.

- 524 *Description*: This test case uses an artifact to request and receive an authentication assertion created by 525 an implementation-under-test. It then confirms that the authentication assertion is valid for all required 526 functionality.
- 527 *Pass/Fail Criteria*: Authorization decision assertion contains all required elements in the right format and 528 sequence, AuthorizationQuery is accepted by implementation-under-test, and AuthorizationResponse 529 contains all required elements in correct sequence.
- 530 *Requirements Reference*: **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**
- 531 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Section 2.4.3
- 532 SAML Bind, section 4.1.1
- 533 *Implementation notes*: Test program implementing this test case establishes successful execution of the 534 test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

## 4.2.3 Test Case 2-3: Web Browser/Post Profile: Valid Authentication Assertion Produced in Response to Valid Authentication Query.

- 537 *Description*: This test case submits an HTTP POST message to an implementation-under-test containing 538 authentication credentials and checks that the implementation-under-test returns a valid authentication 539 assertion (also called "SSO Assertion" in the bindings specification).
- 540 *Pass/Fail Criteria*: Authentication assertion returned by implementation-under-test must contain all required 541 information in the right sequence and format. Any optional information included (including conditions) must 542 not compromise the validity of the required information.

### 543 *Reference*: **R-AUTHN**, and **R-MULTIDOMAIN**

- 544 Specification Reference: SAML Core, Section 2.4.3;
- 545 SAML Bind, section 4.1.2
- 546 Implementation notes: Test program implementing this test case establishes successful execution of the
- test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

## 548 **5 Test Suite**

A test suite, which is the combination of test cases and test documentation, is used to check whether an implementation or application satisfies the requirements in the standard. The test cases, implemented by a test tool or a set of files (i.e., data, programs, scripts, or instructions for manual action) checks each requirement in the specification to determine whether the results produced by the implementation or application match the expected results, as defined by the specification.

554 The test documentation describes how the testing is to be done and the directions for the tester to follow. 555 Additionally, the documentation should be detailed enough so that testing of a given implementation can be 556 repeated with no change in test results.

557 Conformance testing is black box testing to test the functionality of an implementation. This means that the 558 internal structure or the source code of a candidate implementation is not available to the tester. However, 559 content and format of received or returned messages can be inspected as part of the determination of 560 conformance.

561 The test suite for SAML should be platform independent, non-biased, objective tests. Generally a 562 conformance test suite is a collection of combinations of legal and illegal inputs to the implementation being 563 tested, together with a corresponding collection of expected results. Only the requirements specified in the 564 standard are testable. A test suite should not check any implementation properties that are not described 565 by the standard or set of standards. A test suite cannot require features that are optional in a standard, but 566 if such features are present, a test suite could include tests for those features. A test suite does not assess 567 the performance of an implementation unless performance requirements are specified in the specification, 568 although implementation dependencies or machine dependencies may be demonstrated through the 569 execution of the test cases.

The results of conformance testing apply only to the implementation and environment for which the tests
are run. Test suites may be provided as a web-based system executed on a remote server, downloadable
files for local execution, or a combination of remote and local access and execution. The method for
providing and delivering the test suite depends on what is being tested as well as the objective for test suite
use – that is, providing self-test capability or formal certification testing.

- 575 As a test suite for SAML becomes available, the following information will be provided:
- 576 Reference Architecture
- 577 Infrastructure
- 578 Using the test suite
- 579 Test result tabulation and reporting
- 580 The SAML test suite will be maintained on a best-effort basis.

## **581** 6 Conformance Services

582 The OASIS Security Services Technical Committee does not itself provide conformance services. As the 583 SAML test suite becomes available and experience with SAML identified appropriate conformance testing 584 approaches, the Conformance Specification will describe the services which the organization should 585 provide including software services, releases, self-test kit, actual computer systems, facilities, web based

586 interfaces, and availability.

## 587 **7 References**

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602	[SAMLReqs]	D. Platt et al., SAML Requirements and Use Cases, OASIS, December 2001.
603 604 605	[SAMLSec]	C. McLaren et al., <i>Security Considerations for the OASIS Security Assertion</i> <i>Markup Language</i> , http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/security/docs/draft-sstc-sec-consider-04.pdf, OASIS, January 2002.

## 606 Appendix A. Notices

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## 634 Appendix B. Issues

### Issue: Should any of the bindings or profiles be mandatory for

## all implementations or applications claiming conformance to

## 637 the SAML standard?

Because of the importance of interoperability among implementations or applications claiming conformance to the SAML standard, one of the recommendations in this version of the SAML Conformance Specification is to require all implementations or applications to implement the SOAP binding for any assertions it supports (including in other profiles).. This ensures that 1) assertions created by the implementation or application can be retrieved using the SOAP binding, either directly or by means of an artifact, and can be inspected for validity; and 2) the ability of the implementation or application to consume assertions generated by another SAML-compliant implementation or application can be verified.

Alternatively, no single binding or profile need be mandatory, as long as an implementation or application
claiming conformance is specific regarding which bindings and/or profiles it supports, with what assertions,
and for what roles (responder / requester). This is the approach taken in the Conformance Specification
prior to version 006.

## 649 Issue: Should the SOAP binding be mandatory?

The SOAP binding is suggested as mandatory because it provides the most fully-specified mechanism for requesting and returning all three assertions.

# Issue: If the SOAP binding is mandatory, is it allowable to implement a subset of the assertions for that binding?

The current specification suggests that a subset of the SOAP binding (only the authentication assertion, for example) is allowable as satisfying this mandatory binding.