Web Services Reliable Messaging
(WS-ReliableMessaging)

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Abstract:
This specification (WS-ReliableMessaging) describes a protocol that allows messages to be transferred
reliably between nodes implementing this protocol in the presence of software component, system, or
network failures. The protocol is described in this specification in a transport-independent manner
allowing it to be implemented using different network technologies. To support interoperable Web
services, a SOAP binding is defined within this specification.

The protocol defined in this specification depends upon other Web services specifications for the
identification of service endpoint addresses and policies. How these are identified and retrieved are
detailed within those specifications and are out of scope for this document.

By using the XML [XML], SOAP [SOAP 1.1], [SOAP 1.2] and WSDL [WSDL 1.1] extensibility model,
SOAP-based and WSDL-based specifications are designed to be composed with each other to define a
rich Web services environment. As such, WS-ReliableMessaging by itself does not define all the features
required for a complete messaging solution. WS-ReliableMessaging is a building block that is used in
conjunction with other specifications and application-specific protocols to accommodate a wide variety of
protocols related to the operation of distributed Web services.

Status:
This document is a work in progress and will be updated to reflect issues as they are resolved by the
Web Services Reliable Exchange (WS-RX) Technical Committee.
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1 Introduction

It is often a requirement for two Web services that wish to communicate to do so reliably in the presence of software component, system, or network failures. The primary goal of this specification is to create a modular mechanism for reliable transfer of messages. It defines a messaging protocol to identify, track, and manage the reliable transfer of messages between a source and a destination. It also defines a SOAP binding that is required for interoperability. Additional bindings can be defined.

This mechanism is extensible allowing additional functionality, such as security, to be tightly integrated. This specification integrates with and complements the WS-Security [WS-Security], WS-Policy [WS-Policy], and other Web services specifications. Combined, these allow for a broad range of reliable, secure messaging options.

1.1 Notational Conventions

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [KEYWORDS].

This specification uses the following syntax to define normative outlines for messages:

- The syntax appears as an XML instance, but values in italics indicate data types instead of values.
- Characters are appended to elements and attributes to indicate cardinality:
  - "?" (0 or 1)
  - "*" (0 or more)
  - "+" (1 or more)
- The character "|" is used to indicate a choice between alternatives.
- The characters "[" and "]" are used to indicate that contained items are to be treated as a group with respect to cardinality or choice.
- An ellipsis (i.e. "...") indicates a point of extensibility that allows other child or attribute content specified in this document. Additional children elements and/or attributes MAY be added at the indicated extension points but they MUST NOT contradict the semantics of the parent and/or owner, respectively. If an extension is not recognized it SHOULD be ignored.
- XML namespace prefixes (See Section 1.2) are used to indicate the namespace of the element being defined.

1.2 Namespace

The XML namespace [XML-ns] URI that MUST be used by implementations of this specification is:

\[\text{http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrmx/200604}\]

Dereferencing the above URI will produce the Resource Directory Description Language [RDDL 2.0] document that describes this namespace.

Table 1 lists the XML namespaces that are used in this specification. The choice of any namespace prefix is arbitrary and not semantically significant.
Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>Namespace</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>(Either SOAP 1.1 or 1.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S11</td>
<td><a href="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S12</td>
<td><a href="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wsrn</td>
<td><a href="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrn/200604">http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrn/200604</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wsa</td>
<td><a href="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xs</td>
<td><a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The normative schema for WS-ReliableMessaging can be found at:
http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrn/200604/wsrn-1.1-schema-200604.xsd

All sections explicitly noted as examples are informational and are not to be considered normative.

1.3 Compliance

An implementation is not compliant with this specification if it fails to satisfy one or more of the MUST or REQUIRED level requirements defined herein. A SOAP Node MUST NOT use the XML namespace identifier for this specification (listed in Section 1.2) within SOAP Envelopes unless it is compliant with this specification.

Normative text within this specification takes precedence over normative outlines, which in turn take precedence over the XML Schema [XML Schema Part 1, Part 2] descriptions.
2 Reliable Messaging Model

Many errors can interrupt a conversation. Messages can be lost, duplicated or reordered. Further the host systems can experience failures and lose volatile state.

The WS-ReliableMessaging specification defines an interoperable protocol that requires a Reliable Messaging (RM) Source and Reliable Messaging Destination to ensure that each message transmitted by the RM Source is successfully received by an RM Destination, or barring successful receipt, that an RM Source can, except in the most extreme circumstances, accurately determine the disposition of each message transmitted as perceived by the RM Destination, so as to resolve any in-doubt status regarding receipt of the messages transmitted. Note that this specification places no restriction on the scope of the RM Source or RM Destination entities. For example, either can span multiple WSDL Ports or endpoints.

The protocol enables the implementation of a broad range of reliability features which include ordered delivery, duplicate elimination, and guaranteed receipt. The protocol can also be implemented with a range of robustness characteristics ranging from in-memory persistence that is scoped to a single process lifetime, to replicated durable storage that is recoverable in all but the most extreme circumstances. It is expected that the endpoints will implement as many or as few of these reliability characteristics as necessary for the correct operation of the application using the protocol. Regardless of which of the reliability features is enabled, the wire protocol does not change.

Figure 1 below illustrates the entities and events in a simple reliable exchange of messages. First, the Application Source Sends a message for reliable transfer. The Reliable Messaging Source accepts the message and transmits it one or more times. After receiving the message, the RM Destination Acknowledges it. Finally, the RM Destination delivers the message to the Application Destination. The exact roles the entities play and the complete meaning of the events will be defined throughout this specification.

Figure 1: Reliable Messaging Model

2.1 Glossary

The following definitions are used throughout this specification:

Acknowledgement: The communication from the RM Destination to the RM Source indicating the successful receipt of a message.

Application Destination: The endpoint to which a message is Delivered.
**Application Source:** The endpoint that sends a message.

**Deliver:** The act of transferring a message from the RM Destination to the Application Destination.

**Endpoint:** As defined in the WS-Addressing specification [WS-Addressing]; a Web service endpoint is a (referenceable) entity, processor, or resource to which Web service messages can be addressed. Endpoint references convey the information needed to address a Web service endpoint.

**Receive:** The act of reading a message from a network connection and qualifying it as relevant to RM Destination functions.

**RM Destination:** For any one reliably sent message the endpoint that receives the message.

**RM Source:** The endpoint that transmits the message.

**Send:** The act of submitting a message to the RM Source for reliable transfer.

**Transmit:** The act of writing a message to a network connection.

### 2.2 Protocol Preconditions

The correct operation of the protocol requires that a number of preconditions MUST be established prior to the processing of the initial sequenced message:

- For any single message exchange the RM Source MUST have an endpoint reference that uniquely identifies the RM Destination endpoint.
- The RM Source MUST have successfully created a Sequence with the RM Destination.
- The RM Source MUST be capable of formulating messages that adhere to the RM Destination's policies.
- If a secure exchange of messages is REQUIRED, then the RM Source and RM Destination MUST have a security context.

### 2.3 Protocol Invariants

During the lifetime of a Sequence, two invariants are REQUIRED for correctness:

- The RM Source MUST assign each message within a Sequence a message number (defined below) beginning at 1 and increasing by exactly 1 for each subsequent message. These numbers MUST be assigned in the same order in which messages are sent by the Application Source.
- Within every acknowledgement it issues, the RM Destination MUST include one or more acknowledgement ranges that contain the message number of every message successfully received by the RM Destination. The RM Destination MUST exclude the message numbers of any messages it has not received.

### 2.4 Example Message Exchange

Figure 2 illustrates a possible message exchange between two reliable messaging endpoints A and B.
1. The protocol preconditions are established. These include policy exchange, endpoint resolution, and establishing trust.

2. The RM Source requests creation of a new Sequence.

3. The RM Destination creates a new Sequence and returns its unique identifier.

4. The RM Source begins transmitting messages in the Sequence beginning with MessageNumber 1. In the figure above, the RM Source sends 3 messages in the Sequence.

5. The 2nd message in the Sequence is lost in transit.

6. The 3rd message is the last in this Sequence and the RM Source includes an AckRequested header to ensure that it gets a timely SequenceAcknowledgement for the Sequence.

7. The RM Destination acknowledges receipt of message numbers 1 and 3 as a result of receiving the RM Source’s AckRequested header.

8. The RM Source retransmits the unacknowledged message with MessageNumber 2. This is a new message from the perspective of the underlying transport, but it has the same Sequence Identifier and MessageNumber so the RM Destination can recognize it as a duplicate of the earlier message, in case the original and retransmitted messages are both received. The RM Source includes an AckRequested header in the retransmitted message so the RM Destination will expedite an acknowledgement.

Figure 2: The WS-ReliableMessaging Protocol
9. The RM Destination receives the second transmission of the message with MessageNumber 2 and
acknowledges receipt of message numbers 1, 2, and 3.

10. The RM Source receives this acknowledgement and sends a TerminateSequence message to the
RM Destination indicating that the Sequence is completed and reclaims any resources associated
with the Sequence.

11. The RM Destination receives the TerminateSequence message indicating that the RM Source will
not be sending any more messages. The RM Destination sends a TerminateSequenceResponse
message to the RM Source and reclaims any resources associated with the Sequence.

The RM Source will expect to receive acknowledgements from the RM Destination during the course of a
message exchange at occasions described in Section 3 below. Should an acknowledgement not be
received in a timely fashion, the RM Source MUST re-transmit the message since either the message or
the associated acknowledgement might have been lost. Since the nature and dynamic characteristics of
the underlying transport and potential intermediaries are unknown in the general case, the timing of re-
transmissions cannot be specified. Additionally, over-aggressive re-transmissions have been
demonstrated to cause transport or intermediary flooding which are counterproductive to the intention of
providing a reliable exchange of messages. Consequently, implementers are encouraged to utilize
adaptive mechanisms that dynamically adjust re-transmission time and the back-off intervals that are
appropriate to the nature of the transports and intermediaries envisioned. For the case of TCP/IP
transports, a mechanism similar to that described as RTTM in RFC 1323 [RTTM] SHOULD be
considered.

Now that the basic model has been outlined, the details of the elements used in this protocol are now
provided in Section 3.
3 RM Protocol Elements

The following protocol elements define extensibility points at various places. Implementations MAY add child elements and/or attributes at the indicated extension points but MUST NOT contradict the semantics of the parent and/or owner, respectively. If a receiver does not recognize an extension, the receiver SHOULD ignore the extension.

Some RM header blocks may be added to messages that happen to be targeted to the same endpoint to which those headers are to be sent (a concept often referred to as “piggy-Backing”), thus saving the overhead of an additional message exchange. Reference parameters MUST be considered when determining whether two EPRs are targeted to the same endpoint.

When the RM protocol, defined in this specification, is composed with the WS-Addressing specification, the following rules prescribe the constraints on the value of the wsa:Action header:

1. When an endpoint generates a message that carries an RM protocol element, that is defined in section 3 below, in the body of a SOAP envelope that endpoint MUST include in that envelope a wsa:Action SOAP header block whose value is an IRI that is a concatenation of the WS-RM namespace URI, followed by a ‘/’, followed by the value of the local name of the child element of the SOAP body. For example, for a Sequence creation request message as described in section 3.1 below, the value of the wsa:Action IRI would be:

   http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200602/CreateSequence

2. When an endpoint generates a SequenceAcknowledgement message that has no element content in the SOAP body, then the value of the wsa:Action IRI MUST be:

   http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200602/SequenceAcknowledgement

3. When an endpoint generates a AckRequested message that has no element content in the SOAP body, then the value of the wsa:Action IRI MUST be:

   http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200602/AckRequested

4. When an endpoint generates an RM fault as defined in section 4 below, the value of the wsa:Action IRI MUST be as defined in section 4 below.

3.1 Sequence Creation

The RM Source MUST request creation of an outbound Sequence by sending a CreateSequence element in the body of a message to the RM Destination which in turn responds either with a message containing CreateSequenceResponse or a CreateSequenceRefused fault. The RM Source MAY include an offer to create an inbound Sequence within the CreateSequence message. This offer is either accepted or rejected by the RM Destination in the CreateSequenceResponse message.

The SOAP version used for the CreateSequence message SHOULD be used for all subsequent messages in or for that Sequence, sent by either the RM Source or the RM Destination.

The following exemplar defines the CreateSequence syntax:

```xml
<wrm:CreateSequence ...>
  <wrm:AcksTo ...> wsa:EndpointReferenceType </wrm:AcksTo>
  <wrm:Expires ...> xs:duration </wrm:Expires> ?
  <wrm:Offer ...>
    <wrm:Identifier ...> xs:anyURI </wrm:Identifier>
    <wrm:Endpoint> wsa:EndpointReferenceType </wrm:Endpoint>
    <wrm:Expires ...> xs:duration </wrm:Expires> ?
    <wrm:AcknowledgementInterval Milliseconds="xs:unsignedLong" ... /> ?
    <wrm:IncompleteSequenceBehavior>
      wrm:IncompleteSequenceBehaviorType
    </wrm:IncompleteSequenceBehavior>
  </wrm:Offer>
</wrm:CreateSequence>
```
This element requests creation of a new Sequence between the RM Source that sends it, and the RM Destination to which it is sent. The RM Source MUST NOT send this element as a header block. The RM Destination MUST respond either with a CreateSequenceResponse response message or a CreateSequenceRefused fault.

The RM Source MUST include this element in any CreateSequence message it sends. This element is of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType (as specified by WS-Addressing). It specifies the endpoint reference to which messages containing SequenceAcknowledgement header blocks and faults related to the created Sequence are to be sent, unless otherwise noted in this specification (for example, see Section 3.2).

Implementations MUST NOT use an endpoint reference in the AcksTo element that would prevent the sending of Sequence Acknowledgements back to the RM Source. For example, using the WS-Addressing "http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/none" IRI would make it impossible for the RM Destination to ever send Sequence Acknowledgements.

This element, if present, of type xs:duration specifies the RM Source's requested duration for the Sequence. The RM Destination MAY either accept the requested duration or assign a lesser value of its choosing. A value of 'PT0S' indicates that the Sequence will never expire. Absence of the element indicates an implied value of 'PT0S'.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

This element, if present, enables an RM Source to offer a corresponding Sequence for the reliable exchange of messages transmitted from RM Destination to RM Source.

The RM Source MUST set the value of this element to an absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986 [URI]) that uniquely identifies the offered Sequence.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

An RM Source MUST include this element, of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType (as specified by WS-Addressing) This element specifies the endpoint reference to which WS-RM protocol messages related to the offered Sequence are to be sent.
Implementations MUST NOT use an endpoint reference in the Endpoint element that would prevent the sending of WS-RM protocol messages. For example, using the WS-Addressing "http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/none" IRI would make it impossible for the RM Destination to ever send WS-RM protocol messages (e.g. TerminateSequence) to the RM Source for the Offered Sequence. Implementations MAY use the WS-RM anonymous URI template and doing so implies that messages will be retrieved using a mechanism such as the MakeConnection message (see section 3.7).

/wsrm:CreateSequence/wsrm:Offer/wsrm:Expires

This element, if present, of type xs:duration specifies the duration for the offered Sequence. A value of 'PT0S' indicates that the offered Sequence will never expire. Absence of the element indicates an implied value of 'PT0S'.

/wsrm:CreateSequence/wsrm:Offer/wsrm:Expires/@{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

/wsrm:CreateSequence/wsrm:Offer/@{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

/wsrm:CreateSequence/wsrm:Offer/wsrm:AcknowledgementInterval

This element, if present, specifies the duration after which the RM Destination will transmit an acknowledgement. If omitted, there is no implied value.

/wsrm:CreateSequence/wsrm:Offer/wsrm:AcknowledgementInterval/@Milliseconds

The acknowledgement interval, specified in milliseconds.

/wsrm:CreateSequence/wsrm:Offer/wsrm:AcknowledgementInterval/@{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

/wsrm:CreateSequence/wsrm:Offer/wsrm:IncompleteSequenceBehavior

This element, if present, specifies the behavior that the RM Destination will exhibit upon the closure of an incomplete Sequence.

A value of "DiscardEntireSequence" indicates that the entire Sequence will be discarded by the RM Destination if the Sequence is closed when there are one or more gaps in the final SequenceAcknowledgement.

A value of "DiscardFollowingFirstGap" indicates that messages in the Sequence beyond the first gap will be discarded by the RM Destination when there are one or more gaps in the final SequenceAcknowledgement.

The default value of "NoDiscard" indicates that no acknowledged messages in the Sequence will be discarded by the RM Destination.

/wsrm:CreateSequence/{any}
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

A CreateSequenceResponse is sent in the body of a response message by an RM Destination in response to receipt of a CreateSequence request message. It carries the Identifier of the created Sequence and indicates that the RM Source can begin sending messages in the context of the identified Sequence.

The following exemplar defines the CreateSequenceResponse syntax:

```xml
<wsrn:CreateSequenceResponse ...
  <wsrn:Identifier ...> xs:anyURI </wsrn:Identifier>
  <wsrn:Expires xs:duration </wsrn:Expires> ?
  <wsrn:AcknowledgementInterval Milliseconds="xs:unsignedLong" ... /> ?
  <wsrn:IncompleteSequenceBehavior>
    <wsrn:IncompleteSequenceBehaviorType />
  </wsrn:IncompleteSequenceBehavior> ?
  <wsrn:Accept ...>
    <wsrn:AcksTo ...> wsa:EndpointReferenceType </wsrn:AcksTo>
  ...
  </wsrn:Accept> ?
</wsrn:CreateSequenceResponse>
```

This element is sent in the body of the response message in response to a CreateSequence request message. It indicates that the RM Destination has created a new Sequence at the request of the RM Source. The RM Destination MUST NOT send this element as a header block.

The RM Destination MUST include this element within any CreateSequenceResponse message it sends. The RM Destination MUST set the value of this element to the absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986) that uniquely identifies the Sequence that has been created by the RM Destination.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

This element, if present, of type xs:duration accepts or refines the RM Source's requested duration for the Sequence. A value of 'PT0S' indicates that the Sequence will never expire. Absence of the element indicates an implied value of 'PT0S'. The RM Destination MUST set the value of this element to be equal to or less than the value requested by the RM Source in the corresponding CreateSequence message.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

This element, if present, specifies the duration after which the RM Destination will transmit an acknowledgement. If omitted, there is no implied value.
The acknowledgement interval, specified in milliseconds.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

This element, if present, specifies the behavior that the RM Destination will exhibit upon the closure of an incomplete Sequence.

A value of “DiscardEntireSequence” indicates that the entire Sequence will be discarded by the RM Destination if the Sequence is closed when there are one or more gaps in the final SequenceAcknowledgement.

A value of “DiscardFollowingFirstGap” indicates that messages in the Sequence beyond the first gap will be discarded by the RM Destination when there are one or more gaps in the final SequenceAcknowledgement.

The default value of “NoDiscard” indicates that no acknowledged messages in the Sequence will be discarded by the RM Destination.

This element, if present, enables an RM Destination to accept the offer of a corresponding Sequence for the reliable exchange of messages transmitted from RM Destination to RM Source.

Note: If a CreateSequenceResponse is returned without a child Accept in response to a CreateSequence that did contain a child Offer, then the RM Source MAY immediately reclaim any resources associated with the unused offered Sequence.

The RM Destination MUST include this element, of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType (as specified by WS-Addressing). It specifies the endpoint reference to which messages containing SequenceAcknowledgement header blocks and faults related to the created Sequence are to be sent, unless otherwise noted in this specification (for example, see Section 3.2).

Implementations MUST NOT use an endpoint reference in the AcksTo element that would prevent the sending of Sequence Acknowledgements back to the RM Source. For example, using the WS-Addressing "http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/none" IRI would make it impossible for the RM Destination to ever send Sequence Acknowledgements.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.
3.2 Closing A Sequence

There are times during the use of an RM Sequence that the RM Source or RM Destination will wish to
discontinue using a Sequence. Simply terminating the Sequence discards the state managed by the RM
Destination, leaving the RM Source unaware of the final ranges of messages that were successfully
transferred to the RM Destination. To ensure that the Sequence ends with a known final state either the
RM Source or RM Destination MAY choose to close the Sequence before terminating it.

If the RM Source wishes to close the Sequence, then it sends a CloseSequence element, in the body of
a message, to the RM Destination. This message indicates that the RM Destination MUST NOT receive
any new messages for the specified Sequence, other than those already received at the time the
CloseSequence element is interpreted by the RM Destination. Upon receipt of this message, or
subsequent to the RM Destination closing the Sequence of its own volition, the RM Destination MUST
include a final SequenceAcknowledgement (within which the RM Destination MUST include the Final
element) header block on any messages associated with the Sequence destined to the RM Source,
including the CloseSequenceResponse message or on any Sequence fault transmitted to the RM Source.

While the RM Destination MUST NOT receive any new messages for the specified Sequence it MUST still
process RM protocol messages. For example, it MUST respond to AckRequested, TerminateSequence
as well as CloseSequence messages. Note, subsequent CloseSequence messages have no effect on the
state of the Sequence.

In the case where the RM Destination wishes to discontinue use of a Sequence it is RECOMMENDED
that it close the Sequence. Please see Final and the SequenceClosed fault. Whenever possible the
SequenceClosed fault SHOULD be used in place of the SequenceTerminated fault, whenever
possible, to allow the RM Source to still receive Acknowledgements.

The following exemplar defines the CloseSequence syntax:

```xml
<wrm:CloseSequence ...>
  <wrm:Identifier ...> xs:anyURI </wrm:Identifier>
  ...
</wrm:CloseSequence>
```

This element is sent by an RM Source to indicate that the RM Destination MUST NOT receive any new
messages for this Sequence. A SequenceClosed fault MUST be generated by the RM Destination when it
receives a message for a Sequence that is already closed.

The RM Source MUST include this element in any CloseSequence messages it sends. The RM Source
MUST set the value of this element to the absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986) of the Sequence that
is being closed.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the
element.
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

```
/wsrm:CloseSequence@{any}
```

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

A CloseSequenceResponse is sent in the body of a response message by an RM Destination in response to receipt of a CloseSequence request message. It indicates that the RM Destination has closed the Sequence.

The following exemplar defines the CloseSequenceResponse syntax:

```
<wsrm:CloseSequenceResponse ...>
  <wsrm:Identifier ...> xs:anyURI </wsrm:Identifier>
  ...
</wsrm:CloseSequenceResponse>
```

This element is sent in the body of a response message by an RM Destination in response to receipt of a CloseSequence request message. It indicates that the RM Destination has closed the Sequence.

```
/wsrm:CloseSequenceResponse/wsrm:Identifier
```

The RM Destination MUST include this element in any CloseSequenceResponse message it sends. The RM Destination MUST set the value of this element to the absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986) of the Sequence that is being closed.

```
/wsrm:CloseSequenceResponse/wsrm:Identifier/@{any}
```

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

```
/wsrm:CloseSequenceResponse/{any}
```

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

```
/wsrm:CloseSequenceResponse@{any}
```

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

### 3.3 Sequence Termination

When the RM Source has completed its use of the Sequence it sends a TerminateSequence element, in the body of a message, to the RM Destination to indicate that the Sequence is complete and that it will not be sending any further messages related to the Sequence. The RM Destination can safely reclaim any resources associated with the Sequence upon receipt of the TerminateSequence message. Under normal usage the RM Source will complete its use of the Sequence when all of the messages in the Sequence have been acknowledged. However, the RM Source is free to Terminate or Close a Sequence at any time regardless of the acknowledgement state of the messages.

The following exemplar defines the TerminateSequence syntax:

```
<wsrm:TerminateSequence ...>
  <wsrm:Identifier ...> xs:anyURI </wsrm:Identifier>
  ...
</wsrm:TerminateSequence>
```
/wsrm:TerminateSequence

This element is sent by an RM Source to indicate it has completed its use of the Sequence. It indicates that the RM Destination can safely reclaim any resources related to the identified Sequence. The RM Source MUST NOT send this element as a header block. The RM Source MAY retransmit this element. Once this element is sent, other than this element, the RM Source MUST NOT send any additional message to the RM Destination referencing this Sequence.

/wsrm:TerminateSequence/wsrm:Identifier

The RM Source MUST include this element in any TerminateSequence message it sends. The RM Source MUST set the value of this element to the absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986) of the Sequence that is being terminated.

/.wsrm:TerminateSequence/wsrm:Identifier/@{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

/terminateSequence/{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

/terminateSequence/@{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

A TerminateSequenceResponse is sent in the body of a response message by an RM Destination in response to receipt of a TerminateSequence request message. It indicates that the RM Destination has terminated the Sequence.

The following exemplar defines the TerminateSequenceResponse syntax:

```xml
<wsrm:TerminateSequenceResponse ...
    <wsrm:Identifier ...
        xs:anyURI
    </wsrm:Identifier>
...
</wsrm:TerminateSequenceResponse>
```

/terminateSequenceResponse

This element is sent in the body of a response message by an RM Destination in response to receipt of a TerminateSequence request message. It indicates that the RM Destination has terminated the Sequence. The RM Destination MUST NOT send this element as a header block.

/terminateSequenceResponse/wsrm:Identifier

The RM Destination MUST include this element in any TerminateSequenceResponse message it sends. The RM Destination MUST set the value of this element to the absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986) of the Sequence that is being terminated.

/terminateSequenceResponse/wsrm:Identifier/@{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

/terminateSequenceResponse/{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

On receipt of a TerminateSequence message an RM Destination MUST respond with a corresponding TerminateSequenceResponse message or generate a fault.

### 3.4 Sequences

The RM protocol uses a Sequence header block to track and manage the reliable transfer of messages. The RM Source MUST include a Sequence header block in all messages for which reliable transfer is REQUIRED. The RM Source MUST identify Sequences with unique Identifier elements and the RM Source MUST assign each message within a Sequence a MessageNumber element that increments by 1 from an initial value of 1. These values are contained within a Sequence header block accompanying each message being transferred in the context of a Sequence.

The RM Source MUST NOT include more than one Sequence header block in any message.

A following exemplar defines its syntax:

```xml
<wrm:Sequence ...>
  <wrm:Identifier ...> xs:anyURI </wrm:Identifier>
  <wrm:MessageNumber> wrm:MessageNumberType </wrm:MessageNumber>
  ...
</wrm:Sequence>
```

The following describes the content model of the Sequence header block.

This protocol element associates the message in which it is contained with a previously established RM Sequence. It contains the Sequence's unique identifier and the containing message's ordinal position within that Sequence. The RM Destination MUST understand the Sequence header block. The RM Source MUST assign a mustUnderstand attribute with a value 1/true (from the namespace corresponding to the version of SOAP to which the Sequence SOAP header block is bound) to the Sequence header block element.

An RM Source that includes a Sequence header block in a SOAP envelope MUST include this element in that header block. The RM Source MUST set the value of this element to the absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986) that uniquely identifies the Sequence.

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

The RM Source MUST include this element within any Sequence headers it creates. This element is of type MessageNumberType. It represents the ordinal position of the message within a Sequence. Sequence message numbers start at 1 and monotonically increase by 1 throughout the Sequence. If the message number exceeds the internal limitations of an RM Source or RM Destination or reaches the maximum value of 9,223,372,036,854,775,807 the RM Source or Destination MUST generate a MessageNumberRollover fault.
3.5 Request Acknowledgement

The purpose of the AckRequested header block is to signal to the RM Destination that the RM Source is requesting that a SequenceAcknowledgement be sent.

The RM Source MAY request an acknowledgement message from the RM Destination at any time by including an AckRequested header block in any message targeted to the RM Destination. An RM Destination that receives a message that contains an AckRequested header block MUST send a message containing a SequenceAcknowledgement header block to the AcksTo endpoint reference (see Section 3.1). If a non-mustUnderstand fault occurs when processing an RM header that was piggy-backed on another message, a fault MUST be generated, but the processing of the original message MUST NOT be affected. It is RECOMMENDED that the RM Destination return a AcknowledgementRange or None element instead of a Nack element (see Section 3.6).

The following exemplar defines its syntax:

```
<wsrn:AckRequested ...
  <wsrm:Identifier ...
    xs:anyURI</wsrm:Identifier>
  ...
</wsrm:AckRequested>
```
3.6 Sequence Acknowledgement

The RM Destination informs the RM Source of successful message receipt using a Sequence
Acknowledgement header block. The RM Destination MAY transmit the Sequence
Acknowledgement header block independently or it MAY include the Sequence
Acknowledgement header block on any message targeted to the AcksTo EPR.

Acknowledgements can be explicitly requested using the AckRequested directive (see Section 3.5). If a non-mustUnderstand fault occurs when processing an RM header that was piggy-backed on another message, a fault MUST be generated, but the processing of the original message MUST NOT be affected.

A RM Destination MAY include a SequenceAcknowledgement header block on any SOAP envelope targetted to the endpoint referenced by the AcksTo EPR.

During creation of a Sequence the RM Source MAY specify the WS-Addressing anonymous IRI as the address of the AcksTo EPR for that Sequence. When the RM Source specifies the WS-Addressing anonymous IRI as the address of the AcksTo EPR, the RM Destination MUST transmit any SequenceAcknowledgement headers for the created Sequence in a SOAP envelope to be transmitted on the protocol binding-specific channel. Such a channel is provided by the context of a received message containing a SOAP envelope that contains a Sequence header block and/or a AckRequested header block for that same Sequence identifier.

The following exemplar defines its syntax:

```xml
<wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement ...>
  <wsrm:Identifier ...> xs:anyURI </wsrm:Identifier>
  [ [ <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange ...
    Upper="wsrm:MessageNumberType"
    Lower="wsrm:MessageNumberType"/> +
    | <wsrm:None/> ]
    <wsrm:Final/>? ]
    | <wsrm:Nack> wsrm:MessageNumberType </wsrm:Nack> + ]
...
</wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
```

The following describes the content model of the SequenceAcknowledgement header block.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement
This element contains the Sequence acknowledgement information.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:Identifier
An RM Destination that includes a SequenceAcknowledgement header block in a SOAP envelope MUST include this element in that header block. The RM Destination MUST set the value of this element to the absolute URI (conformant with RFC3986) that uniquely identifies the Sequence. The RM Destination MUST NOT include multiple SequenceAcknowledgement header blocks that share the same value for Identifier within the same SOAP envelope.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:Identifier/@{any}
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:AcknowledgementRange
The RM Destination MAY include one or more instances of this element within a SequenceAcknowledgement header block. It contains a range of Sequence MessageNumbers.
successfully received by the RM Destination. The ranges SHOULD NOT overlap. The RM Destination
MUST NOT include this element if a sibling Nack or None element is also present as a child of
SequenceAcknowledgement.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:AcknowledgementRange/@Upper
The RM Destination MUST set the value of this attribute equal to the message number of the highest
contiguous message in a Sequence range received by the RM Destination.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:AcknowledgementRange/@Lower
The RM Destination MUST set the value of this attribute equal to the message number of the lowest
contiguous message in a Sequence range received by the RM Destination.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:AcknowledgementRange/@{any}
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the
element.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:Final
The RM Destination MAY include this element within a SequenceAcknowledgement header block. This
element indicates that the RM Destination is not receiving new messages for the specified Sequence. The
RM Source can be assured that the ranges of messages acknowledged by this
SequenceAcknowledgement header block will not change in the future. The RM Destination MUST
include this element when the Sequence is closed. The RM Destination MUST NOT include this element
when sending a Nack; it can only be used when sending AcknowledgementRange elements or a None.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:Nack
The RM Destination MAY include this element within a SequenceAcknowledgement header block. If
used, the RM Destination MUST set the value of this element to a MessageNumberType representing
the MessageNumber of an unreceived message in a Sequence. The RM Destination MUST NOT include
a Nack element if a sibling AcknowledgementRange or None element is also present as a child of
SequenceAcknowledgement. Upon the receipt of a Nack, an RM Source SHOULD retransmit the
message identified by the Nack. The RM Destination MUST NOT issue a SequenceAcknowledgement
containing a Nack for a message that it has previously acknowledged within a
AcknowledgementRange. The RM Source SHOULD ignore a SequenceAcknowledgement containing
a Nack for a message that has previously been acknowledged within a AcknowledgementRange.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/wsrm:None
The RM Destination MUST include this element within a SequenceAcknowledgement header block if
the RM Destination has not received any messages for the specified Sequence. The RM Destination
MUST NOT include this element if a sibling AcknowledgementRange or Nack element is also present
as a child of the SequenceAcknowledgement.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/{any}
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema,
to be passed.

/wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement/@{any}
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the
element.

The following examples illustrate SequenceAcknowledgement elements:
• Message numbers 1...10 inclusive in a Sequence have been received by the RM Destination.

```xml
<wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
  <wsrm:Identifier>http://example.com/abc</wsrm:Identifier>
  <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange Upper="10" Lower="1"/>
</wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
```

• Message numbers 1..2, 4..6, and 8..10 inclusive in a Sequence have been received by the RM Destination, messages 3 and 7 have not been received.

```xml
<wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
  <wsrm:Identifier>http://example.com/abc</wsrm:Identifier>
  <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange Upper="2" Lower="1"/>
  <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange Upper="6" Lower="4"/>
  <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange Upper="10" Lower="8"/>
</wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
```

• Message number 3 in a Sequence has not been received by the RM Destination.

```xml
<wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
  <wsrm:Identifier>http://example.com/abc</wsrm:Identifier>
  <wsrm:Nack>3</wsrm:Nack>
</wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
```

### 3.7 MakeConnection

When an endpoint is not directly addressable (e.g. behind a firewall or not able to allow incoming connections), an anonymous URI in the EPR address property can indicate such an endpoint. The WS-Addressing anonymous URI is one such anonymous URI. This specification defines a URI template (the WS-RM anonymous URI) which may be used to uniquely identify anonymous endpoint.

```
http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604/anonymous?id={uuid}
```

This URI template in an EPR indicates a protocol-specific back-channel will be established through a mechanism such as MakeConnection, defined below. When using this URI template, "{uuid}" MUST be replaced by a UUID value as defined by RFC4122[UUID]. This UUID value uniquely distinguishes the endpoint. A sending endpoint SHOULD transmit messages at endpoints identified with the URI template using a protocol-specific back-channel, including but not limited to those established with a MakeConnection message. Note, this URI is semantically similar to the WS-Addressing anonymous URI if a protocol-specific back-channel is available.

The MakeConnection is a one-way operation that establishes a contextualized back-channel for the transmission of messages according to matching criteria (defined below). In the non-faulting case, if no matching message is available then no SOAP envelopes will be returned on the back-channel. A common usage will be a client RM Destination sending MakeConnection to a server RM Source for the purpose of receiving asynchronous response messages.

The following exemplar defines the MakeConnection syntax:

```xml
<wsrm:MakeConnection ...>
  <wsrm:Identifier> xs:anyURI </wsrm:Identifier> ?
  <wsrm:Address> xs:anyURI </wsrm:Address> ?
  ...
</wsrm:MakeConnection>
```

This element allows the sender to create a transport-specific back-channel that can be used to return a message that matches the selection criteria. Endpoints MUST NOT send this element as a header block.
This element specifies the WS-RM Sequence Identifier that establishes the context for the transport-specific back-channel. The Sequence Identifier should be compared with the Sequence Identifiers associated with the messages held by the sending endpoint, and if there is a matching message it will be returned. If this element is omitted from the message then the Address MUST be included in the message.

/wsrn:MakeConnection/wsrn:Address

This element specifies the URI (wsa:Address) of the initiating endpoint. Endpoints MUST NOT return messages on the transport-specific back-channel unless they have been addressed to this URI. This Address property and a message’s WS-Addressing destination property are considered identical when they are exactly the same character-for-character. Note that URIs which are not identical in this sense may in fact be functionally equivalent. Examples include URI references which differ only in case, or which are in external entities which have different effective base URIs. If this element is omitted from the message then the Identifier MUST be included in the message.

/wsrn:MakeConnection/{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed. This allows fine-tuning of the messages to be returned, additional selection criteria included here are logically ANDed with the Address and/or Identifier. If an extension is not supported by the endpoint then it should return a UnsupportedSelection fault.

/wsrn:MakeConnection/@{any}

This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

If both Identifier and Address are present, then the endpoint processing the MakeConnection message MUST insure that any SOAP Envelope flowing on the backchannel MUST be associated with the given Sequence and MUST be addressed to the given URI.

The management of messages that are awaiting the establishment of a back-channel to their receiving endpoint is an implementation detail that is outside the scope of this specification. Note, however, that these messages form a class of asynchronous messages that is not dissimilar from “ordinary” asynchronous messages that are waiting for the establishment of a connection to their destination endpoints.

This specification places no constraint on the types of messages that can be returned on the transport-specific back-channel. As in an asynchronous environment, it is up to the recipient of the MakeConnection message to decide which messages are appropriate for transmission to any particular endpoint. However, the endpoint processing the MakeConnection message MUST insure that the messages match the selection criteria as specified by the child elements of the MakeConnection element.
4 Faults

Faults for the CreateSequence message exchange are treated as defined in WS-Addressing.
CreateSequenceRefused is a possible fault reply for this operation. UnknownSequence is a fault
generated by endpoints when messages carrying RM header blocks targeted at unrecognized or
terminated Sequences are detected. WSRMRequired is a fault generated an RM Destination that requires
the use of WS-RM on a received message that did not use the protocol. All other faults in this section
relate to the processing of RM header blocks targeted at known Sequences and are collectively referred to
as Sequence faults. Entities that generate Sequence faults SHOULD send those faults to the same
[destination] as SequenceAcknowledgement messages. These faults are correlated using the
Sequence identifier carried in the detail.

Entities that generate WS-ReliableMessaging faults MUST include as the [action] property the default fault
action IRI defined below. The value from the W3C Recommendation is below for informational purposes:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrn/200604/fault

The faults defined in this section are generated if the condition stated in the preamble is met. Fault
handling rules are defined in section 6 of WS-Addressing SOAP Binding.

The definitions of faults use the following properties:

[Code] The fault code.

[Subcode] The fault subcode.


[Detail] The detail element(s). If absent, no detail element is defined for the fault. If more than one detail
element is defined for a fault, implementations MUST include the elements in the order that they are
specified.

Entities that generate WS-ReliableMessaging faults MUST set the [Code] property to either "Sender" or
"Receiver". These properties are serialized into text XML as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SOAP Version</th>
<th>Sender</th>
<th>Receiver</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOAP 1.1</td>
<td>S11:Client</td>
<td>S11:Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOAP 1.2</td>
<td>S:Sender</td>
<td>S:Receiver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The properties above bind to a SOAP 1.2 fault as follows:

<S:Envelope>
  <S:Header>
    <wsa:Action>
      http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrn/200604/fault
    </wsa:Action>
    <!-- Headers elided for clarity. -->
  </S:Header>
  <S:Body>
    <S:Fault>
      <S:Code>
        <S:Value> [Code] </S:Value>
      </S:Code>
      <S:Subcode>
        <S:Value> [Subcode] </S:Value>
      </S:Subcode>
      <S:Reason>
        <S:Text xml:lang="en"> [Reason] </S:Text>
      </S:Reason>
      <S:Detail>
      </S:Detail>
    </S:Fault>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
The properties above bind to a SOAP 1.1 fault as follows when the fault is triggered by processing an RM header block:

```
<S11:Envelope>
  <S11:Header>
    <wsrm:SequenceFault>
      <wsrm:Detail> [Detail] </wsrm:Detail>
      ...
    </wsrm:SequenceFault>
    <!-- Headers elided for clarity. -->
  </S11:Header>
  <S11:Body>
    <S11:Fault>
      <faultcode> [Code] </faultcode>
      <faultstring> [Reason] </faultstring>
    </S11:Fault>
  </S11:Body>
</S11:Envelope>
```

The properties bind to a SOAP 1.1 fault as follows when the fault is generated as a result of processing a CreateSequence request message:

```
<S11:Envelope>
  <S11:Body>
    <S11:Fault>
      <faultcode> [Subcode] </faultcode>
      <faultstring> [Reason] </faultstring>
    </S11:Fault>
  </S11:Body>
</S11:Envelope>
```

4.1 SequenceFault Element

The purpose of the SequenceFault element is to carry the specific details of a fault generated during the reliable messaging specific processing of a message belonging to a Sequence. WS-ReliableMessaging nodes MUST use the SequenceFault container only in conjunction with the SOAP 1.1 fault mechanism. WS-ReliableMessaging nodes MUST NOT use the SequenceFault container in conjunction with the SOAP 1.2 binding.

The following exemplar defines its syntax:

```
<wsrm:SequenceFault ...
  <wsrm:Detail> ... </wsrm:Detail> ?
  ...
</wsrm:SequenceFault>
```

The following describes the content model of the SequenceFault element.

/wsrm:SequenceFault

This is the element containing Sequence information for WS-ReliableMessaging

/wsrm:SequenceFault/wsrm:FaultCode
WS-ReliableMessaging nodes that generate a SequenceFault MUST set the value of this element to a qualified name from the set of fault [Subcodes] defined below.

/wsrn:SequenceFault/wsrn:Detail
This element, if present, carries application specific error information related to the fault being described.

/wsrn:SequenceFault/wsrn:Detail/{any}
The application specific error information related to the fault being described.

/wsrn:SequenceFault/wsrn:Detail/@{any}
The application specific error information related to the fault being described.

/wsrn:SequenceFault/{any}
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow different (extensible) types of information, based on a schema, to be passed.

/wsrn:SequenceFault/@{any}
This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes, based on schemas, to be added to the element.

4.2 Sequence Terminated
This fault is generated by either the RM Source or the RM Destination to indicate that it has either encountered an unrecoverable condition, or has detected a violation of the protocol and as a consequence, has chosen to terminate the Sequence. The endpoint that generates this fault SHOULD make every reasonable effort to notify the corresponding endpoint of this decision.

Receipt of SequenceTerminated by either the RM Destination or the RM Source SHALL terminate the Sequence if it is not otherwise terminated.

Properties:
- [Code] Sender or Receiver
- [Subcode] wsrn:SequenceTerminated
- [Reason] The Sequence has been terminated due to an unrecoverable error.
- [Detail]

4.3 Unknown Sequence
This fault is generated by either the RM Source or the RM Destination in response to a message containing an unknown or terminated Sequence identifier. Receipt of UnknownSequence by either the RM Destination or the RM Source SHALL terminate the Sequence if it is not otherwise terminated.

Properties:
- [Code] Sender
- [Subcode] wsrn:UnknownSequence
- [Reason] The value of wsrn:Identifier is not a known Sequence identifier.
- [Detail]
4.4 Invalid Acknowledgement

This fault is generated by the RM Source in response to a SequenceAcknowledgement that violates the cumulative acknowledgement invariant. An example of such a violation would be a SequenceAcknowledgement covering messages that have not been sent.

[Code] Sender
[Subcode] wsrm:InvalidAcknowledgement
[Reason] The SequenceAcknowledgement violates the cumulative acknowledgement invariant.
[Detail]

4.5 Message Number Rollover

This fault is generated to indicate that message numbers for a Sequence have been exhausted.

Properties:
[Code] Sender
[Subcode] wsrm:MessageNumberRollover
[Reason] The maximum value for wsrm:MessageNumber has been exceeded.
[Detail]

4.6 Create Sequence Refused

This fault is generated in response to a create Sequence request that cannot be satisfied.

Properties:
[Code] Sender
[Subcode] wsrm:CreateSequenceRefused
[Reason] The create Sequence request has been refused by the RM Destination.
[Detail]

4.7 Sequence Closed

This fault is generated by an RM Destination to indicate that the specified Sequence has been closed.

This fault MUST be generated when an RM Destination is asked to receive a message for a Sequence that is closed or when an RM Destination is asked to close a Sequence that is already closed.

Properties:
[Code] Sender
[Subcode] wsrm:SequenceClosed
[Reason] The Sequence is closed and can not receive new messages.

[Detail]

<wsrm:Identifier...> xs:anyURI </wsrm:Identifier>

4.8 WSRM Required

If an RM Destination requires the use of WS-RM, this fault is generated when it receives an incoming message that did not use this protocol.

Properties:

[Code] Sender

[Subcode] wsrm:WSRMRequired

[Reason] The RM Destination requires the use of WSRM.

[Detail]

xs:any

4.9 Unsupported Selection

This fault is generated to indicate that endpoint processing the MakeConnection message does not support the selection criteria included in the extensibility section of the MakeConnection message.

The QName of the unsupported element(s) are included in the detail.

Properties:

[Code] Receiver

[Subcode] wsrm:UnsupportedSelection

[Reason] The extension element used in the message selection is not supported by the RM Source

[Detail]

<wsrn:UnsupportedElement> xs:QName </wsrm:UnsupportedElement>+
5 Security Considerations

It is strongly recommended that the communication between services be secured using the mechanisms described in WS-Security. In order to properly secure messages, the body and all relevant headers need to be included in the signature. Specifically, the Sequence header needs to be signed with the body in order to "bind" the two together. The SequenceAcknowledgement header may be signed independently because a reply independent of the message is not a security concern.

Because Sequences are expected to exchange a number of messages, it is recommended that a security context be established using the mechanisms described in WS-Trust[Trust] and WS-SecureConversation[SecureConversation]. If a Sequence is bound to a specific destination, then the security context needs to be established or shared with the destination servicing the Sequence. While the context can be established at any time, it is critical that the messages establishing the Sequence be secured even if they precede security context establishment. However, it is recommended that the security context be established first. Security contexts are independent of reliable messaging Sequences. Consequently, security contexts can come and go independent of the lifetime of the Sequence. In fact, it is recommended that the lifetime of a security context be less than the lifetime of the Sequence unless the Sequence is very short-lived.

It is common for message Sequences to exchange a number of messages (or a large amount of data). As a result, the usage profile of a Sequence is such that it is susceptible to key attacks. For this reason it is strongly recommended that the keys be changed frequently. This "re-keying" can be effected a number of ways. The following list outlines four common techniques:

- Closing and re-establishing a security context
- Exchanging new secrets between the parties
- Using a derived key sequence and switch "generations"
- Attaching a nonce to each message and using it in a derived key function with the shared secret

The security context may be re-established using the mechanisms described in WS-Trust and WS-SecureConversation. Similarly, secrets can be exchanged using the mechanisms described in WS-Trust. Note, however, that the current shared secret should not be used to encrypt the new shared secret. Derived keys, the preferred solution from this list, can be specified using the mechanisms described in WS-SecureConversation.

There is a core tension between security and reliable messaging that can be problematic if not considered in implementations. That is, one aspect of security is to prevent message replay and the core tenet of reliable messaging is to replay messages until they are acknowledged. Consequently, if the security sub-system processes a message but a failure occurs before the reliable messaging sub-system records the message (or the message is considered "processed"), then it is possible (and likely) that the security sub-system will treat subsequent copies as replays and discard them. At the same time, the reliable messaging sub-system will likely continue to expect and even solicit the missing message(s). Care should be taken to avoid and prevent this rare condition.

The following list summarizes common classes of attacks that apply to this protocol and identifies the mechanism to prevent/mitigate the attacks:

- **Message alteration** – Alteration is prevented by including signatures of the message information using WS-Security.
- **Message disclosure** – Confidentiality is preserved by encrypting sensitive data using WS-Security.
• **Key integrity** – Key integrity is maintained by using the strongest algorithms possible (by comparing secured policies – see WS-Policy and WS-SecurityPolicy).

• **Authentication** – Authentication is established using the mechanisms described in WS-Security and WS-Trust. Each message is authenticated using the mechanisms described in WS-Security.

• **Accountability** – Accountability is a function of the type of and string of the key and algorithms being used. In many cases, a strong symmetric key provides sufficient accountability. However, in some environments, strong PKI signatures are required.

• **Availability** – All reliable messaging services are subject to a variety of availability attacks. Replay detection is a common attack and it is recommended that this be addressed by the mechanisms described in WS-Security. (Note that because of legitimate message replays, detection should include a differentiator besides message id such as a timestamp). Other attacks, such as network-level denial of service attacks are harder to avoid and are outside the scope of this specification. That said, care should be taken to ensure that minimal state is saved prior to any authenticating Sequences.
6 References

6.1 Normative

[KEYWORDS]
S. Bradner, "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels," RFC 2119, Harvard University, March 1997

[SOAP 1.1]

[SOAP 1.2]

[URI]

[UUID]
P. Leach, M. Mealling, R. Salz, "A Universally Unique IDentifier (UUID) URN Namespace," RFC 4122, Microsoft, Refactored Networks - LLC, DataPower Technology Inc, July 2005

/XML/

/XML-ns/

/XML-Schema Part1/

/XML-Schema Part2/

/WSDL 1.1/
W3C Note, "Web Services Description Language (WSDL 1.1)," 15 March 2001.

/WS-Addressing/

/WS-Policy/

6.2 Non-Normative

[RDDL 2.0]
Johnathan Borden, Tim Bray, eds. “Resource Directory Description Language (RDDL) 2.0,” January 2004

[WS-Policy]
W3C Member Submission, "Web Services Policy Framework (WS-Policy)," April 2006.
[WS-PolicyAttachment]

[WS-Security]


[RTTM]

[SecurityPolicy]

[SecureConversation]

[Trust]
A. Schema

The normative schema that is defined for WS-ReliableMessaging using [XML-Schema Part1] and [XML-Schema Part2] is located at:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604/wsrm-1.1-schema-200604.xsd

The following copy is provided for reference.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!--
OASIS takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual
property or other rights that might be claimed to pertain to the
implementation or use of the technology described in this document or the
to which any license under such rights might or might not be available;
neither does it represent that it has made any effort to identify any such
rights. Information on OASIS's procedures with respect to rights in OASIS
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made available for publication and any assurances of licenses to be made
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FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
-->
<x:schema xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
targetNamespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
  <x:schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2006/03/addressing/ws-addr.xsd"/>
  <!-- Protocol Elements -->
  <xs:complexType name="SequenceType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
      <xs:element name="MessageNumber" type="wsrm:MessageNumberType"/>  
      <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"  
        maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:element name="Sequence" type="wsrm:SequenceType"/>
  <xs:element name="SequenceAcknowledgement">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
        <xs:choice>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:choice>
              <xs:element name="AcknowledgementRange" maxOccurs="unbounded">
                <xs:complexType>
                  
                </xs:complexType>
              </xs:element>
<xs:sequence/>
<xs:attribute name="Upper" type="xs:unsignedLong" use="required"/>
<xs:attribute name="Lower" type="xs:unsignedLong" use="required"/>
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="None" minOccurs="0">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:sequence/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="Final" minOccurs="0">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:sequence/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="Nack" type="xs:unsignedLong" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:choice>
<xs:element name="AckRequested" type="wsrm:AckRequestedType"/>
<xs:element name="Identifier">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:annotation>
<xs:documentation>
This type is for elements whose [children] is an anyURI and can have arbitrary attributes.
</xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:simpleContent>
<xs:extension base="xs:anyURI">
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="Address">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleContent>
<xs:extension base="xs:anyURI">
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:complexType name="MakeConnectionType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="AckRequestedType">
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
<xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="Address">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:simpleContent>
<xs:extension base="xs:anyURI">
<xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
</xs:extension>
</xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:complexType name="MakeConnectionType"/>
<xs:sequence>
  <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
  <xs:element ref="wsrm:Address" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
  <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="MakeConnection" type="wsrm:MakeConnectionType"/>
<xs:simpleType name="MessageNumberType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:unsignedLong">
    <xs:minInclusive value="1"/>
    <xs:maxInclusive value="9223372036854775807"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<!-- Fault Container and Codes -->
<xs:simpleType name="FaultCodes">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:QName">
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:SequenceTerminated"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:UnknownSequence"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:InvalidAcknowledgement"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:MessageNumberRollover"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:CreateSequenceRefused"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:SequenceClosed"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:WSRMRequired"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="wsrm:UnsupportedSelection"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:complexType name="SequenceFaultType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="FaultCode" type="wsrm:FaultCodes"/>
    <xs:element name="Detail" type="wsrm:DetailType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="DetailType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="SequenceFault" type="wsrm:SequenceFaultType"/>
<xs:element name="CreateSequence" type="wsrm:CreateSequenceType"/>
<xs:element name="CreateSequenceResponse" type="wsrm:CreateSequenceResponseType"/>
<xs:element name="CloseSequence" type="wsrm:CloseSequenceType"/>
<xs:element name="CloseSequenceResponse" type="wsrm:CloseSequenceResponseType"/>
<xs:element name="TerminateSequence" type="wsrm:TerminateSequenceType"/>
<xs:element name="TerminateSequenceResponse" type="wsrm:TerminateSequenceResponseType"/>
<xs:complexType name="CreateSequenceType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:AcksTo"/>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Expires" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="Offer" type="wsrm:OfferType" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>
      wsrm-1.1-spec-wd-15
      20 June 2006
      Copyright © OASIS Open 2006. All Rights Reserved.
      Page 36 of 58
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
</xs:complexType>
It is the authors' intent that this extensibility be used to transfer a Security Token Reference as defined in WS-Security.

```xml
<xs:complexType name="CreateSequenceResponseType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Expires" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:AcknowledgementInterval" minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:complexType name="IncompleteSequenceBehaviorType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  <xs:element name="Accept" type="wsrm:AcceptType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="CloseSequenceType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
    <xs:element name="Accept" type="wsrm:AcceptType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="CloseSequenceResponseType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
    <xs:element name="Accept" type="wsrm:AcceptType" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:complexType>
```
<xs:sequence>
  <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
  <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:complexType name="TerminateSequenceType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="TerminateSequenceResponseType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="AcksTo" type="wsa:EndpointReferenceType"/>
<xs:complexType name="OfferType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Identifier"/>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:Expires" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="EndpointReference" type="wsa:EndpointReferenceType"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:complexType name="AcceptType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element ref="wsrm:AcksTo"/>
    <xs:any namespace="##other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
<xs:element name="Expires">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension base="xs:duration">
        <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##other" processContents="lax"/>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="AcknowledgementInterval">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence/>
    <xs:attribute name="Milliseconds" type="xs:unsignedLong" use="required"/>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:simpleType name="IncompleteSequenceBehaviorType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:enumeration value="DiscardEntireSequence"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="DiscardFollowingFirstGap"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:enumeration value="NoDiscard"/>
</xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
<xs:element name="UnsupportedElement">
  <xs:simpleType>
    <xs:restriction base="xs:QName"/>
  </xs:simpleType>
</xs:element>
</xs:schema>
B. WSDL

The normative WSDL 1.1 definition for WS-ReliableMessaging is located at:

http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604/wsdI/wsrm-1.1-wsdl-200604.wsdl

The following non-normative copy is provided for reference.
<wsdl:definitions xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/">
  <wsdl:types>
    <xs:schema>
      <xs:import namespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
                   schemaLocation="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604/wsdl-1.1-schema-200604.xsd"/>
    </xs:schema>
  </wsdl:types>
  <wsdl:message name="CreateSequence">
    <wsdl:part name="create" element="rm:CreateSequence"/>
  </wsdl:message>
  <wsdl:message name="CreateSequenceResponse">
    <wsdl:part name="createResponse" element="rm:CreateSequenceResponse"/>
  </wsdl:message>
  <wsdl:message name="CloseSequence">
    <wsdl:part name="close" element="rm:CloseSequence"/>
  </wsdl:message>
  <wsdl:message name="CloseSequenceResponse">
    <wsdl:part name="closeResponse" element="rm:CloseSequenceResponse"/>
  </wsdl:message>
</wsdl:definitions>
<wsdl:operation name="CreateSequence">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:CreateSequence" wsa:Action="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrn/200604/CreateSequence"/>
</wsdl:operation>

<wsdl:operation name="CloseSequence">
</wsdl:operation>

<wsdl:operation name="TerminateSequence">
</wsdl:operation>

<wsdl:operation name="MakeConnection">
  <wsdl:input message="tns:MakeConnection" wsa:Action="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrn/200604/MakConnection"/>
</wsdl:operation>
C. Message Examples

C.1 Create Sequence

Create Sequence

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
<S:Header>
  <wsa:MessageID>
    http://Business456.com/guid/0baaf88d-483b-4ecf-a6d8-a7c2eb546817
  </wsa:MessageID>
  <wsa:To>http://example.com/serviceB/123</wsa:To>
  <wsa:ReplyTo>
  </wsa:ReplyTo>
</S:Header>
<S:Body>
  <wsrm:CreateSequence>
    <wsrm:AcksTo>
    </wsrm:AcksTo>
  </wsrm:CreateSequence>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

Create Sequence Response

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
xmlns:w3="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
<S:Header>
  <wsa:To>http://Business456.com/serviceA/789</wsa:To>
  <wsa:RelatesTo>
    http://Business456.com/guid/0baaf88d-483b-4ecf-a6d8-a7c2eb546817
  </wsa:RelatesTo>
  <wsa:Action>
    http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604/CreateSequenceResponse
  </wsa:Action>
</S:Header>
<S:Body>
  <wsrm:CreateSequenceResponse>
  </wsrm:CreateSequenceResponse>
</S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
```

C.2 Initial Transmission

The following example WS-ReliableMessaging headers illustrate the message exchange in the above figure. The three messages have the following headers; the third message is identified as the last message in the Sequence:

Message 1
C.3 First Acknowledgement

Message number 2 has not been received by the RM Destination due to some transmission error so it responds with an acknowledgement for messages 1 and 3:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
    xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
    xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
    <S:Header>
        <wsa:MessageID>http://example.com/guid/0baaf88d-483b-4ecf-a6d8-a7c2eb546810</wsa:MessageID>
        <wsa:To>http://Business456.com/serviceA/789</wsa:To>
        <wsa:From><wsa:Address>http://example.com/serviceB/123</wsa:Address></wsa:From>
        <wsa:Action>http://example.com/serviceB/123/request</wsa:Action>
        <wsrm:Sequence>
            <wsrm:MessageNumber>2</wsrm:MessageNumber>
        </wsrm:Sequence>
        <wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
            <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange Upper="1" Lower="1"/>
            <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange Upper="3" Lower="3"/>
        </wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
    </S:Header>
    <S:Body/>
</S:Envelope>
```

C.4 Retransmission

The RM Sourcediscovers that message number 2 was not received so it resends the message and requests an acknowledgement:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
    xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
    xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
    <S:Header>
        <wsa:MessageID>http://Business456.com/guid/daa7d0b2-c8e0-476e-a9a4-d164154e38de</wsa:MessageID>
        <wsa:To>http://example.com/serviceB/123</wsa:To>
        <wsa:Action>http://example.com/serviceB/123/request</wsa:Action>
        <wsrm:Sequence>
            <wsrm:MessageNumber>2</wsrm:MessageNumber>
        </wsrm:Sequence>
    </S:Header>
</S:Envelope>
```
C.5 Termination

The RM Destination now responds with an acknowledgement for the complete Sequence which can then be terminated:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
<S:Header>
  <wsa:MessageID>
    http://example.com/guid/0baaf88d-483b-4ecf-a6d8-a7c2eb546811
  </wsa:MessageID>
  <wsa:To>http://Business456.com/serviceA/789</wsa:To>
  <wsa:From>
    <wsa:Address>http://example.com/serviceB/123</wsa:Address>
  </wsa:From>
  <wsa:Action>
    http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604/SequenceAcknowledgement
  </wsa:Action>
  <wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
    <wsrm:AcknowledgementRange Upper="3" Lower="1"/>
  </wsrm:SequenceAcknowledgement>
</S:Header>
<S:Body/>
</S:Envelope>
```

Terminate Sequence

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
<S:Header>
  <wsa:MessageID>
    http://Business456.com/guid/0baaf88d-483b-4ecf-a6d8-a7c2eb546812
  </wsa:MessageID>
  <wsa:To>http://example.com/serviceB/123</wsa:To>
  <wsa:From>
  </wsa:From>
  <wsa:Action>
    http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604/TerminateSequence
  </wsa:Action>
  <wsrm:TerminateSequence>
  </wsrm:TerminateSequence>
</S:Header>
<S:Body/>
</S:Envelope>
```

Terminate Sequence Response
<S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
xmlns:wsrm="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrm/200604"
xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing">
  <S:Header>
    <wsa:MessageID>http://Business456.com/guid/0baaf88d-483b-4ecf-a6d8-a7c2eb546813</wsa:MessageID>
    <wsa:To>http://example.com/serviceA/789</wsa:To>
    <wsa:RelatesTo>http://Business456.com/guid/0baaf88d-483b-4ecf-a6d8-a7c2eb546812</wsa:RelatesTo>
  </S:Header>
  <S:Body>
    <wsrm:TerminateSequenceResponse>
    </wsrm:TerminateSequenceResponse>
  </S:Body>
</S:Envelope>
### D. State Tables

This appendix specifies the non-normative state transition tables for RM Source and RM Destination.

Each cell in the tables in this appendix uses the following convention:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>action to take</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>next state</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Table 2 RM Source State Transition Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Events</th>
<th>States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Sequence</td>
<td>Transmit Create Sequence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Sequence Response</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Sequence Refused</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Message</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retransmit of unack message</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SeqAck (non-final)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nack</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reached max msg number</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Events</td>
<td>States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message Number Rollover Fault</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Sequence</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Sequence Response</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SeqAck (final)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sequence Closed Fault</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown Sequence Fault</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sequence Terminated Fault</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminate Sequence</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminate Sequence Response</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elapse Expires duration</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In Table 2 above, the rows consists of events that occur at the RM Source throughout the lifetime of an RM Sequence and the columns consists of various RM Source states. Each cell in the table above lists
the action that the RM Source takes on occurrence of a particular event and the next state that it
transitions.

### Table 3 RM Destination State Transition Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Events</th>
<th>States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creation request not satisfied</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message (with message number within range)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ack requested</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message (with message number outside of range)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Sequence</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Sequence itself</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminate Sequence</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown Sequence Fault</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sequence Terminated Fault</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elapse Expires duration</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In Table 3 above, the rows consist of events that occur at the RM Destination throughout the lifetime of an RM Sequence and the columns consist of various RM Destination states. Each cell in the table above lists the action that the RM Destination takes on occurrence of a particular event and the next state that it transitions.
E. Acknowledgments

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- Ruslan Bilorusets, BEA, Don Box, Microsoft, Luis Felipe Cabrera, Microsoft, Doug Davis, IBM, Donald Ferguson, IBM, Christopher Ferris, IBM (Editor), Tom Freund, IBM, Mary Ann Hondo, IBM, John Ibbotson, IBM, Lei Jin, BEA, Chris Kaler, Microsoft, David Langworthy, Microsoft (Editor), Amelia Lewis, TIBCO Software, Rodney Limprecht, Microsoft, Steve Lucco, Microsoft, Don Mullen, TIBCO Software, Anthony Nadalin, IBM, Mark Nottingham, BEA, David Orchard, BEA, Jamie Roots, IBM, Shivajee Samdarshi, TIBCO Software, John Shewchuk, Microsoft, Tony Storey, IBM.

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- Keith Ballinger, Microsoft, Stefan Batres, Microsoft, Rebecca Bergersen, Iona, Allen Brown, Microsoft, Michael Conner, IBM, George Copeland, Microsoft, Francisco Curbera, IBM, Paul Fremantle, IBM, Steve Graham, IBM, Pat Helland, Microsoft, Rick Hill, Microsoft, Scott Hinkelman, IBM, Tim Holloway, IBM, Efim Hudis, Microsoft, David Ingham, Microsoft, Gopal Kakivaya, Microsoft, Johannes Klein, Microsoft, Frank Leymann, IBM, Martin Nally, IBM, Peter Niblett, IBM, Jeffrey Schlimmer, Microsoft, James Snell, IBM, Keith Stobie, Microsoft, Satish Thatte, Microsoft, Stephen Todd, IBM, Sanjiva Weerawarana, IBM, Roger Wolter, Microsoft.

The following individuals were members of the committee during the development of this specification:

### F. Revision History

<table>
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<td>2005-07-07</td>
<td>Christopher Ferris</td>
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<td>ws-02</td>
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<td>i011 (PT0S) added</td>
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<td>Move WSDL after Schema</td>
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<td>Date</td>
<td>By Whom</td>
<td>What</td>
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<td>Doug Davis</td>
<td>Nits – remove tabs, extra [yyy]'s ...</td>
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<td>Doug Davis</td>
<td>Remove extra &quot;OPTIONAL&quot;s – Matt Lovett</td>
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<td>Doug Davis</td>
<td>Remove blank rows/columns from state table. Fix italics in state table</td>
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