



Service Component Architecture EJB Session Bean Binding Specification Version 1.1

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Abstract:

This document explains the SCA EJB session bean binding. It describes how to integrate a previously deployed session bean into an SCA assembly, and how to expose SCA services to clients which use the EJB programming model.

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1 Introduction

EJB session beans are a common technology used to implement business services. The ability to integrate SCA with session bean based services is useful because it preserves the investment incurred during the creation of those business services, while enabling the enterprise to embrace the newer SCA technology in incremental steps. The simplest form of integration is to simply enable SCA components to invoke session beans as SCA services. There is also a need to expose SCA services such that they are consumable by programmers skilled in the EJB programming model. This enables existing session bean assets to be enhanced to exploit newly deployed SCA services without the EJB programmers having to learn a new programming model.

This document explains the EJB SCA binding. This proposal describes how to integrate a previously deployed stateless session bean into an SCA assembly, and how to expose SCA services to clients which use the EJB programming model.

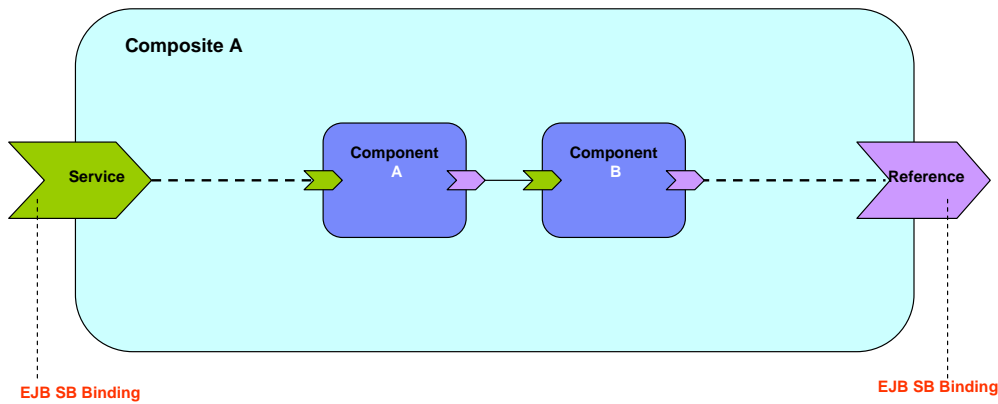
The EJB Session Bean binding enables:

- SCA developers to treat previously deployed stateless session beans as SCA services, by wiring them into an SCA assembly (SCA reference).
- SCA service deployers to expose a SCA service as a stateless session bean for consumption by Java EE applications.

Stateful session beans are out of scope for this specification. The terms 'session bean' and 'stateless session bean' are interchangeable for the purpose of this specification.

The use of EJBs and EJB modules as SCA component implementations is beyond the scope of this specification and is described in the [Java EE integration specification \[SCAJEE\]](#). [Figure 1-1](#) shows the use of the EJB SCA binding on both SCA services and references.

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EJB SB Binding

EJB SB Binding

Figure 1-1: EJB Binding used on SCA Services and References

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1.1 Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

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30 **1.2 Normative References**

31 **[RFC2119]** S. Bradner, *Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels*,
32 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.

33 **[SCAJEE]** SCA Java EE Implementation Specification,
34 <http://www.osea.org/display/Main/Service+Component+Architecture+Specifications>
35

36 **[EJB]** Enterprise JavaBeans Specification,
37 <http://java.sun.com/products/ejb/docs.html>

38 **[CORBA]** CORBA Naming Service Specification,
39 <http://www.omg.org/docs/formal/04-10-03.pdf>

40 **[ASSEMBLY]** OASIS Committee Draft 05, "SCA Assembly Model Specification Version 1.1",
41 January 2010.
42 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-assembly/sca-assembly-1.1-spec-cd05.pdf>
43

44 **[JAVACAA]** OASIS Committee Draft 04, "Service Component Architecture SCA-J Common
45 Annotations and APIs Specification Version 1.1", February 2010.
46 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-j/sca-javacaa-1.1-spec-cd04.pdf>

47 **[POLICY]** OASIS Committee Draft 02, "SCA Policy Framework Specification Version 1.1",
48 February 2009
49 <http://docs.oasis-open.org/opencsa/sca-policy/sca-policy-1.1-spec-cd02.pdf>

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50 2 Session bean binding schema

51 The EJB session bean binding element is defined by the pseudo-schema in [Snippet 2-1](#).

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52

```
53 <binding.ejb homeInterface="NCName"?  
54     ejb-link-name="string"?  
55     ejb-version="EJB2 or EJB3"?  
56     name="NCName"?  
57     policySets="sca:listOfQNames"?  
58     requires="sca:listOfQNames"?  
59     uri="anyURI"?>  
60   <wireFormat ... />?  
61   <operationSelector ... />?  
62 </binding.ejb>
```

63 *Snippet 2-1: binding.ejb Pseudo-schema*

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64

- 65 • **/binding.ejb/@homeInterface : NCName (0..1)** - The homeInterface attribute of the EJB binding is
66 the session bean's home interface, and is used when exposing SCA services as EJB 2.x session
67 beans. For <binding.ejb/>, if @ejb-version="EJB2", then @homeInterface MUST be specified and
68 MUST have a value that is the fully qualified package name of the Java interface class of the EJB's
69 home interface. [BSB20001]
- 70 • **/binding.ejb/@ejb-link-name : string (0..1)** - The ejb-link-name attribute provides a means for
71 integrating EJB reference resolution with SCA. When used on a binding for an SCA reference, it
72 allows a SCA client to bind to an EJB that is packaged in the same Java EE EAR file as the SCA
73 client. When used on an SCA service binding, it exposes an <ejb-link/> target for Java EE clients that
74 want to use Java EE assembly to wire to the SCA service. This attribute is functionally equivalent to
75 using the <ejb-link/> subelement of the <ejb-ref/> element in an EJB deployment descriptor. The
76 value of this attribute is supplied by an application assembler, and is in the form as specified by the
77 Java EE specification [SCAJEE] (i.e. <jar-name>#<ejb-name>).
78 When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA reference, if @ejb-link-name attribute is specified it MUST
79 contain the value of an <ejb-link/> target packaged within the same Java EE EAR file as the SCA
80 component containing the SCA reference. [BSB20002]
81 When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service, if @ejb-link-name attribute is specified, it MUST
82 contain a value in the form "<jar-name>#<ejb-name>" which MUST be unique amongst the <ejb-
83 link/> targets contained within the same Java EE EAR file as the SCA component containing the SCA
84 service. [BSB20003]
- 85 • **/binding.ejb/@ejb-version : VersionValue (0..1)** - The ejb-version attribute is used to indicate the
86 EJB client view exposed by the EJB binding when used on an SCA service. This attribute has no
87 meaning when used on an SCA reference. The value 'EJB2' indicates the desire to expose an EJB
88 2.x client view. The value 'EJB3' indicates the desire to expose an EJB 3.0 client view. The default
89 value is 'EJB3'. When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service and the @ejb-version attribute is set
90 to 'EJB2', the SCA Runtime MUST support invocation of the SCA service using the EJB 2.x client
91 view as specified in the Java EE specification [SCAJEE]. [BSB20004] When <binding.ejb/> applies to
92 an SCA service and the @ejb-version attribute is set to 'EJB3', the SCA Runtime MUST support
93 invocation of the SCA service using the EJB 3.x client view as specified in the Java EE specification
94 [SCAJEE]. [BSB20005]
- 95 • **/binding.ejb/@name : NCName (0..1)** - As defined in the SCA Assembly Specification [ASSEMBLY]
- 96 • **/binding.ejb/@requires : QName (0..1)** - A list of policy intents as defined in the SCA Policy
97 Framework Specification [POLICY]

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- 98 • **/binding.ejb/@policySets : QName (0..1)** – A list of policy sets as defined in the SCA Policy
99 Framework Specification [POLICY]
- 100 The base SCA binding schema provides an attribute called uri, that is used to denote the URI of an
101 endpoint. In the context of the SCA EJB binding, the uri attribute is defined as follows:
- 102 • **/binding.ejb/@uri : anyURI (0..1)** – Specifies the URI of a session bean endpoint. For EJB 2.x, this
103 is the endpoint of the session home. For EJB 3.x, this is the endpoint of the session bean. The value
104 of the @uri attribute MUST take the form of an Object URL as specified in the CORBA Services
105 specification [CORBA]. [BSB20006] This is a standard URI form for referring to remotable CORBA
106 objects. Briefly, the corbaname URI format looks like this:
107 – corbaname:iiop:<hostName>:<port>/<key string>#<path to home>
- 108 Typically, a corbaname URI doesn't include all these components. The following example shows a
109 corbaname URI that uses the default ORB configuration to find an EJB home at ejb/MyHome in the
110 JNDI directory:
111 – corbaname:rir:#ejb/MyHome
- 112 Other forms of URI specification are admissible when interoperability is of no concern.
- 113 • **/binding.ejb/wireFormat** – As defined in the SCA Assembly Specification [ASSEMBLY]. This
114 specification does not define any new wireFormat elements.
- 115 • **/binding.ejb/operationSelector** – As defined in the SCA Assembly Specification [ASSEMBLY]. This
116 specification does not define any new operationSelector elements.
- 117 When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA reference, the @uri and @ejb-link-name attributes MUST NOT
118 be specified together in the same binding configuration. [BSB20007]
- 119 The <binding.ejb/> element MUST conform to the XML schema defined in the sca-binding-ejb.xsd.
120 [BSB20008]
- 121 The implementation MUST reject a SCA Session Bean Binding XML Document that is not conformant per
122 Section 9.1. [BSB20009]

123 2.1 Additional binding configuration data

124 SCA runtime implementations can provide additional metadata that is associated with an EJB binding.
125 This is done by providing extension points in the schema; refer to Appendix B: EJB Binding Schema for
126 the locations of these extension points.

127 3 Interface Mapping

128 When used with the EJB binding, an SCA runtime MUST ensure that an SCA service or reference
129 interface is compatible with a session bean interface, according to the rules defined in the section
130 "Compatibility of Interfaces used for SCA Services & References with EJB Session Bean Interfaces".
131 [BSB30001]

132 3.1 Compatibility of Interfaces used for SCA Services & References 133 with EJB Session Bean Interfaces

134 This section defines the compatibility of the interface used by an SCA reference with the interface
135 provided by an EJB, when the SCA reference is wired to the EJB. It also defines the compatibility of the
136 interface used by an EJB reference with the interface of an SCA service when the EJB reference is wired
137 to the SCA service.

138 If an SCA reference is wired to an EJB remote session bean interface, the SCA reference interface is
139 compatible if it is remotable.

140 If an SCA reference is wired to an EJB local session bean interface, the SCA reference interface is
141 compatible if it is local.

142 The interface used by an SCA reference which is wired to a session bean is a compatible subset
143 [ASSEMBLY] of the interface used by the session bean. In particular, the interface used by the SCA
144 reference can omit any methods inherited from EJBObject or EJBLocalObject that appear in the session
145 bean interface.

146 The interface used by an SCA service which is wired to by an EJB reference is a compatible superset
147 [ASSEMBLY] of the interface used by the EJB reference. In particular, the interface used by the SCA
148 service can omit any methods inherited from EJBObject or EJBLocalObject that appear in the EJB
149 reference interface.

150 Compatibility for an individual method is defined by the SCA Assembly Model Specification [ASSEMBLY],
151 and can be stated simply as compatibility of the signature. That is, the method name, input types, output
152 types, and faults are identical.

153 The interface used by an SCA service or reference can be an SCA business interface or an EJB 3.0
154 remote or local interface.

155 3.2 EJBObject and EJBLocalObject Interfaces

156 The interfaces exposed from EJB 2.X beans inherit from either EJBObject or EJBLocalObject. EJBObject
157 and EJBLocalObject contain methods directed toward the management of bean instances, meaning that
158 the exposed 2.X interfaces mix business and infrastructure methods in a way that makes them poorly
159 suited for use as an SCA business interface. However, EJB 2.X beans developed using the "Business
160 Interface Pattern" will already have an interface that is a suitable SCA business interface. An EJB 2.x
161 session bean interface itself MUST NOT be used as the interface of an SCA reference. [BSB30002]

162 Section 6.1 describes the behavior associated with each inherited method when <binding.ejb/> is used on
163 an SCA service.

164 4 SCA Reference Binding

165 When used on an SCA reference, the EJB binding specifies the means for connecting an SCA
166 component to a previously deployed or co-deployed session bean.

167 The SCA reference interface used with the EJB binding can be either a remote or local interface. SCA
168 deployment logic and the binding implementation will introspect the SCA reference interface class to
169 determine whether it is local or remote. If an SCA component needs to access both the local and remote
170 interface of a session bean, then this can be modeled in SCA assembly through two SCA references, one
171 with a local interface and one with a remote interface.

172 [Snippet 2-1](#) shows a reference binding using a corbaname URI:

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173

```
174 <reference name="CandidateCheck">  
175   <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CandidateCheck"/>  
176   <binding.ejb uri="corbaname:rir:#ejb/CandidateCheckHome"/>  
177 </reference >
```

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178 [Snippet 4-1: Reference Using a Corbaname URI](#)

179

180 The specific `uri` would be supplied prior to the completion of deployment.

181 [Snippet 4-2](#) is a reference binding using an `ejb-link`.

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182

```
183 <reference name="CandidateCheck">  
184   <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CandidateChk"/>  
185   <binding.ejb ejb-link-name="candidateEJB.jar#CandidateChk"/>  
186 </reference >
```

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187 [Snippet 4-2: Reference Using an EBJ-link](#)

188 4.1 Exception Handling

189 Exception handling for interactions with session beans has been specified in chapter 14 of the EJB 3
190 specification [EJB] and in Chapter 18 of the EJB 2.1 specification [EJB]. The EJB [EJB] specifications
191 define non-business exceptions that can be thrown to the EJB client. When `<binding.ejb/>` applies to an
192 SCA reference, the SCA Runtime MUST wrap non-business exceptions in a `ServiceRuntimeException`
193 that is thrown to the client [JAVACAA], [BSB40001]

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194 **5 Packaging**

195 There is no requirement to package the session bean home interface or client stubs with an SCA
196 component that uses the Session bean binding. The EJB Session Bean binding implementation can
197 dynamically lookup, create and invoke the bean without the usual EJB client classes.

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198 6 SCA Service Binding

199 When used on an SCA service, the EJB SCA binding causes the SCA service to be exposed as a
200 session bean. This enables a client that is using the EJB programming model to call the SCA service
201 using its native programming model.

202 The `/binding.ejb/@homeInterface` attribute is used to indicate the Session Home interface that an EJB
203 client will use to bootstrap itself with the SCA service, just as it would with any other session bean. **When**
204 **<binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service, the Java interface class specified on the @homeInterface**
205 **attribute MUST have one and only one create method [EJB], [BSB60001]**

206 [Snippet 6-1](#) is an example of a service using the EJB binding.

```
207  
208 <service name="JobBank">  
209   <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.JobBankService"/>  
210   <binding.ejb  
211     uri="corbaname:rir:#ejb/JobBankServiceHome"  
212     homeInterface="com.app.jobbank.JobBankServiceHome"  
213     ejb-link-name="jobbankEJB.jar#JobBankComponent"/>  
214 </service>
```

215 [Snippet 6-1: Service Using an EJB Binding](#)

216
217 A corresponding local home interface `com.app.jobbank.JobBankServiceHome` is shown in [Snippet 6-2](#).

```
218  
219 package com.app.jobbank;  
220  
221 import javax.ejb.CreateException;  
222 import javax.ejb.EJBLocalHome;  
223  
224 public interface JobBankServiceHome extends EJBLocalHome {  
225     JobBankService create() throws CreateException;  
226 }
```

227 [Snippet 6-2: Local Home Interface for Service in Snippet 6-1](#)

228
229 Similarly, the remote home interface can be formulated by extending `javax.ejb.EJBHome` and making
230 sure to declare a `RemoteException` is shown in [Snippet 6-3](#).

```
231  
232 package com.app.jobbank;  
233  
234 import java.rmi.RemoteException;  
235 import javax.ejb.CreateException;  
236 import javax.ejb.EJBHome;  
237  
238 public interface JobBankServiceHome extends EJBHome {  
239     JobBankService create() throws CreateException, RemoteException;  
240 }
```

241 [Snippet 6-3: Remote Home Interface for Service in Snippet 6-1](#)

242
243 In the `corbaname` used in this example, the first part of the URI (up to the #) would logically be supplied
244 by the target deployment environment. See the SCA Assembly Model Specification [ASSEMBLY] for a
245 discussion of base URIs provided by an SCA domain configuration. The remainder of the name would be
246 provided prior to completion of deployment. The example above shows the URI that a client would use

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Deleted: When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service, the Java interface class specified on the @homeInterface attribute MUST have one and only one create method [EJB].

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247 after deployment. Prior to deployment, an assembler or developer can specify only the last portion of the
248 URI (i.e. everything following the #).

249 The SCA service interface used with the EJB binding can be either a remote or local interface. SCA
250 deployment logic and the binding implementation will introspect the interface class to determine whether it
251 is local or remote. If an SCA component needs to be exposed as both a local and remote session bean,
252 this can be modeled in SCA through two SCA services, one with the local interface and one with the
253 remote interface.

254 When used on an SCA service binding, **ejb-link-name** and **uri** are NOT mutually exclusive. They each
255 provide a means for wiring to the SCA service depending on the locality of the client EJB reference. For
256 example, an SCA service packaged with an JEE EJB application could be exposed for consumption by
257 local EJB clients (using the **ejb-link-name** element) and remote EJB clients (using the **uri**).

258 From the perspective of an EJB client (local and remote), SCA services that are exposed as session
259 beans are not distinguishable from ordinary session beans. When `<binding.ejb/>` applies to an SCA
260 service and `@ejb-version` is set to 'EJB2', the binding implementation MUST implement the methods from
261 the **EJLObject** or **EJBLocalObject** interface. [BSB60002]

262 Specifically, this means that a local client will be able to reference the SCA service as a session bean
263 using `ejb-(local)-ref` declarations in the appropriate locations and by issuing JNDI lookups or relying on
264 dependency injection mechanisms. If the SCA service is exposed as EJB 2.x session bean, by virtue of a
265 home interface specification, the client needs to be aware of the EJB 2.x home interface contract.

266 Similarly remote EJB clients are expected to be able to consume SCA services that are exposed as
267 session beans just as they are able to consume ordinary session beans.

268 6.1 Handling methods from EJLObject and EJBLocalObject

269 This section describes the SCA specific behavior of the methods that EJB 2.X service bindings inherit
270 from the EJLObject and EJBLocalObject interfaces.

271

Method	Behavior
<code>isIdentical</code>	Tests whether the SCA component, which the binding exposes, is the same instance as the one exposed by the specified object.
<code>getEJBHome</code> <code>getEJBLocalHome</code>	Returns an implementation of the interface specified as <code>/binding.ejb/@homeInterface</code> . The instance can be used to create or remove bean instances.

272 Table 6.1: Behavior for EJB 2.X Methods

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7 Callbacks

274 The SCA Assembly Model Specification [ASSEMBLY] defines the callback feature which enables
275 asynchronous interactions between two SCA components. This specification does not support the
276 callback feature. However, implementations can choose to support the callback feature, in conjunction
277 with this binding, by creating extensions to this specification.

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278 8 EJB Session Bean Binding bindingType

279 The bindingType for the Session Bean binding is defined in [Snippet 8-1](#);

280

```
281 <bindingType type="binding.ejb" alwaysProvides="EJB"/>
```

282 *Snippet ~~8-1~~: Pseudo-schema for EJB bindingType*

283

284 The EJB intent is defined in the SCA Policy Specification [POLICY] document in the section entitled
285 "Miscellaneous Intents".

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286 9 Conformance

287 The XML schema pointed to by the RDDL document at the namespace URI, defined by this specification,
288 are considered to be authoritative and take precedence over the XML schema defined in the appendix of
289 this document.

290 There are two categories of artifacts for which this specification defines conformance:

- 291 a) SCA EJB Session Bean Binding XML Document
- 292 b) SCA Runtime

293 9.1 SCA EJB Session Bean Binding XML Document

294 An SCA EJB Session Bean Binding XML document is an SCA Composite Document, or an SCA
295 ComponentType Document, as defined by the SCA Assembly Model Specification [ASSEMBLY], that
296 uses the <binding.ejb> element.

297 An SCA EJB Session Bean Binding XML document MUST be a conformant SCA Composite Document or
298 a SCA ComponentType Document, as defined by the SCA Assembly Model Specification [ASSEMBLY],
299 and MUST comply with all statements in Appendix C: Conformance Items related to elements and
300 attributes in an SCA EJB Session Bean Binding XML document, notably all "MUST" statements have to
301 be implemented.

302 9.2 SCA Runtime

303 An implementation that claims to conform to the requirements of an SCA Runtime defined in this
304 specification has to meet the conditions:

- 305 1. The implementation MUST comply with all statements in Appendix C: Conformance Items related to
306 an SCA Runtime.
- 307 2. The implementation MUST conform to the SCA Assembly Model Specification Version 1.1
308 [ASSEMBLY] and to the SCA Policy Framework Version 1.1 [POLICY].

309

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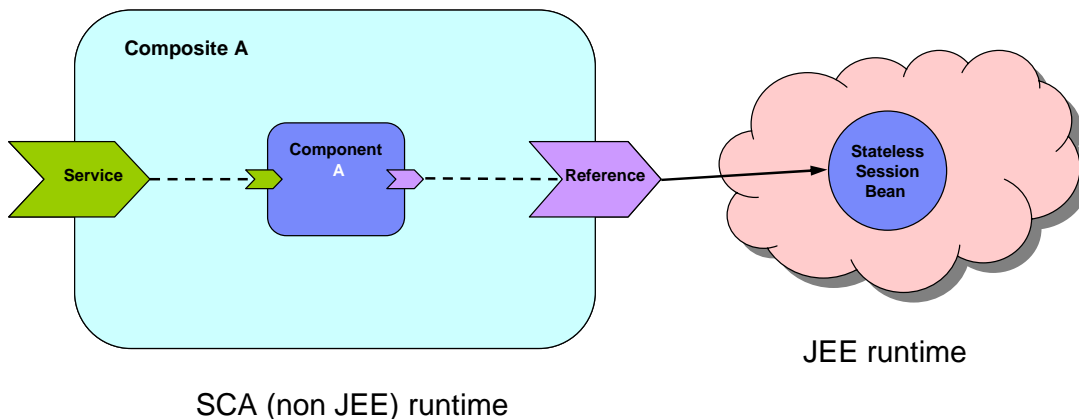
310 A Use cases (non-normative)

311 The following use cases provide some examples of the usage of the SCA EJB Session Bean binding.

312 A.1 Consuming an Existing EJB SOA Service

313 An SCA service is developed that needs to call a business service which is already deployed and running
314 in a Java EE server. The SCA service will be deployed into an SCA runtime somewhere in the enterprise
315 that is not necessarily a Java EE runtime. The business service was implemented as a session bean.
316 The SCA component defines a SCA reference to the business service, and the deployer attaches an EJB
317 binding to the SCA reference. In this use case, the EJB remote interface is the business interface.

318



319

320 *Figure A-1: SCA Reference invoking EJB Session Bean*

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321

322 The reference in the deployed sca.composite file is shown in [Snippet A-1](#),

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323

```
324 <reference name="CandidateCheck">  
325 <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CandidateChk"/>  
326 <binding.ejb uri="corbaname:rir:#ejb/CandidateChkHome"/>  
327 </reference >
```

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328 *Snippet A-1: Reference Using binding.ejb*

329 A.2 Exposing an SCA Service with an EJB SCA Binding

330 An SCA service is developed that will be called from a Java EE environment. The Java EE programmer
331 doesn't know the SCA programming model and therefore wants to use the Java EE programming model
332 that he knows in order to invoke the SCA service (i.e. `new initialContext()`, `nc.lookup()`, etc.). In this case,
333 the SCA service has to be deployed into a runtime that is capable of supporting the EJB binding. Note
334 that deployment of this SCA service can result in the generation and deployment of a session bean, along
335 with its home interface. This aspect is significantly different from the previous use case.

336

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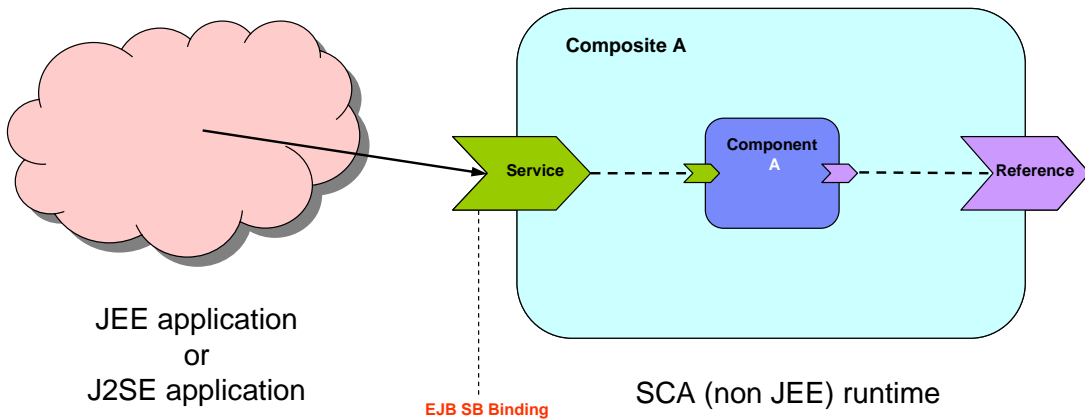


Figure A-2: SCA Service accessed as an EJB Session Bean

Since the client will use the standard Java EE programming model, the client needs to know the home interface of the SCA service. The service in the SCA composite is shown in [Snippet A-2](#).

```
<service name="CompanyInfo">
  <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfo" />
  <binding.ejb uri="corbaname:rir:#ejb/CompanyInfoHome"
    homeInterface="com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfoHome"
    ejb-version="EJB2" />
  <reference>CompanyInfoComponent/CompanyInfo</reference>
</service>
```

Snippet A-2: Service Using binding.ejb

The client code as per the standard Java EE programming model is shown in [Snippet A-3](#).

```
Context initialContext = new InitialContext(env);
CompanyInfoHome companyInfoHome= (CompanyInfoHome)
    initialContext.lookup("corbaname:rir:#ejb/CompanyInfoHome");

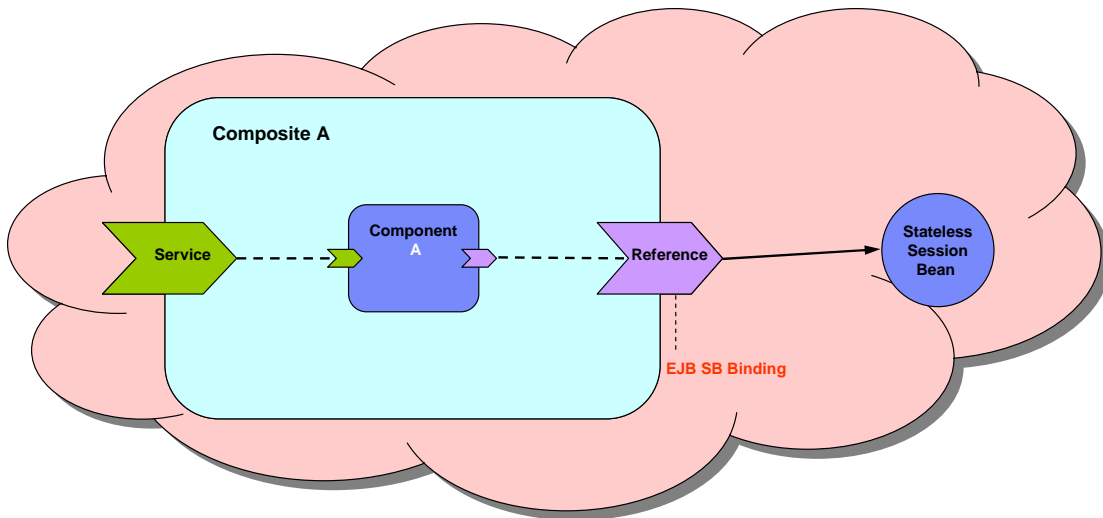
CompanyInfo companyInfo = companyInfoHome.create();
companyInfo.getCompanyInfo("ACME Corp");
```

Snippet A-3: Client Code for Service in [Snippet A-2](#)

A.3 Consuming Existing Local EJB SOA Services

This use case is similar to the use case in section [A.1](#), except that the SCA service is going to be deployed into a Java EE capable JVM, and it is the same JVM as the EJB service. In this use case, the EJB's local interface is used as the business interface.

Note that the SCA client could also use the EJB remote interface. If an SCA component wanted to access both the local and remote interface, then it would declare 2 SCA references (one with the local interface, one with the remote interface).



Hybrid SCA/JEE runtime – all in one JVM

369

370 | *Figure A-3: SCA reference consuming a Local EJB service*

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371

372 | *Snippet A-4* shows the usage of a local interface in the reference definition.

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373

```

374 <reference name="CandidateCheck">
375 <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CandidateCheckLocal" />
376 <binding.ejb uri="corbaname:rir:#ejb/CandidateCheckHome" />
377 </reference>

```

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378 | *Snippet A-4: Using a Local Interface*

379 **A.4 Exposing an SCA Service with a Local SLSB SCA Binding**

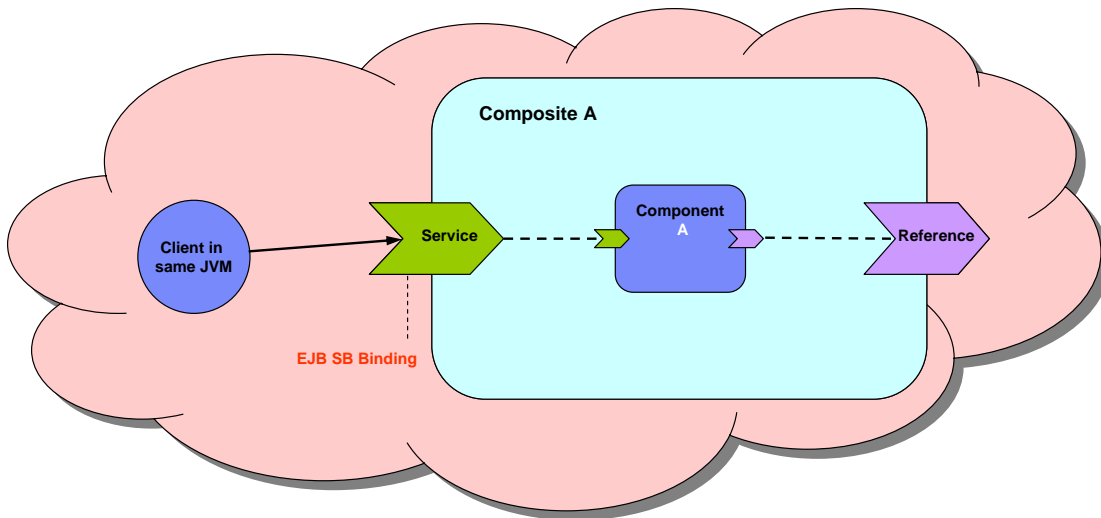
380 | This use case is similar to the use case in section A.2, except that the SCA service is going to be
 381 | deployed into the same JVM as the client. This use case allows for the possibility that the SCA service is
 382 | exposed as a local EJB interface. Note that deployment of this SCA service will effectively result in the
 383 | generation and deployment of a session bean with a local interface and a local home interface.

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Hybrid SCA/JEE runtime – all in one JVM

385

386 | *Figure A-4: SCA Service exposed as a Local session bean*

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387

388 | *Snippet A-5* is an example:

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389

```
390 <service name="CompanyInfo">
391 <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfoLocal"/>
392 <binding.ejb uri="corbaname:rir#ejb/CompanyInfoHome"
393     homeInterface="com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfoLocalHome"/>
394 <reference>CompanyInfoComponent/CompanyInfo</reference>
395 </service>
```

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396 | *Snippet A-5: A Service Implemented as a Local Session Bean*

397 A.5 Consuming an EJB Service inside a Java EE EAR file

398 | This use case is similar to sections A.1 and A.3, except that the SCA service is going to be packaged
 399 | inside a Java EE EAR file. By packaging it in this way, the SCA reference binding can be configured as if
 400 | it were an <ejb-ref> with the <ejb-link> subelement.

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401 | *Snippet A-6* is an example of the SCA reference binding.

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402

```
403 <reference name="CandidateCheck">
404 <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CandidateChk"/>
405 <binding.ejb ejb-link-name="candidateEJB.jar#CandidateChk"/>
406 </reference >
```

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407 | *Snippet A-6: Reference Using binding.ejb*

408

409 | *Snippet A-7* is an <ejb-ref/> that is functionally equivalent to the SCA reference above.

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410

```
411 <ejb-ref>
412 <ejb-ref-name>CandidateCheck</ejb-ref-name>
413 <ejb-ref-type>Session</ejb-ref-type>
```

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```

414 <home>com.app.jobbank.CandidateChkHome</home>
415 <remote>com.app.jobbank.CandidateChk</remote>
416 <ejb-link>candidateEJB.jar#CandidateChk</ejb-link>
417 </ejb-ref>

```

418 Snippet A-7: *ejb-ref* Equivalent to Reference in Snippet A-6

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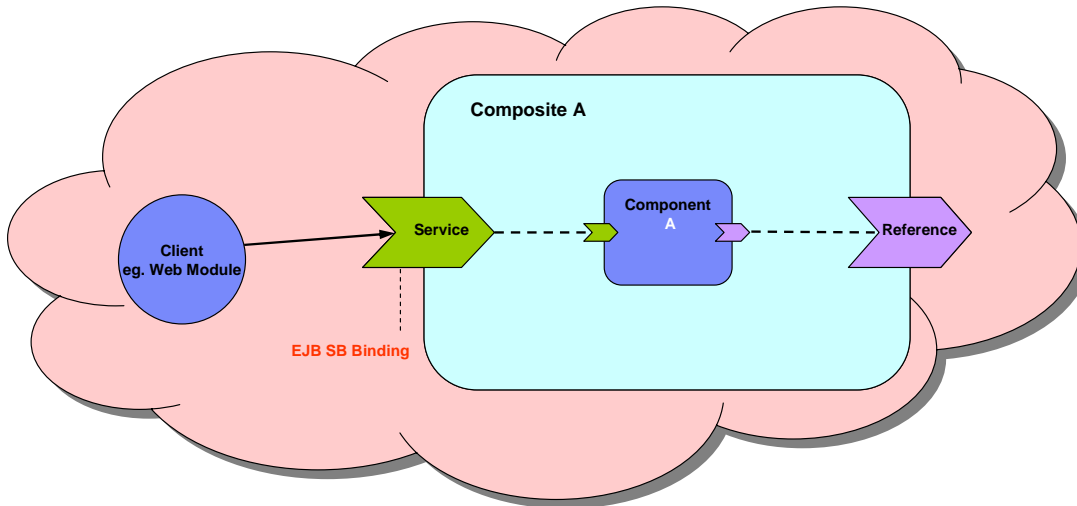
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419 A.6 Exposing an SCA Service inside a Java EE EAR file

420 This use case is similar to sections A.2 and A.4, except that the SCA service is going to be deployed
 421 inside a Java EE EAR file so that it can be referenced by an EJB client, using the EJB assembly model.

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423 Caller and SCA Composite within one EAR file

423

424 Figure A-5: SCA Service with client within one EAR file

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425

426 Snippet A-8 is an example of the SCA service binding.

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427

```

428 <service name="CompanyInfo">
429 <interface.java interface="com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfo" />
430 <binding.ejb
431   homeInterface="com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfoHome"
432   ejb-link-name="companyInfoEJB.jar#CompanyInfoComponent" />
433 <reference>CompanyInfoComponent/CompanyInfo</reference>
434 </service>

```

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435 Snippet A-8: Service Using binding.ejb

436

437 Snippet A-9 is an example of an EJB deployment descriptor created by the client that is wired to the SCA
 438 Service binding.

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439

```

440 <ejb-ref>
441 <ejb-ref-name>ejb/CompanyInfo</ejb-ref-name>
442 <ejb-ref-type>Session</ejb-ref-type>
443 <home>com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfoHome</home>

```

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```
444 <remote>com.app.jobbank.CompanyInfo</remote>
445 <ejb-link>companyInfoEJB.jar#CompanyInfoComponent</ejb-link>
446 </ejb-ref>
```

447 | Snippet ~~A-9~~: Deployment Descriptor Wired to Service in ~~Snippet A-8~~

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Deleted: Snippet A-8

448
449 Note: There is a variant of this use case that needs to be considered. If the SCA service is in the same
450 EJB module as the client, then the ejb-link specified by the client does not have to include the EJB
451 module jar name.

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B EJB binding schema

```

453 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
454 <!-- Copyright(C) OASIS(R) 2005,2010. All Rights Reserved.
455 OASIS trademark, IPR and other policies apply. -->
456 <schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
457 xmlns:sca="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200912"
458 targetNamespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/ns/opencsa/sca/200912"
459 elementFormDefault="qualified">
460
461 <include schemaLocation="sca-core-1.1-cd05.xsd" />
462
463 <element name="binding.ejb" type="sca:EJBSessionBeanBinding"
464 substitutionGroup="sca:binding" />
465
466 <simpleType name="VersionValue">
467 <restriction base="string">
468 <enumeration value="EJB2" />
469 <enumeration value="EJB3" />
470 </restriction>
471 </simpleType>
472
473 <complexType name="EJBSessionBeanBinding">
474 <complexContent>
475 <extension base="sca:Binding">
476 <sequence>
477 <element ref="sca:extensions" minOccurs="0"
478 maxOccurs="1" />
479 </sequence>
480 <attribute name="homeInterface" type="NCName"
481 use="optional" />
482 <attribute name="ejb-link-name" type="string"
483 use="optional" />
484 <attribute name="ejb-version" type="sca:VersionValue"
485 use="optional" default="EJB3" />
486 </extension>
487 </complexContent>
488 </complexType>
489 </schema>

```

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namespace="##other"
processContents="lax" ¶

minOccurs="0"
maxOccurs="unbounded" />

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C Conformance Items

This section contains a list of conformance items for the SCA EJB Session Bean Binding specification.

Conformance ID	Description
[BSB20001]	For <binding.ejb/>, if @ejb-version="EJB2", then @homeInterface MUST be specified and MUST have a value that is the fully qualified package name of the Java interface class of the EJB's home interface.
[BSB20002]	When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA reference, if @ejb-link-name attribute is specified it MUST contain the value of an <ejb-link/> target packaged within the same Java EE EAR file as the SCA component containing the SCA reference.
[BSB20003]	When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service, if @ejb-link-name attribute is specified, it MUST contain a value in the form "<jar-name>#<ejb-name>" which MUST be unique amongst the <ejb-link/> targets contained within the same Java EE EAR file as the SCA component containing the SCA service.
[BSB20004]	When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service and the @ejb-version attribute is set to 'EJB2', the SCA Runtime MUST support invocation of the SCA service using the EJB 2.x client view as specified in the Java EE specification [SCAJEE].
[BSB20005]	When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service and the @ejb-version attribute is set to 'EJB3', the SCA Runtime MUST support invocation of the SCA service using the EJB 3.x client view as specified in the Java EE specification [SCAJEE].
[BSB20006]	The value of the @uri attribute MUST take the form of an Object URL as specified in the CORBA Services specification [CORBA].
[BSB20007]	When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA reference, the @uri and @ejb-link-name attributes MUST NOT be specified together in the same binding configuration.
[BSB20008]	The <binding.ejb/> element MUST conform to the XML schema defined in the sca-binding-ejb.xsd.
[BSB20009]	The implementation MUST reject a SCA Session Bean Binding XML Document that is not conformant per Section 9.1.
[BSB30001]	When used with the EJB binding, an SCA runtime MUST ensure that an SCA service or reference interface is compatible with a session bean interface, according to the rules defined in the section "Compatibility of Interfaces used for SCA Services & References with EJB Session Bean Interfaces".
[BSB30002]	An EJB 2.x session bean interface itself MUST NOT be used as the interface of an SCA reference.
[BSB40001]	The EJB [EJB] specifications define non-business exceptions that can be thrown to the EJB client. When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA reference, the SCA Runtime MUST wrap non-business exceptions in a ServiceRuntimeException that is thrown to the client [JAVACAA].

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[BSB60001]	When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service, the Java interface class specified on the @homeInterface attribute MUST have one and only one create method [EJB].
[BSB60002]	When <binding.ejb/> applies to an SCA service and @ejb-version is set to 'EJB2', the binding implementation MUST implement the methods from the EJBObject or EJBLocalObject interface.

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495 D Acknowledgements

496 The following individuals have participated in the creation of this specification and are gratefully
497 acknowledged:

498 Participants:

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Scott Vorthmann	TIBCO Software Inc.

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E Revision History

[optional; should not be included in OASIS Standards]

Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
1	2007-09-26	Anish Karmarkar	Applied the OASIS template + related changes to the Submission
2	2007-10-04	David Booz	Issue 5: Ending a conversation should invoke the remove method of EJLObject or EJBLocalObject.
wd02	2007-11-02	David Booz	Applied OSOA Errata
wd03	2009-06-04	David Booz	Editorial upgrade of namespaces, attribute descriptions, etc Applied Issues 86, 140
wd04	2009-07-20	David Booz	Applied 24, 122, 118
wd05	2009-08-14	David Booz	Applied 107, 170
cd01	2009-09-02	David Booz	Creation of CD01
cd01-rev1	2010-01-18	David Booz	Updated to latest Assembly namespace Applied issues 183, 191
cd01-rev2	2010-01-22	David Booz and Bryan Aupperle	OASIS Formatting, copyright updates
CD02	2010-02-02	David Booz	Editorial updates to produce Committee Draft document All changes accepted
<u>CD02-rev1</u>	<u>2010-07-13</u>	<u>David Booz</u>	<u>Applied Issue 198</u>

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