
SAML V2.0 Attribute Predicate Profile Version 1.0

Working Draft 01

17 May 2011

Abstract:

This profile provides a mechanism to allow a SAML authority to certify that a given Boolean predicate holds over one or more of a subject's attribute values, without revealing the exact values of these attributes. The profile further defines a query format for attribute predicates.

Status:

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1 Introduction

SAML attribute assertions enable a SAML authority, sometimes also referred to as an issuer, to certify to a relying party that a subject is associated with a specified set of attribute values. There are many circumstances, however, where the relying party is not interested in the exact attribute values, but merely needs to be assured that a certain condition is satisfied. For example, a SAML authority may keep its subjects' dates of birth on record, but to control access to a teenage chat room, the relying party merely needs to ensure that the requesting subject belongs to the correct age group. Not only may users be reluctant to disclose such identifying information to the chat room host, but also the host itself may prefer not to know the exact date to avoid liability claims in case a data breach occurs.

For small numbers of predicates this problem can obviously be overcome by defining a dedicated Boolean attribute for each possible predicate, which the issuer authenticates by means of a SAML attribute statement. While this may work for common age restrictions such as being younger or older than eighteen, it is impractical when the space of relevant predicates is large. For example, it is rather unlikely that a dedicated attribute will be globally agreed upon if the minimum age to sign up for a theoretical driving test is seventeen years and nine months.

As another example where attribute predicates can be useful, consider an online opinion poll hosted on a city's website and a SAML authority that certifies subjects' ZIP codes. The city may want to ensure that only legal residents of the metropolitan area can participate in the poll, but for privacy reasons may not want to keep track of the voting statistics of separate neighborhoods. Other websites may want to ensure that the subject has an email address within a particular domain (e.g., youremployer.com), but to guarantee the users' privacy, they have no interest in the exact address.

Predicates may also involve relation among multiple attributes known to the SAML authority. For example, the signup form for an obesity summer camp may restrict access to participants whose body-mass index, computed as the weight divided by the square of the height, is above a certain threshold, but does not want to force participants to disclose their exact weight, height, or body-mass index.

[All text is normative unless otherwise labeled]

[**Administrative note to TC**, to be removed at CSD01 publication time. Expected URI pattern: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/Post2.0/ssstc-saml-attr-predicate/v1.0/csd01/ssstc-saml-attr-predicate-v1.0-csd01.doc>]

1.1 Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

1.2 Normative References

- [RFC2119] S. Bradner, *Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels*, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.
- [SAMLCore] S. Cantor et al. *Assertions and Protocols for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) V2.0*. OASIS SSTC, March 2005. Document ID saml-core-2.0-os. See <http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/security/>.
- [XACML] eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML), product of the OASIS XACML TC. See <http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/xacml>.
- [XMLSig] D. Eastlake et al. *XML-Signature Syntax and Processing*. World Wide Web Consortium, February 2002. See <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlsig-core/>.

44 **1.3 Non-Normative References**

45 **[Reference]** [Full reference citation]

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2 Profile Overview

48 This profile defines how to use SAML 2.0 to query a SAML authority for the truth value of a Boolean
49 predicate over one or more of a subject's attribute values. In particular, this profile defines the following
50 types and elements:

- 51 ▪ `<AttributePredicate>`: An element describing a Boolean predicate over one or more of a
52 subject's attribute values.
- 53 ▪ `<AttributePredicateQuery>`: An element used to query a SAML authority for the truth value
54 of a particular subject's attribute predicate.
- 55 ▪ `<AttributePredicateStatementType>`: A SAML statement type describing a statement
56 asserting that a subject's attribute predicate has a particular truth value.

57 3 Profile Description

58 The following sections provide detailed definitions of the defined types and elements.

59 3.1 Element <AttributePredicate>

60 The <AttributePredicate> element describes a Boolean predicate over one or more of a subject's
61 attribute values. The predicate is expressed by means of an <xacml:Apply> element that denotes
62 application of a specified function (identified by a URI in its `FunctionId` attribute) to one or more
63 arguments of the <xacml:Expression> element substitution group. The return data-type of the
64 <xacml:Apply> element MUST be "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#boolean". Arbitrarily complex
65 predicates can be formulated by nesting multiple <xacml:Apply> elements.

```
66 <xs:element name="AttributePredicate" type="AttributePredicateType"/>  
67 <xs:complexType name="AttributePredicateType">  
68   <xs:sequence>  
69     <xs:element ref="xacml:Apply"/>  
70   </xs:sequence>  
71   <xs:attribute name="FriendlyDescription" type="xs:string" use="optional"/>  
72 </xs:complexType>
```

73 The following four members of the <xacml:Expression> element substitution group may occur in the
74 attribute predicate:

75 <xacml:AttributeValue>

76 <xacml:AttributeDesignator>

77 Any <xacml:AttributeDesignator> element used MUST be of category
78 urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:subject-category:access-subject.

79 The `Issuer` attribute in the <xacml:AttributeDesignator> element, if present, MUST have
80 the same value as specified in the <saml:Issuer> element of the enclosing query or assertion.

81 <xacml:Apply>

82 The attribute predicate expressed as an XACML expression. All function URIs marked as
83 mandatory in XACML version 3.0 [XACML] MUST be supported as value for the `FunctionId`
84 XML attribute by any implementation of this profile. Functions marked as optional MAY be
85 supported, as well as any additional self-defined functions, as long as the semantics are
86 understood by all of the involved parties. The return data type of the outermost <xacml:Apply>
87 element MUST be `http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#boolean`.

88 <xacml:Function>

89 The <xacml:AttributeSelector> and <xacml:VariableReference> elements MUST not occur
90 in an attribute predicate.

91 3.2 Element <AttributePredicateQuery>

92 The <AttributePredicateQuery> element is used to make the query "Does the specified Boolean
93 predicate hold over this subject's attribute value(s)?" The query additionally specifies whether the
94 response should contain an assertion that explicitly repeats the queried predicate in an attribute predicate
95 statement. A successful response states that the queried predicate is true.

96 This element is of type **AttributePredicateQueryType**, which extends **SubjectQueryAbstractType** with
97 the addition of the following element and attribute:

98 `IncludePredicateInResponse` [Optional]

99 A Boolean value. If "true", the queried attribute predicate MUST be included in an attribute
100 predicate statement in the response.

101 <AttributePredicate> [Required]

102 The queried Boolean predicate over one or more of the subject's attribute values.

103 A SAML authority responds to an attribute predicate query according to the conventions specified in
104 Section 4.

105 The following schema fragment defines the <AttributePredicateQuery> element and its
106 **AttributePredicateQueryType** complex type:

```
107 <xs:element name="AttributePredicateQuery"  
108 type="AttributePredicateQueryType" />  
109 <xs:complexType name="AttributePredicateQueryType">  
110 <xs:complexContent>  
111 <xs:extension base="samlp:SubjectQueryAbstractType">  
112 <xs:sequence>  
113 <xs:element ref="AttributePredicate" />  
114 </xs:sequence>  
115 <xs:attribute name="IncludePredicateInResponse" type="xs:boolean"  
116 use="optional" />  
117 </xs:extension>  
118 </xs:complexContent>  
119 </xs:complexType>
```

120 3.3 Type <AttributePredicateStatementType>

121 A <saml:Statement> element of type **AttributePredicateStatementType** describes a statement by
122 the SAML authority asserting that a Boolean predicate over one or more of the assertion subject's
123 attribute values is true. In this profile, statements of this type are referred to as *attribute predicate*
124 *statements*. Attribute predicate statements MUST contain a <Subject> element.

125 The type **AttributePredicateStatementType** extends **StatementAbstractType** with the addition of the
126 following element:

127 <AttributePredicate> [Required]

128 The <AttributePredicate> element specifies a Boolean predicate over one or more of the
129 assertion subject's attribute values.

130 The following schema fragment defines the **AttributePredicateStatementType** complex type:

```
131 <xs:complexType name="AttributePredicateStatementType">  
132 <xs:complexContent>  
133 <xs:extension base="saml:StatementAbstractType">  
134 <xs:sequence>  
135 <xs:element ref="AttributePredicate" />  
136 </xs:sequence>  
137 </xs:extension>  
138 </xs:complexContent>  
139 </xs:complexType>
```

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4 Predicate Evaluation

A SAML authority that receives an incoming `<AttributePredicateQuery>` evaluates the truth of the queried `<AttributePredicate>` in a way that is semantically equivalent to evaluating an XACML request [XACML] containing all known attributes of the concerned subject against an XACML policy – with rule-combining algorithm “Permit-overrides” – that contains a single applicable rule – with effect “Permit” – whose condition solely contains the queried predicate expressed as `<xacml:Apply>` element. An XACML Policy Decision Point (PDP) evaluating such request will return one of the following three evaluation decisions:

“Permit”

In case the XACML PDP returns decision “Permit”, the SAML authority MAY return a SAML response with status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:Success`. If the `IncludePredicateInResponse` XML attribute of the corresponding query is present and “true”, an assertion with an attribute predicate statement containing an attribute predicate that is equal to the queried attribute predicate MUST be included in the response. Here, equality is defined either as string equality (i.e., including whitespaces), or, in case the assertion is signed, as equality under the XML canonicalization method used to compute the XML Signature (see [XMLSig] for more information on canonicalization methods). Note that there may be situations where the SAML authority MAY not return an assertion containing an attribute predicate statement, even though the XACML PDP returns decision “Permit”. For example, when additional policies apply or when the subject does not give permission to return the queried assertion.

“NotApplicable”

In case the XACML PDP returns decision “NotApplicable”, which arises when the SAML authority knows all required attributes but they do not satisfy the predicate, the SAML authority MAY return a response with top-level status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:Responder` and second-level status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:PredicateFalse`.

“Indeterminate”

In case the XACML PDP returns decision “Indeterminate”, the SAML authority MUST return a response with top-level status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:Responder` and second-level status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:UnknownAttrProfile`. In particular, this situation arises when an `<xacml:AttributeDesignator>` element that must be present is not known by the SAML authority with respect to the concerned subject.

If the XACML PDP returns any decision other than “Permit”, then the SAML authority MUST NOT return a response with status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:Success`.

In the following situations a SAML authority MUST return a response with top-level status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:Requester` and second-level status code `urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:InvalidPredicate`:

- an attribute predicate contains an `<xacml:AttributeDesignator>` element with a category different from `urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:subject-category:access-subject`,
- an attribute predicate contains an `<xacml:AttributeDesignator>` element with the Issuer value different from the one specified in the `<saml:Issuer>` element of the enclosing query, or
- an attribute predicate contains an `<xacml:AttributeSelector>` or `<xacml:VariableReference>` element.

Table 1 summarizes the prescribed status codes and their interpretations.

Evaluation Decision	Top-level <StatusCode>	Second-level <StatusCode>	Interpretation
"Permit"	"Success"	Don't care	Attribute predicate is true
"Permit"	"Requester"	Appropriate status code	Interpretation according to second-level status code For example, additional policies apply, subject does not give permission, etc.)
Different from "Permit"	MUST NOT be "Success"	Appropriate status code	Interpretation according to top-level and second-level status code
"NotApplicable"	"Responder"	"PredicateFalse"	Attribute predicate is false
"Indeterminate"	"Requester"	"UnknownAttrProfile"	Attribute contained in predicate not known by SAML authority
Don't care	"Requester"	"InvalidPredicate"	Malformed attribute predicate

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5 Examples (non-normative)

186 The following example query requests from SAML authority `idp.example.com` an assertion that the
187 subject's date of birth is before 1 January 1993.

```
188 <AttributePredicateQuery
189   Version="2.0"
190   ID="query23a0821cf186ea0a22e3818750a809b6cb3b4cda"
191   IssueInstant="2011-02-28T23:59:58"
192   IncludePredicateInResponse="true">
193
194   <samla:Issuer>idp.example.com</samla:Issuer>
195   <samla:Subject>
196     <samla:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:transient">
197       pseudonym123456
198     </samla:NameID>
199   </samla:Subject>
200
201   <AttributePredicate FriendlyDescription="The requestor is over 18 years of age.">
202     <xacml:Apply
203       FunctionId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:date-less-than-or-equal">
204       <xacml:Apply FunctionId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:date-one-and-only">
205         <xacml:AttributeDesignator DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#date"
206           MustBePresent="true"
207           Category="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:subject-category:access-subject"
208           AttributeId="urn:example:identity:birthdate"/>
209       </xacml:Apply>
210       <xacml:AttributeValue DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#date">
211         1993-01-01
212       </xacml:AttributeValue>
213     </xacml:Apply>
214   </AttributePredicate>
215 </AttributePredicateQuery>
```

217 If the subject's birth date is indeed before 1 January 1993, the response of the SAML authority could be
218 the following. (Note that the signature is not valid and cannot be successfully verified.)

```
219 <samlp:Response
220   Version="2.0"
221   ID="responsebd6996d271d23129dc2068c497ea3415f00b8b73"
222   InResponseTo="query23a0821cf186ea0a22e3818750a809b6cb3b4cda"
223   IssueInstant="2011-02-28T23:59:59">
224
225   <samla:Issuer>idp.example.com</samla:Issuer>
226   <samlp:Status>
227     <samlp:StatusCode Value="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:status:Success"/>
228   </samlp:Status>
229
230   <samla:Assertion
231     IssueInstant="2011-02-28T23:59:59"
232     ID="assertion116fcc68e6a3feb788e5c89520b5f4eadf5ebbcf"
233     Version="2.0">
234     <samla:Issuer>idp.example.com</samla:Issuer>
235     <ds:Signature>
236       <ds:SignedInfo>
237         <ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
238         <ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1"/>
239         <ds:Reference URI="#assertion116fcc68e6a3feb788e5c89520b5f4eadf5ebbcf">
240           <ds:Transforms>
241             <ds:Transform
242               Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#envelopedsignature"/>
243             <ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#">
244               <InclusiveNamespaces PrefixList="#default xacml samla samlp ds xsi"
245                 xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
246             </ds:Transform>
247           </ds:Transforms>
```

```

248     <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
249     <ds:DigestValue>192d3b53f6c4fda041ff36899a91422e9e9a8a2b</ds:DigestValue>
250   </ds:Reference>
251 </ds:SignedInfo>
252 <ds:SignatureValue>
253   hq4zk+ZknjggCQgZm7ea8fI79gJEsRy3E8LHDpYXWQIgZpkJN9CMLG8ENR4Nrw+n
254   7iyzixBvKXX8P53BTCT4VghPBWhFYSt9tHWu/AtJf0Th6qaAsNdeCyG86jmt3TD
255   MwuL/cBUj20tBZOQMF7jQ9YB7klIz3RqVL+wNmeWI4=
256 </ds:SignatureValue>
257 <ds:KeyInfo>
258   <ds:X509Data>
259     <ds:X509Certificate>
260       MIICYjCCAjOgAwIBAgICAnUwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEEBQAwgaxxCzAJBgNVBAYTAlVT
261     </ds:X509Certificate>
262   </ds:X509Data>
263 </ds:KeyInfo>
264 </ds:Signature>
265
266 <samla:Subject>
267   <samla:NameID Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:transient">
268     pseudonym123456
269   </samla:NameID>
270 </samla:Subject>
271
272 <samla:Statement xsi:type="ap:AttributePredicateStatementType">
273   <AttributePredicate FriendlyDescription="The requestor is over 18 years of age.">
274     <xacml:Apply
275       FunctionId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:date-less-than-or-equal">
276       <xacml:Apply
277         FunctionId="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:function:date-one-and-only">
278         <xacml:AttributeDesignator DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#date"
279           MustBePresent="true"
280           Category="urn:oasis:names:tc:xacml:1.0:subject-category:access-subject"
281           AttributeId="urn:example:identity:birthdate"/>
282         </xacml:Apply>
283         <xacml:AttributeValue DataType="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#date">
284           1993-01-01
285         </xacml:AttributeValue>
286       </xacml:Apply>
287     </AttributePredicate>
288   </samla:Statement>
289
290 </samla:Assertion>
291
292 </sampl:Response>

```

293 **6 Conformance**

294 A conforming application implements all of the mandatory features of the normative sections.

295 **A. Acknowledgements**

296 The following individuals have participated in the creation of this specification and are gratefully
297 acknowledged:

298 **Participants:**

299 [Participant Name, Affiliation | Individual Member]

300 [Participant Name, Affiliation | Individual Member]

301 **B. Revision History**

302

Revision	Date	Editor	Changes Made
[Rev number]	[Rev Date]	[Modified By]	[Summary of Changes]

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