



1

2

# Web Services Security: SAML Token Profile

3

4

## Working Draft 09, 27 January 2004

5

### Document identifier:

6

{WSS : SOAP Message Security}-{SAML Token Profile}-{1.0}(Word)(PDF)

7

### Location:

8

<http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0>

9

<http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/documents.php>

10

### Editors:

11

Phillip Hallam-Baker      VeriSign

12

Chris Kaler                  Microsoft

13

Ronald Monzillo            Sun

14

Anthony Nadalin            IBM

15

### Contributors (voting members of the WSS TC as of July 1<sup>st</sup> 2003)

16

*Note: It is assumed that this list will be updated to be current on the date of Committee Spec.*

17

18

Gene Thurston              AmberPoint

19

Frank Siebenlist            Argonne National Lab

20

Merlin Hughes              Baltimore Technologies

21

Irving Reid                  Baltimore Technologies

22

Peter Dapkus                BEA

23

Hal Lockhart                BEA

24

Symon Chang                CommerceOne

25

Thomas DeMartini          ContentGuard

26

Guillermo Lao               ContentGuard

27

TJ Pannu                      ContentGuard

28

Shawn Sharp                Cyclone Commerce

29

Ganesh Vaideeswaran      Documentum

30

Sam Wei                      Documentum

31

John Hughes                Entegriety

32

Tim Moses                    Entrust

33

Toshihiro Nishimura       Fujitsu

34	Tom Rutt	Fujitsu
35	Jason Rouault	HP
36	Yutaka Kudo	Hitachi
37	Maryann Hondo	IBM
38	Kelvin Lawrence	IBM (co-Chair)
39	Anthony Nadalin	IBM
40	Nataraj Nagaratnam	IBM
41	Don Flinn	Individual
42	Bob Morgan	Individual
43	Paul Cotton	Microsoft
44	Vijay Gajjala	Microsoft
45	Chris Kaler	Microsoft (co-Chair)
46	Chris Kurt	Microsoft
47	John Shewchuk	Microsoft
48	Prateek Mishra	Netegrity
49	Frederick Hirsch	Nokia
50	Senthil Sengodan	Nokia
51	Lloyd Burch	Novell
52	Ed Reed	Novell
53	Charles Knouse	Oblix
54	Steve Anderson	OpenNetwork (Secretary)
55	Vipin Samar	Oracle
56	Jerry Schwarz	Oracle
57	Eric Gravengaard	Reactivity
58	Stuart King	Reed Elsevier
59	Andrew Nash	RSA Security
60	Rob Philpott	RSA Security
61	Peter Rostin	RSA Security
62	Martijn de Boer	SAP
63	Pete Wenzel	SeeBeyond
64	Jonathan Tourzan	Sony
65	Yassir Elley	Sun Microsystems
66	Jeff Hodges	Sun Microsystems
67	Ronald Monzillo	Sun Microsystems
68	Jan Alexander	Systinet
69	Michael Nguyen	The IDA of Singapore
70	Don Adams	TIBCO
71	John Weiland	US Navy
72	Phillip Hallam-Baker	VeriSign
73	Morten Jorgensen	Vordel

74 **Contributors of input Documents (if not already listed above):**

75	Hiroshi Maruyama	IBM
76	Chris McLaren	Netegrity
77	Eve Maler	Sun Microsystems
78	Hemma Prafullchandra	VeriSign

80 **Abstract:**  
81 This document describes how to use Security Assertion Markup Language  
82 (SAML) V1.1 assertions with the [Web Services Security \(WSS\): SOAP](#)  
83 [Message Security](#) specification.

84 **Status:**  
85 This is an interim draft. Please send comments to the editors.

86  
87 Committee members should send comments on this specification to  
88 [wss@lists.oasis-open.org](mailto:wss@lists.oasis-open.org) list. Others should subscribe to and send comments  
89 to the [wss-comment@lists.oasis-open.org](mailto:wss-comment@lists.oasis-open.org) list. To subscribe, visit  
90 <http://lists.oasis-open.org/ob/adm.pl>.

91 For information on the disclosure of Intellectual Property Rights or licensing  
92 terms related to the work of the Web Services Security TC please refer to the  
93 Intellectual Property Rights section of the TC web page at [http://www.oasis-](http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/wss/)  
94 [open.org/committees/wss/](http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/wss/). The OASIS policy on Intellectual Property Rights  
95 is described at <http://www.oasis-open.org/who/intellectualproperty.shtml>.

---

## Table of Contents

97	1	Introduction.....	5
98	1.1	Goals.....	5
99	1.1.1	Non-Goals.....	5
100	2	Notations and Terminology.....	6
101	2.1	Notational Conventions.....	6
102	2.2	Namespaces.....	6
103	2.3	Terminology.....	7
104	3	Usage.....	8
105	3.1	Processing Model.....	8
106	3.2	Attaching Security Tokens.....	8
107	3.3	Identifying and Referencing Security Tokens.....	9
108	3.3.1	SAML Assertion Referenced from Header or Element.....	11
109	3.3.2	SAML assertion referenced from KeyInfo.....	12
110	3.3.3	SAML assertion referenced from SignedInfo.....	13
111	3.3.4	SAML assertion referenced from SubjectConfirmation.....	14
112	3.3.5	SAML assertion referenced from Encrypted Data Reference.....	15
113	3.4	Subject Confirmation of SAML Assertions.....	15
114	3.4.1	Holder-of-key Subject Confirmation Method.....	16
115	3.4.2	Sender-vouches Subject Confirmation Method.....	19
116	3.5	Error Codes.....	22
117	4	Threat Model and Countermeasures (Non-Normative).....	23
118	4.1	Eavesdropping.....	24
119	4.2	Replay.....	24
120	4.3	Message Insertion.....	25
121	4.4	Message Deletion.....	25
122	4.5	Message Modification.....	25
123	4.6	Man-in-the-Middle.....	25
124	5	References.....	26
125		Appendix A: Revision History.....	28
126		Appendix B: Notices.....	30
127			

---

# 128 **1 Introduction**

129 The [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) specification defines a standard set of [SOAP](#)  
130 extensions that implement message level integrity and confidentiality. This  
131 specification defines the use of Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML)  
132 assertions as security tokens from the `<wsse:Security>` header block defined by the  
133 [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) specification.

## 134 **1.1 Goals**

135 The goal of this specification is to define the use of SAML V1.1 assertions in the  
136 context of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) including for the purpose of securing [SOAP](#)  
137 messages and [SOAP](#) message exchanges. To achieve this goal, this profile describes  
138 how

- 139
- 140 1. SAML assertions are carried in and referenced from `<wsse:security>` Headers.
  - 141 2. SAML assertions are used with XML signature to bind the statements of the  
142 assertions (i.e. the claims) to a SOAP message.

### 143 **1.1.1 Non-Goals**

144 The following topics are outside the scope of this document:

- 145
- 146 3. Defining SAML statement syntax or semantics.
  - 147 4. Describing the use of SAML assertions other than for SOAP Message Security.

---

## 148 2 Notations and Terminology

149 This section specifies the notations, namespaces, and terminology used in this  
150 specification.

### 151 2.1 Notational Conventions

152 The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT",  
153 "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this  
154 document are to be interpreted as described in RFC2119.

155 This document uses the notational conventions defined in the WS-Security SOAP  
156 Message Security document.

157 Namespace URIs (of the general form "some-URI") represent some application-  
158 dependent or context-dependent URI as defined in [RFC2396](#).

159 This specification is designed to work with the general [SOAP](#) message structure and  
160 message processing model, and should be applicable to any version of [SOAP](#). The  
161 current SOAP 1.2 namespace URI is used herein to provide detailed examples, but  
162 there is no intention to limit the applicability of this specification to a single version  
163 of [SOAP](#).

164 Readers are presumed to be familiar with the terms in the [Internet Security](#)  
165 [Glossary](#).

### 166 2.2 Namespaces

167 The XML namespace [\[XML-ns\]](#) URIs that MUST be used by implementations of this  
168 specification are as follows:

Prefix	Namespace
S11	<a href="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/</a>
S12	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope</a>
ds	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#</a>
xenc	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc">http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc</a>
wsse	<a href="http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-01.xsd">http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-01.xsd</a>
wsu	<a href="http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd">http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd</a>
saml	Urn: oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion
samlp	Urn: oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:protocol

169 *Table-1 Namespace Prefixes*

## 170 **2.3 Terminology**

171 This specification employs the terminology defined in the [WSS: SOAP Message](#)  
172 [Security](#) specification. Defined below are the definitions for additional terminology  
173 used in this specification.

174  
175 **Attesting Entity** – the entity that provides the confirmation evidence that will be used  
176 to establish the correspondence between the subject of SAML subject statements (in  
177 SAML assertions) and SOAP message content.

178  
179 **Confirmation Method Identifier** – the value within the `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>`  
180 element of a SAML subject statement that identifies the confirmation method to be  
181 used with the statement.

182  
183 **Subject Confirmation** – the method used to establish the correspondence between  
184 the subject of SAML subject statements (in SAML assertions) and SOAP message  
185 content by verifying the confirmation evidence provided by an attesting entity.

186  
187 **SAML Assertion Authority** - An abstract *system entity* that issues *assertions*.

188  
189 **Subject** – A representation of the entity to which the claims in a SAML subject  
190 statement apply.

---

## 191 3 Usage

192 This section defines the specific mechanisms and procedures for using SAML  
193 assertions as security tokens.

### 194 3.1 Processing Model

195 This specification extends the token-independent processing model defined by the  
196 [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) specification.

197 When a receiver processes a `<wsse:Security>` header containing or referencing  
198 SAML assertions, it selects, based on its policy, the signatures and assertions that it  
199 will process. It is assumed that a receiver's signature selection policy MAY rely on  
200 semantic labeling<sup>1</sup> of `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>` elements occurring in the  
201 `<ds:KeyInfo>` elements within the signatures. It is also assumed that the assertions  
202 selected for validation and processing will include those referenced from the  
203 `<ds:KeyInfo>` and `<ds:SignedInfo>` elements of the selected signatures.

204 As part of its validation and processing of the selected assertions, the receiver MUST  
205 establish the relationship between the subject of each SAML subject statement (of  
206 the referenced SAML assertions) and the entity providing the evidence to satisfy the  
207 confirmation method defined for the statements (i.e. the attesting entity). Two  
208 methods for establishing this correspondence, `holder-of-key` and `sender-vouches`  
209 are described below. Systems implementing this specification MUST implement the  
210 processing necessary to support both of these subject confirmation methods.

### 211 3.2 Attaching Security Tokens

212 SAML assertions are attached to SOAP messages using [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#)  
213 by placing assertion elements or references to assertions inside a `<wsse:Security>`  
214 header. The following example illustrates a SOAP message containing a SAML  
215 assertion in a `<wsse:Security>` header.

```
216 <S12:Envelope xmlns:S="...">  
217 <S12:Header>  
218 <wsse:Security xmlns:wsse="...">  
219 <saml:Assertion  
220   AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"  
221   IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"  
222   Issuer="www.opensaml.org"  
223   MajorVersion="1"
```

---

<sup>1</sup> The optional `<wsse:Usage>` attribute of the `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>` element MAY be used to associate one of more semantic usage labels (as QNAMES) with a reference and thus use of a Security Token. Please refer to [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) for the details of this attribute.



```

224 MinorVersion="1"
225 xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion">
226 . . .
227 </saml:Assertion>
228 . . .
229 </wsse:Security>
230 </S12:Header>
231 <S12:Body>
232 . . .
233 </S12:Body>
234 </S12:Envelope>

```

### 235 3.3 Identifying and Referencing Security Tokens

236 The [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) specification defines the  
237 `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>` element for referencing security tokens. Three  
238 forms of token references are defined by this element and the element schema  
239 includes provision for defining additional reference forms should they be necessary.  
240 The three forms of token references defined by the  
241 `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>` element are defined as follows:

- 242 • A key identifier reference – a generic element (i.e. `<wsse:KeyIdentifier>`) that  
243 conveys a security token identifier as an `<wsse:EncodedString>` and indicates in  
244 its attributes (as necessary) the key identifier type (i.e. the `<wsse:ValueType>`),  
245 the identifier encoding type (i.e. the `<wsse:EncodingType>`), and perhaps other  
246 parameters used to reference the security token.

247 When a key identifier is used to reference a SAML assertion, the key identifier  
248 MUST contain as its element value the corresponding `<saml:AssertionID>`. The  
249 key identifier MUST also contain a `<wsse:ValueType>` attribute and the value of  
250 this attribute MUST be the `wsse:KeyIdentifier/@ValueType` from Table 2.  
251 When the `<wsse:EncodingType>` attribute is not specified, the element value of  
252 the key identifier MUST be encoded as `xsi:string`.

253 When a key identifier is used to reference a SAML Assertion, a  
254 `<saml:AuthorityBinding>` element MUST be contained in the  
255 `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>` element containing the key identifier. The  
256 contents of the `<saml:AuthorityBinding>` element MUST be as defined in  
257 [\[SAMLCore\]](#) and contain values sufficient for the intended recipients of the  
258 `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>` to acquire the identified assertion from the  
259 intended Authority. To this end, the value of the `<saml:AuthortyKind>` attribute  
260 of the `<saml:AuthorityBinding>` element MUST be  
261 "samlp:AssertionIdReference".

- 262 • A Direct or URI reference – a generic element (i.e. `<wsse:Reference>`) that  
263 identifies a security token by URI. If only a fragment identifier is specified, then  
264 the reference is to the security token within the document whose local identifier  
265 (e.g. `<wsu:id>` attribute) matches the fragment identifier. Otherwise, the  
266 reference is to the (potentially external) security token identified by the URI.

267 When a Direct or URI reference is used to reference a SAML assertion within the  
268 document, the value of the `<wsse:URI>` attribute of the reference MAY be a

269 fragment identifier containing the `<saml:AssertionID>` of the referenced  
270 assertion. Independent of whether a fragment identifier or full URI is specified,  
271 The reference MUST contain a `<wsse:ValueType>` attribute and the value of this  
272 attribute MUST be the `wsse:Reference/@ValueType` from Table 2 that  
273 corresponds to the version of the SAML Assertion being referenced.

274 • An Embedded reference – a reference that encapsulates a security token.

275 When an Embedded reference is used to encapsulate a SAML assertion the SAML  
276 assertion MUST be included as a contained element within a `<wsse:Embedded>`  
277 element within a `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>`.

278 This specification describes how SAML assertions may be referenced in five contexts:

279 • A SAML assertion may be referenced directly from a `<wsse:Security>` header  
280 element. In this case, the assertion is being conveyed by reference in the  
281 message.

282 • A SAML assertion may be referenced from a `<ds:KeyInfo>` element of a  
283 `<ds:Signature>` element in a `<wsse:Security>` header. In this case, the  
284 assertion contains a subject statement with a `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>`  
285 element that identifies the key used in the signature calculation.

286 • A SAML assertion reference may be referenced from a `<ds:Reference>` element  
287 within the `<ds:SignedInfo>` element of a `<ds:Signature>` element in a  
288 `<wsse:Security>` header. In this case, the doubly referenced assertion is signed  
289 by the containing signature.

290 • A SAML assertion may be referenced from a `<ds:KeyInfo>` element of a  
291 `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>` element of a subject statement in a SAML  
292 assertion. In this case, the referenced assertion contains one or more subject  
293 statements each of which identifies a key that MAY be used to confirm the  
294 subject and any other claims of the referencing statement.

295 • A SAML assertion may be referenced from a `<xenc:DataReference>` element  
296 within an `<xenc:ReferenceList>` element. In this case, the referenced assertion  
297 is encrypted.

298 In each of these contexts, the referenced assertion may be:

299 • local – in which case, it is included in the `<wsse:Security>` header containing  
300 the reference.

301 • remote – in which case it is not included in the `<wsse:Security>` header  
302 containing the reference, but may occur in another part of the SOAP message or  
303 may be available at the location identified by the reference which may be an  
304 assertion authority.

305 SAML key identifier references, with a supporting `<saml:AuthorityBinding>`  
306 element are currently the best suited, of the `<wsse:SecurityTokenReference>`  
307 forms, for expressing remote references to SAML assertions. A future version of  
308 [[SAMLCore](#)] is expected to facilitate remote references by URI.  
309

Attribute	Value
wsse:Reference/@ValueType	<a href="http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.0">http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.0</a>
wsse:Reference/@ValueType	<a href="http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.1">http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.1</a>
wsse:KeyIdentifier/@ValueType	<a href="http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">http://www.docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID</a>

310 *Table-2 ValueType Attribute Values*311 **3.3.1 SAML Assertion Referenced from Header or Element**

312 All conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertion references  
 313 occurring in a <wsse:Security> header or in a header element other than a  
 314 signature to acquire the corresponding assertion.

315 A SAML assertion may be referenced from a <wsse:Security> header or from an  
 316 element (other than a signature) in the header. The following example demonstrates  
 317 the use of a direct reference in a <wsse:Security> header to reference a local SAML  
 318 assertion.

```

319 <S12:Envelope xmlns:S="...">
320 <S12:Header>
321 <wsse:Security xmlns:wsse="...">
322 <saml:Assertion
323   AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"
324   IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"
325   Issuer="www.opensaml.org"
326   MajorVersion="1"
327   MinorVersion="1"
328   xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion">
329   . . .
330 </saml:Assertion>
331 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">
332 <wsse:Reference wsu:id="..."
333   wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-
334   open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-
335   1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.1"
336   wsse:URI="#_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"/>
337 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
338 </wsse:Security>
339 </S12:Header>
340 <S12:Body>
341   . . .
342 </S12:Body>
343 </S12:Envelope>

```

344 A SAML assertion that exists outside of a <wsse:Security> header may be  
 345 referenced from the <wsse:Security> header element by including (in the  
 346 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference>) a <saml:AuthorityBinding> element that

347 defines the location, binding, and query that may be used to acquire the identified  
348 assertion at a SAML assertion authority or responder.

```
349 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">  
350 <saml:AuthorityBinding>  
351   saml:Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-  
352 binding"  
353   saml:Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"  
354   saml:AuthortyKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"  
355 </saml:AuthorityBinding>  
356 <wsse:keyIdentifier  
357   wsu:id="..."  
358   wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-  
359 open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-  
360 1.0#SAMLAssertionID">  
361   _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc  
362 </wsse:KeyIdentifier>  
363 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
```

### 364 **3.3.2 SAML assertion referenced from KeyInfo**

365 All conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertion references  
366 occurring in the <ds:KeyInfo> element of a <ds:Signature> element in a  
367 <wsse:Security> header as defined by the Holder-of-Key and Sender Vouches  
368 confirmations methods.

369 The following example depicts the use of a direct reference a local assertion from  
370 <ds:KeyInfo>.

```
371 <ds:KeyInfo>  
372 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">>  
373 <wsse:Reference wsu:id="..."  
374   wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-  
375 open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-  
376 1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.0"  
377   wsse:URI="#_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"/>  
378 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>  
379 </ds:KeyInfo>
```

380 The following example demonstrates the use of a <wsse:SecurityTokenReference>  
381 containing a key identifier and a <saml:AuthorityBinding> to communicate  
382 information (location, binding, and query) sufficient to acquire the identified  
383 assertion at an identified SAML assertion authority or responder.

```
384 <ds:KeyInfo>  
385 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">  
386 <saml:AuthorityBinding>  
387   saml:Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-  
388 binding"  
389   saml:Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"  
390   saml:AuthortyKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"  
391 </saml:AuthorityBinding>  
392 <wsse:keyIdentifier wsu:id="..."  
393   wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-  
394 open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-  
395 1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
```

396  
397  
398  
399

```
    a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc  
</wsse:KeyIdentifier>  
</wsse:SecurityTokenReference>  
</ds:KeyInfo>
```

400 <ds:KeyInfo> elements may also occur in <xenc:EncryptedData> and  
401 <xenc:EncryptedKey> elements where they serve to identify the encryption key.  
402 Conformant implementations of this profile are not required to process SAML  
403 assertion references occurring within the <ds:keyInfo> element of  
404 <xenc:EncryptedData> or <xenc:EncryptedKey> elements.

### 405 **3.3.3 SAML assertion referenced from SignedInfo**

406 All conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertions referenced  
407 by <Wsse:SecurityTokenReference> from <ds:Reference> elements within the  
408 <ds:SignedInfo> element of a <ds:Signature> element in a <wsse:Security>  
409 header. Embedded references may be digested directly, thus affectively digesting the  
410 encapsulated assertion. Other <Wsse:SecurityTokenReference> forms must be  
411 dereferenced for the referenced assertion to be digested.

412 The core specification, [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#), defines the STR Dereference  
413 transform to cause the replacement (in the digest stream) of a  
414 <Wsse:SecurityTokenReference> with the contents of the referenced token. The  
415 STR Dereference transform MUST be specified and applied to digest any SAML  
416 assertion that is referenced by a <Wsse:SecurityTokenReference> that is not an  
417 embedded reference. The transform MAY also be specified and applied to an  
418 embedded reference.

419 The following example demonstrates the use of a the STR Dereference transform to  
420 dereference a reference to a SAML Assertion (i.e. Security Token) such that the  
421 digest operation is performed on the security token not its reference.

422  
423  
424  
425  
426  
427  
428  
429  
430  
431  
432  
433  
434  
435  
436  
437  
438  
439  
440  
441  
442

```
<wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">  
<saml:AuthorityBinding>  
  saml:Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-  
binding"  
  saml:Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"  
  saml:AuthortyKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"  
</saml:AuthorityBinding>  
<wsse:keyIdentifier wsu:id="..."  
  wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-  
open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-  
1.0#SAMLAssertionID">  
  _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc  
</wsse:KeyIdentifier>  
</wsse:SecurityTokenReference>  
  
  . . .  
<ds:SignedInfo>  
<ds:CanonicalizationMethod  
  Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>  
<ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm=  
  "http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#hmac-sha1"/>  
<ds:Reference URI="#STR1">
```

```

443 <Transforms>
444 <ds:Transform
445   Algorithm="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2003/06/STR-
446 Transform"/>
447 <wsse:TransformationParameters>
448 <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
449   Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
450 </wsse:TransformationParameters>
451 </Transforms>
452 <ds:DigestMethod
453   Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
454 <ds:DigestValue>...</ds:DigestValue>
455 </ds:Reference>
456 </ds:SignedInfo>

```

457 Note that the URI appearing in the `<ds:Reference>` element identifies the  
458 `<Wsse:SecurityTokenReference>` element by its `wsu:id` value. Also note that the  
459 STR Dereference transform MUST contain (in `<wsse:TransformationParameters>`) a  
460 `<ds:CanonicalizationMethod>` that defines the algorithm to be used to serialize the  
461 input node set (of the referenced assertion).

### 462 **3.3.4 SAML assertion referenced from SubjectConfirmation**

463 All conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertion references  
464 occurring in the `<ds:KeyInfo>` element of a `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>` element  
465 of a subject statement in a SAML assertion according to the processing defined by  
466 the holder-of-Key confirmation mechanism.

467 The assertions referenced by this mechanism MUST contain one or more holder-of-  
468 key confirmed subject statements each of which identifies a key that MAY be used to  
469 confirm the subject and any other claims of the referencing statement.

470 Such references are identical in format to the references that MAY appear in the  
471 `<ds:KeyInfo>` element within signatures.

```

472 <saml:Assertion
473   AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"
474   IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"
475   Issuer="www.opensaml.org"
476   MajorVersion="1"
477   MinorVersion="1"
478   xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion">
479 <saml:Conditions>
480   NotBefore="2002-06-19T16:53:33.173Z"
481   NotOnOrAfter="2002-06-19T17:08:33.173Z" />
482 <saml:AttributeStatement>
483 <saml:Subject>
484 <saml:NameIdentifier
485   NameQualifier="www.example.com"
486   Format="">
487   uid=joe,ou=people,ou=saml-demo,o=baltimore.com
488 </saml:NameIdentifier>
489 <saml:SubjectConfirmation>
490 <saml:ConfirmationMethod>

```

```

491     urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key
492 </saml:ConfirmationMethod>
493 <ds:KeyInfo>
494 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">
495 <wsse:Reference wsu:id="..."
496     wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-
497 open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-
498 1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.0"
499     wsse:URI="#_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"/>
500 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
501 </ds:KeyInfo>
502 </saml:SubjectConfirmation>
503 </saml:Subject>
504     . . .
505 </saml:Assertion>

```

### 3.3.5 SAML assertion referenced from Encrypted Data Reference

508 All conformant implementations MUST be able to process SAML assertion references
509 occurring in the <xenc:DataReference> element of a <xenc:ReferenceList>
510 element. An <xenc:ReferenceList> element may occur either as a top level
511 element in a Security header, or embedded within an <xenc:EncryptedKey>
512 element. In either case, the <xenc:ReferenceList> identifies the encrypted content.

513 Such references are similar in format to the references that MAY appear in the
514 <ds:Reference> element within <ds:SignedInfo>, except the STR Dereference
515 transform does not apply. As shown in the following example, an encrypted assertion
516 or an encrypted <wsse:SecurityTokenReference> is referenced from an
517 <xenc:DataReference> by a direct (i.e. URI) reference, where the URI appearing in
518 the <xenc:DataReference> element identifies the encrypted (within the message)
519 <Wsse:SecurityTokenReference> element by its wsu:id value.

```

520 <xenc:EncryptedData Id="STR1">
521 <ds:KeyInfo>
522     . . .
523 </ds:KeyInfo>
524 <xenc:CipherData>
525 <xenc:CipherValue>...</xenc:CipherValue>
526 </xenc:CipherData>
527 /xenc:EncryptedData>
528 <xenc:ReferenceList>
529 <xenc:DataReference URI="#STR1"/>
530 </xenc:ReferenceList>

```

### 3.4 Subject Confirmation of SAML Assertions

532 The SAML profile of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) requires that systems support the
533 holder-of-key and sender-vouches methods of subject confirmation. It is strongly
534 RECOMMENDED that an XML signature be used to establish the relationship between
535 the message and the subject statements of the attached assertions. This is



536 especially RECOMMENDED whenever the SOAP message exchange is conducted over  
537 an unprotected transport.

538 Any processor of SAML assertions MUST conform to the required validation and  
539 processing rules defined in the SAML specification.

540 The following table enumerates the mandatory subject confirmation methods and  
541 summarizes their associated processing models:

<b>Mechanism</b>	<b>RECOMMENDED Processing Rules</b>
urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key	The attesting entity includes an XML Signature that can be verified with the key information in the <saml:ConfirmationMethod> of the subject statements of the SAML assertion referenced for keyInfo by the Signature.
urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:sender-vouches	The attesting entity, different from the subject, vouches for the verification of the subject. The receiver MUST have an existing trust relationship with the attesting entity. In the typical case (that is, where the assertion authority has not bound a confirmation key to the subject statements) the attesting entity MUST protect the Assertion (containing the subject statements) in combination with the message content against modification by another party. See also section 4.

542 Note that the high level processing model described in the following sections does  
543 not differentiate between the attesting entity and the message sender as would be  
544 necessary to guard against replay attacks. The high-level processing model also does  
545 not take into account requirements for authentication of receiver by sender, or for  
546 message or assertion confidentiality. These concerns must be addressed by means  
547 other than those described in the high-level processing model (i.e. section 3.1).

### 548 **3.4.1 Holder-of-key Subject Confirmation Method**

549 The following sections describe the holder-of-key method of establishing the  
550 correspondence between a SOAP message and the subject of SAML assertions added  
551 to the SOAP message according to this specification.



### 552 **3.4.1.1 Attesting entity**

553 An attesting entity uses the holder-of-key confirmation method to demonstrate that  
554 it is authorized to act as the subject of the SAML subject statements containing the  
555 holder-of-key `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>` element. The subject statements that  
556 will be confirmed by the holder-of-key method MUST include the following  
557 `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>` element:

```
558 <saml:SubjectConfirmation>  
559 <saml:ConfirmationMethod>  
560 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key  
561 </saml:ConfirmationMethod>  
562 <ds:KeyInfo>...</ds:KeyInfo>  
563 </saml:SubjectConfirmation>
```

564 The `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>` element MUST include a `<ds:KeyInfo>` element  
565 that identifies the public or secret key to be used to confirm the identity of the  
566 subject.

567 To satisfy the associated confirmation method processing to be performed by the  
568 message receiver, the attesting entity MUST demonstrate knowledge of the  
569 confirmation key. The attesting entity MAY accomplish this by using the confirmation  
570 key to sign content within the message and by including the resulting  
571 `<ds:Signature>` element in the `<wsse:Security>` header. `<ds:Signature>`  
572 elements produced for this purpose MUST conform to the canonicalization and  
573 token pre-pending rules defined in the [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) specification.

574 SAML assertions that contain a holder-of-key `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>` element  
575 SHOULD contain a `<ds:Signature>` element that protects the integrity of the  
576 confirmation `<ds:KeyInfo>` established by the assertion authority.

577 The canonicalization method used to produce the `<ds:Signature>` elements used  
578 to protect the integrity of SAML assertions MUST support the validation of these  
579 `<ds:Signature>` elements in contexts (such as `<wsse:Security>` header elements)  
580 other than those in which the signatures were calculated.

### 581 **3.4.1.2 Receiver**

582 Of the SAML assertions it selects for processing, a message receiver MUST NOT  
583 accept assertions containing a holder-of-key `<saml:ConfirmationMethod>`, unless  
584 the receiver has validated the integrity of the assertions and the attesting entity has  
585 demonstrated knowledge of the key identified by the `<ds:keyInfo>` element of the  
586 `<saml:SubjectConfirmation>` element.

587 If the receiver determines that the attesting entity has demonstrated knowledge of a  
588 subject confirmation key, then the SAML assertions containing the confirmation key  
589 MAY be attributed to the attesting entity and any elements of the message whose  
590 integrity is protected by the subject confirmation key MAY be considered to have  
591 been provided by the subject.

### 592 3.4.1.3 Example

593 The following example illustrates the use of the holder-of-key subject confirmation  
594 method to establish the correspondence between the SOAP message and the subject  
595 of the SAML assertions in the <wsse:Security> header:

```
596 <?xml:version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
597 <S12:Envelope xmlns:S="...">
598   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
599   xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
600 <S12:Header>
601
602 <wsse:Security>
603 <saml:Assertion
604   AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"
605   IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"
606   Issuer="www.opensaml.org"
607   MajorVersion="1"
608   MinorVersion="1"
609   xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion">
610 <saml:Conditions>
611   NotBefore="2002-06-19T16:53:33.173Z"
612   NotOnOrAfter="2002-06-19T17:08:33.173Z"/>
613 <saml:AttributeStatement>
614 <saml:Subject>
615 <saml:NameIdentifier
616   NameQualifier="www.example.com"
617   Format="">
618   uid=joe,ou=people,ou=saml-demo,o=baltimore.com
619 </saml:NameIdentifier>
620 <saml:SubjectConfirmation>
621 <saml:ConfirmationMethod>
622   urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key
623 </saml:ConfirmationMethod>
624 <ds:KeyInfo>
625 <ds:KeyValue>...</ds:KeyValue>
626 </ds:KeyInfo>
627 </saml:SubjectConfirmation>
628 </saml:Subject>
629 <saml:Attribute
630   AttributeName="MemberLevel"
631   AttributeNamespace="http://www.oasis
632 open.org/Catalyst2002/attributes">
633 <saml:AttributeValue>gold</saml:AttributeValue>
634 </saml:Attribute>
635 <saml:Attribute
636   AttributeName="E-mail"
637   AttributeNamespace="http://www.oasis-
638 open.org/Catalyst2002/attributes">
639 <saml:AttributeValue>joe@yahoo.com</saml:AttributeValue>
640 </saml:Attribute>
641 </saml:AttributeStatement>
642 <ds:Signature>...</ds:Signature>
643 </saml:Assertion>
644
645 <ds:Signature>
```

```

646 <ds:SignedInfo>
647 <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
648   Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
649 <ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm=
650   "http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#hmac-sha1" />
651 <ds:Reference
652   URI="#MsgBody">
653 <ds:DigestMethod
654   Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
655 <ds:DigestValue>GyGsF0Pi4xPU...</ds:DigestValue>
656 </ds:Reference>
657 </ds:SignedInfo>
658 <ds:SignatureValue>HJJWbvqW9E84vJVQk...</ds:SignatureValue>
659 <ds:KeyInfo>
660 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">
661 <wsse:Reference wsu:id="..."
662   wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-
663 open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-
664 1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.0"
665   wsse:URI="#_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc" />
666 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
667 </ds:KeyInfo>
668 </ds:Signature>
669 </wsse:Security>
670 </S12:Header>
671
672 <S12:Body wsu:Id="MsgBody">
673   <ReportRequest>
674     <TickerSymbol>SUNW</TickerSymbol>
675   </ReportRequest>
676 </S12:Body>
677 </S12:Envelope>

```

## 678 3.4.2 Sender-vouches Subject Confirmation Method

679 The following sections describe the sender-vouches method of establishing the  
680 correspondence between a SOAP message and the SAML assertions added to the  
681 SOAP message according to the SAML profile of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#).

### 682 3.4.2.1 Attesting entity

683 An attesting entity uses the sender-vouches confirmation method to assert that it is  
684 acting on behalf of the subject of SAML subject statements containing a sender-  
685 vouches <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element. The subject statements that the  
686 attesting entity will confirm by the sender-vouches method MUST include the  
687 following <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element:

```

688 <saml:SubjectConfirmation>
689   <saml:ConfirmationMethod>
690     urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:sender-vouches
691   </saml:ConfirmationMethod>
692 </saml:SubjectConfirmation>

```

693 To satisfy the associated confirmation method processing of the receiver, the  
694 attesting entity MUST protect the vouched for SOAP message content such that the

695 receiver can determine when it has been altered by another party. In the typical  
696 case, where the assertion authority has NOT securely bound a confirmation key in  
697 the sender-vouches <saml:SubjectConfirmation> element, the attesting entity  
698 MUST also protect the vouched for subject statements against unauthorized  
699 modification. The attesting entity MAY satisfy these requirements by including in the  
700 corresponding <wsse:Security> header a <ds:Signature> element that it prepares  
701 by using its key to sign the relevant message content and assertions (if the assertion  
702 authority did NOT securely establish a confirmation key). As defined by the [XML  
703 Signature](#) specification, the attesting entity MAY identify its key by including a  
704 <ds:KeyInfo> element within the <ds:Signature> element.

705 A <ds:Signature> element produced for this purpose MUST conform to the  
706 canonicalization and token prepending rules defined in the [WSS: SOAP Message  
707 Security](#) specification.

### 708 **3.4.2.2 Receiver**

709 Of the SAML assertions it selects for processing, a message receiver MUST NOT  
710 accept assertions containing a sender-vouches <saml:ConfirmationMethod> unless  
711 the assertions and SOAP message content being vouched for are protected (as  
712 described above) by an attesting entity who is trusted by the receiver to act on  
713 behalf of the subject of the assertions.

### 714 **3.4.2.3 Example**

715 The following example illustrates an attesting entity's use of the sender-vouches  
716 subject confirmation method with an associated <ds:Signature> element to  
717 establish its identity and to assert that it has sent message elements on behalf of the  
718 subjects of the contained assertion (i.e., the assertion referenced by "STR1"):

```
719 <?xml:version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
720 <S12:Envelope xmlns:S="...">  
721   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"  
722   xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">  
723 <S12:Header>  
724 <wsse:Security>  
725  
726 <saml:Assertion  
727   AssertionID="_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"  
728   IssueInstant="2003-04-17T00:46:02Z"  
729   Issuer="www.opensaml.org"  
730   MajorVersion="1"  
731   MinorVersion="1"  
732   xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion">  
733 <saml:Conditions>  
734   NotBefore="2002-06-19T16:53:33.173Z"  
735   NotOnOrAfter="2002-06-19T17:08:33.173Z"/>  
736 <saml:AttributeStatement>  
737 <saml:Subject>  
738 <saml:NameIdentifier  
739   NameQualifier="www.example.com"  
740   Format="">  
741   uid=proxy,ou=system,ou=saml-demo,o=baltimore.com  
742 </saml:NameIdentifier>
```

```

743 <saml:SubjectConfirmation>
744 <saml:ConfirmationMethod>
745   urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:cm:holder-of-key
746 </saml:ConfirmationMethod>
747 <ds:KeyInfo>
748 <ds:KeyValue>...</ds:KeyValue>
749 </ds:KeyInfo>
750 </saml:SubjectConfirmation>
751 </saml:Subject>
752 <saml:Attribute
753   . . .
754 </saml:Attribute>
755   . . .
756 </saml:Assertion>
757
758 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR1">
759 <saml:AuthorityBinding>
760   saml:Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:bindings:SOAP-
761 binding"
762   saml:Location="http://www.opensaml.org/SAML-Authority"
763   saml:AuthortyKind= "samlp:AssertionIdReference"
764 </saml:AuthorityBinding>
765 <wsse:keyIdentifier wsu:id="..."
766 wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-
767 open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-
768 1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
769   _a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdbe
770 </wsse:KeyIdentifier>
771 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
772
773 <ds:Signature>
774 <ds:SignedInfo>
775 <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
776   Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
777 <ds:SignatureMethod
778   Algorithm= "http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#hmac-sha1" />
779 <ds:Reference URI="#STR1">
780 <Transforms>
781 <ds:Transform
782   Algorithm="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2003/06/STR-
783 Transform" />
784 <wsse:TransformationParameters>
785 <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
786   Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
787 </wsse:TransformationParameters>
788 </Transforms>
789 <ds:DigestMethod
790   Algorithm= "http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
791 <ds:DigestValue>...</ds:DigestValue>
792 </ds:Reference>
793 <ds:Reference URI="#MsgBody">
794 <ds:DigestMethod
795   Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
796 <ds:DigestValue>...</ds:DigestValue>
797 </ds:Reference>

```

```

798 </ds:SignedInfo>
799 <ds:SignatureValue>HJJWbvqW9E84vJVQk...</ds:SignatureValue>
800 <ds:KeyInfo>
801 <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="STR2">>
802 <wsse:Reference wsu:id="..."
803   wsse:ValueType="http://www.docs.oasis-
804   open.org/wss/2004/XX/oasis-2004XX-wss-saml-token-profile-
805   1.0#SAMLAssertion-1.0"
806   wsse:URI="#_a75adf55-01d7-40cc-929f-dbd8372ebdfc"/>
807 </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
808 </ds:KeyInfo>
809 </ds:Signature>
810 </wsse:Security>
811 </S12:Header>
812
813 <S12:Body wsu:Id="MsgBody">
814   <ReportRequest>
815     <TickerSymbol>SUNW</TickerSymbol>
816   </ReportRequest>
817 </S12:Body>
818 </S12:Envelope>

```

### 819 **3.5 Error Codes**

820 When a system that implements the SAML token profile of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) does not perform its normal processing because of an error detected during  
821 the processing of a security header, it MAY choose to report the cause of the error  
822 using the SOAP fault mechanism. The SAML token profile of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#)  
823 does not require that SOAP faults be generated for such errors, and systems  
824 that choose to return faults SHOULD take care not to introduce any security  
825 vulnerabilities as a result of the information returned in error responses.  
826

827 Systems that choose to return faults SHOULD respond with the error codes defined  
828 in the [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) specification. The RECOMMENDED  
829 correspondence between the common assertion processing failures and the error  
830 codes defined in [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) are as defined in the following table:

Assertion Processing Error (faultString)	RECOMMENDED Error(Faultcode)
A referenced SAML assertion could not be retrieved.	wsse:SecurityTokenUnavailable
An assertion contains a <saml:Condition> element that the receiver does not understand.	wsse:UnsupportedSecurityToken
A signature within an assertion or referencing an assertion is invalid.	wsse:FailedCheck
The issuer of an assertion is not acceptable to the receiver.	wsse:InvalidSecurityToken

The receiver does not understand the extension schema used in an assertion.	wsse:UnsupportedSecurityToken
---	-------------------------------

831 The preceding table defines the mapping to SOAP 1.1 fault strings and codes. The  
832 [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) specification defines the mapping to SOAP 1.2 fault  
833 constructs.

---

834 **4 Threat Model and Countermeasures**  
835 **(Non-Normative)**

836 This document defines the mechanisms and procedures for securely attaching SAML  
837 assertions to SOAP messages. SOAP messages are used in multiple contexts,  
838 specifically including cases where the message is transported without an active  
839 session, the message is persisted, or the message is routed through a number of  
840 intermediaries. Such a general context of use suggests that users of this profile must  
841 be concerned with a variety of threats.

842 In general, the use of SAML assertions with [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) introduces  
843 no new threats beyond those identified for SAML or by the [WSS: SOAP Message](#)  
844 [Security](#) specification. The following sections provide an overview of the  
845 characteristics of the threat model, and the countermeasures that SHOULD be  
846 adopted for each perceived threat.

847 **4.1 Eavesdropping**

848 Eavesdropping is a threat to the SAML token profile of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#)  
849 in the same manner as it is a threat to any network protocol. The routing of SOAP  
850 messages through intermediaries increases the potential incidences of  
851 eavesdropping. Additional opportunities for eavesdropping exist when SOAP  
852 messages are persisted.

853 To provide maximum protection from eavesdropping, assertions, assertion  
854 references, and sensitive message content SHOULD be encrypted such that only the  
855 intended audiences can view their content. This removes threats of eavesdropping in  
856 transit, but MAY not remove risks associated with storage or poor handling by the  
857 receiver.

858 Transport-layer security MAY be used to protect the message and contained SAML  
859 assertions and/or references from eavesdropping while in transport, but message  
860 content MUST be encrypted above the transport if it is to be protected from  
861 eavesdropping by intermediaries.

862 **4.2 Replay**

863 Reliance on authority protected (e.g. signed) assertions with a holder-of-key subject  
864 confirmation mechanism precludes all but a holder of the key from binding the  
865 assertions to a SOAP message. Although this mechanism affectively restricts data  
866 origin to a holder of the confirmation key, it does not, by itself, provide the means to  
867 detect the capture and resubmission of the message by other parties.

868 Assertions that contain a sender-vouches confirmation mechanism introduce another  
869 dimension to replay vulnerability if the assertions impose no restriction on the  
870 entities that may use or reuse the assertions.

871 Replay attacks can be detected by receivers if message senders include additional  
872 message identifying information (e.g. timestamps, nonces, and or recipient



873 identifiers) within origin protected message content and receivers check this  
874 information against previously received values.

### 875 **4.3 Message Insertion**

876 The SAML token profile of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) is not vulnerable to  
877 message insertion attacks.

### 878 **4.4 Message Deletion**

879 The SAML token profile of [WSS: SOAP Message Security](#) is not vulnerable to  
880 message deletion attacks.

### 881 **4.5 Message Modification**

882 Messages constructed according to this specification are protected from message  
883 modification if receivers can detect unauthorized modification of relevant message  
884 content. Therefore, it is strongly RECOMMENDED that all relevant and immutable  
885 message content be signed by an attesting entity. Receivers SHOULD only consider  
886 the correspondence between the subject of the SAML assertions and the SOAP  
887 message content to have been established for those portions of the message that are  
888 protected by the attesting entity against modification by another entity.

889 To ensure that message receivers can have confidence that received assertions have  
890 not been forged or altered since their issuance, SAML assertions and assertion  
891 references appearing in `<wsse:Security>` header elements MUST be protected  
892 against unauthorized modification (e.g. signed) by their issuing authority or the  
893 attesting entity (as the case warrants). It is strongly RECOMMENDED that an  
894 attesting entity sign any `<saml:Assertion>` elements that it is attesting for and that  
895 are not signed by their issuing authority.

896 Transport-layer security MAY be used to protect the message and contained SAML  
897 assertions and/or assertion references from modification while in transport, but  
898 signatures are required to extend such protection through intermediaries.

### 899 **4.6 Man-in-the-Middle**

900 Assertions with a holder-of-key subject confirmation method are not vulnerable to a  
901 MITM attack. Assertions with a sender-vouches subject confirmation method are  
902 vulnerable to MITM attacks to the degree that the receiver does not have a trusted  
903 binding of key to the attesting entity's identity.





## Appendix A: Revision History

Rev	Date	What
01	19-Sep-02	Initial draft produced by extracting SAML related content from [XML token]
02	23-Sep-02	Merged in content from SS TC submission
03	18-Nov-02	Resolved issues raised by TC
04	09-Dec-02	Refined confirmation mechanisms, and added signing example
05	15-Dec-02	Results of Baltimore F2F
06	21-Feb-03	Changed name to profile
07	05-May-03	Acknowledged contributors
07	05-May-03	Throughout document, Refined terminology to distinguish attesting entity from subject and sender, and to distinguish assertions from statements within assertions. Also modified sender-vouches to support traced vouching (by allowing for the use of a confirmation key)
08	09-Jun-03	Indicated reliance on conventions of core in "Notational Conventions"
08	09-Jun-03	In "Terminology", added definitions of new terms (attesting entity and confirmation method identifier), edited definition of Subject Confirmation, and replaced definition of sender with subject.
08	09-Jun-03	In "Subject Confirmation of SAML Assertions", added requirement that an attesting entity must protect unsigned sender-vouches confirmed assertions.
08	25-Nov-03	Added SAM v1.1 version distinction to "Abstract"
08	25-Nov-03	Editorial changes to "Introduction"
08	25-Nov-03	Reorganized non-normative text of requirements and goals sections
08	25-Nov-03	Removed Identification, Contact Information, Description, and Updates from "Usage".
	25-Nov-03	Updated schema URIs and corrected namespace prefixes in "Namespaces"
08	25-Nov-03	Updated SAML document references in "References" to point to v1.1. specs.
08	25-Nov-03	In Error codes, changed error processing such that it is optional and consistent with the recommendations in core.
08	25-Nov-03	Qualified "Threat Model and Counter-measures" as non-normative.
08	30-Nov-03	In "Identifying and Referencing Security Tokens", removed keyname references and added embedded references. Also removed editorial comment regarding using artifacts to

Rev	Date	What
		reference assertions.
08	30-Nov-03	Made editorial changes to "Processing Model", including clarification (by footnote) of "semantic labeling"
08	30-Nov-03	Removed "Acknowledgments" as it duplicated preceding sections of the document
08	12-15-03	Added high level goals and non-goals
08	12-15-03	Added support for the use of (fragment) URI references to section 3.3
08	12-15-03	Specified default encoding type for SAML and fragment UR references to be xsi:string
08	12-15-03	Added two more contexts in which SAML assertions may be referenced; from within SubjectConfirmation elements and as encrypted data.
08	12-15-03	Made it a requirement of conformant implementations that they support the various methods of referencing SAML assertions
08	12-15-03	Added new sections to describe SAML assertion referenced from SubjectConfirmation and SAML assertion referenced from Encrypted Data reference.
09	01-27-04	Changed document identifier and location
09	01-27-04	Modified namespace table of section 2.2 to differentiate SOAP 1.1 and SOAP 1.2 and to reflect stable WSS schema locations
09	01-27-04	Rewrote section 3.3 Identifying and Referencing Security Tokens to use AuthorityBinding element to supplement remote keyidentifier references. Also clarified use of wsse:Embedded.
09	01-27-04	Added Table 2 to define URI values for wsse:Reference/@ValueType and wsse:KeyIdentifier/@ValueType. Also changed all uses of these attributes to use the appropriate URI (was QNAME).
09	01-27-04	Added example to Section 3.3.4 to demonstrate assertion reference from SubjectConfirmation.
09	01-27-04	Completed section 3.3.5 SAML Assertion Referenced from Encrypted Data reference
09	01-27-04	Added text to end of Error Codes section to account for SOAP 1.2 fault processing.
09	01-27-04	Updated all examples to be consistent with STR and @ValueType changes.
09	01-27-04	Changed Sender-Vouches example to sign STR1 by using STR Dereference Transform

---

## 951 **Appendix B: Notices**

952 OASIS takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property  
953 or other rights that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the  
954 technology described in this document or the extent to which any license under such  
955 rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent that it has made any  
956 effort to identify any such rights. Information on OASIS's procedures with respect to  
957 rights in OASIS specifications can be found at the OASIS website. Copies of claims of  
958 rights made available for publication and any assurances of licenses to be made  
959 available, or the result of an attempt made to obtain a general license or permission  
960 for the use of such proprietary rights by implementors or users of this specification,  
961 can be obtained from the OASIS Executive Director.

962 OASIS invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents or  
963 patent applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may  
964 be required to implement this specification. Please address the information to the  
965 OASIS Executive Director.

966 Copyright © OASIS Open 2003. *All Rights Reserved.*

967 This document and translations of it may be copied and furnished to others, and  
968 derivative works that comment on or otherwise explain it or assist in its  
969 implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in  
970 part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice and  
971 this paragraph are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this  
972 document itself does not be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright  
973 notice or references to OASIS, except as needed for the purpose of developing  
974 OASIS specifications, in which case the procedures for copyrights defined in the  
975 OASIS Intellectual Property Rights document must be followed, or as required to  
976 translate it into languages other than English.

977 The limited permissions granted above are perpetual and will not be revoked by  
978 OASIS or its successors or assigns.

979 This document and the information contained herein is provided on an "AS IS" basis  
980 and OASIS DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT  
981 NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTY THAT THE USE OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN  
982 WILL NOT INFRINGE ANY RIGHTS OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF  
983 MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.