



WebCGM 2.0

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Abstract

WebCGM -- first published (1.0) in 1999 followed by a second (errata) release in 2001 -- unifies potentially diverse approaches to CGM utilization in Web document applications, and therefore represents a significant interoperability agreement amongst major users and implementors of the ISO CGM standard. WebCGM finds significant application especially in technical illustration,

electronic documentation, and geophysical data visualization, amongst other application areas.

WebCGM 2.0 adds a DOM specification (API) for programmatic access to WebCGM objects, and a specification of an XML Companion File (XCF) architecture, for externalization of non-graphical metadata. WebCGM 2.0, in addition, builds upon and extends the graphical and intelligent content of WebCGM 1.0, delivering functionality that was forecast for WebCGM 1.0, but was postponed in order to get the standard and its implementations to users timely.

The design criteria for WebCGM aim at a balance between graphical expressive power on the one hand, and simplicity and implementability on the other. A small but powerful set of standardized metadata elements supports the functionalities of hyperlinking and document navigation, picture structuring and layering, and enabling search and query of WebCGM picture content.

Originating from collaboration between the CGM Open Consortium and W3C Graphics Activity, WebCGM satisfies many of the published W3C requirements for an XML-based scalable graphics format, even though it is a binary format.

Status of This Document

This is the (second) Committee Draft of WebCGM 2.0, developed and published by the OASIS CGM Open WebCGM TC. It includes all of the reviews and issues resolutions since the [first publication of WebCGM 2.0 as an OASIS Committee Draft](#), March 2005. It includes all substantive changes resulting from the San Francisco editors meeting (11-13 July 2005). See the [Change Log](#) for details. There are some minor editorial issues yet to be fixed -- e.g., improvement of picture quality, improvement and addition of examples, etc. Such items are **highlighted and styled like this.**

This specification has been developed within the OASIS CGM Open WebCGM TC. An addendum to the existing WebCGM 1.0 test suite has been built, with new test cases aimed at all of the principal new functional features of WebCGM 2.0. Implementations are in progress.

If the public wishes to comment on this specification, please use the comment button on the [WebCGM TC home page](#). TC members should comment on the archived TC mail list.

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1. Introduction to WebCGM

This section and its subsections are informative (non-normative).

1.1 About WebCGM

The scope of this WebCGM™ 2.0 specification includes three components:

1. an intelligent graphics profile of the ISO Computer Graphics Metafile (CGM) standard (ISO/IEC 8632:1999), tailored to the requirements for scalable 2D vector graphics in electronic documents on the World Wide Web;
2. a WebCGM Document Object Model (DOM), which provides an application programming interface to WebCGM objects in WebCGM viewers;

3. definition of a standard WebCGM XML Companion File (XCF), which allows applications to externalize some non-graphical metadata from WebCGM instances, yet maintain a tight binding of the metadata to WebCGM objects.

WebCGM is a set of specifications targeted especially at the effective application of the ISO standard to representation of 2D graphical content within Web documents.

CGM has been an ISO standard since 1987, and CGM has been a registered media type (image/cgm) for the Internet and the World Wide Web since December 1995. WebCGM 1.0, comprising the original intelligent graphics profile of ISO CGM, was first published in 1999, was re-released in 2001 with error corrections, and forms the basis for the WebCGM 2.0 intelligent graphics profile of this WebCGM 2.0 specification.

1.2 The WebCGM profile and profile rules

The WebCGM profile is a conforming profile of ISO CGM under the stipulations of CGM:1999 Clause 9, "Profiles and conformance", and it utilizes the Profile Proforma (PPF) of CGM:1999 Annex I.1, Proforma tables, for representation of the element-by-element content details.

The WebCGM profile is an "intelligent graphics" profile, which means that in addition to graphical content based on CGM Versions 1-3, the profile includes non-graphical content based on CGM Version 4, Application Structures. The non-graphical content allows the definition of hierarchies of application objects, as well as the association of metadata, such as link specifications and layer definitions, with the objects.

1.3 WebCGM requirements

The content of the original WebCGM 1.0 profile was chosen to satisfy the requirements articulated in the document "W3C Scalable Graphics Requirements", <http://www.w3.org/Graphics/ScalableReq> ([grfreq]), and the specifications and requirements defined in "Use of CGM as a Scalable Graphics Format", <http://www.w3.org/TR/NOTE-cgm> ([cgmreq]). The content of the WebCGM 1.0 profile was also significantly influenced by technical recommendations from the CGM Open Consortium (see <http://www.cgmopen.org/>).

The selection criteria for the WebCGM profile include:

- graphical content: it should have high expressive power; and, it should be both widely implemented, and implementable with a reasonable level of effort.
- intelligence content (structuring and metadata elements): criteria came from the above-mentioned requirements document, [\[cgmreq\]](#), plus additional requirements generated during the first 5 years of deployment and use of the WebCGM 1.0 standard.

The upgraded content of the WebCGM 2.0 profile -- a set of additions, deletions, and modifications applied to the 1.0 profile -- has been shaped by:

- additional requirements generated during 5 years of deployment of WebCGM 1.0 in industry;
- apparent non-use of certain 1.0 features;
- need for convergence with similar profiles in closely related industries.

The DOM and XCF components of WebCGM 2.0 derive from requirements generated during 5 years of deployment of WebCGM 1.0 in industry. The [WebCGM 2.0 Requirements](#) document summarizes these requirements.

1.4 WebCGM and other profiles

The WebCGM 2.0 intelligent graphics profile, like its predecessor WebCGM 1.0, is a profile of the ISO CGM:1999 standard, designed for effective application of CGM in technical Web applications. WebCGM is not aimed at or optimized for any particular technical application sector, but is intended to satisfy general requirements shared by different but closely related technical Web applications.

Following five years of deployment and application of WebCGM and other technical profiles (such as Air Transport Association's), some divergence began to appear. WebCGM 2.0 represents a major effort towards convergence of intelligent graphics profiles in closely related industries. In fact, it is the intention of the authors and publishers of WebCGM 2.0 that it be used as a basis for the definition of industry-specific profiles. The use of WebCGM as a core profile from which specific-industry technical profiles are derived and defined is defined in [Cascading Profiles](#).

1.5 Editions and releases of WebCGM

CGM:1999 Clause 9, "Profiles and conformance", prescribes that profiles shall maintain revision control by using a standard "ProfileEd" keyword. Instances of a profile carry this edition information in their identification section.

This release of WebCGM is Edition 2.0 ("ProfileEd:2.0"). Higher editions may be defined in the future.

This release is the first release of WebCGM 2.0. There may be future releases of WebCGM 2.0, for maintenance and defect correction.

1.6 Roadmap to this specification

WebCGM is written in these major sections:

- This section, containing introductory and overview material, which is *informative* but *not normative*.
- A [WebCGM Concepts](#) section, *informative* but *not normative*.
- Detailed descriptive material on the [V4 content of WebCGM](#), including Content Model which can be used for V4 content. This section is *normative*.
- The definition of a standard [XML Companion File \(XCF\)](#) for use with WebCGM. This section is *normative*.
- The definition of the [WebCGM Document Object Model \(DOM\)](#). This section is *normative* (including normative IDL definitions of the DOM interfaces).
- The [Profile Proforma \(PPF\)](#), comprising an extensive table which addresses every element of the ISO CGM standard, per CGM:1999 Annex I. This section is *normative*.
- [Appendixes](#), including the [normative Conformance appendix](#), plus both normative and informative [References sections](#).

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2. WebCGM concepts

This chapter is informative (non-normative).

2.1 The structure of a WebCGM

A WebCGM is a Version 1, 2, 3, or 4 CGM as defined in ISO/IEC 8632:1999, with some restrictions. The restrictions improve the interoperability of WebCGM, and simplify the production of WebCGM interpreter (viewer) tools.

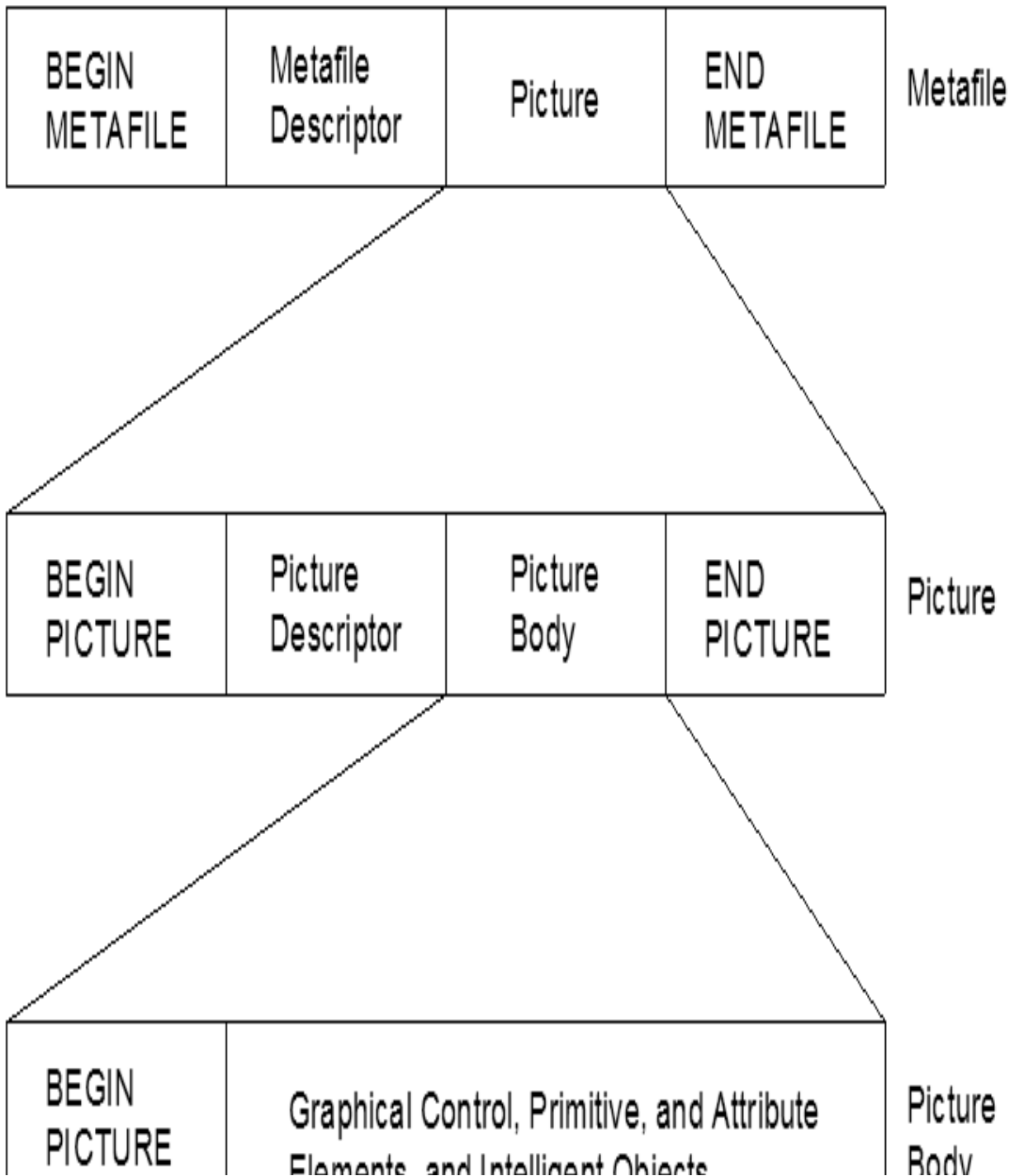
A WebCGM 2.0 instance, as shown in Figure 1, consists of a single Picture.

Properties which apply to the whole metafile are defined in the Metafile Descriptor. These include descriptive information about the metafile, the precisions of numbers, as well as identifiers for fonts and such resources. Properties which apply to the elements in the body of the picture are contained in the Picture Descriptor. These include such information as picture size and scaling, specification modes for aspects such as line width, and background color. Because WebCGM 2.0 allows only a single picture per metafile, the distinction -- whole-metafile versus picture-specific -- may not seem useful. However, because a WebCGM 2.0 metafile must be a valid ISO CGM:1999 metafile, the ISO CGM:1999 metafile structure is observed.

The WebCGM picture contains CGM graphic elements, as well as (optionally) Application Structures. Application Structures define intelligent objects within the picture, which are comprised of groups of graphical primitives. These intelligent objects may contain attributes or properties. WebCGM defines several types of intelligent objects - "graphical object", "paragraph", "layer", and "sub-paragraph" - as well as a few properties which each group may have.

WebCGM 2.0 also defines a purely graphical grouping mechanism, "graphical node", which groups graphical primitives as an Application Structure, but disallows the attributes or properties that associate intelligence with objects.

[Ed. Fix ugly picture (rough resampling) for next version.]



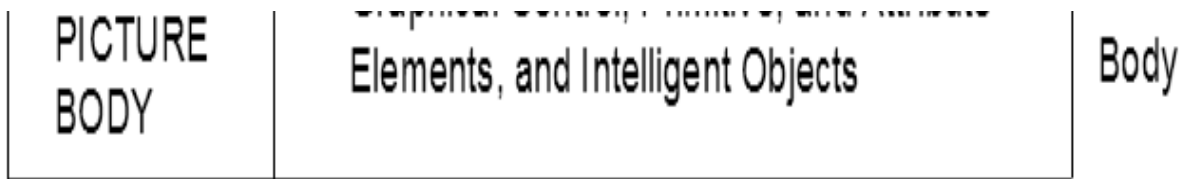


Figure 1. WebCGM File Structure

2.2 Picture content and usage

2.2.1 Raster and vector content

CGM supports both raster and vector graphics in the same picture. WebCGM permits the use of popular raster compression methods - CCITT group 4, JPEG, and the deflate (LZ77 derivative) method of PNG - for raster content embedded within the picture. For information about scaling of WebCGM pictures in Web documents, see section [WebCGM and the object element](#).

2.2.2 Drawing model

Elements rendered first may be wholly or partially hidden by elements rendered later. In the ISO CGM standard, the writing mode of primitives is "replacement mode" - content is rendered opaquely on top of previous content. To meet per-primitive (and per-pixel) transparency requirements, WebCGM includes a registered extension for Alpha transparency, as well as registered colour models RGB-alpha and sRGB-alpha.

2.2.3 Overlaying a picture

In the ISO CGM:1999 standard, a picture has an implicit or explicit opaque background. Graphic elements within the picture are rendered in the order they appear in the metafile. It is a requirement of a 2D graphics format for Web documents that pictures may be overlaid on previous content. For this, it must be controllable whether the picture background is opaque or transparent (both cases are needed), or "translucent" (partially opaque).

This may be handled in two ways with WebCGM. First, the "TRANSPARENT" parameter of the OBJECT tag may be used (see section ["WebCGM and the object element"](#)). Second, the registered Alpha-transparency ESCAPE element may be included in the Picture Descriptor and applied to the background colour of the picture.

2.3 Intelligence - Objects, Layers, Hyperlinks, Metadata

2.3.1 Overview

Within a WebCGM picture, groups of graphical primitives can be defined which structure graphics to meet the requirements of integration into Web documents. Groups in WebCGM are realized as standard Version 4 Application Structures (APS) of ISO CGM.

To meet the requirements of intelligent graphics, four specific group types are defined and allowed in WebCGM: 'gobject', 'layer', 'para', and 'subpara'. WebCGM 2.0 allows a fifth group type, 'grnode', as a convenience for authoring tools to preserve their graphical grouping functions. The detailed normative syntax and semantics of the group types, including viewer behavior, is defined in [Chapter 3](#) and in the [PPF](#). Below is a brief conceptual summary.

Every group has at least one explicit property, its unique identifier (a parameter of the Begin APS element). WebCGM groups other than 'grnode' may have several explicit attributes associated with them. These attributes are realized as standard Version 4 Application Structure Attribute elements (APS Attributes) of ISO CGM.

Throughout Chapter 3, WebCGM normatively defines a detailed content model for the V4 content in the form of an "XML fragment". See section, ["WebCGM Content Model"](#), for an informative (non-normative), all-at-once presentation of the content model.

2.3.2 WebCGM defined group types

WebCGM defines the following allowable group (APS) types, to support the Web document operations of hyperlinking, layered pictures, and text search within graphics:

- gobject - (graphical object) the basic grouping APS for identification of objects, principally used to identify sources and destinations of hyperlinks.
- layer - an APS type that allows the division of a picture into a set of graphical layers, for use by viewers in selective presentation and "2-1/2 D" effects.
- para - (paragraph) an APS type to facilitate text search within graphics, in cases such as multi-element, multi-line text, and other cases (e.g., polygonized text) where text search might otherwise be difficult (or impossible).
- subpara - may be used to identify smaller fragments of text within APS of type 'para', enabling, for example, the marking of the larger text block (the "paragraph") for searching purposes, and the tagging of smaller fragments as hotspots.

The detailed normative syntax and semantics are presented later in this profile. WebCGM 2.0 does allow one other group type for the convenience of authoring tools:

- grnode - may be used for simple grouping of graphical primitives, to preserve authoring tools' grouping functions; none of the facilities (properties & attributes) for attaching intelligence may be used with 'grnode'.

Note. 'Grnode' was not present in WebCGM 1.0, but has been added to WebCGM 2.0 to allow for better hierarchical structure in WebCGM documents. The 'grnode' ("graphical node") APS allows for preservation in the WebCGM metafile instance of the graphical grouping facilities that are typical in illustration authoring tools.

WebCGM does not allow private group types in WebCGM instances. External private metadata can be associated, by id or by name, with all group (APS) types other than 'grnode' within a WebCGM. A standard external mechanism is defined in the [XML Companion File](#)

section.

2.3.3 Usage of WebCGM objects for navigation

Groups of types 'para', 'subpara', and 'grobect' may be used for picking and navigation operations in hyperlinked Web documents. These three APS types are called "objects" in WebCGM.

Objects may contain an explicit 'region' APS Attribute, which provides the boundary for picking operations. This is known as the *overlay model* of object identification (for picking, mouseover screentip display, etc). It is useful in cases where the picking region of an object can not be defined by existing geometry, for example on line art drawings or raster content.

Objects which contain graphical content have an implicit property: the boundary or bounding extent of the enclosed graphical object. This extent is used for picking and navigation operations in hyperlinked Web documents, in the absence of a 'region' attribute. Use of this implicit boundary property for picking and navigation operations in Version 4 CGM instances is referred to as the *embedded model*.

Objects may also be the target of a link. Viewers will generally move the APS into view and scale them to fit into the viewer's rectangle. The exact viewer behavior is controlled by a set of [object behavior keywords](#) associated with the link, and the presence or absence of certain [APS Attributes](#) on the object ('viewcontext', 'region', etc.)

2.3.4 WebCGM defined group properties

Explicit properties or attributes of WebCGM groups are encoded as APS Attribute elements. Each APS Attribute has a "type" parameter, which identifies the property or attribute. WebCGM defines the following allowable group APS Attribute types:

- region - defines a spatial region, to be (optionally) associated with an APS for picking and navigation purposes.
- viewcontext - defines a rectangle, to be associated with an APS for establishing the initial view upon execution of a link to that APS.
- linkuri - defines a link, whose target is specified by a URI, for hyperlinking to text content, pictures in other metafiles, or objects within the same or other metafiles. "#" fragment syntax is defined for a full addressing model down to the object level within the picture, and specifying viewer behavior upon link traversal.
- layername - the name (or number) to be assigned within an APS of type 'layer'.
- layerdesc - optional "layer description" string within an APS of type 'layer'.
- screentip - a string to be associated with an object, to be shown in the typical Web browser "screen tip" style when cursor passes over the object.
- name - a "common name" attribute to be associated with object, that gives a useful search handle or way of defining searchable subtypes of the object type; also allows a group of same-name objects to be a link target.
- content - an optional attribute of the 'para' and 'subpara' APS, which can give a reasonable basis for searching in the case of badly structured text within WebCGM

instances.

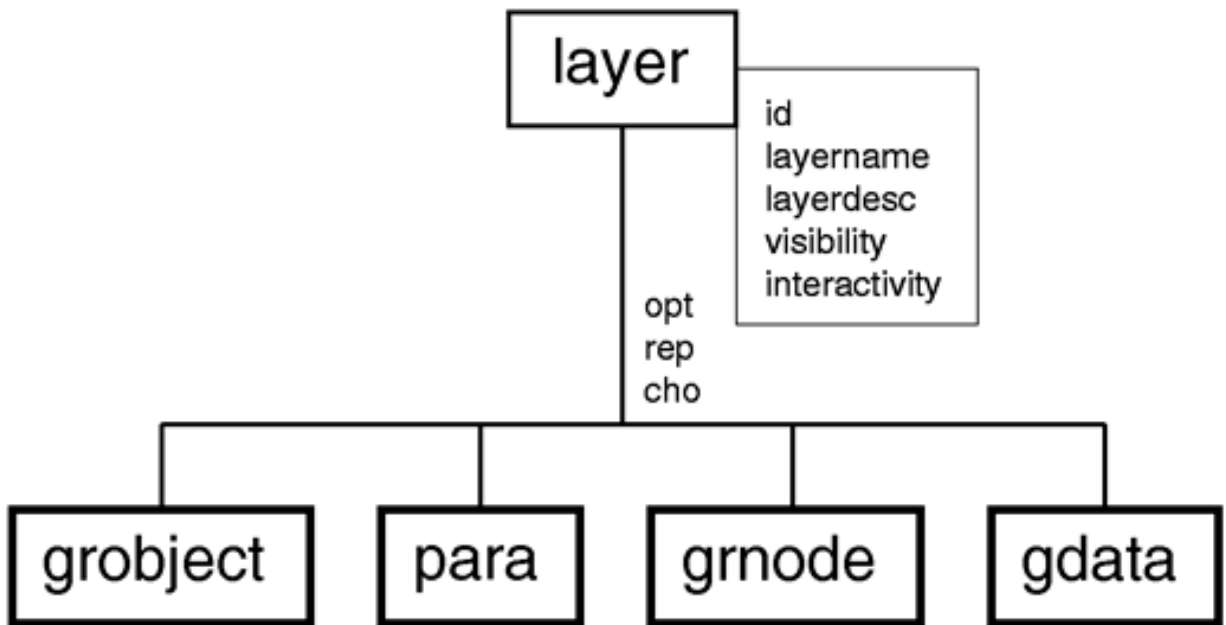
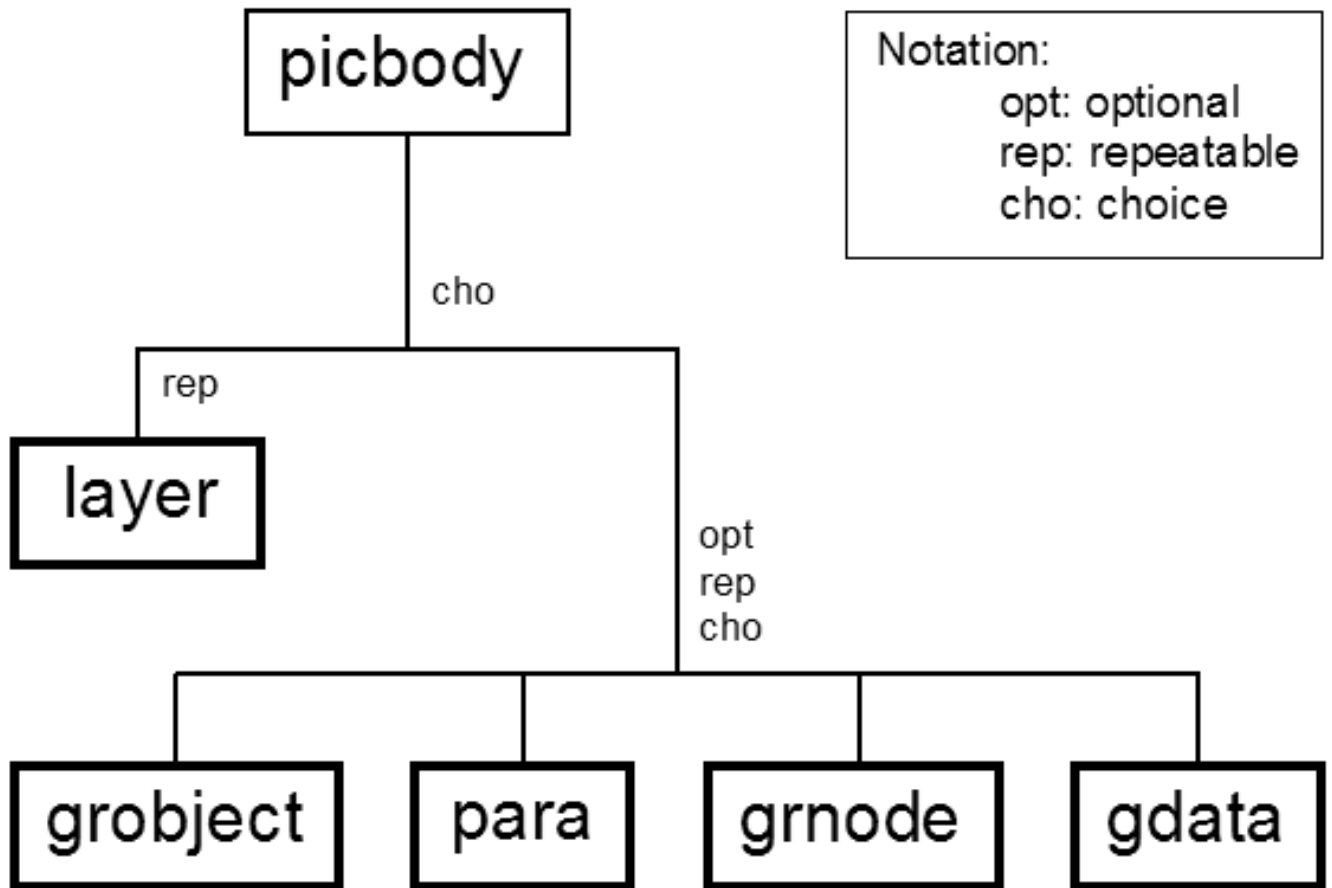
- visibility -- the 'visibility' attribute indicates if an object is visible (drawn) or not, and also potentially disables its eligibility to be picked (invisible objects are ineligible for picking).
- interactivity -- the 'interactivity' attribute indicates whether or not an object is eligible to be picked (i.e., may receive mouse events), and also affects a handful of other interaction-related behaviors (see [normative Chapter 3 description](#) for details).

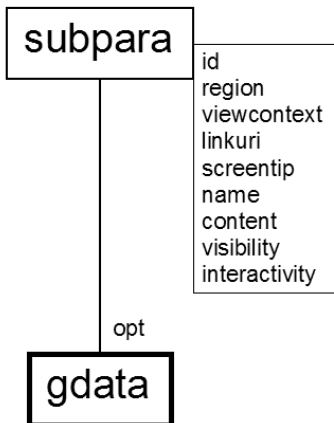
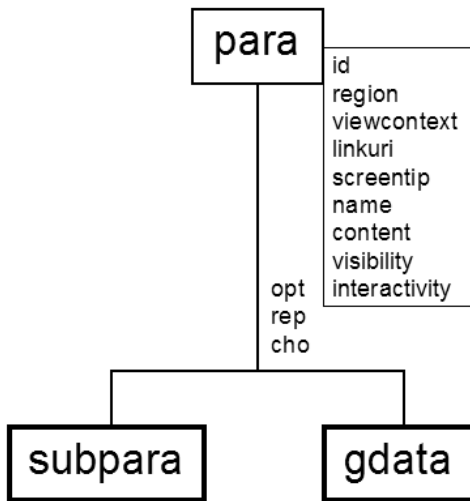
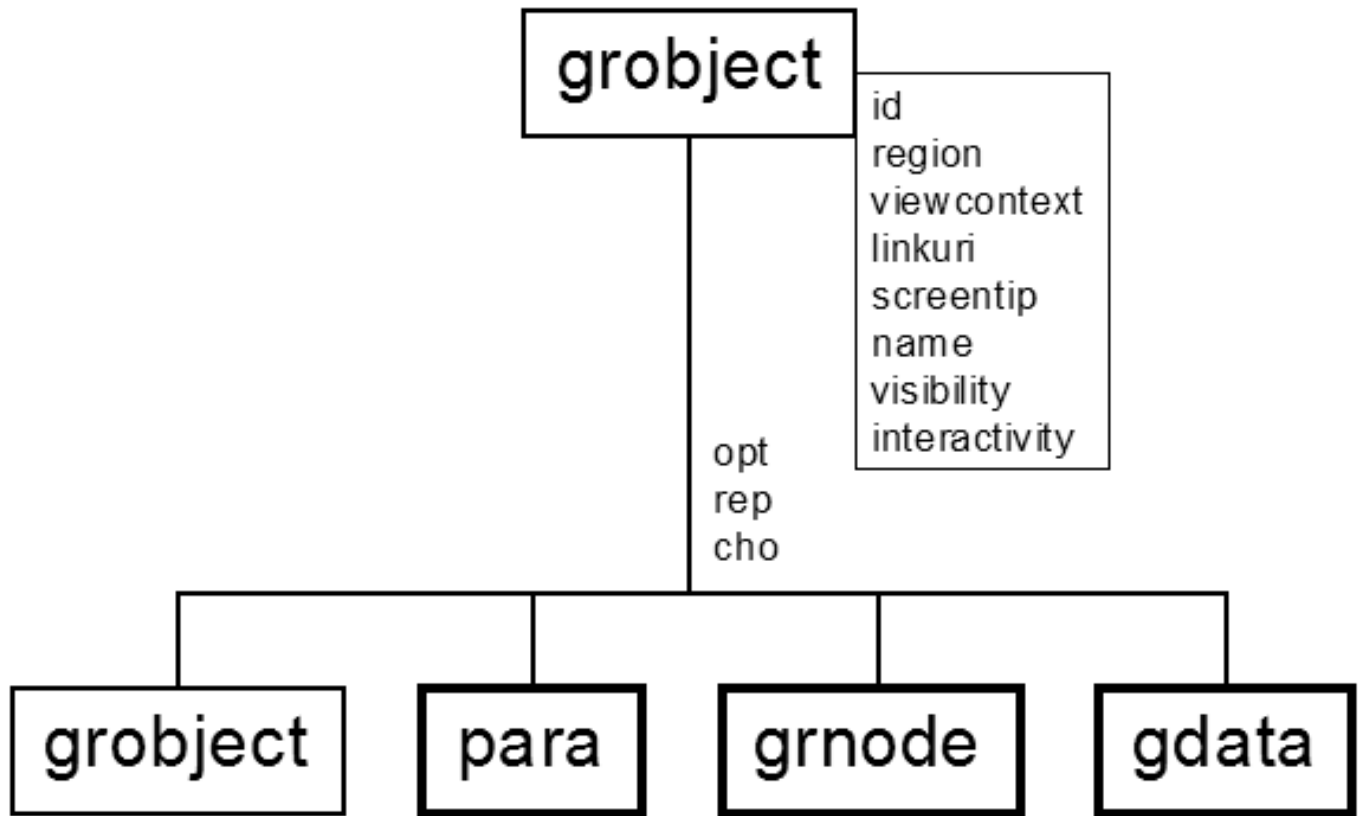
WebCGM does not allow private attribute types in WebCGM instances. External private metadata, including attributes and properties, can be associated by id or by name with all group (APS) types other than 'grnode' within a WebCGM. A standard external metadata binding mechanism is defined in the [XML Companion File](#) chapter .

2.3.5 Content Model

The detailed normative syntax and semantics are presented later ([Chapter 3](#)) in this specification. The structure and relationships of the intelligence content are illustrated in the following diagrams. In the following, picbody is not a specific WebCGM object type, but rather a convenience to refer to that part of the CGM picture which is between the Begin Picture Body element and the End Picture Element, exclusive. Boxes with heavy borders indicate elements that are decomposed further, and offset boxes indicate attributes associated with an element. Similarly, gdata is not an object type, but rather a catch-all reference to zero or more CGM graphical elements which WebCGM allows, and which are valid at such a position according to the rules of CGM. The cgmpri attribute associated with gdata represents an entity that associates the graphical primitives to the model. See Figure 2.

[Ed. Fix ugly picture(s) -- rough resampling -- for next version.]





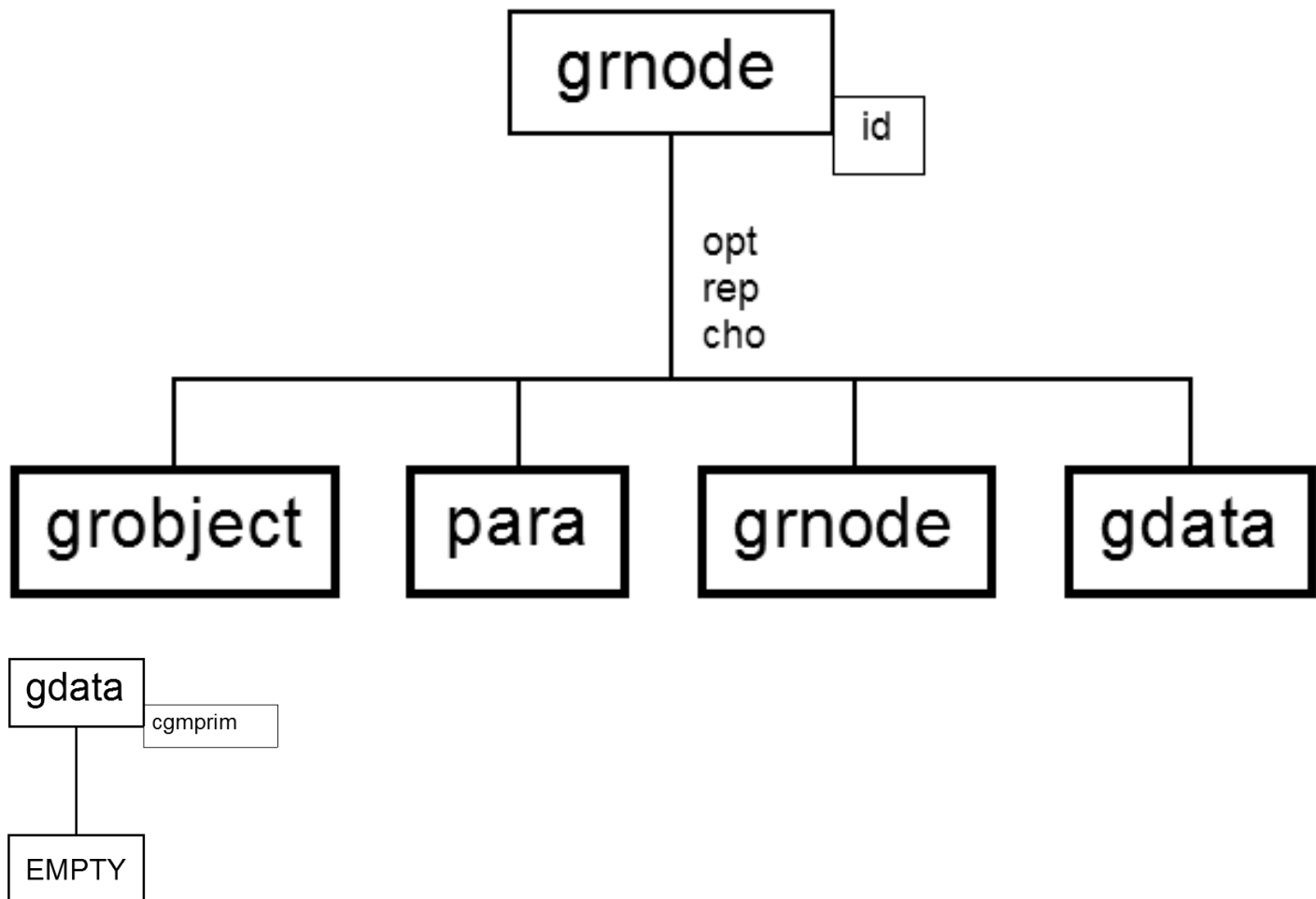


Figure 2. WebCGM Structure Diagrams

2.3.6 Hyperlinking

WebCGM supports bi-directional hyperlinking within individual WebCGM instances, between WebCGM instances and other Web media types.

In-line linking is supported, from WebCGM objects (APS of type 'gobject', 'para', and 'subpara') to WebCGM graphic files, objects, as well as to text and other media types. WebCGM fully supports linking from other media to WebCGM files and objects.

Links from WebCGM objects are realized as 'linkuri' APS Attribute elements contained within the definitions of the objects. The address of the link (the first parameter of the 'linkuri') is any valid URL according to the rules of [RFC-3986](#).

Objects may contain multiple 'linkuri' APS attribute instances, for which case the associated Link Title parameter is available to help the user select the destination. WebCGM prescribes a uniform viewer requirement to offer destination choice to the user for such multi-destination cases.

The target of a link, either from within a WebCGM or from another media type (e.g., HTML text), may be a WebCGM instance. WebCGM defines an optional "fragment syntax" for

addressing objects within a WebCGM metafile. A "#" character terminates the base URL, and following the "#" is the WebCGM syntax for object addressing, and for specifying viewer behavior upon execution of the link.

The fragment syntax, in full generality, is:

```
<base-URL>#<pict-part>.<obj-part>
```

The <pict-part> is identified by a keyword and has two pieces, the picture locator (either the 'PictureId' string parameter of the CGM, or the picture sequence number), and viewer behavior upon navigating to the picture. With the WebCGM 2.0 restriction of one picture per metafile, the <pict-part> is not useful, but is maintained in the syntax for backward compatibility (with WebCGM 1.0 implementations).

The <obj-part> similarly is identified by a keyword and has two pieces, the Id parameter of the object (APS), and viewer behavior.

The syntax is well-defined so that in many common cases, keywords and pieces can be eliminated and defaulted. So, for example, <base-URL>#<string> unambiguously identifies the object (APS) whose Id parameter is "<string>" in the first (only) picture of the metafile pointed to by "<base-URL>".

See the [normative specifications of Chapter 3](#) for complete details and examples.

2.4 Encodings

ISO CGM defines two encodings of the CGM functionality: Binary, and Clear Text. WebCGM, like other leading industry profiles of CGM, limits the encoding to Binary for the purposes of conforming interchange. It is the Binary encoding which is registered as a MIME type. Using available encoding converters, the Clear Text encoding can be used for debugging, hand authoring, demonstration, etc.

2.5 Graphical content of WebCGM

The graphical content of WebCGM is chosen to balance the requirements of high expressive power, and simplicity to implement. It is a subset of the Model Profile (MP) of the CGM standard.

The WebCGM [Profile Pro-forma \(PPF\)](#), later in this document, gives the complete normative graphical content details. Following is a conceptual summary.

2.5.1 Graphical primitives

The most obvious aspect of a graphics format is the collection of graphical primitives - those drawing elements which define the geometric and other presentation content of the format. CGM:1999 contains a rich selection of vector graphics primitives, plus fully integrated state-of-

the-art compressed tile raster content.

WebCGM 2.0 includes most of the significant of the graphical drawing primitives of CGM:1999.

- The simple generic drawing primitives - polylines and disjoint polylines, polygons, polygon sets.
- A number of specialized objects, for convenience and efficiency - rectangles, circles and ellipses, circular and elliptical arcs and pie slices. These come in both unfilled (line) and filled flavors.
- Graphical Text primitives:
 - WebCGM allows the simple Restricted Text primitive of CGM:1999 (which carries its extent box with it), as well as the Append Text element (continuation of a text string, after change of attributes such as font, color, ...)
 - WebCGM also supports text-on-path: paths other than simple straight lines can be defined (similar to Compound Line), and the text is laid out along that path.
- Closed Figure and Compound Line - these primitives allow the construction of complex paths as a concatenation of any of the other line and fill primitives. The path may either be drawn according to CGM line attributes, or filled according to any of the permissible fill attributes.
- Smooth curves, available in two flavors:
 - the basic and popular piece-wise cubic Bezier capability of the CGM:1999 Polybezier element;
 - more powerful Non-uniform B-splines (NUBS) and Non-uniform Rational B-splines (NURBS).
- Raster capabilities are available in two flavors, fully integrated with the scalable vector functionality of WebCGM:
 - the simple, uncompressed (except for run-length) Cell Array element of CGM:1999;
 - and the compressed, tiled Tile Array capability of CGM version 3. The popular Web compression formats of CCITT Group 4, PNG, and JPEG are among the supported compression types.

In CGM:1999 but excluded from WebCGM 2.0 are:

- The unrestricted TEXT element is prohibited (the results are unpredictable, so the more reliable RESTRICTED TEXT is required).
- The Hyperbolic Arc and Parabolic Arc elements of CGM:1999 are prohibited (these are seen in some advanced engineering formats, but not yet in Web practice).
- Polysymbol - the Polysymbol element allows the sizing and placement into CGM pictures of "symbols", which are defined in an external Symbol Library (which itself is a CGM).

2.5.2 Attributes and controls

Attribute elements and control elements determine the details of the appearance of graphical primitives.

- Line attributes of WebCGM include line dash styles, line width, line color, and the controls over appearance of line cap and line join. Dash styles can either be predefined, or can be defined precisely by the generator of the metafile.
- Fill attributes control the appearance of the interior of filled primitives. One attribute controls the overall style of the filled-area interior - solid color, hatch, bitmap-style pattern, empty, and hollow. In the case of hatch interior, the style can either be one of a handful of predefined, or can be precisely defined in the metafile. The pattern can be defined as a small "raster tile" of two or more colors.
- The related Edge attributes control the appearance of edges of filled areas, and are for the most part identical to Line attributes.
- The appearance of graphical text can be controlled by the attributes of font and character set (see later), text size, orientation, inter-character spacing, expansion-compression of nominal character aspect ratios - the important aspects needed for precise control in modern graphical text presentation. The orientation attribute actually give control not just of rotation, but skewness and aspect distortion, i.e., it is equivalent to a local transformation on text elements.
- WebCGM 2.0 also supports the Generalized Text Path capability (text on arbitrary, curved paths), with the style (Generalized Text Path Mode) limited to 'axis-tangential'.
- WebCGM clipping support includes:
 - rectangular regions;
 - arbitrary complex clip regions (Protection Region, similar to Closed Figure), with Protection Region Indicator restricted to 'clip'.

The following attribute and control features of CGM:1999 are excluded from WebCGM 2.0.

- The use of the bundled attributes model of CGM Version 1 is prohibited, which eliminates all of the Version 1 bundle index elements, the ASF elements, and the bundle-table setting elements of Version 2.
- The use of the CGM Version 2 Segment functionality is prohibited, and its dozen or so associated elements may not occur in valid WebCGM metafiles.
- The Geometric Pattern fill capability is prohibited.
- Shielding functionality is excluded, i.e., Protection Region with mode (Protection Region Indicator) 'shield'.

2.5.3 Colour and transparency

The normal behavior of CGM:1999 viewers is to render later occurring primitives completely opaquely on top of earlier primitives. Two notions of transparency are supported in WebCGM 2.0:

- First, a WebCGM picture can be placed with transparent background via the TRANSPARENT parameter of the OBJECT tag.
- Second, per-element and per-pixel translucency (on a continuum between fully opaque and fully transparent) can be defined via an alpha-transparency Escape element specified in the ISO Register of Graphical Items.

The full range of standard CGM:1999 color models is limited in WebCGM. The default RGB model is included, as well as the models: RGB-alpha; the colorimetric RGB space of the

Web, sRGB; and sRGB-alpha. The latter three are registered in the ISO Register of Graphical Items.

2.5.4 Character sets and fonts

Fully international text is supported in WebCGM by:

- Allowing Unicode, UTF-8 or UTF-16, to be selected in the character set designation and selection mechanisms.
- Requiring the use of the CGM:1999 Font Properties element, in the case of fonts outside of a required core set of 13. The Font Properties element carries a handful of parameters which are descriptive of a set of font attributes which are most commonly used to classify and call out fonts.

The default character set is "ISOLatin1". A core set of 13 fonts, the same as those in the ISO CGM Model Profile (MP), are required in WebCGM implementations.

2.6 WebCGM XML Companion File (XCF)

The WebCGM XML Companion File (XCF) is a new significant new component of WebCGM, forecast in 1.0 and added in the 2.0 upgrade. The WebCGM XCF provides a standard way to externalize metadata from a WebCGM instance, while maintaining a tight binding of that metadata to objects (APs) in the WebCGM instance.

The WebCGM XCF was designed with three main usage scenarios in mind. A WebCGM companion file:

1. can be used to bind application specific metadata (such as a part number) to a particular Application Structure in a WebCGM illustration.
2. could also be used to update metadata in a WebCGM illustration via the WebCGM DOM (see DOM section [Relationship with XML companion file](#) for more information).
3. could be used as a partial inventory of a WebCGM illustration by enumerating the Application Structures IDs, types and (most) attributes. (Note that it is out-of-scope of this version of WebCGM XCF to fully mirror the hierarchical structure of a CGM graphic (see "[Structure overview](#)" in the XCF chapter.)

Examples and more details may be found in the [WebCGM XML Companion File \(XCF\)](#) chapter, the complete normative definition of the WebCGM XCF.

The normative definition of XCF includes a base and generic DTD. The WebCGM XCF is designed to be extensible, by other profiles derived from WebCGM 2.0, as well as applications of WebCGM 2.0. In particular, this allows industry specific metadata to be added to the WebCGM object model. See the [normative XCF definition](#) for details.

The XCF is a mechanism to bind external metadata to objects in WebCGM instances. Accordingly, unlike hierarchical tree structured WebCGM instances, the structure of the XML

Companion File is mostly flat. See the normative section, [Relationship with XML companion file](#), for more details.

2.7 WebCGM Document Object Model (DOM)

2.7.1 Motivation

An interface for programmatic access to WebCGM contents and structure, as well as facilities to manipulate a standardized WebCGM XML Companion File, were perhaps the strongest driving requirements for the upgrade of WebCGM 1.0 to WebCGM 2.0. Virtually all of the WebCGM viewer and user agent implementations had already defined and implemented a proprietary application programming interface (API) for such functionality. Such an interface is part of a Document Object Model (DOM) for WebCGM.

2.7.2 Scope of WebCGM DOM

Compared with detailed, complete DOM specifications such as W3C's [XML DOM Level 3](#), or the DOM of the [SVG 1.1](#) Recommendation, the WebCGM DOM has limited scope. A full DOM would support query and discovery of all objects and entities in a target content (graphic) instance, right down to the leaf nodes of the structure tree. It would also support symmetric, detailed modification and manipulation capabilities for changing the object.

The functionality available in the WebCGM DOM is somewhat more limited. The WebCGM DOM exposes the document graphic structure down to the Application Structure (APS) level -- APS's are the fundamental addressable graphical objects in WebCGM, and are the building blocks of the hierarchical structure tree of a WebCGM.

The WebCGM DOM supports transient manipulation of the APS attributes -- which represent non-graphical metadata associated with the objects -- and transient changes to presentation style of graphical objects. The WebCGM DOM therefore provides the functionality to query and discover the structure of a WebCGM, enumerate its graphical objects, extract associated metadata (e.g., hyperlinking data) from documents, and finally provides users with *standard* ways to add more interactivity to WebCGM documents than was possible in WebCGM 1.0.

The WebCGM DOM also provides functionality for manipulation and application of standard [WebCGM XML Companion Files](#), described in the previous section.

The WebCGM DOM supports a number of usage scenarios and gives access to a number of useful capabilities -- see the [WebCGM 2.0 Requirements](#) for details about the in-scope and out-of-scope capabilities of WebCGM DOM.

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CGM Open specification - WebCGM 2.0 - WebCGM Intelligent Content

3 WebCGM Intelligent Content

This section and its subsections are normative, unless otherwise indicated.

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3.1 Addressing objects

3.1.1 URI fragment specification

3.1.1.1 Fragment definition

The URI (Uniform Resource Identifier) is how resources are identified on the Internet. For example, a CGM file called web.cgm might have the following URI:

`http://example.org/web.cgm`

Objects (application structures and pictures) within a WebCGM are addressed using the mechanism of the URI fragment. These WebCGM rules are derived from and are consistent with the Web protocols defined in [RFC-3986](#).

A URI fragment is the separator character "#" appended to the main part of the URI or the "base", followed by a string. The fragment string is usually specific only to a particular class of applications. This clause defines the WebCGM fragment which allows WebCGM viewers, web browsers, scripting engines, and other applications to:

- address (point to) specific objects within WebCGM files,
- or load and apply an [XML Companion File](#) (XCF).

The base URI is terminated by "#", and a fragment is appended which defines the object, and the desired viewer behavior. The URI fragment syntax is based on concepts described in the *XML Pointer Language* (see [Xpointer Framework](#)). The URI fragment syntax is defined below. The formal grammar for the WebCGM fragment is given using a simple Extended Backus-Naur Form (EBNF) notation.

Note. Multiple pictures per WebCGM instance were allowed in the previous edition, WebCGM 1.0. WebCGM 2.0 allows only one picture per metafile. For backward compatibility with existing viewer implementations, the fragment syntax is unchanged with regard to the picterm.

3.1.1.2 Fragment EBNF

The following notation is used:

```
* -- 0 or more
+ -- 1 or more
? -- 0 or 1
() -- grouping
| -- separates alternatives
double quotes (") surround literals
```

```
webcgmfragment ::= picterm "." objterm |
                picterm |
                objterm |
                picid "." objid |
                objid |
                xcfterm
```

```
picterm ::= pictureid | pictsequence
```

```
pictureid ::= "pictid(" picid ("," behavior)? ")"
```

```
picid ::= (char)+
```

```

behavior ::= "_blank" | "_self" | "_parent" | "_replace" |
"_top" | target

target ::= (char)+

pictsequence ::= "pictseqno(" picseqno ("," behavior)? ")"

picseqno ::= "1"

objterm ::= specialForm | normalForm

specialForm ::= "id(*,clearHighlight)"

normalForm ::= objectid | objectname

objectid ::= "id(" objid ("," objbehavior)? ")"

objid ::= (char)+

objBehavior ::= navTerm | highlightTerm | navTerm "+"
highlightTerm

navTerm ::= full | zoom | move

highlightTerm ::= newHighlight | addHighlight

objectname ::= "name(" objname ("," objbehavior)? ")"

objname ::= (char)+

xcfterm ::= "xcf(" xcfurl ")"

xcfurl ::= (char)+

```

See next section for a definition of the "char" production.

3.1.1.3 Fragment Character Repertoire

The productions 'picid', 'target', 'objid', and 'objname' in the fragment grammar are represented by parameters in WebCGM of type non-graphical text (CGM type SF). Their character repertoire shall be restricted as follows.

1. Firstly, per the character set for type SF data. See section [6.3, T.14.5](#).
2. Secondly, the character repertoire for all of these productions is further restricted as defined in [section 2.2 of XML 1.0, third edition](#).
3. Thirdly, the repertoire for each of these productions is further restricted as follows:
 - o objid - corresponds to WebCGM APS 'id' parameter; further restrictions: as the *name* construct defined in [section 2.3 of XML 1.0, third edition](#).

- objname - corresponds to WebCGM APS attribute of type 'name'; shall not contain any leading or trailing whitespace (#x09 | #x0a | #x0d | #x20); the 1-character string "*" is not a valid objname; no further restrictions.
- picid - corresponds to the 'id' parameter of WebCGM BEGIN PICTURE elements; further restrictions: as objid for any picid value occurrences within a fragment, otherwise per type SF for the id parameter in the BEGIN PICTURE element itself (see further comments below).
- target - further restrictions: as objid, plus further restricted per ["Frame Target Name"](#) of HTML 4.0 (e.g., must begin with a-zA-Z).
- xcfurl - must be a valid URI string, according to the [encoding rules below](#) (3.1.1.4), and follow the valid-URI rules specified for the first parameter of the ['linkuri' Applicaton Structure Attribute](#).

Note that these character repertoires allow one or more of the characters ".", ",", "(", and ")". These are significant characters in the syntax of the WebCGM fragment specification. If any of these four significant characters is to appear in a valid id/name string within a fragment instance, then the fragment shall use the unabbreviated long form, which is the first of the five optional forms in the 'webcgmfragment' production of [3.1.1.2](#). In particular, all components of the long form shall be included, and none of the parts marked as optional in the EBNF may be omitted.

Note about `picid`: The character repertoire for `picid` occurrence in the fragment ("as `objid`") is more restrictive than the repertoire for the `id` parameter of the BEGIN PICTURE element itself (CGM data type SF, not further restricted). Any application which intends to use the `picid` field in the fragment must generate the picture ids to the more restrictive repertoire of the fragment. Note also, since WebCGM 2.0 does not allow multi-picture metafiles, that the `picid` in the fragment is of limited utility. It could perhaps be used as for quality assurance, for verification that the proper picture/metafile is being processed, but it has no picture-selection usage as it would in multi-picture metafiles.

3.1.1.4 Non-ASCII characters in URIs

The URI character repertoires, as define in the appropriate W3C specifications, basically comprise the alphabetic and numeric characters of ASCII, plus a few punctuations. The character repertoires defined in [3.1.1.3](#) are potentially much richer. The method for handling this disparity is as defined in [section 4.2.2 of XML 1.0, third edition](#). That specification is adapted for WebCGM processors as follows.

A WebCGM processor shall interpret a non-ASCII character in a URI by representing the character in UTF-8 as one or more bytes, and then escaping these bytes with the URI escaping mechanism (i.e., by converting each byte to %HH, where HH is the hexadecimal notation of the byte value).

3.1.1.5 Resolving relative URIs

For the 'xfurl' parameter of the xterm production in the [above EBNF](#), a relative URI is resolved relative to the WebCGM instance with which the [XML Companion File](#) is a companion -- i.e. relative to the base part of the URI containing the fragment -- rather than relative to the file

containing the URI reference (e.g., a HTML file).

EXAMPLE. Suppose an HTML document contains a hyperlink (`href` attribute on `<a>` element) to a WebCGM illustration, and that hyperlink URI contains a fragment specifying to load and apply an XML Companion File:

- HTML at: `http://www.example.org/parts-list.html`
- contains href: `http://www.example.org/illustrations/some-part.cgm#xcf(some-part.xml)`

Then the relative URI "`some-part.xml`" is resolved according to the location of the associated CGM, not according to the location of the HTML:

- `http://www.example.org/illustrations/some-part.xml`

Similarly, if the fragment were `#xcf(companions/some-part.xml)`, then that relative URI resolves to:

- `http://www.example.org/illustrations/companions/some-part.xml`

3.1.2 Fragment parameters

The following subsections describe in detail, how fragment parameters are used to specify the picture behaviors and object behaviors of links containing the parameters. An informative summary of the rules is provided in the [last subsection](#).

3.1.2.1 Picture selection keywords

As noted previously, the picture selection keywords are of limited utility in WebCGM 2.0, which allows only one picture per metafile. However, they are kept in the syntax for backward compatibility with WebCGM 1.0 (which allowed multi-picture metafiles), and they are a required part of the syntax if there is a `picterm` production present (see [EBNF](#)).

`pictid` - The `pictid` keyword indicates that the picture to be viewed is identified by the id of the picture, which is the `id` parameter in the `BEGIN PICTURE` element. In the syntax, this is a required parameter of the `picterm` production, and there may be a second associated parameter, whose value is an optional picture behavior specification (see [EBNF](#)). If the metafile does not contain a picture with the specified picture id value, the first (and only) picture in the metafile is chosen.

`pictseqno` - The `pictseqno` keyword indicates that the identity of the picture to be viewed is by the sequence number of the picture in the metafile. "1" is the only valid value in WebCGM 2.0 (see [EBNF](#)). In the syntax, this is a required parameter of the `picterm` production, and

there may be a second associated parameter, whose value is an optional picture behavior specification.

3.1.2.2 Picture behaviors

Picture behaviors describe to the viewer how to display a picture that is the target of a hyperlink. Picture behaviors are based on the syntax and semantics of "[Frame Target Names](#)" defined in the *HTML 4.01 Specification*.

The reserved names listed below describe the various picture behaviors. All other Picture Behavior values shall be valid Frame Target Names as described in the [HTML 4.01 Specification](#). Frame Target Names must begin with an alphabetic character (a-zA-Z).

In what follows, the following conventions apply:

- "viewer" refers collectively to a browser and/or a CGM viewer (e.g., plugin). The logical result is described, not the method of achieving the result (which in general will require action by browser or viewer or both.)
- "content" refers to either source or destination or a link, and is either a picture (CGM) or a document (HTML), depending upon the formulation of the particular link.

The following Picture Behavior values, except for `_replace`, are defined per [HTML 4.01](#):

`_blank`

The viewer shall load the designated content in a new, unnamed window.

`_self`

The viewer shall load the content in the same frame as the one containing the content that refers to this target.

`_parent`

The viewer shall load the content into the immediate FRAMESET parent of the current frame in which the current content is displayed. This value is equivalent to "`_self`" if the current frame has no parent.

`_replace`

The viewer shall replace the current CGM picture by the designated CGM picture in the same rectangular area in the same frame as the picture which refers to this target. If the ending resource (CGM) is the same as the linking resource, the viewer does not reload the resource. Applicable only to CGM-to-CGM links (i.e., this is not defined in [HTML 4.01](#)), this is the default behavior for such links.

`_top`

The viewer shall load the content into the full, original window (thus canceling all other frames). This value is equivalent to `_self` if the current frame has no parent.

If the picture behavior value is any valid name string other than the above reserved names, (it begins with an alphabetic character (a-zA-Z)), remove the existing content (picture or document) from the frame whose name matches the string and display the specified content in the specified frame. If no frame exists by the specified name, the viewer shall load the designated content (picture or document) in a new window with the specified name.

For **HTML-to-CGM links**, the picture behavior should not be included in any fragment specification. Rather, the effect should be achieved with HTML TARGET attribute on the link specification in the HTML, as specified in the [HTML 4.01 Specification](#). CGM viewers shall ignore picture behavior specifications in URI fragments which are part of links from non-CGM content.

For **CGM-to-HTML links** and **CGM-to-CGM links**, the following table summarizes the rules:

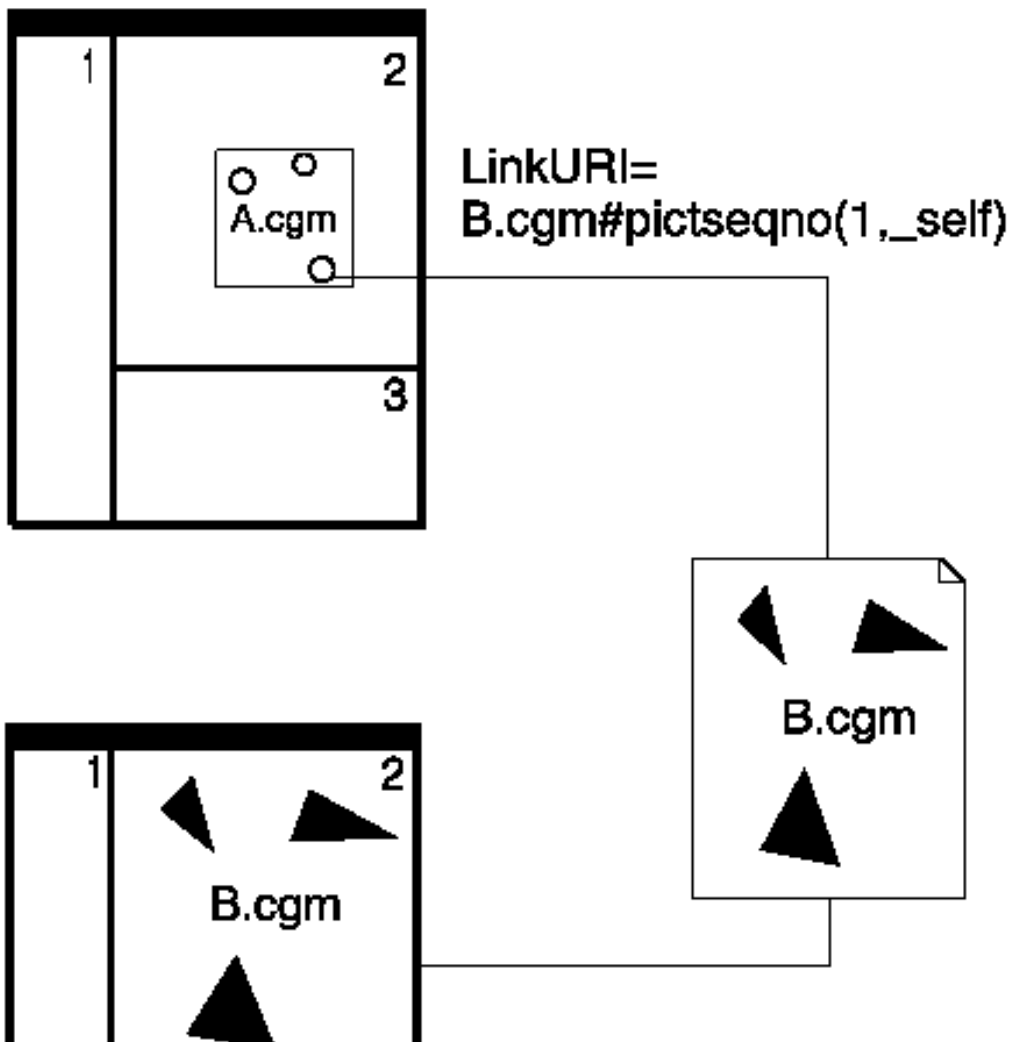
Picture behaviors and different source-to-destination data types.

| Behavior | CGM-to-HTML | CGM-to-CGM |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| _blank | The viewer shall load the designated document in a new, unnamed window. | The viewer shall load the designated picture in a new, unnamed window. |
| _self | The viewer shall load the document in the same frame as the one containing the CGM picture that refers to this target. This is the default for CGM-to-HTML links. | The viewer shall load the picture in the same frame as the one containing the CGM picture that refers to this target. |
| _parent | The viewer shall load the document into the immediate FRAMESET parent of the current frame in which the current picture is displayed. This value is equivalent to "_self" if the current frame has no parent. | The viewer shall load the picture into the immediate FRAMESET parent of the current frame in which the current picture is displayed. This value is equivalent to "_self" if the current frame has no parent. |
| _replace | Not applicable. Default to _self. | The viewer shall display the designated CGM picture in the same rectangular area in the same frame as the picture which refers to this target. If the ending resource (CGM) is the same as the linking resource, the viewer does not reload the resource. This is the default behavior for CGM-to-CGM links. |
| _top | The viewer shall load the document into the full, original window (thus canceling all other frames). This value is equivalent to _self if the current frame has no parent. | The viewer shall load the picture into the full, original window (thus canceling all other frames). This value is equivalent to _self if the current frame has no parent. |

| | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>target</p> | <p>The viewer shall load the document into the frame identified by "target". If no matching frame can be found, the viewer shall load the designated content document in a new window with the specified name.</p> | <p>The viewer shall load the picture into the frame identified by "target". If no matching frame can be found, the viewer shall load the designated content document in a new window with the specified name.</p> |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Note: Link interactions between CGM and non-CGM mime types other than HTML follow the same rules as CGM and HTML interactions.

Figures 3 and 4 below give examples of `_self` and `_replace`.



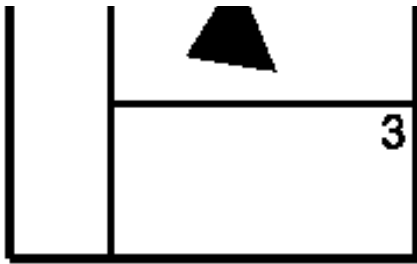
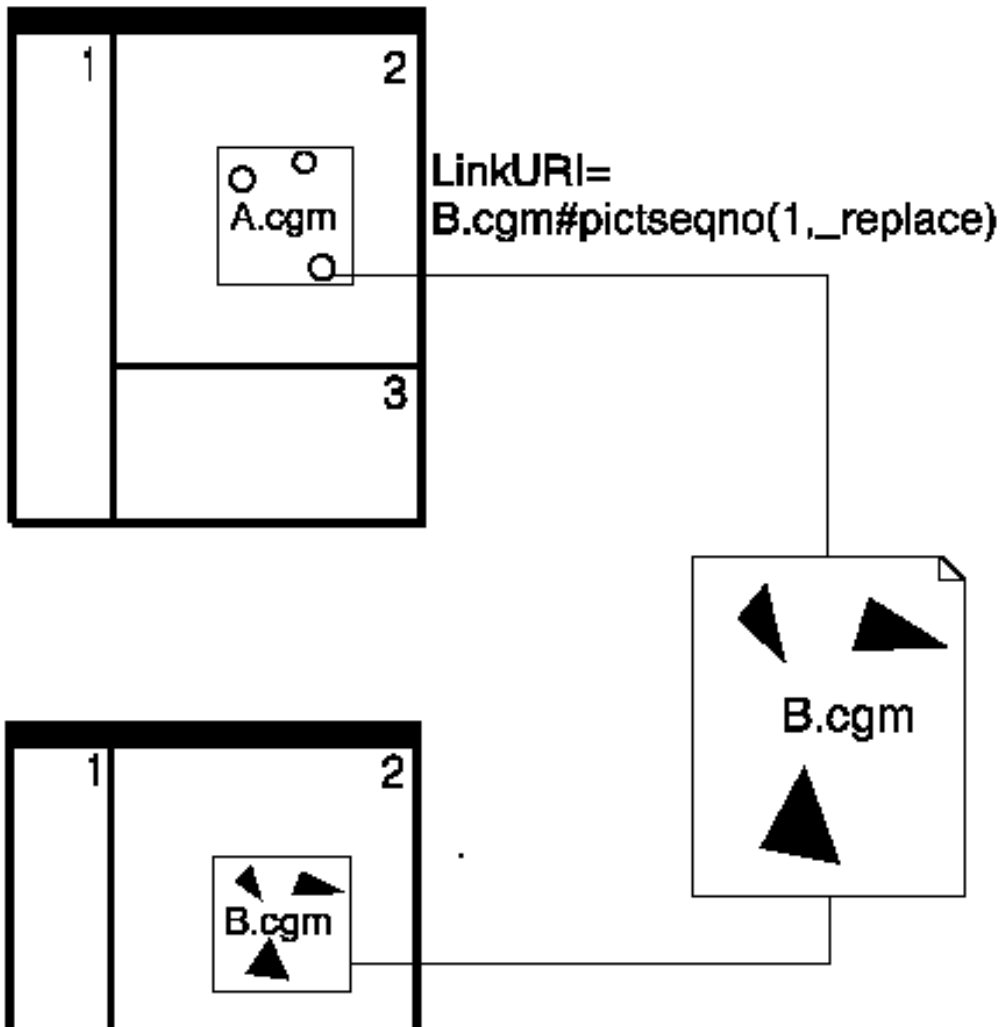


Figure 3. Example of `_self`



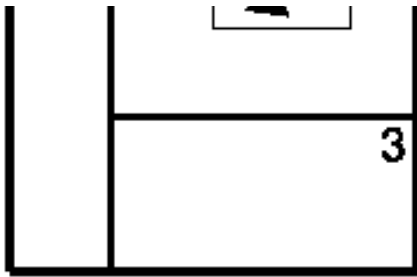


Figure 4. Example of `_replace`

3.1.2.3 Object selection keywords

`id` - the id of the APS of type 'grobect', 'para' or 'subpara' to be selected. The id parameter in the BEGIN APS element. If no match is found in the picture, no object is selected.

`name` - the value of the 'name' attribute in an object (grobect, para, or subpara APS). This is an alternate way to address objects. All objects in the picture with matching 'name' attributes are selected. If no match is found in the picture, no object is selected.

In addition to these two object selection keywords, WebCGM defines one [special form object behavior](#) that allows a wildcard object selection keyword, " * ". The wildcard keyword shall be used only in this special form.

3.1.2.4 Object behaviors

Object behaviors describe to the viewer how to display a picture that is the target of a hyperlink, when that hyperlink contains a [URI fragment](#) that specifies a particular object or group of objects as the target. (object behaviors are also available through the ['linkuri' APS Attribute](#).)

3.1.2.4.1 Enumeration of behaviors

WebCGM 2.0 contains twelve distinct object behaviors, eleven of which are generated by the [fragment EBNF](#), and one of which is defined in the EBNF as a **special-form object behavior** fragment:

```
id(*,clearHighlight)
```

The default object behavior is `zoom+newHighlight`.

The next subsection defines the target rectangle of the navigation behaviors, depending on whether a single or multiple objects are selected by the [object selection keyword](#). The highlight behaviors apply to all objects selected according to the [object selection keyword](#).

The object behaviors are built by from a set three "atomic" navigation keywords and a set of two "atomic" highlight keywords, [defined below](#). The navigation keywords have no highlighting side effects and the highlighting keywords have no navigation side effects -- the navigation and highlighting keyword sets are orthogonal.

The special-form behavior, `id(*,clearHighlight)`, clears highlighting of any and all highlighted objects in the picture, without affecting the navigation state of the picture.

Note that object behaviors are "cumulative". As described in the "[Picture behaviors](#)" section, if a link points to the same CGM file that is currently viewed -- e.g., a CGM-to-CGM link within the same file, with `_replace` picture behavior -- then the picture is not reloaded, and any new object behaviors are applied starting from the current viewing state of the picture.

The following table enumerates the object behaviors available in WebCGM 2.0. The *Navigation* column indicates whether the viewer performs any navigation for the behavior, for the [selected object\(s\)](#). *Highlighting* indicates whether the viewer adjusts the highlighting of the [selected object\(s\)](#) in some way ("X") or not.

Object behaviors of WebCGM 2.0

| Behavior | Navigation | Highlighting |
|--------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| full | X | |
| zoom | X | |
| move | X | |
| newHighlight | | X |
| addHighlight | | X |
| full+newHighlight | X | X |
| zoom+newHighlight (default) | X | X |
| move+newHighlight | X | X |
| full+addHighlight | X | X |
| full+addHighlight | X | X |
| full+addHighlight | X | X |
| clearHighlight | | X |

Note. WebCGM 2.0 deprecates three object behaviors -- `view_context`, `highlight`, and `highlight_all` -- that were defined in WebCGM 1.0.

3.1.2.4.2 Definition of target rectangle

If navigation to an object or group of objects is indicated, a target rectangle must be calculated as follows:

- If the object APS contains a [‘viewcontext’ APS Attribute](#), the target rectangle is described by the ‘viewcontext’ APS Attribute.
- If the object APS does not contain a ‘viewcontext’ attribute, but contains a ‘region’ attribute, the target rectangle is the rectangle enclosing the region defined by the ‘region’ APS attribute.
- If the object APS contains neither a ‘viewcontext’ nor a ‘region’ attribute, the target rectangle is the bounding box of the graphical primitives of the object.
- For multiple [selected objects](#) the target rectangle is the bounding box of the target rectangles of the individual objects, which latter are computed according to the preceding 3 bullets.

3.1.2.4.3 Definition of behaviors

full

The viewer shall present a full picture view of the appropriate picture.

zoom

The viewer shall fit the [target rectangle](#) of the [selected object\(s\)](#) into the viewer’s rectangle and center it. The “zoom” behavior is the default behavior in WebCGM 2.0.

move

The viewer shall move (pan) the illustration such that the [target rectangle](#) is centered inside the viewer’s rectangle. If the target rectangle is too large, the viewer shall fit the target rectangle into the viewer’s rectangle and center it.

newHighlight

Highlight the [selected object\(s\)](#), first removing any highlighting that may exist on objects in the picture.

addHighlight

Highlight the [selected object\(s\)](#), leaving highlighted any objects in the picture that may be already highlighted.

clearHighlight

See the definition of the **special-form object behavior** fragment in the [enumeration of behaviors](#).

3.1.2.5 Zoom and pan

In addition to being able to meet the zooming and panning requirements imposed by the above object behavior specifications, and those zooming and panning requirements imposed by support of the [object element's parameters](#), viewers which operate in an interaction-capable environment shall have zoom and pan controls available to the user. The exact methods and user interface styles for zoom and pan selection and manipulation are viewer dependent.

3.1.2.6 XML Companion File

The [fragment syntax](#) can be used to load and apply an XML Companion File (XCF) together with the WebCGM file. The interpreter will load the WebCGM file first. Then it will load and apply the XML Companion File specified by the URI ([resolving a relative URI](#) if necessary), as defined in RFC3986. A viewer must apply the XCF before first display of the CGM. Interpreters without support for the WebCGM DOM will ignore this fragment type.

3.1.2.7 Summary of behaviors

The following informative table summarizes the rules for how the picture and object behaviors are expressed for links of different types, i.e., depending on the source and destination media types of the link. References are provide to the locations of the rules.

| Type of link | picBehavior | objBehavior |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HTML-to-CGM | 'target' attribute of a element [ref] ; not applicable (n/a) for object element | URI fragment, form without picterm [ref] |
| CGM-to-HTML | 3rd parameter of 'linkuri' [ref] ; | not applicable (n/a) |
| CGM-to-CGM | preferred: 3rd parameter of 'linkuri' [ref] ; deprecated: picTerm of URI fragment in 1st parameter (ref) | URI fragment in 1st parameter of 'linkuri' [ref] |
| DOM-script-CGM | 'src' URI: prohibited -- only "_replace" supported [ref] ; (DOM changes to 'linkuri' follow 'linkuri' rules.) | URI fragment on 'src' [ref] ; (DOM changes to 'linkuri' follow 'linkuri' rules) |
| XCF-to-CGM | n/a (prohibited) -- XCF can only edit 'linkuri' | (XCF changes to 'linkuri' follow 'linkuri' rules) |

3.1.3 Examples

This subsection is informative (non-normative).

3.1.3.1 Preliminaries

The WebCGM fragment in its most verbose form provides the means to address objects between metafiles, and tells the viewer what to do to execute the link. The default viewer behavior defines what the browser shall do if the WebCGM fragment does not explicitly define the viewer behavior.

The following examples illustrate some of the ways the WebCGM fragment can be used. The examples describe how one might address a set of CGM files relating to various views of an engine which are stored on the example.org website (<http://example.org/webcgm/>). The CGM files contain various views of an engine assembly - the top view, the front view, the right view, the left view, and the isometric view. The CGM files are identified as follows:

Metafile 1: "engine_top.cgm"

Metafile 2: "engine_front.cgm"

Metafile 3:"engine_right.cgm"

Metafile 4:"engine_left.cgm"

Metafile 5: "engine_iso.cgm"

Each metafile contains several identifiable objects - the oil pump, the cylinder head, the fan, the radiator, or the distributor. Not all objects are shown in all views.

The objects contained in each metafile are as follows:

Metafile 1:

Oil pump: id='oil-pump-t' name='lube-system'

Cylinder head: id='cyl-hd-t' name='engine'

Fan: id='fan-t' name='cooling'

Radiator: id='rad-t' name='cooling'

Distributor: id='dist-t' name='ignition'

Metafile 2:

Oil pump: id='oil-pump-f' name='lube-system'

Cylinder head: id='cyl-hd-f' name='engine'

Fan: id='fan-f' name='cooling'

Radiator: id='rad-f' name='cooling'

Distributor: id='dist-f' name='ignition'

Metafile 3:

Oil pump: id='oil-pump-r' name='lube-system'

Cylinder head: id='cyl-hd-r' name='engine'

Fan: id='fan-r' name='cooling'

Radiator: id='rad-r' name='cooling'

Metafile 4:

Cylinder head: id='cyl-hd-l' name='engine'

Fan: id='fan-l' name='cooling'

Radiator: id='rad-l' name='cooling'

Distributor: id='dist-l' name='ignition'

Metafile 5:

Oil pump: id='oil-pump-i' name='lube'

Cylinder head: id='cyl-hd-i' name='engine'

Fan: id='fan-i' name='cooling'

Radiator: id='rad-i' name='cooling'

Distributor: id='dist-i' name='ignition'

3.1.3.2 Example 1

[Ed. SF Editors meeting resolved to rewrite these examples so they are all valid fragment and/or linkuri 1st/3rd parameter usage, and relate them to technical illustration instead of engineering drawing. To be included in next version].

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_top.cgm#pictseqno(1,_blank).id(cyl-hd-t,highlight)
```

When used as the value of the URI attribute in an object in a CGM file, this URI retrieves engine_top.cgm CGM file from the example.org web site and displays the first picture in a new window, highlighting the object with an id of "cyl-hd-t". The existing display remains. The entire picture is displayed, regardless of the presence of a 'viewcontext' APS for the object "cyl-hd-t". Note that inclusion of the picture behavior, "_blank", in the URI fragment is not the preferred formulation for this link/behavior combination (see [3.2.2.3](#)), when the link is contained within CGM content. The preferred form would place the string "_blank" into the 3rd parameter of the 'linkuri' APS attribute, and the first parameter would be:

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_top.cgm#pictseqno(1).id(cyl-hd-t,highlight)
```

3.1.3.3 Example 2

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_top.cgm#pictseqno(1).id(oil-pump-t,highlight)
```

When used as the URL in an OBJECT element in HTML, this example displays the CGM inside a rectangle defined by the width and height parameters of the OBJECT tag, displaying the whole picture with the pump highlighted.

3.1.3.4 Example 3

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_iso.cgm#pictseqno(1,topframe).id
(dist-i,highlight_zoom)
```

When used as the value of the URI to target an object in a CGM file, this URI retrieves the engine_iso.cgm CGM file from the example.org web site and displays the picture in the metafile in the frame named "topframe", highlighting the object with an id of "dist-i". If present, the 'viewcontext' APS Attribute for the object "dist-i" is used to determine the rectangular portion of the picture to display in the frame, else the fallback computation of a [target rectangle](#) used. Note, as in example 1, that inclusion of the picture behavior, a target frame named "topframe", in the URI fragment is not the preferred formulation for this link/behavior combination (see [3.2.2.3](#)), when the link is contained within CGM content. The preferred form would place the string "topframe" into the 3rd parameter of the 'linkuri' APS attribute, and the first parameter would be:

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_iso.cgm#pictseqno(1).id(dist-i,
highlight_zoom)
```

3.1.3.5 Example 4

```
http://example.org/engine_front.cgm#picseqno(1,topframe)
```

When used as the value of the URI to target an object in a CGM file, this URI retrieves the engine_front.cgm CGM file from the example.org web site and displays the picture in the metafile in the frame named "topframe." Note, as in examples 1 and 3, that inclusion of the picture behavior, a target frame named "topframe", in the URI fragment is not the preferred formulation for this link/behavior combination (see [3.2.2.3](#)), when the link is contained within CGM content. The preferred form would place the string "topframe" into the 3rd parameter of the 'linkuri' APS Attribute, and the first parameter would be:

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_front.cgm#pictseqno(1)
```

3.1.3.6 Example 5

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_top.cgm#name(cooling)
```

This example retrieves the engine_top.cgm cgm file from the example.org web site and displays the picture in the metafile. The view zooms to the first object containing a 'name' attribute with value "cooling". The 'viewcontext' APS Attribute, if it exists, is used to define the rectangular area of the picture to display, else the fallback computation of a [target rectangle](#) used.

3.1.3.7 Example 6

```
http://example.org/webcgm/engine_top.cgm#fan-t
```

This example retrieves the engine_top.cgm cgm file from the example.org web site and displays the picture in the metafile. The view is zoomed to the object with id "fan-t". The 'viewcontext' APS Attribute of the object, if it exists, is used to define the rectangular area of the picture to display, else the fallback computation of a [target rectangle](#) used.

3.1.3.8 Example 7

```
#id(oil-pump-t)
```

This example will zoom the view to the object with id "oil-pump-t" in the currently displayed picture. The 'viewcontext' APS Attribute, if it exists for the object "oil-pump-t", is used to define the rectangular area of the picture to display, else the fallback computation of a [target rectangle](#) used. The address fragment could be shortened even further, to #oil-pump-t.

3.2 Application Structure and APS Attribute descriptions

3.2.1 Application structures

WebCGM defines these APS types: layer, gobject, para, subpara, and grnode. This document uses the term "object" to refer to an APS of type 'gobject', 'para', and 'subpara'.

Although the picture body of a WebCGM picture is not itself an APS, the content rules of the picture body (`picbody`) are defined by this piece of EBNF (see the [fragment syntax](#) for definition of notation):

```
picbody ::= layer+ |
          (gobject | para | grnode | gdata)*
```

I.e., a picture body contains either one or more layers, or else it contains a collection of eligible APSs ('gobject', 'para', 'grnode') and graphical data ('gdata'). The content rules of these APSs are defined in the following sections.

3.2.1.1 Gobject

Description. The application structure (APS) of type 'gobject' is used to group graphical primitives in a picture together and assign certain attributes to the group. The object is geometrically identified either by the set of primitives enclosed between the BEGIN APS and END APS elements (if any), or by the spatial region associated with the 'region' APS Attribute (if present). 'Gobject' APSs may contain any CGM graphical content allowed by this profile.

Definition: The **interactive region** of an object is the effective geometric region for the purposes of all interactive cursor and mouse operations, such as picking and mouseover. By default, the *drawn graphical primitives* of the object define the interactive region. For filled-area primitives this includes: the edge, if edge visibility is 'on'; the interior, if the interior style is other than 'empty' or 'hollow'; and, the boundary, for interior style 'hollow'. For all graphical primitive types, *drawn graphical primitives* exclude any that are fully transparent (so a fully transparent object is equivalent to an empty object, for purposes of interactive region definition). If the

object contains a ['region' APS Attribute](#), then that region area is the interactive region.

Content Model. The content of an APS of type 'gobject' is (see [fragment syntax](#) for definition of EBNF notation):

- `gobject ::= (gobject | para | grnode | gdata)*`
- gobject APS may also contain optional APS attributes of type: region, viewcontext, linkuri, screentip, name, visibility, interactivity.

Viewer Behavior. The selection ("pick") of a 'gobject' APS, as well as other objects (APSs) that may be the target of a "pick" event, follow the rules of [WebCGM DOM events](#). Those rules determine all aspects of the event processing, including the selection of the proper target object when there are multiple eligible candidates, and the selection of the proper handler to process the event. Viewers shall give visual feedback to the user that a successful pick has occurred, and an indication of the particular object (or region) which has been picked. The exact method of feedback is viewer dependent.

Example. A common example in WebCGM usage scenarios is a simple 'gobject', that contains a [linkuri APS Attribute](#). In this simple case, if there is no dedicated mouse event handler attached to the object, the [WebCGM DOM events model](#) says that the event will be "passed on for hyperlink processing." The events model dictates the following outcomes for the common cases:

- if the mouse is in the interactive region of only one APS, it is "picked", and its 'linkuri' is executed;
- if the mouse is in the interactive region of more than one APS, the topmost APS (latest occurring in the metafile) is the one that is "picked", and its linkuri is executed.

If, on the other hand, the object (APS) that is "picked" by the events model rules does not contain a linkuri, then no hyperlink processing occurs and the event is passed along for further processing.

If an APS is the target of a link, either from within the picture or from content external to the picture, then the behavior of the viewer shall be as defined in the section ["Object behaviors"](#).

The CGM:1999 standard allows the definition of an APS to be continued in pieces which are disjoint in the file. If an APS occurs which has the same value of the 'id' parameter as an earlier APS occurrence, then that is construed as a continuation of the definition of that object. WebCGM 2.0 metafile instances shall not contain continued APS constructs.

3.2.1.2 Layer

Description. The 'layer' APS declares that the graphical content within this APS and any valid nested APS ('gobject', 'para', and 'grnode', but not 'layer') belongs to the layer identified by the contained 'layername' APS attribute.

Content Model. The content of an APS of type 'layer' is (see [fragment syntax](#) for definition of

EBNF notation):

- `layer ::= (grobjct | para | grnode | gdata)*`
- exactly one APS attribute of type: layername
- layer APS may also contain optional APS attributes of type: layerdesc, visibility, interactivity.

Viewer Behavior. Viewers shall provide functionality to inform users of the presence of layers, their names and descriptions. Viewers shall provide functionality to selectively turn on and off the visibility of layers. Viewer may, but are not required to, provide additional functionality for the view manipulation and browsing of layers.

3.2.1.3 Para

Description. The application structure (APS) of type 'para', may be used to identify text ("paragraphs"). In the case that the underlying graphic does not represent graphical text in a searchable form (e.g., the text has been rasterized, polygonized, broken into small units, or pieces of a single string occur in awkward order), 'para' together with 'content' can potentially enable text search functionality. 'Para' APSs may contain any CGM graphical content allowed by this profile.

Content Model. The content of an APS of type 'para' is (see [fragment syntax](#) for definition of EBNF notation):

- `para ::= (subpara | gdata)*`
- para APS may also contain optional APS attributes of type: region, viewcontext, linkuri, screentip, name, content, visibility, interactivity.

Viewer Behavior. The WebCGM prescription for priority of text search matching is: 'para' with matching 'content' (1st priority match); 'para' without 'content' but with recognizable single-element RESTRICTED TEXT match (2nd priority match); or, single-element RESTRICTED TEXT match, outside of any 'para' (3rd priority match). Further details of behavior of viewers with respect to identifying matches or communicating the identity of matches is not specified in WebCGM.

In other respects, e.g., picking and link navigation, the viewer behavior of 'para' is identical to that of 'grobjct'. See [3.2.1.1](#).

3.2.1.4 Subpara

Description. The application structure (APS) of type 'subpara', may be used to identify smaller fragments of text within APS of type 'para'. This enables, for example, the identification of the larger text block (the "paragraph") for searching purposes, and the tagging of smaller fragments as hotspots. 'Subpara' APSs may contain any CGM graphical content allowed by this profile, but may not contain nested APS. The APS attribute content rules of sub-para matches those of 'para'.

Content Model. The content of an APS of type 'para' is (see [fragment syntax](#) for definition of

EBNF notation):

- `subpara ::= (gdata)*`
- `subpara` APS may also contain optional APS attributes of type: region, viewcontext, linkuri, screentip, name, content, visibility, interactivity.

Viewer Behavior. See [3.2.1.3](#), 'para'.

3.2.1.5 Grnode

Description. The application structure 'grnode' is meant to group basic graphical primitives only. For this reason, 'grnode' must contain the APS 'id' parameter required by CGM:1999 for all APS, but a 'grnode' cannot contain any APS attribute elements. The content of a 'grnode' is however, not limited to graphical primitives. The allowed APS content of a 'grnode' is the same as for the ['gobject' Application Structure](#).

Even if 'visibility' and 'interactivity' are not allowed on the APS, the 'grnode' supports inheritance (i.e., it is possible to make a 'grnode' visible or non-visible by inserting it within an object which support the 'visibility' attribute).

Content Model. The permissible content of an APS of type 'grnode' is:

- `grnode ::= (gobject, para, grnode, gdata)*`

Viewer Behavior. Unlike other application structures, 'grnode' is not interactive; i.e., it does not receive mouse events. If a mouse event is triggered on the geometry of a 'grnode', an ancestor node of type 'gobject', 'para' or 'subpara' instead may respond to the event. Therefore, the content of a 'grnode' could effectively appear to be interactive, for example, if the 'grnode' were a direct child of a 'gobject', 'para' or 'subpara'. See the [Event interface](#) for more information regarding mouse events.

3.2.1.6 About general metadata elements

Description. This version and level of WebCGM do not allow additional APS elements to occur, other than 'gobject', 'layer', 'para', 'subpara', and 'grnode'. Private metadata may be associated with WebCGM objects by keeping the metadata outside of the CGM, and associating it with objects within the CGM. A means for binding external private metadata to WebCGM instances is defined in the section [XML Companion File](#) (XCF).

3.2.2 Application Structure Attributes

3.2.2.1 Region

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'gobject', 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'region' APS Attribute provides an optional spatial region, associated with a graphical object, which assumes precedence mouse-event operations directed at the object, such as picking, mouseover, etc. This APS Attribute, if present, defines the [interactive region](#) of an object; else, the interactive region is defined by the geometry of the object.

Simple regions of type rectangle, ellipse, polygon, and continuous polybezier can be defined. Complex regions which comprise a collection of simple regions can be built, allowing definition of disjoint subregions, regions with holes, etc. Their semantics (subregions, and interior/exterior definition) are identical to those of the CGM element CLOSED FIGURE. At most one 'region' attribute may be present within a single APS.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one or more member pairs (i.e., $2*m$ members, $m \geq 1$). Each member-pair defines a simple region: the first member is of data type Index, whose valid values are:

1. rectangle
2. ellipse
3. polygon
4. continuous polybezier

The second member is type VDC and contains:

- for rectangle: 4 VDC defining two corner points;
- for ellipse: 6 VDC defining respectively the center, and two CDP endpoints;
- for polygon: $2n$ VDC defining polygon vertex points
- for polybezier: $2*(3n+1)$ VDC values, representing $3n+1$ points, defining n contiguous cubic bezier segments;

For polygon and polybezier regions, closure is implicit (if the last given point does not match the first, then the viewer closes the region with a straight line segment from the last to the first).

In the case that there are multiple simple regions, $m > 1$, then the individual simple regions each correspond to a REGION in the sense of the CGM CLOSED FIGURE element.

Viewer Behavior. See [3.2.1.1](#).

3.2.2.2 Viewcontext

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'gobject', 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'viewcontext' APS Attribute provides specification to viewers of the initial view of an object, when the viewer has been directed to navigate to the graphical object which contains this attribute. A 'viewcontext' APS Attribute may be contained within an otherwise empty APS, in which case the APS provides only a viewport specification. At most one 'viewcontext' attribute may be present within a single APS.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of 1 member of type VDC defining two corner points of a rectangle.

Viewer Behavior. See [3.2.1.1](#).

3.2.2.3 Linkuri

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'gobject', 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'linkuri' APS Attribute defines a URI, to be associated with the object containing this attribute. When the object is selected by a graphical pick operation, and the [WebCGM event model](#) determines that hyperlink processing shall handle the event, then the viewer shall take necessary action to navigate the link. Multiple 'linkuri' attributes may be contained within a single APS. If the object contains more than one 'linkuri' attribute, the user shall be given a choice of which URI to navigate.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing three strings (type SF, String Fixed). The first string is the link destination, a URI, the second string (possibly null) is a Link Title parameter, and the third string (possibly null) is the Behavior parameter. Note that a null string is a zero-length string, and is not the same as an omitted parameter. The parameter must not be omitted.

The destination of a link is specified by a Uniform Resource Identifier, or URI. Any valid URL under the specifications of [RFC-3986](#) is a valid value of this parameter. This specification does not constrain the syntax or semantics of a URI in a 'linkuri' that identifies a resource that is not a CGM file (for example, an HTML or XML document).

The Behavior string defines picture behavior associated with the link. The values and meanings are as defined in [3.1.2.2](#). In cases that the destination is not CGM media type, the 3rd parameter, Behavior, shall be used if picture behavior is to be specified for the link (there is no other option). The Behavior string may also be used for links to CGM media types, and is the preferred method.

In the case that the URI points to CGM media type, the picture behavior may be encoded within the optional fragment identifier in conjunction with the URI structure, per section [3.1.1](#), "Addressing Pictures and Objects". This form is discouraged, and may be removed in a future edition of this profile. For specifying picture behavior, particular WebCGM 'linkuri' instances shall use either the Behavior string (preferred), or the picture behavior specification embedded in the fragment, but not both.

EXAMPLE. The following would be a legal fragment for a CGM-to-CGM link, expressing

both picture behavior and object behavior:

- `#pictseqno(1,_blank).objid(someId, zoom)`

If this link were instead a CGM-to-HTML link, then the only legal form would be:

- `#picseqno(1).objid(someId, zoom)` , plus 'linkuri' 3rd parameter value of `_blank` .

(Note that only the behavior keyword `_blank` goes into the 3rd parameter, not the whole picture term `pictseqno(1,_blank)`.)

For CGM-to-CGM links, the preferred form is the same as the CGM-to-HTML form:

- `#picseqno(1).objid(someId, zoom)` , plus 'linkuri' 3rd parameter value of `_blank` ,
- or simply: `#objid(someId, zoom)` , plus 'linkuri' 3rd parameter value of `_blank` .

3.2.2.4 Layername

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'layer'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'layername' APS Attribute declares that the graphics associated with the 'layer' APS containing this attribute belong to the identified layer. The 'layername' need not be unique. If more than one 'layer' APS contains the same 'layername', then the occurrences following the first occurrence shall be construed as continuing the definition of the named layer. Exactly one 'layername' attribute must be present within each 'layer' APS.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing one string (type SF, String Fixed) - the Layer Name (identifier). The string can be null (zero-length). If the Layer Name is null, then the graphics of this object belong to the null layer.

Viewer Behavior. See [3.2.1.2](#).

3.2.2.5 Layerdesc

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'layer'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'layerdesc' APS Attribute provides optional descriptive text which is associated with the 'layer' APS in which it occurs. This may be used by viewers to facilitate required and optional layer manipulation functions, as described in 3.2.1.2. At most one 'layerdesc' attribute may be contained within a single 'layer' APS.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing one string (type SF, String Fixed).

Viewer Behavior. See [3.2.1.2](#).

3.2.2.6 Screentip

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'gobject', 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'screentip' APS Attribute provides an optional string, to be associated with a graphical object, which viewers can display when the graphical cursor passes over the [interactive region](#) of graphical object. Whether or not the screentip display actually occurs depends on how the [WebCGM event model](#) determines that mouse-over event should be handled. This APS Attribute may occur within any graphical object of WebCGM, specifically, within any APS of type 'gobject', 'para', and 'subpara', and there shall be at most one occurrence within any particular APS.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing one string (type SF, String Fixed).

Viewer Behavior. Viewers shall be capable of displaying the screen tip, if one is defined for a graphical object, visible to the user when the cursor passes over the graphical object, in the common style of Web browsers.

3.2.2.7 Name

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'gobject', 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'name' APS Attribute provides an optional string, that defines a "common name" associated with an object. Unlike the APS 'id' parameter, the 'name' APS attribute need not be unique within a metafile. Multiple 'name' attributes may be contained within a single APS.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing one string (type SF, String Fixed).

Viewer Behavior. The 'name' gives applications a way to associate common names with objects. The object can optionally be addressed by the value of the 'name' attribute. See [3.1.1](#).

3.2.2.8 Content

Initial value: none

Applies to: 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: no

Description. The 'content' APS Attribute provides a means to declare what is the first priority searchable text content of a 'para' APS. The 'content' APS Attribute may occur only within APS of type 'para' and 'sub-para', and there shall be at most one occurrence within any such APS.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing one string (type SF, String Fixed).

Viewer Behavior. See the description under the 'para' APS, [3.2.1.3](#).

3.2.2.9 Visibility

Initial value: on

Applies to: 'layer', 'grobjct', 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: yes

Description. The 'visibility' attribute indicates if an object is visible or not. 'Visibility' applies to Application Structures (APS) of type 'layer', 'grobjct', 'para' and 'subpara'. The value of 'visibility' is inherited by any descendant objects of type 'layer', 'grobjct', 'para', and 'subpara'. Although it can't be set on 'grnode' and doesn't apply to 'grnode', 'visibility' also inherits to objects of type 'grnode', and inherits from objects of type 'grnode' to any descendants in the WebCGM structure.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing one string (type SF, String Fixed). The valid values are 'off', 'on', 'inherit'.

Viewer behavior. A non-visible object is not displayed. A non-visible object behaves like a non-interactive object (i.e., it cannot be clicked or highlighted). This does not imply that the 'interactivity' attribute is changed to off, but simply that the user agent must not respond to mouse events.

3.2.2.10 Interactivity

Initial value: on

Applies to: 'layer', 'grobjct', 'para', 'subpara'

Inherited: yes

Description. The 'interactivity' attribute indicates if an object may receive mouse events. 'Interactivity' applies to Application Structures (APS) of type 'layer', 'grobjct', 'para' and 'subpara'. The value of 'interactivity' is inherited by any descendant objects of type 'layer', 'grobjct', 'para', and 'subpara'. Although it can't be set on 'grnode' and doesn't apply to 'grnode', 'interactivity' also inherits to objects of type 'grnode', and inherits from objects of type 'grnode' to any descendants in the WebCGM structure.

Parameters. The data record is a SDR of one member, containing one string (type SF, String Fixed). The valid values are 'off', 'on', 'inherit'.

Viewer behavior. When the 'interactivity' of an object is set to off, events for this object are disabled. This has the effect of disabling event handlers, cursor changes, highlighting,

screeintip and hyperlinking for the given node and its descendant. An object that is the target of a link always responds to highlighting, regardless of its 'interactivity' attribute value.

3.2.2.11 About general metadata elements

Description. This version and level of WebCGM do not allow additional APS Attribute elements to occur, other than as enumerated above. Private metadata may be associated with WebCGM objects by keeping the metadata outside of the CGM, and associating it with objects within the CGM. A means for binding external private metadata to WebCGM instances is defined in the section [XML Companion File \(XCF\)](#).

3.3 Content model

This subsection is informative (non-normative).

This is an informative, at-a-glance summary of the whole content model of the CGM Version 4 functionality of WebCGM - the "Intelligence" content - using the formal specification technique of the XML DTD. It has been suggested that validating XML parsers could be adapted to perform content validation of WebCGM instances (either via modification of the readers, or via transformation of the intelligent content of WebCGM instance).

```

<!-- To document the structure of the CGM Version 4      -->
<!-- content of WebCGM 2.0 the following DTD fragment  -->
<!-- has been developed.                                -->
<!--                                                    -->
<!-- PICBODY is included in this DTD fragment for      -->
<!-- purposes of demonstrating that the layer, gobject, -->
<!-- and para structures can exist within the picture  -->
<!-- body level in a CGM instance. The gdata element  -->
<!-- with its associated cgmprim entity attribute is   -->
<!-- intended to represent the model for CGM data stored -->
<!-- as an external entity.                            -->
<!--                                                    -->
<!-- Note: of the attributes listed below, all         -->

<!-- correspond to APS Attribute elements of CGM, except -->
<!-- the 'ID', which corresponds to the 'id' parameter  -->
<!-- of the CGM APS element.                            -->

<!ELEMENT picbody (layer+ | (gobject | para | grnode
                          | gdata)*)
>

<!ELEMENT layer (gobject | para | grnode | gdata)*
>
<!ATTLIST layer
  id          ID          #REQUIRED
  layername  CDATA       #REQUIRED
  layerdesc  CDATA       #IMPLIED

```

```

visibility      (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
interactivity  (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
>
<!ELEMENT grobject (grobject | para | grnode | gdata)* >
<!ATTLIST grobject
  id          ID          #REQUIRED
  region      CDATA       #IMPLIED
  viewcontext CDATA       #IMPLIED
  linkuri     CDATA       #IMPLIED
  screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
  name        CDATA       #IMPLIED
  visibility  (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
  interactivity (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
>
<!ELEMENT para (subpara | gdata)* >
<!ATTLIST para
  id          ID          #REQUIRED
  region      CDATA       #IMPLIED
  viewcontext CDATA       #IMPLIED
  linkuri     CDATA       #IMPLIED
  screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
  name        CDATA       #IMPLIED
  content     CDATA       #IMPLIED
  visibility  (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
  interactivity (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
>
<!ELEMENT subpara (gdata)* >
<!ATTLIST subpara
  id          ID          #REQUIRED
  region      CDATA       #IMPLIED
  viewcontext CDATA       #IMPLIED
  linkuri     CDATA       #IMPLIED
  screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
  name        CDATA       #IMPLIED
  content     CDATA       #IMPLIED
  visibility  (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
  interactivity (on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
>
<!ELEMENT grnode (grobject | para | grnode | gdata)* >
<!ATTLIST grnode
  id          ID          #REQUIRED
>
<!ELEMENT gdata EMPTY >
<!ATTLIST gdata
  cgmprim     ENTITY     #REQUIRED
>

```

Note: the use of XML to express the content model of WebCGM implies that a particular attribute can have at most one instance within a particular APS instance. This is not the case,

and the normative rules are as specified in [3.2.2.1](#) through [3.2.2.10](#).

3.4 WebCGM and the `object` element

The only standard way to reference in-line CGMs from HTML documents is through the `object` element, using the `data` attribute for the CGM file and the `type` attribute to specify the full Mime Type. The minimal element for adding CGM into a document would be:

```
<object data="xxx.cgm" type="image/cgm;Version=4;ProfileId=WebCGM" ;
width="200" height="100" />
```

Other [HTML 4.01](#) attributes which may be used on the `object` tag include `align`, `border`, `hspace`, `id`, `name` and `vspace`. Use of `align`, `border`, `hspace`, and `vspace` is only permitted in Transitional HTML 4.01, not Strict HTML 4.01.

The attributes `classid`, `codebase`, `declare`, `shapes`, `usemap`, `codetype`, and `archive` are prohibited. Content which uses WebCGM shall not make direct reference to the code which may be used to display it.

The event-related attributes, `ONCLICK`,...,`ONMOUSEOVER`, are permitted but their effect is undefined in this version of WebCGM. Instead the WebCGM DOM offers an [addEventListener](#) method for adding event listeners on WebCGM documents

The attributes `accesskey`, `alt`, `class`, `dir`, `lang`, `longdesc`, `standby`, `style`, `tabindex` and `title` are permitted, but have no defined effect on CGM viewers and display of CGM pictures. They are used to improve accessibility, and may also affect the presentation of any alternative text content of the `object` element.

The `object` element can contain optional `param` elements, which allow the HTML to pass additional data to the target object. The following `param` elements are defined and permitted for WebCGM. Each `param` is presented as a name followed by permissible values (after the ":"), and description.

onload: <eventHandlerName(evt)>

The user supplies the name of an event handler that the viewer shall invoke upon the 'onload' event. This `param` element and handler allows for script writers to manipulate the WebCGM DOM at the point at which the user agent has fully parsed the `object` tag and its descendants and is ready to render the object to the screen.

EXAMPLE:

```
<script type="text/ecmascript"> <![CDATA[
function myHandler(evt)
```

```

{
// performs DOM manipulation calls...
}
]]>
</script>
[...]

<object data="xxx.cgm" type="image/cgm;Version=4;
ProfileId=WebCGM" ;
                                width="200" height="100">
  <param name="onload" value="myHandler(evt);" />
</object>

```

fixed: No|Yes

Disables ("Yes") or enables ("No") the [user zoom and pan controls](#) of the viewer. It does not affect picture navigation by other means, such as [object behaviors in URI fragments](#). Default is No. For the value Yes, viewers shall not put up scroll bars and zoom options, which would normally be offered.

background: Enable|Disable

States whether the CGM picture shall be drawn with its normal background color, as given in the CGM picture (Enable), or whether the background color of the picture shall be suppressed (Disable), thus allowing the background color or background image of the HTML page to show through. Default is Enable. Note: the background color of the picture is either default, or is explicitly defined by the BACKGROUND COLOUR element in the CGM picture.

viewport: topx topy botx boty

Gives a viewport of the CGM (a part of the picture) to display. The values are the top-left and bottom-right corners of the sub-picture. The units are either in the Virtual Device Coordinates (VDC) of the CGM; or, as a percentage of the picture's VDC EXTENT element (whether explicit or default), if the value is followed by a percent sign (%). This facility allows for different parts of a CGM picture to be displayed at different scales in different places in the document. Default is full VDC EXTENT. Note: the use of `viewport` can conflict with some options (e.g., those object behaviors which effectively select a sub-picture via a 'viewcontext' APS attribute within the CGM picture) in a URI fragment on the IT attribute. In case of conflict, the `viewport` specification shall have precedence.

The viewport param element is deprecated and may be removed in a future version of this profile.

mapping: fit|fill**halign: top|middle|bottom****valign: left|middle|right**

Each CGM picture has a fixed aspect ratio, determined by the VDC EXTENT element, which may not agree with the aspect ratio defined by `height` and `width` specified on the `object` tag. These three parameters can be used to specify where and how to place the CGM within the window specified on the `object` tag. 'Fit' specifies to isotropically scale the picture (or sub-picture) so that one dimension fits exactly in the window - there will be undrawn space left in the window in one dimension if the aspect ratios don't

match. 'Fill' means to isotropically scale so that the window is filled in both directions - if the aspect ratios don't match, a part of the picture will be clipped away at the window boundary.

The default values are 'fit', 'middle', 'middle'.

These `param` elements differ from the `align` attribute of `object`, which is used to specify where the `object` is placed in the document. This could be expressed using the `param` element as:

```
<param name="halign" value="middle" />
<param name="valign" value="middle" />
```

Figures 5 and 6 show the different effects achieved by 'Fit' and 'Fill' with the different alignments.

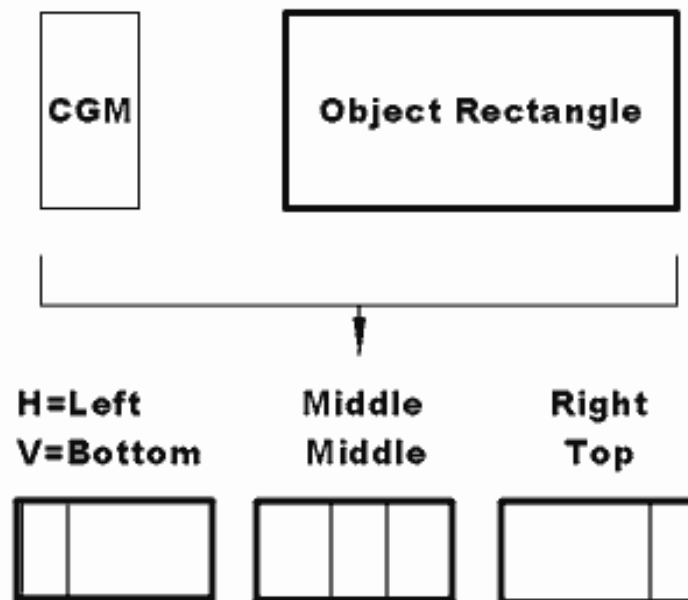


Figure 5. Example of Fit

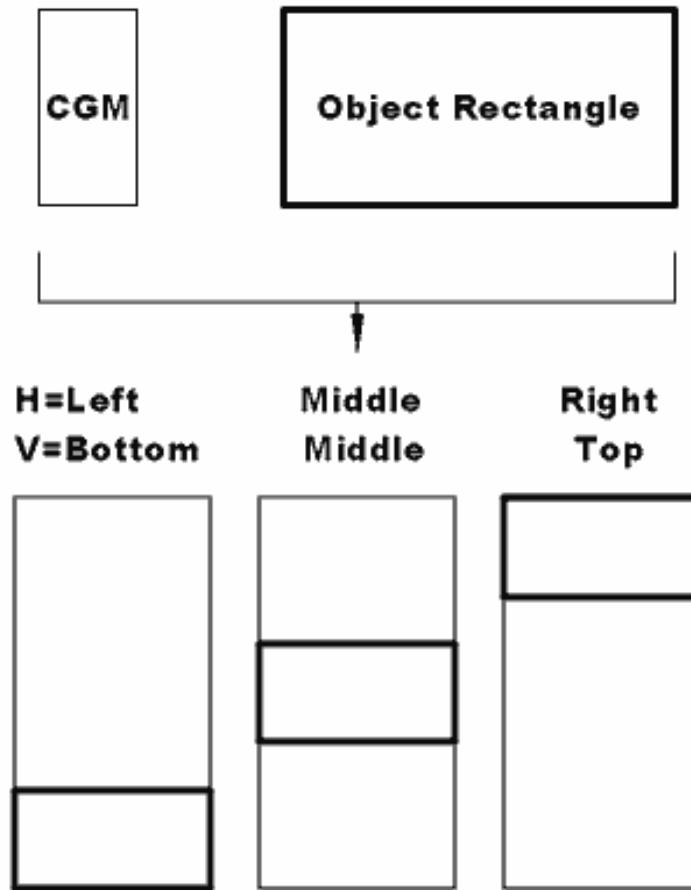


Figure 6. Example of Fill

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CGM Open specification - WebCGM 2.0 - WebCGM XCF

4. WebCGM XML Companion File

This section and its subsections are normative, unless otherwise indicated.

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4.1 Introduction & examples

This subsection is informative (non-normative).

The WebCGM XML Companion File (XCF) is a new component of WebCGM, forecast in 1.0 and added in the 2.0 upgrade. The element and attribute definitions found in this section represent the WebCGM XCF DTD. This DTD may be extended by profiles deriving from WebCGM 2.0. The WebCGM XML companion files may be used for several purposes. There are many conceivable usage scenarios, but for the scope of WebCGM 2.0, the following three were identified as most important.

Scenario 1: A companion file can be used to bind application specific details (such as a part number) to a particular Application Structure. It is up to the application to control how the application-specific information is used.

Example 4.1: A companion file used to relate some application-specific data to graphical objects.

```
<!ENTITY % gobjectAttEXT "model:partNum CDATA #IMPLIED" >
<webcgm version="2.0" id="root-cgm" filename="sample_1.cgm"
        xmlns:model="http://example.org"
        xmlns="http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/" >
<gobject apsid="id_1" model:partNum="bolt-100A"/>
<gobject apsid="id_2" model:partNum="wingnut-T9"/>
...
<gobject apsid="id_49" model:partNum="drill-bit-D01"/>
<gobject apsid="id_50" model:partNum="router-bit-B389"/>
</webcgm>
```

Scenario 2: A companion file could also be used to update a CGM illustration via the WebCGM DOM (see section [Relationship with XML companion file](#) for more information):

Example 4.2: A companion file used to update *sample_2.cgm* before being displayed by a user agent. Calls to some WebCGM DOM methods need to take place to perform this task.

```
<webcgm version="2.0" id="root-cgm" filename="sample_2.cgm"
        xmlns="http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/" >
<bindByName apstargetname="bolt_100" screentip="Replacement part:bolt-100B"/>
<bindByName apstargetname="wingnut_9" screentip="Replacement part:wingnut-T9A"/>
</webcgm>
```

Scenario 3: Although it is out-of-scope of this version of the WebCGM XCF to fully mirror the hierarchical structure of a CGM graphic (see [Structure overview](#)), an XML Companion File could be used as a partial, scaled down XML inventory of a CGM illustration by enumerating the Application Structures IDs, types and (most) attributes.

Example 4.3: A companion file used as a partial inventory of *sample_3.cgm*. In this case, the description puts an emphasis on the hotspot region of each 'gobject' element.

```
<webcgm version="2.0" id="root-cgm" filename="sample_3.cgm"
        xmlns="http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/
webcgm/" >
<gobject apsid="id_1" region="1 0 0 100 100"/>
<gobject apsid="id_2" region="1 200 0 300 100"/>
...
<gobject apsid="id_49" region="1 1600 600 1700 700"/>
<gobject apsid="id_50" region="1 1800 600 1900 700"/>
</webcgm>
```

4.2 Content and structure of the XCF

4.2.1 Structure overview

It is not the intent of the WebCGM XML Companion File (XCF) to be a faithful XML representation of the object tree in a hierarchical WebCGM. Rather, XCF provides a mechanism to externalize both standardized and application (private) metadata from a structured WebCGM instance, and to bind it to the proper objects in the object tree of the WebCGM instance.

Accordingly, the structure of the XML Companion File is mostly flat. After the root element, `webcgm`, the various [standard XCF elements](#) occur as siblings in the companion file (with the single exception of [linkuri](#)). So, for example, `grobj` objects that have a parent-child relationship in the CGM are siblings in the XCF. The normative WebCGM 2.0 DTD expresses and enforces this flat structure, independent of whatever hierarchy may exist in the corresponding WebCGM instance.

Example 4.4: *A mostly-flat companion file binds standardized metadata to a hierarchical object tree in a WebCGM instance.*

```
<webcgm version="2.0" filename="sample_4.cgm"
          xmlns="http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/" >
  <grobj apsid="level-4-obj" screentip="wingnut-400A"/>
  <grobj apsid="level-3-obj" screentip="bolt-assembly-100A"/>
</webcgm>
```

```

BegPic
  ..(graphics etc)..
  BegAps type="grobj" id="level-1-obj"
    BegAps type="grobj" id="level-2-obj"
      ..(graphics etc)..
      BegAps type="grobj" id="level-3-obj"
        BegAps type="grobj" id="level-4-obj"
          ..(graphics etc)..
        EndAps
      EndAps
    EndAps
  EndAps
EndPic
```

Note: Example 4.4 uses a condensed schematic representation of the CGM code, eliminating numerous details in order to illustrate the point.

Example 4.4 illustrates another point about the relationship of the XCF contents to the corresponding WebCGM instance -- the order of the XCF is not required to follow the order of the CGM contents.

As suggested by Example 4.4, the root element of a conforming XCF instance must be the `webcgm` element. The `webcgm` element corresponds to the Picture object in the CGM. See [Relationship with XML Companion File](#) for more discussion.

The next section deals in detail with application-specific metadata attributes and elements in an XCF. In order to unambiguously establish where in the WebCGM object tree those metadata are to be inserted, the application-specific attributes and elements (defined in a separate namespace) are placed in the XCF as attributes and child elements on standardized XCF elements that correspond (bind) to the appropriate object in the WebCGM. This is seen in example 4.1, for application-specific attributes. See also section [Relationship with XML Companion File](#) for more discussion.

4.2.2 Extending the XML Companion File

The WebCGM DTD is extensible so that application-specific or industry-specific metadata may be added to the WebCGM object model (as shown in example 4.1). The extension definitions are implemented using namespaces. The DTD defines an extension entity for the content and attributes of most elements. As an example, a part manufacturer may want to associate parts information to graphical objects. This might be implemented with an extension that looks like:

```
<!ENTITY % grobjAttEXT "model:partNum CDATA #IMPLIED" >
```

A host application could query the WebCGM DOM and retrieve the associated part information.

A set of rules must be followed when extending the WebCGM DTD:

1. The root element **MUST** be 'webcgm'.
2. The extended elements and/or attributes **MUST** be in another namespace (See [Namespaces in XML](#)).
3. Extending the list of children of an element **MUST** use the *elementNameEXT* entity.
4. Extending the attribute list of an element **MUST** use the *elementNameAttEXT* entity.
5. Elements from the WebCGM namespace **MUST NOT** be direct or indirect children of other namespaced elements.

The rules found above allow WebCGM user agents to process extended companion files in an interoperable manner.

4.2.3 The WebCGM XCF namespace

The WebCGM namespace:

`http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/`

Namespace example:

```
<webcgm version="2.0" filename="sample.cgm" xmlns="http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/" >
```

Public Identifier for WebCGM 2.0:

PUBLIC "-//OASIS//DTD WebCGM 2.0//EN"

System Identifier for the WebCGM 2.0:

`http://docs.oasis-open.org/webcgm/v2.0/webcgm20.dtd`

DOCTYPE example. The following is an example document type declaration for a WebCGM XCF document:

```
<!DOCTYPE webcgm PUBLIC "-//OASIS//DTD WebCGM 2.0//EN" http://docs.oasis-open.org/webcgm/2.0/webcgm20.dtd">
```

4.2.4 WebCGM XML Companion File conformance

A file is a conforming WebCGM 2.0 XCF document if it adheres to the specifications described in this (WebCGM 2.0) document, including those in the [WebCGM 2.0 XCF DTD](#), and in addition:

- it is a well-formed XML document (according to [XML 1.0 3rd Edition](#));
- its root element is [webcgm](#)
- if all non-WebCGM namespace elements and attributes and all **xmlns** attributes which refer to non-WebCGM namespaces are removed from the given document, and if an [appropriate document type declaration](#) (i.e., `<!DOCTYPE webcgm ... >`) which points to the WebCGM DTD is included immediately after the XML declaration (i.e., `<?xml...?>`), the result is a [valid XML document](#).
- (if any namespaces other than WebCGM are used in the document) [Namespaces in XML](#).

4.3 XCF elements

The standard XCF elements include:

- the standard root element, `webcgm`
- elements whose names match corresponding WebCGM object (APS) types -- `layer`, `grobjct`, `para`, `subpara`
- and a pair of general purpose metadata binding elements -- `bindById` and `bindByName`.

The standard XCF elements also include `linkuri`. `Linkuri` is an APS Attribute, but is encoded as an XCF element, rather than attribute, to avoid what would otherwise be an overly complex encoding of the string that would comprise its value as an XML attribute.

4.3.1 Data types and encoding

For the standardized XCF content, most of the items expressed on XCF elements as XML attributes have a straightforward correlation to a standardized WebCGM attribute or property that may be set or inquired with a [WebCGM DOM](#) call.

In general, the encoding of XML attributes on XCF elements is identical to the encoding of the corresponding parameters in DOM calls. For example, the [WebCGMAppStructure interface](#) (section 5.7.6) defines 'viewcontext' as a simple string of four numbers, whitespace separated (see [Wsp definition](#), section 5.5). The encoding of 'viewcontext' as an XML attribute on any allowed XCF element is the same as its encoding as a DOM method parameter.

Similarly, the [Style Properties](#) (settable on the `WebCGMPicture` and `WebCGMAppStructure` interfaces), as XML attributes on the XCF elements have the same valid values and are encoded identically as in the corresponding DOM calls.

The single exception to the use of consistent encodings is for the '[linkuri](#)' APS attribute, which is encoded as an element in the XCF, for reasons as explained.

See the [WebCGM DOM data types](#) section for complete details.

4.3.2 Conventions used

Most of the XCF elements may have [Style Properties](#) as XML attributes (Style Properties are defined and supported on the DOM `WebCGMPicture` and `WebCGMAppStructure` interfaces.) The following entity definition is used in the DTD snippets of the subsequent subsections, on those elements which support Style Properties at both the APS level and Picture level. (The background-color Style Property that applies only at the Picture level.)

```
<!ENTITY % styleProperties
    text-size           CDATA           #IMPLIED
    fill-color          CDATA           #IMPLIED
    intensity           CDATA           #IMPLIED
    stroke-color        CDATA           #IMPLIED
    stroke-weight       CDATA           #IMPLIED
    text-color          CDATA           #IMPLIED
    text-font           CDATA           #IMPLIED
    raster-intensity    CDATA           #IMPLIED
>
```

A single WebCGM XCF element must not contain both the `intensity` property and one or more of the overlapping properties `fill-color`, `stroke-color`, `text-color`. Overlapping properties may occur sequentially on different XCF elements, and then their processing is defined by their order of occurrence (see [Style Properties](#) description).

See "[Data types and encoding](#)" for more about Style Properties.

4.3.3 The 'webcgm' element

A WebCGM companion file (or any other CGM profile derived from the WebCGM profile) must have a 'webcgm' element as the root element. The 'webcgm' element corresponds to the Picture node in the WebCGM DOM tree (see for example the [WebCGMPicture interface](#) in the DOM).

```
<!ENTITY % webcgmEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % webcgmAttEXT "" >
<!ELEMENT webcgm ( (layer | gobject | para | subpara | bindById | bindByName | %webcgmEXT;)* ) >
<!ATTLIST webcgm id ID #IMPLIED
                 version CDATA #FIXED '2.0'
                 filename CDATA #IMPLIED
                 xmlns CDATA #FIXED "http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/"
                 background-color CDATA #IMPLIED
                 pictureVisibility ( on | off) #IMPLIED
                 %styleProperties;
                 %webcgmAttEXT;
>
```

Attribute definitions:

id="xml:id"

Standard XML attribute for assigning a unique identifier to an element. Refer to [Extensible Markup Language \(XML\) 1.0, 3rd Edition](#) [XML10].

version="CDATA"

Represents the version of the WebCGM specification. The value is 2.0 for this specification. Every conforming XCF must identify its version, either by including this attribute on the `webcgm` element, or by including a [DOCTYPE pointing to this WebCGM XCF's DTD](#), or both (recommended). An industry-specific profile derived from this WebCGM XCF specification must not use this attribute to identify its version, and should define and require use of a namespace attribute to identify its profile version. For example, if ASD includes in its S1000D version 2.3 an XCF derived from WebCGM 2.0, the `webcgm` tag might look like this:

```
<webcgm version="2.0" asd:s1000d-version="2.3" xmlns:asd="http://example.org/asd/" ...>
```

filename="CDATA"

Represents the filename of the corresponding WebCGM file. 'filename' is a descriptive attribute.

xmlns[:prefix]="CDATA"

Standard XML attribute whose value defines the "resource-name" for identifying an XML namespace. Refer to [Namespaces in XML](#). The 'xmlns' attribute without prefix identifies the (default) [WebCGM namespace](#), and (with prefix) must be used to identify the foreign namespace(s) of any [application-specific metadata](#) that are used in the XCF instance. Note that the value given in the [DTD snippet](#), and the attribute type (#FIXED), apply only to the unprefixed, default WebCGM namespace.

EXAMPLES:

```
<webcgm version="2.0" xmlns="http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/"
        xmlns:asd="http://example.org/asd/" ...>
```

```
<xcf:webcgm version="2.0" xmlns:asd="http://example.org/asd/"
        ...>
```

In the first example, the WebCGM namespace is declared as the default namespace for the `webcgm` element and its contents, and content in the 'asd' namespace would use the "asd:" prefix. As the [DTD shows](#), the second example is also valid because the namespace URI defaults properly for the `xmlns` attribute without prefix. It is recommended, however, that the `xmlns` attribute declaring the default (WebCGM) namespace always be included.

background-color="CDATA"

`background-color` is a [Style Property](#) for setting the background color of the Picture (root node of WebCGM object tree).

pictureVisibility="on|off"

Defines the visibility for the picture that corresponds to the `webcgm` element of this XCF. This is similar to the 'visibility' APS Attribute that can be applied to metafile Application Structures, except it applies to the picture (on which the 'visibility' APS Attribute is not allowed by CGM rules.) The effect is the same as the invocation of the `setPictureVisibility` method on the [WebCGMPicture interface](#) of the DOM. .

styleProperties

the `styleProperties` entity collectively defines those [Style Properties](#) that apply at both the the Picture level and the object/APS level.

webcgmEXT

the `webcgmEXT` entity is a mechanism for adding additional child content (i.e., metadata) on the root node.

webcgmAttEXT

the `webcgmAttEXT` entity is a mechanism for adding additional attributes (i.e., metadata) on the root node.

4.3.4 The 'layer' element

The 'layer' element of an XML companion file represents a CGM Application Structure of type 'layer'. The corresponding 'layer' is identifiable given its assigned 'apsid' attribute value.

```
<!ENTITY % layerEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % layerAttEXT "" >
<!ELEMENT layer (%layerEXT;)* >
<!ATTLIST layer
    apsid          ID          #REQUIRED
    layerdesc     CDATA       #IMPLIED
    visibility    ( on | off | inherit ) #IMPLIED
    interactivity ( on | off | inherit ) #IMPLIED
    %styleProperties;
    %layerAttEXT;
>
```

Attribute definitions:

apsid="xml:id"

The unique identifier of the Application Structure for the given WebCGM file.

layerdesc="CDATA"

Value of the 'layerdesc' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

visibility="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'visibility' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

interactivity="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'interactivity' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

styleProperties

the styleProperties entity collectively defines those [Style Properties](#) that apply at both the the Picture level and the object/APS level.

layerEXT

the layerEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional child content (i.e., metadata) on the 'layer'.

layerAttEXT

the layerAttEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional attributes (i.e., metadata) on the 'layer'.

See also the ['layer' functional description](#) in Section 3.

4.3.5 The 'grobjct' element

The 'grobjct' element of an XML companion file represents a CGM Application Structure of type 'grobjct'. The corresponding grobjct' is identifiable given its assigned 'apsid' attribute value.

```

<!ENTITY % grobjctEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % grobjctAttEXT "" >
<!ELEMENT grobjct ( linkuri %grobjctEXT; )* >
<!ATTLIST grobjct
    apsid          ID          #REQUIRED
    screentip     CDATA       #IMPLIED
    region        CDATA       #IMPLIED
    viewcontext   CDATA       #IMPLIED
    visibility     ( on | off) #IMPLIED
    interactivity ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
    %styleProperties;
    %grobjctAttEXT;
>

```

Attribute definitions:

apsid="xml:id"

The unique identifier of the Application Structure for the given WebCGM file.

screentip="CDATA"

Value of the 'screentip' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

region="CDATA"

Value of the 'region' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

viewcontext="CDATA"

Value of the 'viewcontext' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

visibility="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'visibility' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

interactivity="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'interactivity' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

styleProperties

the styleProperties entity collectively defines those [Style Properties](#) that apply at both the the Picture level and the object/APS level.

grobjctEXT

the grobjctEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional child content (i.e., metadata) on the 'grobjct'.

grobjctAttEXT

the grobjctAttEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional attributes (i.e., metadata) on the 'grobjct'.

See also the ['gobject' functional description](#) in Section 3.

4.3.6 The 'para' element

The 'para' element of an XML companion file represents a CGM Application Structure of type 'para'. The corresponding 'para' is identifiable given its assigned 'apsid' attribute value.

```

<!ENTITY % paraEXT " " >
<!ENTITY % paraAttEXT " " >
<!ELEMENT para ( linkuri %paraEXT; )* >
<!ATTLIST para apsid          ID          #REQUIRED
               screentip     CDATA       #IMPLIED
               region        CDATA       #IMPLIED
               viewcontext    CDATA       #IMPLIED
               visibility     ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
               interactivity  ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
               %styleProperties;
               %paraAttEXT;
>

```

Attribute definitions:

apsid="xml:id"

The unique identifier of the Application Structure for the given WebCGM file.

screentip="CDATA"

Value of the 'screentip' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

region="CDATA"

Value of the 'region' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

viewcontext="CDATA"

Value of the 'viewcontext' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

visibility="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'visibility' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

interactivity="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'interactivity' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

styleProperties

the styleProperties entity collectively defines those [Style Properties](#) that apply at both the the Picture level and the object/APS level.

paraEXT

the paraEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional child content (i.e., metadata) on the 'para'.

paraAttEXT

the paraAttEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional attributes (i.e., metadata) on the 'para'.

See also the ['para' functional description](#) in Section 3.

4.3.7 The 'subpara' element

The 'subpara' element of an XML companion file represents a CGM Application Structure of type 'subpara'. The corresponding 'subpara' is identifiable given its assigned 'apsid' attribute value.

```

<!ENTITY % subparaEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % subparaAttEXT "" >
<!ELEMENT subpara ( linkuri %subparaEXT; )* >
<!ATTLIST subpara
    apsid          ID          #REQUIRED
    screentip     CDATA       #IMPLIED
    region        CDATA       #IMPLIED
    viewcontext   CDATA       #IMPLIED
    visibility    ( on | off | inherit ) #IMPLIED
    interactivity ( on | off | inherit ) #IMPLIED
    %styleProperties;
    %subparaAttEXT;
>

```

Attribute definitions:

apsid="xml:id"

The unique identifier of a the Application Structure for the given WebCGM file.

screentip="CDATA"

Value of the 'screentip' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

region="CDATA"

Value of the 'region' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

viewcontext="CDATA"

Value of the 'viewcontext' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

visibility="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'visibility' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

interactivity="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'interactivity' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

styleProperties

the styleProperties entity collectively defines those [Style Properties](#) that apply at both the the Picture level and the object/APS level.

subparaEXT

the subparaEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional child content (i.e., metadata) on the 'subpara'.

subparaAttEXT=""

the subparaAttEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional attributes (i.e., metadata) on the 'subpara'.

See also the ['subpara' functional description](#) in Section 3.

4.3.8 The 'linkuri' element

A 'linkuri' element of an XML companion file represents a WebCGM 'linkuri' Application Structure attribute. Contrary to other attributes, the 'linkuri' attribute is expressed as an element in the XML companion file. The corresponding Application Structure of this 'linkuri' is its parent element.

```

<!ELEMENT linkuri EMPTY >
<!ATTLIST linkuri
    uri          CDATA #REQUIRED
    behavior    CDATA #IMPLIED
    desc        CDATA #IMPLIED >

```

Attribute definitions:

uri="CDATA"

The href of this 'linkuri' attribute. See section [Basic Data Types](#) for more information.

behavior="CDATA"

The behavior of this 'linkuri' attribute. See section [Basic Data Types](#) for more information.

desc="CDATA"

The title or description of this 'linkuri' attribute. See section [Basic Data Types](#) for more information.

See also the ['linkuri' functional description](#) in Section 3.

4.3.9 The 'bindByName' element

A 'bindByName' element of an XML companion file is intended to correspond to one or more Application Structure in a CGM file. The common link between those Application Structures is that their 'name' or 'layername' attribute value corresponds to 'apstargetname'. See section [Relationship with XML companion file](#) for more information on the rules of mapping 'bindByName' attributes to WebCGM Application Structures.

```

<!ENTITY % bindByNameEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % bindByNameAttEXT "" >
<!ELEMENT bindByName ( linkuri %bindByNameEXT; )* >
<!ATTLIST bindByName apstargetname CDATA #REQUIRED
                    screentip CDATA #IMPLIED
                    region CDATA #IMPLIED
                    viewcontext CDATA #IMPLIED
                    layerdesc CDATA #IMPLIED
                    visibility ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                    interactivity ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                    %styleProperties;
                    %bindByNameAttEXT;
>

```

Attribute definitions:

apstargetname="CDATA"

Name used to identify the corresponding Application Structure(s) for a given WebCGM file.

screentip="CDATA"

Value of the 'screentip' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

region="CDATA"

Value of the 'region' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

viewcontext="CDATA"

Value of the 'viewcontext' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

layerdesc="CDATA"

Value of the 'layerdesc' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

visibility="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'visibility' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

interactivity="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'interactivity' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

styleProperties

the styleProperties entity collectively defines those [Style Properties](#) that apply at both the the Picture level and the object/APS level.

bindByNameEXT

the bindByNameEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional child content (i.e., metadata) on the APS.

bindByNameAttEXT

the bindByNameAttEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional attributes (i.e., metadata) on the APS.

4.3.10 The 'bindByld' element

The 'bindByld' element of an XML companion file represents a CGM Application Structure of unknown type (some possibilities are: layer, gobject, para, subpara). The corresponding object is identifiable given its

assigned 'apsid' attribute value. See section [Relationship with XML companion file](#) for more information on the rules of mapping 'bindById' attributes to WebCGM Application Structures.

```

<!ENTITY % bindByIdEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % bindByIdAttEXT "" >
<!ELEMENT bindById ( linkuri %bindByIdEXT; )* >
<!ATTLIST bindById apsid          ID          #REQUIRED
                  screentip      CDATA       #IMPLIED
                  region          CDATA       #IMPLIED
                  viewcontext     CDATA       #IMPLIED
                  layerdesc       CDATA       #IMPLIED
                  visibility      ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                  interactivity   ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                  %styleProperties;
                  %bindByIdAttEXT;
>

```

Attribute definitions:

apsid="xml:id"

The unique identifier of the Application Structure for the given WebCGM file.

screentip="CDATA"

Value of the 'screentip' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

region="CDATA"

Value of the 'region' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

viewcontext="CDATA"

Value of the 'viewcontext' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

layerdesc="CDATA"

Value of the 'layerdesc' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

visibility="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'visibility' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

interactivity="on|off|inherit"

Value of the 'interactivity' Application Structure attribute for the associated APS.

styleProperties

the styleProperties entity collectively defines those [Style Properties](#) that apply at both the the Picture level and the object/APS level.

bindByIdEXT

the bindByIdEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional child content (i.e., metadata) on the APS.

bindByIdAttEXT

the bindByIdAttEXT entity is a mechanism for adding additional attributes (i.e., metadata) on the APS.

4.4 The complete XCF DTD

The complete WebCGM XML Companion File (XCF) DTD follows.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-16" ?>
<!DOCTYPE webcgm [
<!-- ===== -->
<!-- This is the WebCGM XML Companion File DTD for use with -->
<!-- WebCGM 2.0 -->
<!-- ===== -->
<!-- Original issue: September 2004 -->
<!-- -->
<!-- Revision history: -->
<!-- December 2004 (r1) -->

```

```

<!-- Added xml version statement -->
<!-- Corrected spelling of interactivity -->
<!-- Changed visibility/interactivity parameters from -->
<!-- CDATA to "on" or "off" -->
<!-- January 2005 (r2) -->
<!-- Corrected linkrui to linkuri and subpara extensible -->
<!-- attributes value -->
<!-- Added region and viewcontext attributes to -->
<!-- gobject, para, subpara, bindByIdd, and bindByName -->
<!-- Change webcgm element attributes version and filename -->
<!-- to #IMPLIED -->
<!-- ===== -->
<!-- -->
<!-- ===== -->
<!-- Application specific entities -->
<!-- Application groups define application specific attributes here -->
<!-- and define the stubs for application specific elements that -->
<!-- will be defined later in the DTD -->
<!-- -->
<!ENTITY % webcgmEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % webcgmAttEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % layerEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % layerAttEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % gobjectEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % gobjectAttEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % paraEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % paraAttEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % subparaEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % subparaAttEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % bindByIdEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % bindByIdAttEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % bindByNameEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % bindByNameAttEXT "" >
<!ENTITY % styleProperties
      text-size          CDATA          #IMPLIED
      fill-color         CDATA          #IMPLIED
      intensity          CDATA          #IMPLIED
      stroke-color       CDATA          #IMPLIED
      stroke-weight      CDATA          #IMPLIED
      text-color         CDATA          #IMPLIED
      text-font          CDATA          #IMPLIED
      raster-intensity   CDATA          #IMPLIED >
< >

<!ELEMENT webcgm ( (layer | gobject | para | subpara |
      bindById | bindByName %webcgmEXT;)* ) >
<ATTLIST webcgm id ID #IMPLIED
      version CDATA #FIXED '2.0'
      filename CDATA #IMPLIED
      background-color CDATA #IMPLIED
      pictureVisibility ( on | off ) #IMPLIED
      xmlns CDATA #FIXED "http://www.cgmopen.org/schema/webcgm/"
      %styleProperties;
      %webcgmAttEXT; >

<!ELEMENT layer (%layerEXT;)* >
<ATTLIST layer apsid ID #REQUIRED

```

```

        layerdesc      CDATA          #IMPLIED
        visibility     ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
        interactivity ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
        %styleProperties;
        %layerAttEXT;
    >

<!ELEMENT grobject ( linkuri %grobjectEXT; )*
<!ATTLIST grobject apsid      ID          #REQUIRED
                 screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 region      CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 viewcontext  CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 visibility   ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 interactivity ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 %styleProperties;
                 %grobjectAttEXT;
    >

<!ELEMENT linkuri EMPTY
<!ATTLIST linkuri uri      CDATA #REQUIRED
                 behavior  CDATA #IMPLIED
                 desc      CDATA #IMPLIED
    >

<!ELEMENT para ( linkuri %paraEXT; )*
< <!ATTLIST para apsid      ID          #REQUIRED
                 screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 region      CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 viewcontext  CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 visibility   ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 interactivity ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 %styleProperties;
                 %paraAttEXT;
    >

<!ELEMENT subpara ( linkuri %subparaEXT; )*
<!ATTLIST subpara apsid      ID          #REQUIRED
                 screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 region      CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 viewcontext  CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 visibility   ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 interactivity ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 %styleProperties;
                 %subparaAttEXT;
    >

<!ELEMENT bindById ( linkuri %bindByIdEXT; )*
<!ATTLIST bindById apsid      ID          #REQUIRED
                 screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 layerdesc    CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 region      CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 viewcontext  CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 visibility   ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 interactivity ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
                 %styleProperties;
                 %bindByIdAttEXT;
    >

<!ELEMENT bindByName ( linkuri %bindByNameEXT; )*
<!ATTLIST bindByName apstargetname CDATA          #REQUIRED
                 screentip   CDATA       #IMPLIED
                 layerdesc    CDATA       #IMPLIED

```

```
        region          CDATA          #IMPLIED
        viewcontext     CDATA          #IMPLIED
        visibility      ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
        interactivity   ( on | off | inherit) #IMPLIED
        %styleProperties;
        %bindByNameAttEXT;                                >
<!--                                                    -->
<!-- Define content models for application specific elements -->
<!--                                                    -->]
>
```

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CGM Open specification - WebCGM 2.0 - WebCGM DOM

5. WebCGM Document Object Model (DOM)

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5.1 Overview

This chapter defines a set of objects and interfaces for accessing and manipulating WebCGM documents. The functionality specified in this section enables script writers to manipulate WebCGM documents and access information found in standard WebCGM XML companion files. The WebCGM 2.0 DOM API focuses its methods on: tree traversal, style changes, and providing access to metadata.

5.2 Relationship with XML DOM

Although inspired by the XML DOM specifications, the WebCGM DOM remains oriented towards WebCGM specific functionality. Since WebCGM uses a tree structure to group graphical primitives, it was therefore appropriate, to use a set of interfaces similar to the XML DOM Node, Element and Document interfaces. However, since WebCGM is expressed in a non-XML syntax, several changes had to be made to commonly known interfaces and methods in order to improve the user experience of WebCGM script writers.

The WebCGM DOM could almost be perceived as a 'readonly' DOM. Some interface methods allow users to change the visual appearance of Application Structures, but unlike the XML DOM specification, it does not allow for removal or insertion of WebCGMNodes into the object model. This constitute a significant difference between the specifications.

While WebCGM 1.0 offers interactivity support via hyperlinking and highlighting; the WebCGM 2.0 DOM takes it to the next level. The WebCGM 2.0 DOM borrows from the DOM Events specification, it introduces the concept of EventListeners and mouse Events in order to meet the requirements of WebCGM users.

5.3 Relationship with XML companion file

The WebCGM DOM is designed to provide access to XML metadata found in XML Companion Files. Practice has shown that some CGM illustrations are easier to maintain if some of the non graphical information remains outside the illustration. An example of such information could be; language sensitive screentips. The WebCGM DOM can then be used to 'apply' the information from the XML companion file to the WebCGM document (see Example 5.3) . For more information on XML companion file syntax, please refer to [Chapter 4, WebCGM XML Companion File](#).

Another benefit of the XML Companion File is to carry application specific data (or metadata) concerning a WebCGM illustration (see Example 4.2). This information is expressed using namespace attributes and elements in the XML Companion File. The WebCGM DOM provides a method for loading the XML metadata into the user agent's object model. Using the WebCGM DOM, a user can gain access to the metadata. Here is a detailed example to better illustrate the concept.

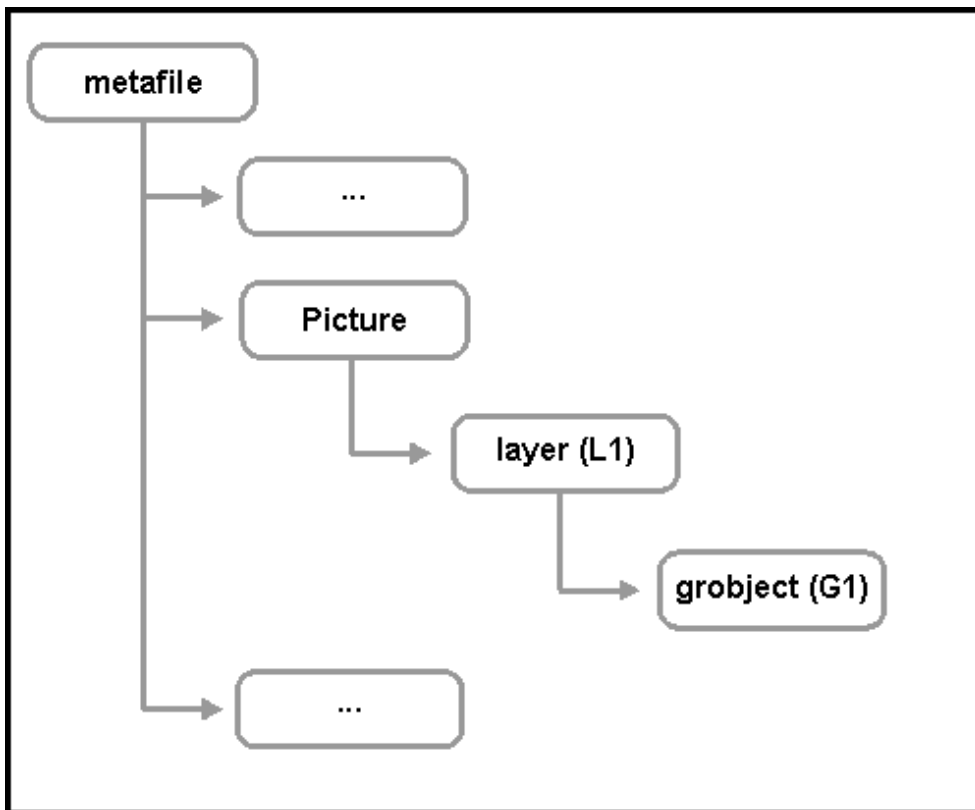
Example 5.1a: *This WebCGM document (expressed in clearText encoding) will be updated by an XML companion file.*

```

BEGMF 'example.cgm';
...
BEGPIC 'Picture 1';
...
BEGAPS 'L1' 'layer' STLIST;
  APSATTR 'layername' "14 1 'Standard layer'";
  BEGAPSBODY;
  BEGAPS 'G1' 'grobjct' STLIST;
    BEGAPSBODY;
    LINE 210,265 210,200 300,200;
    LINE 300,200 300,265 210,265;
  ENDAPS;
ENDAPS;
...
ENDPIC;
...
ENDMF;

```

The in-memory tree representation of this illustration should be similar to the illustration found below. The metafile contains a picture, the picture contains a child node Application Structure of type layer, and the layer contains a child node Application Structure of type grobjct.



Example 5.1b: XML companion file to be 'applied' on example.cgm of example 5.1a.

```

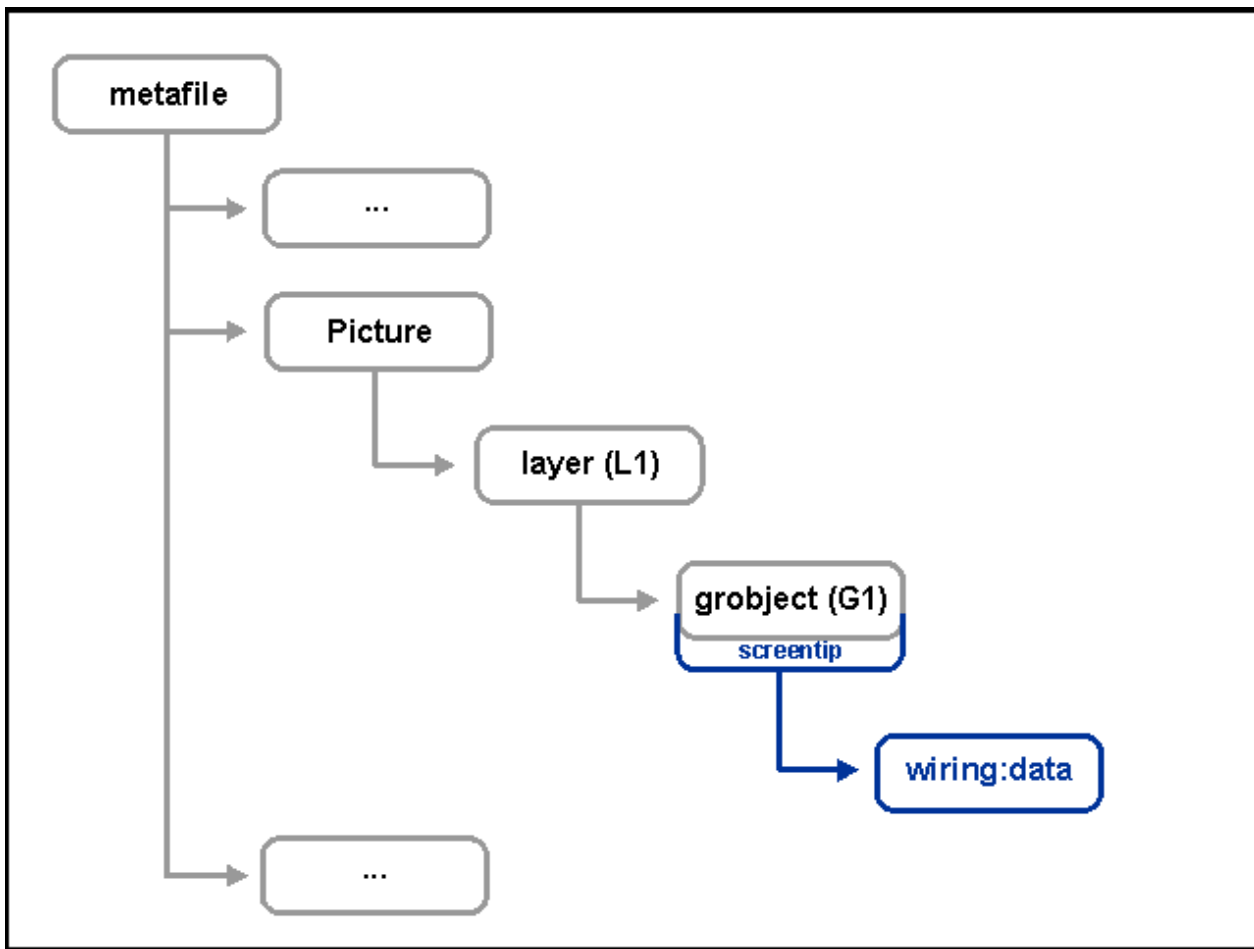
<webcgm id="example" xmlns:wiring="http://www.example.org">
  <grobjct apsId="G1" screentip="A new screentip">
    <wiring:data wire-bundle="E132-NAV"/>
  </grobjct>
</webcgm>

```

The WebCGM DOM provides methods for 'applying' an XML Companion File, like the one shown in example 5.1b, to a picture in a WebCGM document. A conforming user agent is expected to load and parse the XML Companion File and possibly 'apply' updates from the XML Companion File to the user agent's object model. A user may want to apply a companion file for the following reasons:

- i) To replace standard Application Structure Attribute values present in the WebCGM instance with new values from the XML Companion File.
- ii) To supply standard Application Structure Attribute values to Application Structures which do not contain attribute values with values from the XML companion file.
- iii) To transiently modify the Style Properties (stoke-color, text-size, etc) with which an object (APS or picture) is displayed.
- iv) To add XML metadata to the user agent's object model to be retrieved at a later stage using WebCGM DOM APIs.

Once the user agent has loaded the XML Companion File into its memory model, the tree should resemble this:



The overall set of rules that a user agent must follow when applying an XML Companion File is as follows:

1. Verify that root element is <webcgm>, else stop further processing and throw FILE_INVALID_ERR exception.
2. Process unknown attributes if any on root element, see below about **processing namespace attributes**.
3. Process all child elements using a depth-first algorithm.

More specific rules for **processing namespace attributes** are:

1. The target APS must be present in the CGM file, if that is not the case, all attributes of the current element are ignored.
2. If the attribute is not part of the base WebCGM DTD, it must be an extended namespace attribute, else the attribute is ignored.
3. An attribute that already exists on the corresponding APS must be updated with the new attribute value.
4. In the case where an attribute with the same local name and namespace URI is already present on the APS, its prefix is changed to be the prefix part of the qualifiedName, and its value is changed to be the attribute value. If the attribute does not exist on the APS, the namespace attribute is appended onto the APS.

More specific rules for **processing child elements** are:

1. The target APS (the parent element) must be present in the CGM file, if that is not the case, all child elements of the current element are ignored. The target APS must not be of type 'grnode'. 'grnode' elements are not accessible via DOM calls.
2. If the element is not part of the base WebCGM DTD, it must be an extended namespace element. Namespace elements and their attributes are appended at the end of the target's list of child elements.
3. Elements that are defined in the WebCGM DTD are processed as follows:
 - o namespace attributes are processed as specified above.
 - o attributes relevant to this element, are updated on the APS.
 - o other attributes are ignored.
4. If the element is a <linkuri>, the following rules apply:

- If one or more 'linkuri' attribute(s) exists on the parent element, they are deleted. (i.e., it is not possible to add links to already existing links, the companion file has to contain all the links to take part of the 'linkuri' APS attribute).
 - The attributes of the <linkuri> element are combined to create a single WebCGM 'linkuri' APS attribute (as defined in WebCGM 1.0) on the parent element.
5. If the element is a <bindById>, only namespace attributes and attributes relevant to the target APS type are added to the target (i.e., if the <bindById> has a 'screentip' attribute and the target APS is of type 'layer', the 'screentip' attribute will be ignored).
 6. If the element is a <bindByName>, the user agent has to find all Application Structures that have a matching 'name' or layername' attribute. All found Application Structure are then subject to new attribute values (refer to the <bindById> description above).

5.4 Inheritance of APS Attributes and of Style Properties

This section describes how [APS Attributes](#) are inherited in a WebCGM structure tree. It also describes how [Style Properties](#) are inherited, which is similar but differs in a few key details. The inheritance models are based closely on the inheritance model of [CSS 2.0](#). Some details have been adapted to the particulars of the WebCGM format. This chapter is the normative reference for inheritance of [APS Attributes](#) and of [Style Properties](#) in WebCGM.

5.4.1 Specified, computed, and actual values of Style Properties

WebCGM 2.0 user agents are required to support the inheritance model of Style Properties defined in this section. Once a user agent has loaded a document and constructed a document tree, it must assign, for every Application Structure in the tree, a value to every Style Property.

Very similar to the CSS model, the final value of a Style Properties is the result of a four-step calculation: the value is determined through specification (the "Specified Value"), then resolved into a value that may be used for inheritance (the "Computed Value"), then converted into an absolute value if necessary (the "Used Value"), and finally transformed according to the limitations of the local environment (the "Actual Value").

5.4.1.1 Specified Values of Style Properties

User agents must first assign a Specified Value to each Style Property based on the following mechanisms (in order of precedence):

1. If the Style Property is assigned a value (via a DOM call, or via an XCF), use it.
2. Otherwise, if the Style Property is inherited (i.e., its definition includes "Inherited:yes") and the Application Structure is not the root of the document tree, use the Computed Value of the parent Application Structure.
3. Otherwise use the Style Property's Initial Value. The Initial Value of each Property is indicated in the Style Property's definition.

Note: In the context of WebCGM inheritance, the root of the document tree is the Picture node.

5.4.1.2 Computed Values of Style Properties

Specified Values are resolved to Computed Values after the document tree is created.

- When the Specified Value is not 'inherit', the Computed Value of a Style Property is determined as specified by the Computed Value line in the definition of the Property.
- When the Specified Value is 'inherit', it must be replaced for the Computed Value as defined below in the [section on inheritance](#).

The Computed Value exists even when the property doesn't apply, as defined by the 'Applies To' line.

5.4.1.3 Used Values of Style Properties

In the CSS2 model from which the WebCGM model is derived, Computed Values can be relative to each other; for example a width could be set as a percentage, which is dependent on the containing block's width. The Used Value is the result of taking the Computed Value and resolving these dependencies into a final absolute value used for the actual display. In this version of WebCGM, there are no examples where Used Value differs from the Computed Value. This may change in a future version of the specification.

5.4.1.4 Actual Values of Style Properties

A Used Value is in principle the value used for rendering, but a user agent may not be able to make use of the value in a given environment. For example, a user agent may only be able to render borders with integer pixel widths and may therefore have to approximate the computed width, or the user agent may be forced to use only black and white shades instead of full colour. The Actual Value is the used value after any approximations have been applied.

5.4.2 Specified, computed, and actual values of Application Structure Attributes

WebCGM 2.0 user agents are required to support the inheritance model of Application Structure (APS) Attributes defined in this section. Once a user agent has loaded a document and constructed a document tree, it must resolve, for every Application Structure in the tree, if an Attribute has a value (i.e., no value is possible for some attributes).

Very similar to the CSS model, the final value of an APS Attribute is the result of a four-step calculation: the value is determined through specification (the "Specified Value"), then resolved into a value that may be used for inheritance (the "Computed Value"), then converted into an absolute value if necessary (the "Used Value"), and finally transformed according to the limitations of the local environment (the "Actual Value").

5.4.2.1 Specified Values of Application Structure Attributes

User agents must first assign a Specified Value to each APS Attribute based on the following mechanisms (in order of precedence):

1. If the Attribute is assigned a value in the CGM document or assigned a new value via a DOM call or an XCF, use it.
2. Otherwise, if the Attribute is inherited (i.e., its definition includes "Inherited:yes") and the Application Structure is not the root of the document tree, use the Computed Value of the parent Application Structure.
3. Otherwise use the Attribute's Initial Value. The Initial Value of each Attribute is indicated in the Attribute's definition.

In the context of WebCGM inheritance, the root of the document tree is the Picture node. For the purposes of this inheritance model, the Picture root node is treated as if it were an Application Structure.

5.4.2.2 Computed Values of Application Structure Attributes

In this specification, Computed Values of Application Structure Attributes, with the exception of the 'inherit' value are identical to the Specified Values. When the Specified Value is 'inherit', it must be replaced for the Computed Value as defined below in the [section on inheritance](#). The Computed Value exists even when the Attribute doesn't apply (as defined by the 'Applies To' line in the Attribute's definition).

5.4.2.3 Used Values of Application Structure Attributes

In the CSS2 model from which the WebCGM model is derived, Computed Values can be relative to each other; for example a width could be set as a percentage, which is dependent on the containing block's width. The Used Value is the result of taking the Computed Value and resolving these dependencies into a final absolute value used for the actual display. In this version of WebCGM, there are no examples where Used Value differs from the Computed Value. This may change in a future version of the specification.

5.4.2.4 Actual Values of Application Structure Attributes

A Used Value is in principle the value used for rendering, but a user agent may not be able to make use of the value in a given environment. For example, a user agent may only be able to render borders with integer pixel widths and may therefore have to approximate the computed width, or the user agent may be forced to use only black and white shades instead of full colour. The Actual Value is the uUsed Value after any approximations have been applied. In this version of WebCGM, there are no examples where Actual Value differs from the Actual Value. This may change in a future version of the specification.

5.4.3 Inheritance

Some values are inherited by the children of an Application Structure in the document tree, as described above. Each Style Property and Application Structure Attribute defines whether it is inherited or not. As a general rule, when inheritance occurs, Application Structures inherit Computed values of Style Properties and Application Structure Attributes (unless implicitly stated in the Property or Attribute definition).

5.4.3.1 The 'inherit' value

Application Structure Attributes and Style Properties may also have a Specified Value of 'inherit'; which means that, for a given Application Structure, the Property or Attribute takes the same Computed value of the Application Structure's parent. The 'inherit' value can be used to strengthen inherited values, and it can also be used on Style Properties that are not normally inherited. There are no examples of the latter in this version of Web CGM.

5.5 Basic data types

WebCGM consists of three components where data type definitions need to be considered: metafile instances, DOM, and XCF.

5.5.1 Metafile data types

WebCGM instances are binary files. Metafile data types and encodings are fully defined in the CGM:1999 standard, together with chapters 3 and 6 of this WebCGM specification.

5.5.2 DOM data types

5.5.2.1 IDL types and binding types

Each interface of this DOM definition is normatively specified by a section of IDL code. The IDL uses basic data types such as unsigned short, boolean, long, etc. DOM applications are written in some programming language binding of the IDL, such as ECMAScript or Java. The only normatively specified binding for WebCGM DOM is the [ECMAScript binding](#).

The ECMAScript binding unambiguously associates ECMAScript language data types with the IDL data types, which provides all the data type information needed to write WebCGM DOM applications in ECMAScript.

Null return value. WebCGM DOM attributes and method return values of type WebCGMNode and WebCGMNodeList sometimes have to represent the case of no data, i.e., zero nodes. In the DOM functional specification of this chapter, the term **null** is uniformly used to represent this case. In DOM bindings such as the [ECMAScript binding](#) the **null** return value maps naturally to an ECMAScript null reserved keyword. (For example, `myNode.childnodes==null` evaluates to true, and `myPicture.getAppStructureById()==null` evaluates to true.)

5.5.2.2 The WebCGMString type

One heavily used data type in the IDL definition is the WebCGMString, and some of the DOM interfaces do specify substructure or sub-types for some WebCGMString attributes and parameters.

WebCGMString

A WebCGMString is a sequence of 16-bit units in WebCGM DOM.

IDL Definition

```
valuetype WebCGMString sequence<unsigned short>;
```

In WebCGM DOM, like XML DOM Level 3, the UTF-16 encoding was chosen because of its widespread industry practice. For ECMAScript and Java, WebCGMString is bound to the String type because both languages also use UTF-16 as their encoding. The WebCGM DOM has many interfaces that imply string matching. For XML, string comparisons are case-sensitive and performed with a binary comparison of the 16-bit units of the WebCGMStrings.

Empty string. WebCGM DOM attributes and method return values of type WebCGMString sometimes have to represent a string that has no data, i.e., zero characters. In the DOM functional specification of this chapter, the term **empty string** is uniformly used to represent this case. In DOM bindings such as the [ECMAScript binding](#), the WebCGM empty string maps naturally to an ECMAScript string of length zero, i.e., zero characters. (For example, `myEmptyString.length==0` evaluates to true, and `myEmptyString==" "` evaluates to true.)

5.5.2.3 WebCGMString sub-types

The WebCGM DOM has a number of WebCGMString attributes or parameters that in fact encode other data -- such as numbers, colors, sub-strings, etc -- into the string format. For the purposes of this specification, we define the following rules for how WebCGMString **sub-types** are encoded and represented within WebCGMString objects.

Number

A real number value encoded in a WebCGMString. The representation of the number can be either **decimal notation** or **scientific notation**. Decimal notation consists of either an integer, or an optional sign character followed by zero or more digits followed by a dot (.) followed by one or more digits. Scientific notation consists of a decimal-notation representation immediately followed by the letter "e" or "E" immediately followed by an integer.

Percent

A percent, encoded in a WebCGMString, is a **number** followed by a percent-sign character, "%".

Color

A color, encoded in a WebCGMString, is a "#" (number-sign character), followed by exactly six hex digits, [0-9a-f]. The first two digits represent the red component, the second two represent the green component, and the last two represent the blue component. Conceptually: #RRGGBB. Examples: #FF0000 is full red, #e1e1e1 is the gray background of the IDL definitions in this chapter, #00FFFF is full cyan, etc.

List-of-number

The following EBNF defines list-of-number (with number as defined above):

```
list-of-number ::= number | number Wsp list-of-number
Wsp           ::= (#x20 | #x9 | #xD | #xA)+
```

Delimited String (list-of-string)

Some WebCGMString attributes may encode multiple substrings, e.g., the APS Attributes, 'name' and 'linkuri'. For historical reasons, this is known as Delimited String sub-type (although functionally it is a "list-of-string").

A Delimited String conforms to the following notation:

```
DelimitedString ::= ListOfX | ListOfXX
ListX           ::= "'Name'" | "'Name'" Wsp ListX
ListXX          ::= '"Name"' | '"Name"' Wsp ListXX
Wsp             ::= (#x20 | #x9 | #xD | #xA)+
Name            ::= (ValidChar)*
```

The definition of ValidChar depends on the particular WebCGM entity that is being encoded. For example, in the [APS Attributes table](#) for DOM access (section 5.7.6, Interface WebCGMAppStructure), the valid characters for each of the APS Attributes that are encoded by Delimited String are determined by the WebCGM datatype of the particular APS Attribute (linked from the table), in combination with the [Character Repertoire rules](#) of section 3.1.1.3.

In the case of the ['linkuri' APS attribute](#), the value will always contain 3 * n strings, n representing the number of 'linkuri' attributes specified on the Application Structure. When meaningful values are not supplied for some of the components, the components must be represented by an empty string. This restriction of 3 * n strings was put in place to ease the complexity of scripts aimed at manipulating Delimited Strings.

Example: to set a 'region' APS Attribute that consisted of two subregions:

```
setAppStructureAttr("region", ""1 0 0 100 100' '1 25 25 75 75'")
```

Example: a multilink consisting of two links could be represented with the following delimited string:

```
'http://www.w3.org/' 'W3C' '_blank' 'http://www.cgmopen.org/' 'CGMOpen' '_self'.
```

A Delimited String is a list of wsp-separated substrings. If the Delimited String only contains a single substring, then it is coded as a simple string.

Example: to set a 'region' APS Attribute that consists of a single subregion:

```
setAppStructureAttr("region", "1 0 0 100 100")
```

Note. This Delimited String syntax, when combined with handling of string parameters in languages such as ECMAScript, imposes some constraints on the content of Delimited String substrings. In particular, it would not be possible to have a substring that contained both a QUOTE character and an APOSTROPHE character.

5.5.3 XCF data types

The [XML Companion File \(XCF\)](#) provides access to many of the APS Attributes and Style Properties that are accessible via the WebCGM DOM. APS Attributes and Style Properties that occur in WebCGM DOM as attributes and method parameters are represented in XCF as XML attributes. The values are encoded in the XML attribute strings of XCF exactly as they would be encoded in the [WebCGMString type](#) or a [WebCGMString sub-type](#) of the corresponding WebCGM DOM parameter or attribute.

5.6 Coordinate values -- Normalized VDC (NVDC)

In a WebCGM instance, the representation of coordinates (VDC) is influenced by several CGM elements: VDC TYPE, VDC EXTENT, and SCALE MODE. WebCGM requires that SCALE MODE be 'metric', but places few other constraints. Therefore VDC (times some scale factor) are equivalent to millimeters, but otherwise the coordinate

system could have a lot of variability: upper-left or lower-left origin, right-handed or left-handed, integer values or real values (floating or fixed), etc.

To simplify working with coordinates, the WebCGM DOM defines and uses a canonical, normalized coordinate system, Normalized VDC (NVDC).

NVDC units are millimeters, in a coordinate system whose origin corresponds to the lower left corner of the VDC extent, with the X axis pointing to the right, and the Y axis pointing up. The following examples illustrate the correspondence between NVDC and VDC values for several WebCGM instances.

Example 1: Simplest possible example, the VDC and the NVDC are identical

- VDC Type: Real
- VDC Extent (lower-left & upper-right corners): (0.,0.) (150.,100.)
- Scale Factor: 'metric', 1.0

The picture's VDC have lower-left origin, X increases to right, Y increases up, picture is 150 mm wide and 100 mm high. The NVDC are identical, (0.,0.) for lower-left corner, (150.,100.) for upper-right corner. If (x, y) are VDC and (x', y') are NVDC, then:

- $x' = x$
- $y' = y$

Example 2: The VDC define an upper-left origin, and correspond to a U.S. paper size of 8.5x11.0 inches:

- VDC Type: Real
- VDC Extent (lower-left & upper-right corners): (0.,11.0) (8.5,0.)
- Scale Factor: 'metric', 25.4

In VDC space, the origin is the upper-left corner, X increases to right, Y increases down. In NVDC space, the lower-left corner coordinates (as always) are (0,0) and the upper right corner is (215.9,279.4). If (x, y) are VDC and (x', y') are NVDC, then:

- $x' = 25.4 * x$
- $y' = 279.4 - 25.4 * y$

Example 3: In the **general case**, if VDC Extent coordinates are (x_{ll}, y_{ll}) , (x_{ur}, y_{ur}) , and Scale Factor is 'metric', s , then (x', y') NVDC is derived from (x, y) VDC by:

- $x' = \text{sign}(x_{ur}-x_{ll}) * (s) * (x - x_{ll})$
- $y' = \text{sign}(y_{ur}-y_{ll}) * (s) * (y - y_{ll})$

5.7 Fundamental Interfaces

The interfaces within this section are considered fundamental, and must be fully implemented by all conforming implementations of the WebCGM DOM. The WebCGM DOM presents WebCGM documents as a hierarchy of [WebCGMNode](#) objects that also implement other, more specialized interfaces. Some of the node types may have child nodes of various types, and others are leaf nodes that cannot have anything below them in the WebCGM document structure. WebCGM has the following node types:

[WebCGMMetafile](#) -- contains a list of WebCGMPicture nodes.

[WebCGMPicture](#) -- may contain child WebCGMAppStructures or child XML metadata nodes.

[WebCGMAppStructure](#) -- may contain child WebCGMAppStructures or child XML metadata nodes.

[WebCGMAttr](#) -- no children.

The WebCGM DOM also specifies several other interfaces to facilitate access to WebCGM attributes. The [GetWebCGMDocument](#) interface is the medium between the host environment and the WebCGM functionality. The [WebCGMNodeList](#) interface enables the handling of ordered lists of WebCGMNodes. The [WebCGMEvent](#) interface provides contextual information regarding mouse events. WebCGMNodeList objects in the DOM are live; that is, changes to the underlying document structure are reflected in all relevant NodeList objects. For example, if a DOM user gets a WebCGMNodeList object containing the children of an WebCGMAppStructure, then changes one of its children in the tree, all changes are reflected in the NodeList objects and in fact to all references to that Node in NodeList objects.

The WebCGMPicture node is the root of the document tree for DOM and inheritance model purposes:

- While it may seem natural that WebCGMMetafile should inherit from WebCGMNode, the WebCGM profile takes the view that the metafile is simply a placeholder for generic data formatting information for the picture (s) in a metafile.
- The inheritance root (see [inheritance model](#)) should correspond to the [webcgm](#) root element of the [XML Companion File](#) (XCF), and the XCF design has determined that companion files should be per-picture.
- Although WebCGM is a one-picture profile, extensibility to multi-picture profiles is already designed into the interfaces, and that extensibility relies on the DOM-tree (inheritance) root being the picture.

5.7.1 Exception WebCGMException

WebCGM operations only raise exceptions when an operation is impossible to perform.

IDL Definition

```
exception WebCGMException {
    unsigned short    code;
};

// ExceptionCode
const unsigned short    INDEX_SIZE_ERR           = 1;
const unsigned short    WEBCGMSTRING_SIZE_ERR    = 2;
const unsigned short    INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR    = 3;
const unsigned short    NO_DATA_ALLOWED_ERR      = 4;
const unsigned short    NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR = 5;
const unsigned short    NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR        = 6;
const unsigned short    INVALID_ACCESS_ERR       = 7;
const unsigned short    FILE_NOT_FOUND_ERR       = 8;
const unsigned short    FILE_INVALID_ERR         = 9;
```

Definition group ExceptionCode

An integer indicating the type of error generated.

Defined Constants

INDEX_SIZE_ERR; if index or size is negative, or greater than the allowed value.

DOMSTRING_SIZE_ERR; if the specified range of text does not fit into a WebCGMString.

INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR; if an invalid or illegal character is specified, such as in an XML name.

NO_DATA_ALLOWED_ERR; if data is specified for a node which does not support data.

NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR; if an attempt is made to modify an object where modifications are not allowed.

NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR; if the implementation does not support the requested type of object or operation.

INVALID_ACCESS_ERR; if a parameter or an operation is not supported by the underlying object.

FILE_NOT_FOUND_ERR; if the reference document could not be accessed

FILE_INVALID_ERR; if the reference document was not well-formed or was in error.

5.7.2 Interface **GetWebCGMDocument**

Since WebCGM documents are often embedded within a host document such as XHTML, WebCGM user agents are required to implement the **GetWebCGMDocument** interface for the element which references the WebCGM document (e.g., the 'object' tag).

IDL Definition

```
interface GetWebCGMDocument {
    WebCGMMetafile      getWebCGMDocument ( ) raises ( WebCGMException );
    WebCGMstring        getAppName ( );
    WebCGMstring        getAppVersion ( );
};
```

Attributes

No attributes.

Methods

getWebCGMDocument

Returns the WebCGMMetafile object for the referenced WebCGM document.

No parameters

Return value

WebCGMMetafile; The WebCGMMetafile object for the referenced WebCGM document.

Exceptions

WebCGMException; NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR: No WebCGMMetafile object is available.

getAppName

Returns the name of the viewer application.

No parameters

Return value

WebCGMString; The name of the viewer application.

Exceptions

No exceptions.

getAppVersion

Returns the version of the viewer application.

No parameters**Return value**

WebCGMString; The version of the viewer application.

Exceptions

No exceptions.

5.7.3 Interface WebCGMMetafile

The `WebCGMMetafile` interface is the entry point to the entire WebCGM document. The interface exposes information regarding the metafile and provides access to the first WebCGMPicture of the WebCGM document.

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMMetafile {
    readonly attribute WebCGMString  metafileDescription;
    readonly attribute WebCGMPicture firstPicture;
    readonly attribute WebCGMString  metafileID;
    readonly attribute unsigned short metafileVersion;
    attribute WebCGMString  src;

    void          addEventListener(in WebCGMString type,
                                  in WebCGMEventListener listener);

    void          removeEventListener(in WebCGMString type,
                                      in WebCGMEventListener listener));
};
```

Attributes**metafileDescription** of type **WebCGMString**, **readonly**

Returns the Metafile Description of the WebCGM document, which is a string consisting of QUOTE-delimited substrings, as defined in the [WebCGM PPF](#). For example: "ProfileId:WebCGM""ProfileEd:2.0""Source:A software vendor""Date:20040602""ColourClass:monochrome". Also as specified by the [WebCGM PPF](#), a valid **metafileDescription** will always contain the ProfileId: and the ProfileEd:, other information such as Source, ColourClass etc... is optional.

firstPicture of type **WebCGMPicture**, **readonly**

Returns the first WebCGMPicture element of the WebCGM document. Subsequent WebCGMPictures can be

accessed using the WebCGMPicture interface. A WebCGM 2.0 document contains exactly one WebCGMPicture.

metafileID of type **WebCGMString**, **readonly**

Returns the Metafile Identifier, which is the parameter of the BEGIN METAFILE element in the CGM document.

metafileVersion of type **unsigned short**, **readonly**

Returns the Metafile Version of the WebCGM document.

src of type **WebCGMString**

The URI of the current document. On setting, the new document pointed to by the URI is loaded by the user agent. The user agent must fully parse the fragment identifier (if any) in the URI and execute the indicated behavior. If a [URI fragment](#) is present, it must not contain a picture behavior term, following the ["Picture behaviors"](#) rule for links to CGM content from non-CGM content. If the CGM resource pointed to by the URI is currently loaded for the object, the user agent shall not reload the CGM (similar to the specification of a same-CGM URI for the [_replace behavior](#) on a CGM-to-CGM link.)

EXAMPLE. The 'src' attribute is a URI, with possible fragment containing object selection and object behavior terms. It is *not* a full 'linkuri' (APS Attribute) data record, and any fragment does *not* contain picture behavior terms. So to open myCGM.cgm using (ECMAScript) DOM calls that reference an HTML <object> element with ID of 'myObjElt':

Correct examples:

```
document.getElementById('myObjElt').getWebCGMDocument().src= 'myCGM.cgm#myId';
```

```
[...].getWebCGMDocument().src= 'myCGM.cgm#id(myId,full)';
```

Incorrect:

```
[...].getWebCGMDocument().src= 'myCGM.cgm#"myId" "myTitle" "_blank"'
```

```
[...].getWebCGMDocument().src= "myCGM.cgm#id(myId).picseqno(1,_blank)"
```

Methods

addEventListener

This method allows the registration of event listeners on the WebCGMMetafile. If a WebCGMEventListener is added to the WebCGMMetafile while it is processing an event, it will not be triggered by the current actions. If multiple identical WebCGMEventListeners are registered on the WebCGMMetafile with the same parameters the duplicate instances are discarded. They do not cause the WebCGMEventListener to be called twice.

Note: Although all WebCGMEventListeners on the WebCGMMetafile are guaranteed to be triggered by any event which is received, no specification is made as to the order in which the WebCGMMetafile will receive the event with regards to the other WebCGMEventListeners on the WebCGMMetafile.

Parameters

type of type WebCGMString

The event type for which the user is registering, (for example: "click", "mouseover").

listener of type WebCGMEventListener

The listener parameter takes an interface implemented by the user which contains the methods to be called when the event occurs.

No Return Value**No Exceptions****removeEventListener**

This method allows the removal of event listeners on the WebCGMMetafile. If an WebCGMEventListener is removed from the WebCGMMetafile while it is processing an event, it will not be triggered by the current actions. WebCGMEventListeners can never be invoked after being removed. Calling removeEventListener with arguments which do not identify any currently registered WebCGMEventListener on the WebCGMMetafile has no effect.

Parameters**type of type WebCGMString**

Specifies the event type of the WebCGMEventListener being removed (for example: "click", "mouseover").

listener of type WebCGMEventListener

The WebCGMEventListener parameter indicates the WebCGMEventListener to be removed.

No Return Value**No Exceptions****5.7.4 Interface WebCGMNode**

The `WebCGMNode` interface is the base datatype of the WebCGM Document Object Model. The `WebCGMNode` object is the basis of several other interfaces; `XMLElements` and WebCGM specific elements (i.e., `WebCGMAppStructure` & `WebCGMPicture`). The `WebCGMNode` interface specifies the attributes and methods to perform simple and generic tree traversal routines.

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMNode {
    const unsigned short PICTURE_NODE           = 1;
    const unsigned short APP_STRUCTURE_NODE     = 2;
    const unsigned short XML_METADATA_NODE     = 3;
    const unsigned short TEXT_NODE             = 4;
    const unsigned short ATTR_NODE            = 5;

    readonly attribute WebCGMString            nodeName;
    readonly attribute WebCGMString            nodeValue;
                                                // raises(WebCGMException) on retrieval

    readonly attribute unsigned short          nodeType;
    readonly attribute WebCGMNode              parentNode;
```

```

    readonly attribute WebCGMNodeList      childNodes;
    readonly attribute WebCGMNode          firstChild;
    readonly attribute WebCGMNode          lastChild;
    readonly attribute WebCGMNode          previousSibling;
    readonly attribute WebCGMNode          nextSibling;
    readonly attribute WebCGMPicture       ownerPicture;
    boolean                                 hasChildNodes();
    boolean                                 hasAttributes();
    readonly attribute WebCGMNodeList      attributes;

    readonly attribute WebCGMString        namespaceURI;
    readonly attribute WebCGMString        prefix;

    readonly attribute WebCGMString        localName;

    WebCGMString                            getAttributeNS(in WebCGMString
namespaceURI,
                                                in WebCGMString localName);
    void                                     setAttributeNS(in WebCGMString
namespaceURI,
                                                in WebCGMString qualifiedName,
                                                in WebCGMString value);
    WebCGMNodeList                          getElementsByTagNameNS(in WebCGMString
namespaceURI,
                                                                    in WebCGMString
localName);
};

```

Definition group NodeType

An integer indicating which type of node this is.

Defined Constants:

PICTURE_NODE; the node is a WebCGMPicture.

APP_STRUCTURE_NODE; the node is a WebCGMAppStructure.

XML_METADATA_NODE; the node is XML companion information attached to a CGM element.

TEXT_NODE; the node contains character data.

ATTR_NODE; the node is a WebCGMAttr.

The values of nodeName and nodeValue vary according to the node type as follows:

| Interface | nodeName | nodeValue |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| WebCGMAppStructure | WebCGMAppStructure type: "layer" "gobject" "para" "subpara" "grnode" | empty string |
| WebCGMAttr | WebCGMAttr.name | empty string |
| WebCGMPicture | "#picture" | empty string |
| Character Data | "#text" | content of the text node |
| XML Metadata | prefix + localName | empty string |

Attributes

Ed note. More readable and consistent formatting of all of these descriptive sections is intended in the next revision.

nodeName of type **WebCGMString**, **readonly**

The name of this node, depending on its type; see the table above.

nodeValue of type **WebCGMString**

The value of this node, depending on its type; see the table above.

Exceptions on setting

WebCGMException; NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR: Raised when the node is readonly and if it is not defined to be [null](#).

Exceptions on retrieval

WebCGMException; DOMSTRING_SIZE_ERR: Raised when it would return more characters than fit in a WebCGMString variable on the implementation platform.

nodeType of type **unsigned short**, **readonly**

A code representing the type of the underlying object, see the table above.

parentNode of type **WebCGMNode**, **readonly**

The parent (immediate ancestor node of a node) of this node. All nodes, except WebCGMPicture and WebCGMAttr, may have a parent.

childNodes of type **WebCGMNodeList**, **readonly**

A WebCGMNodeList that contains all children of this node. If there are no children, this returns [null](#).

firstChild of type **WebCGMNode**, **readonly**

The first child of this node. If there is no such node, this returns [null](#).

lastChild of type **WebCGMNode**, **readonly**

The last child of this node. If there is no such node, this returns [null](#).

previousSibling of type **WebCGMNode**, **readonly**

The node immediately preceding this node. If there is no such node, this returns [null](#).

nextSibling of type **WebCGMNode**, **readonly**

The node immediately following this node. If there is no such node, this returns [null](#).

ownerPicture of type **WebCGMPicture**, **readonly**

The WebCGMPicture object associated with this node. When the node is a WebCGMPicture node, this returns [null](#).

attributes of type WebCGMNodeList, readonly

A WebCGMNodeList containing all attributes (WebCGM and namespaced) of this node or [null](#) if the WebCGMNode doesn't have any attributes. The 'apsid' parameter of the Begin APS element is considered to be an attribute of its APS for DOM purposes, and the 'pictid' parameter of the Begin Picture element is considered to be an attribute of its Picture for DOM purposes. This table summarizes the contents of 'attributes' for the various node types:

| Node type | attributes |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| PICTURE_NODE | pictid (always); NS attributes |
| APP_STRUCTURE_NODE | apsid (always); NS attributes; APS Attributes |
| XML_METADATA_NODE | NS attributes |
| ATTR_NODE | none (always null) |
| TEXT_NODE | none (always null) |

namespaceURI of type WebCGMString, readonly

The namespace URI of this node (e.g., prefix:elementName returns ... if the URI is associated with the prefix in an xmlns declaration.). This is not a computed value that is the result of a namespace lookup based on an examination of the namespace declarations in scope. It is the namespace URI given at creation time. This returns [empty string](#) if the WebCGMNode is not of type XML_METADATA_NODE or ATTR_NODE.

prefix of type WebCGMString, readonly

The namespace prefix of this node (e.g., foo:elementName, returns "foo"). This returns [empty string](#) if the WebCGMNode is not of type XML_METADATA_NODE or ATTR_NODE.

localName of type WebCGMString, readonly

Returns the local part of the qualified name of this node (e.g., foo:elementName, returns "elementName"). This returns [empty string](#) if the WebCGMNode is not of type XML_METADATA_NODE or ATTR_NODE.

Methods**hasChildNodes**

Returns whether this node has any children.

No Parameters**Return Value**

boolean; true if this node has any children, false otherwise.

No Exceptions**hasAttributes**

Returns whether this node has any attributes. (For more information, see the [attributes attribute](#).)

No Parameters**Return Value**

boolean; true if this node has any attributes, false otherwise.

No Exceptions

getAttributeNS

Returns the node attribute value by local name and namespace URI.

Parameters

namespaceURI of type **WebCGMString**

The namespace URI of the attribute to retrieve.

localName of type **WebCGMString**

The local name of the attribute to retrieve.

Return Value

WebCGMString; The WebCGMAttr value as a string, or the [empty string](#) if that attribute does not have a specified value.

No Exceptions

setAttributeNS

Adds a new attribute. If an attribute with that name is already present on the node, its value is changed to be that of the value parameter.

Parameters

namespaceURI of type **WebCGMString**

The namespace URI of the attribute to create or alter.

qualifiedName of type **WebCGMString**

The qualified name of the attribute to create or alter.

value of type **WebCGMString**

The value to set in string form.

No Return Value

Exception INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR: Raised if the specified qualified name contains an illegal character. The legal-character constraints of the qualified name match those of the [attribute name construct](#) of *XML 1.0 Third Edition*.

Exception NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR: Raised if this node is readonly.

getElementsByTagNameNS

Returns a WebCGMNodeList of all the descendant XML companion file elements ([application specific metadata](#)) with a given local name and namespace URI in the order in which they are encountered in a preorder traversal of

the WebCGMNode tree. Returns [null](#) if there are no such elements

Parameters

namespaceURI of type **WebCGMString**

The namespace URI of the XML elements to match on.

localName of type **WebCGMString**

The local name of the XML elements to match on.

Return Value

WebCGMNodeList; A list of matching XML element nodes.

No Exceptions

5.7.5 Interface WebCGMPicture

The `WebCGMPicture` interface allows for access to the application structures of the WebCGM document. It also specifies how to load and apply an [XML Companion File](#) (XCF) to a WebCGM document.

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMPicture : WebCGMNode {
    readonly attribute float          width;
    readonly attribute float          height;
    readonly attribute WebCGMString   pictid;
    boolean                          applyCompanionFile(in WebCGMString fileURI);
    WebCGMNode                        getAppStructureById(in WebCGMString apsId);
    WebCGMNodeList                    getAppStructuresByName(in WebCGMString apsName);
    void                              highlight(in WebCGMNodeList nodes,
                                              in boolean state);
    void                              setPictureVisibility(in WebCGMString visibility);
    void                              setStyleProperty(in WebCGMString style,
                                                       in WebCGMString value);
    void                              reloadPicture();
};
```

Attributes

width of type **float**, **readonly**

Represents the WebCGMPicture width in millimeters. Please refer to [Coordinate Values](#) section for more information.

height of type **float**, **readonly**

Represents the WebCGMPicture height in millimeters. Please refer to [Coordinate Values](#) section for more information.

pictid of type **WebCGMString**, **readonly**

Represents the WebCGMPicture id, which is the id parameter in the BEGIN PICTURE element in the CGM document.

Methods

applyCompanionFile

The applyCompanionFile reads an XML Companion File (XCF) into the user agent's object model. If [application-specific metadata](#) is found in the companion file (in the form of namespace attributes and namespace children elements), the user agent will create new namespace application structures as children of existing WebCGM Application Structures within it's object model. This information will then be accessible using methods found on this WebCGMPicture interface, on [WebCGMAppStructure](#) and on [WebCGMNode](#). If the fileURI parameter of this method is a relative URI, then that relative URI is resolved similarly to [resolving relative URIs](#) for XCF resources referenced in the WebCGM [URI fragment syntax](#), i.e., the URI is resolved relative to location of the CGM resource to which the XCF resource is a companion.

Please refer to the [Relationship with XML companion file](#) section for more discussion.

Parameters

fileURI of type **WebCGMString**

The file name and location of the XML companion file to load and apply into the object model.

Return value

boolean; true if the implementation was able to load and parse the XML companion file into memory as requested; false otherwise.

Exceptions **FILE_NOT_FOUND_ERR**; if the reference document could not be accessed.

Exceptions **FILE_INVALID_ERR**; if the reference document was not well-formed or in error.

getAppStructureById

Returns the Application Structure whose ID is given by apsid. If no such Application Structure exists, returns [null](#). Behavior is not defined if more than one element has this ID. Only WebCGM Application Structures may be retrieved using getAppStructureById, it does not retrieve foreign namespace elements ([application-specific metadata](#) elements).

Parameters

apsid of type **WebCGMString**

The unique id value for an Application Structure.

Return value

WebCGMNode; the matching Application Structure.

No Exceptions

getAppStructuresByName

Returns the list of Application Structures whose names are given by apsName in the order in which they are encountered in a preorder traversal of the WebCGMPicture tree. If no such Application Structures exists, returns

null. Only WebCGM Application Structures may be retrieved using `getAppStructuresByName`, it does not retrieve foreign namespace elements ([application-specific metadata](#) elements).

Parameters

apsName of type **WebCGMString**

A non-unique name value for an Application Structure.

Return value

WebCGMNodeList; A WebCGMNodeList object containing all the matching Application Structure WebCGMNodes.

No Exceptions

highlight

Highlights a collection of Application Structures (APs). WebCGM allows for highlighting of APs using the [URI fragment syntax](#). The exact method of highlighting is viewer dependent. The highlight method provides a way for WebCGM script writers to highlight APs in the same way a URI fragment would. It also allows for highlighting of entire layers. Highlighting is not defined for WebCGMPicture nodes or XML Metadata nodes.

Parameters

nodes of type **WebCGMNodeList**

A WebCGMNodeList of APP_STRUCTURE_NODES to highlight.

state of type **boolean**

A true value will highlight the nodes, whereas false will remove the highlight.

No Return value

No Exceptions

setPictureVisibility

Sets the visibility on or off for the whole picture. Note that for the purposes of the [inheritance model](#), the Picture node behaves like an Application Structure, and the visibility as set by this method behaves like the ['visibility' APS Attribute](#).

Parameters

visibility of type **WebCGMString**

Value for the visibility of the picture, {on | off}.

No Return value

No Exceptions

setStyleProperty

Set a style property at the picture level by name.

[Future editorial enhancement: re-format of the following SP material ... bullet list index to ApsAttr-like descriptions.]

The following table describes in more detail each of the style properties, their scopes and allowed values:

Rules & encodings for DOM manipulation of style properties

| Style Property Name | Picture level | APS level | Attribute value(s) | Initial value | Example |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| background-color | yes | no | absolute RGB or relative intensity (0..100%) | 100% | "#000000" or "75%" |
| text-size | yes | yes | absolute NVDC or relative scale (both > 0) | 100% | "225%" |
| fill-color | yes | yes | absolute RGB or relative intensity (0..100%) | 100% | "#FF0000" or "75%" |
| intensity | yes | yes | intensity (0..100%) | 100% | "75%" |
| stroke-color | yes | yes | absolute RGB or relative intensity (0..100%) | 100% | "#FF0000" or "75%" |
| stroke-weight | yes | yes | absolute NVDC or relative scale (both > 0) | 100% | "225%" |
| text-color | yes | yes | absolute RGB or relative intensity (0..100%) | 100% | "#FF0000" or "75%" |
| text-font | yes | yes | WebCGMString | "metafile" | "Helvetica" |
| raster-intensity | yes | yes | relative intensity (0..100%) | 100% | "75%" |

Common specifications. The following common specifications related to the [inheritance model](#) apply to all of the Style properties:

- **Inherited: yes:** Each Style Property may be inherited.
- **Value "inherit":** Each Style Property may take the value "inherit", in addition to the values listed for the individual property.
- **Computed Value:** The Computed Value of each Style Property is the same as the specified value, with the exception of the elimination of the value "inherit" as specified in the [inheritance model](#).

Units in the table. RGB colors are expressed as hexadecimal values. Relative scale values are expressed as a positive or non-negative number (depending on the property) followed by a '%' unit designator. Relative values of some properties can exceed 100%. Relative intensity values are expressed as a number followed by a '%' unit, ex: "75%". Relative intensity values cannot exceed 100%.

Color representation. Absolute RGB colors are expressed using a hexadecimal representation for all three RGB channels, #RRGGBB. Examples of colors expressed in hexadecimal representation: red is expressed as #FF0000, and cyan which uses both full green and full blue is expressed as #00FFFF. The representation must be exactly 6 digits, 2 each for R, G, and B. Shorthand hexadecimal notation, e.g., the 3-digit #RGB notation, is not supported in this specification.

Replacement mode. When Style Properties have values of "%" (percent), the respective attribute value used for display is adjusted by applying the appropriate formulae to the attribute values in the metafile (for the appropriate target object). For example, stroke-weight of 60% means that the metafile-defined LINE WIDTH and EDGE WIDTH attributes are multiplied by 0.6. Successive setting of the same Style Property replaces any previous setting of the same Style Property (rather than accumulating with it). So, for example, stroke-weight 60% followed later by stroke-weight 40% results in stroke-weight 40%, not stroke-weight 24%.

Order counts. Some Style Properties have overlapping effects. For example, intensity and fill-color both affect the color of filled areas. When both properties are defined for a target APS, the latter definition supersedes and replaces the earlier definition. So for example intensity 40% followed by fill-color 60% results in 60% fill color, while fill-color #FF0000 followed by intensity 40% results in fill-color 40% (of the filled-areas colors in the metafile, for the target object).

background-color is the color of the rendering surface for the entire picture, on which all elements are drawn. It corresponds to the BACKGROUND COLOUR attribute of the CGM standard. Example. A value of #000000 for the background-color style property will override what is in the WebCGM instance, and display a black background for

all elements to render over.

text-size redefines the size of all text in the target object. If text-size is "%", then it adjusts the text restriction boxes (heights and widths) and the CGM CHARACTER HEIGHT attribute by that amount. If the text-size value is NVDC, for each text element in the target object, compute the ratio (effectively, a percent) of the new NVDC value and the restriction box height, and apply the resulting ratio as would be done for the same "%" value.

fill-color is the style property applied to a closed area inside the path of a shape. It corresponds to the CGM attribute FILL COLOUR, and will override the current values of that attribute within the target object (APS or picture), if the fill-color Style Property is applied to object.

intensity is a way to make the current color fade towards white. An intensity value of 0% applied to an Application Structure (APS) will make its contents completely white while a value of 100% will keep the current colors intact. The intensity equation is as follows:

$$\text{normalizedNewRed} = 1 - \text{intensity} * (1 - \text{normalizedOldRed}).$$

$$\text{normalizedNewGreen} = 1 - \text{intensity} * (1 - \text{normalizedOldGreen}).$$

$$\text{normalizedNewBlue} = 1 - \text{intensity} * (1 - \text{normalizedOldBlue}).$$

Here is an example of the computations when applying an intensity of 40% to the color orange #FFA500:

$$\text{normalizedNewRed} = 1 - 0.4 * (1 - 1) = 1.$$

$$\text{normalizedNewGreen} = 1 - 0.4 * (1 - 0.647) = 0.859.$$

$$\text{normalizedNewBlue} = 1 - 0.4 * (1 - 0) = 0.5.$$

The new color is %FFDB99.

Setting a relative intensity value is allowed on a number of individual style properties, see table found above. The 'intensity' style property, however, represents a convenience property that simultaneously controls the intensity value of the following four properties: fill-color, stroke-color, text-color and raster-intensity.

stroke-color: The stroke-color style property defines the color for the lines and edges within the target object (APS or picture) to which the property is applied. Stroke-color overrides the CGM attributes LINE COLOUR and EDGE COLOUR. This style property will apply an absolute or a relative intensity color change to metafile-defined values of those CGM attributes within the target object.

stroke-weight: The stroke-weight properties redefines the thickness of the pen strokes for drawing of lines and edges within the target object (APS or picture) to which it is applied. Stroke-weight overrides CGM attributes LINE WIDTH and EDGE WIDTH. This stroke-weight property can apply a relative scale change to the metafile-defined value of those attributes, or can provide an absolute (NVDC) replacement for those current values.

text-color: The text-color style property redefines the color for the graphical text within the target object (APS or picture) to which the property is applied. Text-color overrides the CGM attribute TEXT COLOUR. This style property will apply an absolute or a relative intensity color change to metafile-defined value of that CGM attribute within the APS.

text-font: Specifies a replacement font for all text in the target object. If the characters that are needed for all text in the target object are available in the specified replacement font, and if the specified font is available, then use it for all text in the target object. Otherwise, ignore the specified replacement font. The initial value of text-font, which is the reserved keyword "metafile", means that the font specifications of the metafile are used.

raster-intensity is a way to make the current color fade towards white in a raster element. It applies to the colors within CELL ARRAY, TILE, and BITONAL TILE elements within the target object (APS or picture) to which it is

applied. An intensity value of 0% applied to an Application Structure (APS) will make its raster contents completely white while a value of 100% will keep the current raster colors intact. The equations for computing new color values are the same as for the **intensity** property, above.

Parameters

style of type WebCGMString

The name of the style property to modify.

value of type WebCGMString

The new value for the given style. Note that "inherit" is a valid value for every Style Property, and per the [inheritance model](#), it has the effect of restoring the style property to its initial (load time) value (as determined by the inheritance model).

No Return value

No Exceptions

reloadPicture

Notifies the user agent to immediately redraw the entire WebCGMPicture. The user agent will reload the WebCGMPicture while preserving the current user agent's zoom and pan level. The reloading of the WebCGMPicture also discards any existing companion information that may have been loaded into memory via the **applyCompanionFile** method.

No Parameters

No Return value

No Exceptions

5.7.6 Interface WebCGMAppStructure

The `WebCGMAppStructure` interface offers methods for setting and retrieving Application Structure (APS) attributes. The main methods for accessing Application Structure attributes are `getAppStructureAttr` and `setAppStructureAttr`, however; it is important to note that some attributes, like 'name' and 'linkuri', may have multiple values. In that case, a [Delimited String](#) is returned. Delimited String is also used for 'region', which may contain several sub-regions.

The following table identifies which APS attribute values can be expressed as a Delimited String. Each entry in the table points to the detailed description of the attribute, as it appears in WebCGM content.

Rules & encodings for DOM access to APS Attributes

| APS Attribute Name | read/write | Delimited strings | Example |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| content | yes | no, single string | "car engine transmission" |
| interactivity | yes | no, single string | "on" |
| layerdesc | yes | no, single string | "This layer contains English instructions" |
| layername | readonly | no, single string | "English instructions" |
| linkuri | yes | yes, multiple 3-tuples possible | "http://w3.org" "W3C" "_blank" |
| name | readonly | yes, multiple names possible | "firstName" "anotherName" |
| region | yes | yes, multiple subregions possible | "1 0 0 100 100" "1 25 25 75 75" |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| screentip | yes | no, single string | "This is a screentip" |
| viewcontext | yes | no, single string (two corner points) | "0 0 100 100" |
| visibility | yes | no, single string | "on" |

The WebCGMAppStructure interface, like the WebCGMPicture interface, also provides methods for modifying Style Properties at the Application Structure level. For more information about available style properties, refer to the [Style Properties Table](#).

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMAppStructure : WebCGMNode {
    readonly attribute WebCGMString  apsId;
    readonly attribute unsigned long  nameCount;
    readonly attribute unsigned long  linkuriCount;

    WebCGMString  getAppStructureAttr(in WebCGMString name);
    void          setAppStructureAttr(in WebCGMString name, in WebCGMString value)
        raises( WebCGMException );
    void          removeAppStructureAttr(in WebCGMString name)
        raises( WebCGMException );
    void          setStyleProperty(in WebCGMString style, in WebCGMString value);
};
```

Attributes

apsId of type WebCGMString, readonly

The unique identifier of the Application Structure.

nameCount of type unsigned long, readonly

Represents the number of 'name' attribute values present on this Application Structure.

linkuriCount of type unsigned long, readonly

Represents the number of 'linkuri' attribute values present on this Application Structure.

Methods

getAppStructureAttr

Retrieves an Application Structure attribute value by name. Please refer to the [Application Structure Attributes table](#) for more detailed information on retrievable and modifiable Application Structure attributes.

Parameters

name of type WebCGMString

The name of the Application Structure attribute to retrieve.

Return value

WebCGMString; the Application Structure attribute value as a string, or the [empty string](#) if that attribute does not have an explicitly set value (see the [inheritance model](#) for further related discussion). The value may be a [Delimited String](#).

No Exceptions

setAppStructureAttr

Adds a new Application Structure attribute. If an attribute with that name is already present in the APS, its value is changed to be that of the value parameter. Please refer to the [Application Structure Attributes table](#) for more detailed information on retrievable and modifiable Application Structure attributes.

Parameters

name of type WebCGMString

The name of the Application Structure attribute to create or alter.

value of type WebCGMString

Value to set in string form. The value may be a delimited string.

No Return value

Exception NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR: Raised if the Application Structure Attribute is readonly.

removeAppStructureAttr

Removes an Application Structure attribute. Please refer to the [Application Structure Attributes table](#) for more detailed information on retrievable and modifiable Application Structure attributes.

Parameters

name of type WebCGMString

The name of the Application Structure attribute to remove.

No Return value

Exception NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR: Raised if the Application Structure Attribute is readonly.

setStyleProperty

Set a style property by name on the given Application Structure. Please refer to the [Style Properties Table](#) for more detailed information on style properties.

Parameters

style of type WebCGMString

The name of the style attribute to modify.

value of type WebCGMString

The new value for the given style.

No Return value**No Exceptions****5.7.7 Interface WebCGMNodeList**

The WebCGMNodeList interface provides the abstraction of an ordered collection of nodes. WebCGMNodeList objects in the WebCGM DOM are live. The index with the WebCGMNodeList starts at 0.

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMNodeList {
    readonly attribute unsigned long count;
    WebCGMNode      item(in unsigned long index);
    WebCGMNode      removeItem ( in unsigned long index )
                    raises( WebCGMException );
    WebCGMNode      appendItem ( in WebCGMString newItem )
                    raises( WebCGMException );
};
```

Attributes**count** of type unsigned long, readonly

The number of nodes in the list. The range of valid child node indices is 0 to count-1 inclusive.

Methods**item**

Returns the indexed item in the collection.

Parameters**index** of type unsigned long

Index into the collection.

Return value

WebCGMNode; The node of the indexed position in the WebCGMNodeList that is not a valid index., or [null](#) if that is not a valid index.

No Exceptions**removeItem**

Removes an existing item from the list.

Parameters**index** of type unsigned long

The index of the item which is to be removed. The first item is number 0.

Return value

WebCGMNode The removed item.

Exceptions

WebCGMException NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR: Raised when the list cannot be modified.

appendItem

Inserts a new item at the end of the list. If newItem is already in a list, it is removed from its previous list before it is inserted into this list.

Parameters**newItem** of type **WebCGMNode**

The item which is to be inserted into the list. The first item is number 0.

Return value

WebCGMNode The inserted item.

Exceptions

WebCGMException NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR: Raised when the list cannot be modified.

5.7.8 Interface WebCGMAttr

The `WebCGMAttr` interface represents an attribute in a `XML_METADATA_NODE`, a `PICTURE_NODE` or a `APP_STRUCTURE_NODE`.

Note that `WebCGMAttr` objects inherit the `WebCGMNode` interface, but since they are not actually child nodes of the element they describe, the WebCGM DOM does not consider them part of the document tree. Thus, the `WebCGMNode` attributes `parentNode`, `previousSibling`, and `nextSibling` have a [null](#) value for `WebCGMAttr` objects.

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMAttr: WebCGMNode {
    readonly attribute WebCGMString      name;
        attribute WebCGMString          value;
    readonly attribute WebCGMNode        ownerNode;
};
```

Attributes**name** of type **WebCGMString**, **readonly**

Returns the name of this attribute. If `WebCGMNode.localName` is different from the [empty string](#), this attribute is a qualified name.

value of type **WebCGMString**

On retrieval, the value of the attribute is returned as a string, see `WebCGMNode.getAppStructureAttr()`. On setting, is it equivalent to `WebCGMNode.setAppStructureAttr()`.

Exceptions on setting

`WebCGMException`; `NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR`: Raised when the node is readonly.

ownerNode of type `WebCGMNode`, readonly

The Element node this attribute is attached to or `null` if this attribute is not in use.

5.7.9 Interface `WebCGMEventListener`

The `WebCGMEventListener` interface is the primary method for handling events. Users register their listener on the [WebCGMMetafile node](#) with the `addEventListener` method.

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMEventListener {
    void      handleEvent(in WebCGMEvent evt);
};
```

Methods

handleEvent

This method is called whenever an event occurs of the type for which the `WebCGMEventListener` interface was registered.

Parameters

evt of type `WebCGMEvent`

The `WebCGMEvent` containing contextual information about the event.

No Return value

No Exceptions

5.7.10 Interface `WebCGMEvent`

The `WebCGMEvent` interface is used to provide contextual information about an event to the handler processing the event.

There exists three levels of interactivity in WebCGM:

- User-initiated actions such as a mouse click can be captured by the host environment and execute scripts.
- The user can initiate hyperlinks to Web pages or other WebCGM illustrations.
- User agent, users are able to zoom into and pan around WebCGM content.

This section also describes how a user agent processes the three different levels of interactivity.

When a mouse event occurs, the WebCGM user agent determines the target object of the mouse event. For the purposes of this discussion, "object" means Application Structure (APS). The target object is the topmost object

whose [interactive region](#) is under the mouse at the time of the event. (Note that the definition of interactive region excludes objects that are fully transparent due to the setting of their graphical attributes.)

An application structure of type 'grnode' or 'layer' cannot be a target of a mouse event. Instead, if the mouse pointer was over a 'grnode' when the event occurred; its closest ancestor object of type 'gobject', 'para' or 'subpara' will be designated as the target element. When an object is not displayed (i.e., 'visibility' attribute is set to off) or made non-interactive (i.e., 'interactivity' attribute is set to off), that object cannot be the target of mouse events.

The event is either initially dispatched to the target object, to the Picture, or not dispatched depending on the following:

- If there are no graphics objects whose [interactive region](#) is under the mouse (i.e., there is no target object), the event is not dispatched.
- Otherwise, the Metafile is checked to see if it has an appropriate event handler. The event is dispatched to the event handler if an appropriate one is found.
- Otherwise, the event is discarded.

See also the descriptions of [gobject](#), [grnode](#), [para](#) or [subpara](#), for related specifics.

The processing order for user interface events is as follows:

- Events handlers assigned to a WebCGMPicture get the event first via the potential event bubbling. If none of the activation event handlers take an explicit action (by invoking the preventDefault() WebCGM DOM method) to prevent further processing of the given event, then the event is passed on for:
- Cursor change, screentip and [hyperlink processing](#). If a hyperlink is invoked in response to a user interface event, the hyperlink typically will disable further activation event processing (e.g., hyperlink to another Web page). If link processing does not disable further processing of the given event, then the event is passed on for:
- Document-wide event processing, such as user agent facilities to allow zooming and panning of a WebCGM document.

Since hyperlinks will in general change the context of a document it is more appropriate to allow explicit handlers to act on an event first and then process the hyperlink. The reverse order cannot guarantee that the script would get executed. Script writers should be made aware that this specification does not cover user agent event facilities such as zooming, panning or context menus. The mechanism to invoke such functionality will likely be different between vendors. Script writers are encouraged to become aware of those differences and thus, write highly interoperable WebCGM scripts.

IDL Definition

```
interface WebCGMEvent {
    readonly attribute WebCGMString      type;
    readonly attribute WebCGMNode        target;
    readonly attribute unsigned short    button;
    readonly attribute long              numPressed;
    readonly attribute float             clientX;
    readonly attribute float             clientY;
    readonly attribute boolean           ctrlKey;
    readonly attribute boolean           shiftKey;
    readonly attribute boolean           altKey;
    readonly attribute boolean           metaKey;

    void                                preventDefault();
};
```

Attributes

type of type WebCGMString, readonly

The name of the event (case-insensitive). The name must be an XML name.

target of type WebCGMNode, readonly

Used to indicate the WebCGMNode (Application Structure) to which the event was originally dispatched.

button of type unsigned short, readonly

During mouse events caused by the depression or release of a mouse button, button is used to indicate which mouse button changed state. The values for button range from zero to indicate the left button of the mouse, one to indicate the middle button if present, and two to indicate the right button. For mice configured for left handed use in which the button actions are reversed the values are instead read from right to left.

numPressed of type long, readonly

Indicates the number of times a mouse button has been pressed and released over the same screen location during a user action. The attribute value is 1 when the user begins this action and increments by 1 for each full sequence of pressing and releasing. If the user moves the mouse between the mousedown and mouseup the value will be set to 0, indicating that no click is occurring.

clientX of type float, readonly

The horizontal coordinate at which the event occurred expressed in Normalized VDC.

clientY of type float, readonly

The vertical coordinate at which the event occurred expressed in Normalized VDC.

ctrlKey of type boolean, readonly

Used to indicate whether the 'ctrl' key was depressed during the firing of the event.

shiftKey of type boolean, readonly

Used to indicate whether the 'shift' key was depressed during the firing of the event.

altKey of type boolean, readonly

Used to indicate whether the 'alt' key was depressed during the firing of the event. On some platforms this key may map to an alternative key name.

metaKey of type boolean, readonly

Used to indicate whether the 'meta' key was depressed during the firing of the event. On some platforms this key may map to an alternative key name.

Methods**preventDefault**

Calling preventDefault has the effect of cancelling the event. Any default action associated with the event will not occur.

No Parameters

No return value

WebCGM supports the following types of events:

click The click event occurs when the pointing device button is clicked. A click is defined as a mousedown and mouseup over the same screen location. The sequence of these events is: mousedown, mouseup, click. If multiple clicks occur at the same screen location, the sequence repeats with the detail attribute incrementing with each repetition. The Application Structure (if any) which was under the mouse pointer when clicked is populated in the WebCGMEvent.target property.

mousedown The mousedown event occurs when the pointing device button is pressed. The Application Structure (if any) which was under the mouse pointer when it was pressed down is populated in the WebCGMEvent.target property.

mouseup The mouseup event occurs when the pointing device button is released. The Application Structure (if any) which was under the mouse pointer when it was released populated in the WebCGMEvent.target property.

mouseover The mouseover event occurs when the pointing device is moved onto an Application Structure. The Application Structure that the mouse pointer moved over is populated in the WebCGMEvent.target property.

mouseout The mouseout event occurs when the pointing device is moved away from an Application Structure. The Application Structure that the mouse pointer moved away is populated in the WebCGMEvent.target property.

load The load event occurs when the WebCGM DOM implementation finishes loading all content within a WebCGM metafile.

unload The unload event occurs when the WebCGM DOM implementation removes a WebCGM metafile from a window or frame.

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6 WebCGM Profile

This section and its subsections are normative.

6.1 WebCGM Proforma

The following profile proforma (PPF) defines the WebCGM application profile for CGM files with a comparison to the ISO Model Profile as defined in ISO/IEC 8632:1999. The tables for the ISO Model Profile are duplicated here for reference and are intended to be accurate. In case of discrepancies, the Model Profile in ISO/IEC 8632:1999 shall take precedence. In the PPF, there are references such as 9.5.4.5, 5.5.11, and Annex I, etc. These are references to sections of the CGM:1999 text, from which this proforma is extracted. Other internal PPF references look like T16.13 and Attachment 26.4, which are references to table entries in the PPF itself.

6.2 Metafile Rules


| Functionality | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T.13.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| Encodings | Select 1 or more encodings: Binary Yes ; Clear text No ; | Select 1 or more encodings: Binary Yes ; Clear text Yes ; |
| T.13.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| Number of pictures | Number of pictures permitted in a metafile: minimum (≥ 0)? 1 . maximum (≥ 0 or no limit)? 1 . Other: None . | Number of pictures permitted in a metafile: minimum (≥ 0)? 1 . maximum (≥ 0 or no limit)? No limit . Other: None . |


| | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T.13.3 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| Empty pictures | | Are pictures allowed which have no graphical primitives? (yes/no) Yes. Other: None . |
| T.13.4 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| Metafile size | | Any restrictions on metafile size? None . Other: None . |

6.3 Multi-element Rules

| Functionality | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.16.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| Colour References: 9.5.4.1 | Select which rule applies to each metafile (choose 1): Either all colours or none shall be defined. Yes ; All colours shall be defined. No ; No colours shall be defined. No ; Are colour indexes allowed to be redefined within a picture or metafile? (yes/no) Yes . | Select which rule applies to each metafile (choose 1): Either all colours or none shall be defined. Yes ; All colours shall be defined. No ; No colours shall be defined. No ; Are colour indexes allowed to be redefined within a picture or metafile? (yes/no) No . |

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| | <p>Any restrictions on the number of distinct colours used within a picture or metafile? (Monochrome metafiles shall use at most two distinct colours.) None.</p> <p>Are conformance categories defined? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify.</p> <p>Monochrome and colour.</p> <p>Other: Grayscale is considered to be a special class of colour.</p> | <p>Any restrictions on the number of distinct colours used within a picture or metafile? (Monochrome metafiles shall use at most two distinct colours.) None.</p> <p>Are conformance categories defined? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify. 3 categories: monochrome, grayscale, and colour.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.14.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>Line primitives - geometric degeneracies</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.4.3</p> | | <p>Geometric degeneracies are: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>If permitted, graphical meaning of the degeneracy: A line primitive element, whose entire locus is a single point, denotes a graphical dot which is a filled circle, with diameter equal to the current line width and colour equal to the current line colour.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.14.3 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>Filled area primitives -</p> <p>geometric degeneracies</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.4.4</p> | | <p>Geometric degeneracies are: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>If permitted, graphical meaning of the degeneracy: <i>A filled-area primitive element, whose entire locus is either a single point or a line has the following meaning:</i></p> <p><i>- If the locus of a filled-area primitive is a single point, then the meaning is a dot (which is a filled circle).</i></p> <p><i>- If the locus of a filled-area primitive is a non-degenerate line segment, then the meaning is a line.</i></p> <p><i>The dot or line is displayed with the fill colour if EDGE VISIBILITY is 'off', unless INTERIOR STYLE is 'empty', in which case it is not rendered. If EDGE VISIBILITY is 'on', the interior treatment is the dot or line displayed in the fill colour, and then a dot or line superimposed with the current edge attributes.</i></p> <p>Other: <i>None.</i></p> |
| <p>T.14.4</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>Graphical text strings</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.4.5</p> | <p>Minimum string length (bytes): 0</p> <p>Maximum string length (bytes): 254</p> <p>Any restrictions on the use of ISO/IEC 2022 switching controls?</p> <p><i>The C0 character NUL (code value) is permitted and has no effect. String parameters of graphical text shall contain no control character (7/8 bit codes: 1-31 and 128-159). ISO/IEC 2022 switching is not allowed in graphical text. A valid WebCGM metafile may use for graphical text only the character sets: the collection of four character sets which comprise ISO Latin1 and Symbol (see CHARACTER SET LIST); Unicode UTF-8; and UTF-16.</i></p> <p>Other: None.</p> <p>Note. According to the Binary Encoding of CGM:1999, strings of multi-byte Unicode text are "big-endian", like the rest of the binary metafile.</p> | <p>Minimum string length (bytes): 0.</p> <p>Maximum string length (bytes): 254.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the use of ISO/IEC 2022 switching controls? <i>Any character set used in the metafile which is accessed by ISO/IEC 2022 switching techniques shall be in the Character Set List (defined in this profile).</i></p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.14.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>Non-graphical text strings</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.4.6</p> | <p>Maximum string length (bytes):</p> <p>for type SF: 254</p> <p>for type SF within type D: 1024</p> <p>Format effectors and ESC: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Other C0 control codes (except NUL and ISO/IEC 2022 switching) are prohibited.</p> | <p>Maximum string length (bytes):</p> <p>for type SF: 254.</p> <p>for type SF within type D: 1024.</p> <p>Format effectors and ESC: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Other C0 control codes (except NUL and ISO/IEC 2022 switching) are prohibited.</p> |

Any limits on the set of acceptable character sets?
The permitted character sets for non-graphical text are ISO Latin 1 (LHS & RHS), and UNICODE UTF-8, and Unicode UTF-16. Only one of these three shall be used throughout any particular WebCGM metafile instance. According to the CGM standard, the default SF character set, at the beginning of the 'metafile id' parameter of the BEGIN METAFILE element is ISO Latin 1. If the metafile is to use UTF-8 for SF parameters, then the following 4-octet ISO 2022 sequence shall occur as the first 4 octets of the 'metafile id' parameter:

ESC 2/5 2/15 4/9

If the metafile is to use UTF-16 for SF parameters, then the following 4-octet ISO 2022 sequence shall occur as the first 4 octets of the 'metafile id' parameter:

ESC 2/5 2/15 4/12

Otherwise, the use of ISO 2022 switching is prohibited in non-graphical text string.

NOTE: Section 6.3.4.5 of CGM:1999 allows the switching to UTF-8 (variable length multi-byte), and allows the use of 8-bit access to the ISO Latin 1 set.

Any restrictions on the use of ISO/IEC 2022 switching controls?

Any character set used in the metafile which is accessed by ISO/IEC 2022 switching techniques shall be in the character set list (defined in this profile).

Other: See [3.1.1](#) for additional restrictions to the

Any limits on the set of acceptable character sets?
The permitted character sets are ISO 8859-1 LHS No.1 and ISO 8859-1 RHS No.1.

Any restrictions on the use of ISO/IEC 2022 switching controls?

Any character set used in the metafile which is accessed by ISO/IEC 2022 switching techniques shall be in the character set list (defined in this profile).

Other: **None.**


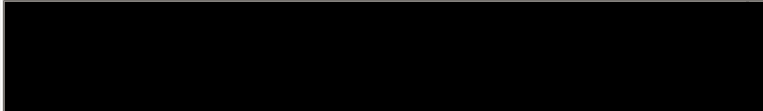
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| | <p><i>character repertoire for those WebCGM non-graphical strings which may be part of the WebCGM URI fragment.</i></p> <p>Note. According to the Binary Encoding of CGM:1999, strings of multi-byte Unicode text are "big-endian", like the rest of the binary metafile.</p> | |
| T.14.6 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| Data record strings | | Maximum string length (bytes) or state "no limit": 32767. |
| References: | | SDR-coding techniques must be used (see annex C.2.2). |
| 9.5.4.7 | | Other: None. |

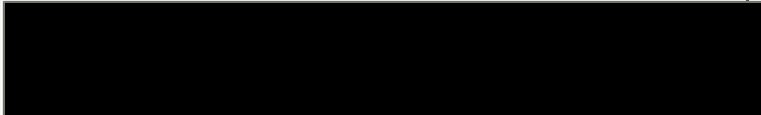
6.4 Delimiter Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.15.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>BEGIN METAFILE</p> <p>END METAFILE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.2.1</p> <p>7.2.2</p> <p>9.5.4.6</p> <p>T.14.5</p> | | <p>Element is: Required Yes;</p> <p>The <i>metafile identifier</i> shall follow the rules for non-graphical text, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.15.2</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>BEGIN PICTURE</p> <p>BEGIN PICTURE BODY</p> <p>END PICTURE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.2.3</p> <p>7.2.4</p> | <p>Element is: Required Yes;</p> <p>The <i>picture identifier</i> shall follow the rules for non-graphical text, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5.</p> <p>Number of occurrences of these elements allowed in the metafile: 1.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>picture identifier</i> shall follow the rules for non-graphical text, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5.</p> <p>Number of occurrences of these elements allowed in the metafile: No limit.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

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| 7.2.5 | | |
| 9.5.4.6 | | |
| T.14.5 | | |
| T.15.3 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| BEGIN SEGMENT | Element is: Required No ; Permitted No ; Prohibited Yes ; | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; |
| END SEGMENT | Maximum number of simultaneously defined segments (both global and local) at any point in the metafile: | Maximum number of simultaneously defined segments (both global and local) at any point in the metafile: 1024 . |
| [v2] | Any limits on the number of elements or restrictions on which elements compose a segment? | Any limits on the number of elements or restrictions on which elements compose a segment? None . |
| References: | | |
| 7.2.6 | Is there any meaning given to the <i>segment identifier</i> parameter? (yes/no) | Is there any meaning given to the <i>segment identifier</i> parameter? (yes/no) No . |
| 7.2.7 | If yes, specify. (Meaning shall have no graphical effect.) | If yes, specify. (Meaning shall have no graphical effect). |
| | Other: None . | Other: When global segments are specified in the Metafile Descriptor, all global segment definitions shall follow all other Metafile Descriptor elements. When segments are specified in the Picture Descriptor, all such segment definitions shall follow all other Picture Descriptor elements. |
| T.15.4 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

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| <p>BEGIN FIGURE</p> <p>END FIGURE</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.2.8</p> <p>7.2.9</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Limits on the number of elements or restrictions on which elements comprise a figure definition: Maximum number of elements = 1024. No restrictions on which eligible elements may be included.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Limits on the number of elements or restrictions on which elements comprise a figure definition: Maximum number of elements = 128. No restrictions on which eligible elements may be included.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.15.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>BEGIN PROTECTION REGION</p> <p>END PROTECTION REGION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.2.10</p> <p>7.2.11</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneously defined protection regions: 1.</p> <p>Maximum number of elements within each protection region: 128.</p> <p>Is there any meaning to the region index parameter other than as a unique identifier for each protection region? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify. (Meaning shall have no graphical effect).</p> <p>Other: Region index is restricted to the value "1".</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneously defined protection regions: 32.</p> <p>Maximum number of elements within each protection region: 128.</p> <p>Is there any meaning to the region index parameter other than as a unique identifier for each protection region? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify. (Meaning shall have no graphical effect).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.15.6</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>BEGIN COMPOUND LINE</p> <p>END COMPOUND LINE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.2.12</p> <p>7.2.13</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Limits on the number of elements and identity of elements comprising a path definition: Maximum number of elements is 128. No restrictions on which eligible elements may be included.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.15.7</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>BEGIN COMPOUND TEXT PATH</p> <p>END COMPOUND TEXT PATH</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.2.14</p> <p>7.2.15</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Limits on the number and identity of elements comprising a path definition: Maximum number of elements is 128. No restrictions on which eligible elements may be included.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

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| T.15.8 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>BEGIN TILE ARRAY</p> <p>END TILE ARRAY</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.2.16</p> <p>7.2.17</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of tiles in path direction: 64</p> <p>Maximum number of tiles in line direction: 64</p> <p>Maximum number of cells/tile in path direction: 4096</p> <p>Maximum number of cells/tile in line direction: 4096</p> <p>Limits on pel path: shall be 0.</p> <p>Limits on line progression: None.</p> <p>Limits on image offset: None.</p> <p>Other: Two types of raster images are allowed. A single (non-tiled) image has a maximum of 1,073,741,824 (1 giga, 32768**2) cells. A non-tiled image may exceed the 4096 cells/tile restriction specified for the tiled images. Tiled raster images are limited 64X64 tiles which are a maximum of 4096X4096 cells each. These tiled images are limited to a total of 1,073,741,824 (1 giga, 32768**2) cells (adjustment of maximum number of tiles and cells per tile are necessary to meet this requirement).</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of tiles in path direction: 16.</p> <p>Maximum number of tiles in line direction: 16.</p> <p>Maximum number of cells/tile in path direction: 1024.</p> <p>Maximum number of cells/tile in line direction: 1024.</p> <p>Limits on pel path: None.</p> <p>Limits on line progression: None.</p> <p>Limits on image offset: None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.15.9 | Same as Model Profile: No | |


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| BEGIN APPLICATION STRUCTURE | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; |
| BEGIN APPLICATION STRUCTURE BODY | Limits on the maximum number of defined structures within a picture: None . | Limits on the maximum number of defined structures within a picture: None . |
| END APPLICATION STRUCTURE | Limits on the number and identity of elements comprising a structure: None . | Limits on the number and identity of elements comprising a structure: None . |
| [v4] | To the application structure identifier parameter, state the meaning: | To the application structure identifier parameter, state the meaning: |
| References: | Assigned beyond being a unique identifier for the application structure: | Assigned beyond being a unique identifier for the application structure: |
| 7.2.18 | Is the inheritance flag parameter restricted? Yes/no: Yes. The value of the inheritance flag is restricted to a value corresponding to "statelist" . | Is the inheritance flag parameter restricted? Yes/no: No |
| 7.2.19 | Other: The value of the structure type parameter must be chosen from the list of valid structure types listed in the Section 3.2.1. Structures are sensitive to placement and are allowed according to the rules defined in Section 3.2.1, and placed in the metafile according to the content model defined in the XML DTD fragment in Section 3.3. | Other: None . |
| 7.2.20 | | |

6.5 Metafile Descriptor Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.16.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>METAFILE VERSION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required Yes;</p> <p>Metafile versions permitted by this profile: 1, 2, 3, 4</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.2</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | |
| <p>METAFILE DESCRIPTION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.2</p> <p>9.5.2.1</p> <p>9.5.2.2</p> <p>9.5.4.6</p> <p>T.14.1</p> <p>T.14.5</p> | <p>Element is: Required Yes;</p> <p>The <i>description</i> parameter shall follow the rules for non-graphical text, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5. The substring within the SF parameter shall be of the form: "keyword:item", where the double quotes are part of the substring.</p> <p>Maximum number of occurrences of this element? 1</p> <p>Profile identification (use keyword, "ProfileId:"): "ProfileId:WebCGM".</p> <p>Profile edition (use keyword, "ProfileEd:"): <i>Refers to the approved version and revision of the specification that applies for this graphic. The Item associated with the keyword ProfileEd shall be n.m. For this WebCGM Edition: "ProfileEd:2.0"</i>.</p> <p>Additional information content:</p> <p>Metafile colour conformance class, source, and date items shall be encoded as substrings of the <i>description</i> parameter using the keywords: "ColourClass:", "Source:", and "Date:", respectively.</p> | <p>Element is: Required Yes;</p> <p>The <i>description</i> parameter shall follow the rules for non-graphical text, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5. The substring within the SF parameter shall be of the form: "keyword:item", where the double quotes are part of the substring.</p> <p>Maximum number of occurrences of this element? Unlimited.</p> <p>Profile identification (use keyword, "ProfileId:"): "ProfileId:Model-Profile".</p> <p>Profile edition (use keyword, "ProfileEd:"): "ProfileEd:1".</p> <p>If the profile edition is not given, then the edition defaults to 1.</p> <p>Additional information content:</p> <p>Metafile colour conformance class, source, and date items shall be encoded as substrings of the <i>description</i> parameter using the keywords: "ColourClass:", "Source:", and "Date:", respectively.</p> |

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| | <p>ColourClass: Required Yes;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content: One of "ColourClass: monochrome" or "ColourClass:colour". <p>Source? Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content: "Source:supplier" <p>Date? Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content: "Date:yyyymmdd" <p>Other: Parameter strings are considered case insensitive.</p> | <p>ColourClass: Required Yes; Permitted No;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content: (One of: colour, grayscale, or monochrome.) <p>Source? Required Yes; Permitted No;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content: (Vendor, product, and version). <p>Date? Required Yes; Permitted No;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content shall be date of metafile generation. The form and content shall be in accordance with ISO 8601:1988. <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.16.3 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| VDC TYPE [v1] References: 7.3.3 | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required Yes; Permitted No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.16.4 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>INTEGER PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.4</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>The parameter value of this element is encoding dependent. Restrictions are specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>REAL PRECISION [v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.5</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>The parameter value of this element is encoding dependent. Restrictions are specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.6</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>INDEX PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.6</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>The parameter value of this element is encoding dependent. Restrictions are specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.7</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>COLOUR PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>The parameter value of this element is encoding dependent. Restrictions are specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.8</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> | |
| <p>COLOUR INDEX PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.8</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>The parameter value of this element is encoding dependent. Restrictions are specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.9</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | |
| <p>MAXIMUM COLOUR INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.9</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is this element required to be a least upper bound? (yes/no)</p> <p>No.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 0-1 for monochrome metafiles. ● 0-255 for colour metafiles. | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is this element required to be a least upper bound? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 0-1 for monochrome metafiles. ● 0-63 for grayscale metafiles. ● 0-255 for colour metafiles. |

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| | Other: Grayscale is considered a special case of colour. | Other: None. |
| T.16.10 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| COLOUR VALUE EXTENT [v1] References: 7.3.10 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? None. Other: None. |
| T.16.11 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| METAFILE ELEMENT LIST [v1] References: 7.3.11 | | Element is: Required Yes ; Other: None. |
| T.16.12 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>METAFILE DEFAULTS REPLACEMENT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.12</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is each occurrence of the MDR restricted to defining just one default? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>Additional restrictions may be specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.13</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | |
| <p>FONT LIST</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.13</p> <p>annex I</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element is required for all metafiles containing graphical text.</p> <p>Maximum number of fonts in the list: 256</p> <p>All font indexes referenced in the metafile, including the default (nominally index 1) shall be defined in the FONT LIST element, with font name construction consistent with the rules of ISO/IEC 9541.</p> <p>List of <i>recommended fonts</i>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Times-Roman</i> • <i>Times-Bold</i> • <i>Times-Italic</i> • <i>Times-BoldItalic</i> • <i>Helvetica</i> • <i>Helvetica-Bold</i> • <i>Helvetica-Oblique</i> • <i>Helvetica-BoldOblique</i> • <i>Courier</i> • <i>Courier-Bold</i> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element is required for all metafiles containing graphical text.</p> <p>Maximum number of fonts in the list: 64.</p> <p>All font indexes referenced in the metafile, including the default (nominally index 1) shall be defined in the FONT LIST element, with font name construction consistent with the rules of ISO/IEC 9541.</p> <p>List of permitted fonts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Times-Roman</i> • <i>Times-Bold</i> • <i>Times-Italic</i> • <i>Times-BoldItalic</i> • <i>Helvetica</i> • <i>Helvetica-Bold</i> • <i>Helvetica-Oblique</i> • <i>Helvetica-BoldOblique</i> • <i>Courier</i> • <i>Courier-Bold</i> |


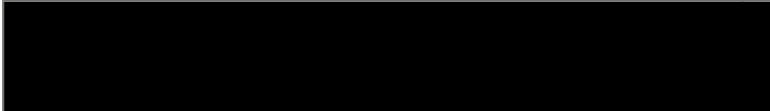
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| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Courier-Oblique • Courier-BoldOblique • Symbol <p>NOTE - Theses font names are trademarked and some are proprietary and copyrighted. Times and Helvetica are registered trademarks of Allied Corporation, the owner of the copyright on the fonts of those names. Metric equivalents of the named fonts may be substituted by interpreters. Times is a serif font. Helvetica is a sans-serif font. Courier is a monospaced, serif font. The association of character code to glyph which shall be used for each of the fonts and the metrics of the named fonts are contained in clause I.2, annex I of CGM:1999.</p> <p>Other: <i>The list of recommended fonts is intended to be a list of required minimum interpreter font capability and a recommended maximum font capability for generators. If other fonts are used, the FONT PROPERTIES and RESTRICTED TEXT elements are required. Font names are considered case insensitive.</i></p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Courier-Oblique • Courier-BoldOblique • Symbol <p>NOTE - Theses font names are trademarked and some are proprietary and copyrighted. Times and Helvetica are registered trademarks of Allied Corporation, the owner of the copyright on the fonts of those names. Metric equivalents of the named fonts may be substituted by interpreters. Times is a serif font. Helvetica is a sans-serif font. Courier is a monospaced, serif font. The association of character code to glyph which shall be used for each of the fonts and the metrics of the named fonts are contained in clause I.2, annex I.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.16.14 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>CHARACTER SET LIST</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.14</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element is required for all metafiles containing graphical text.</p> <p>Maximum limit for the number of character sets in the character set list: 6.</p> <p>Character sets shall be selected from the ISO Registry of Character Sets. This list may be extended by adding profile-defined character sets. List character sets: :</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element is required for all metafiles containing graphical text.</p> <p>Maximum limit for the number of character sets in the character set list: 4.</p> <p>Character sets shall be selected from the ISO Registry of Character Sets. This list may be extended by adding profile-defined character sets. List character sets:</p> |

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| | <p>"94-character G-set", 4/2 (ISO 8859-1 LH);</p> <p>"96-character G-set", 4/1 (ISO 8859-1 RH);</p> <p>"94-character G-set", 2/10 3/10 (Symbol LH);</p> <p>"94-character G-set", 2/6 3/10 (Symbol RH);</p> <p>"complete code", 2/15 4/9 (UTF-8)</p> <p>"complete code", 2/15 4/12 (UTF-16)</p> <p><i>Note. The tails for UTF-8 and UTF-16 differ from their WebCGM 1.0 values. 2.0 metafiles shall not use the 1.0 forms.</i></p> <p>If any of these character sets is of type "complete code", specify the content of the complete code and its associated sequence tail: Specified</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>"94-character G-set", 4/2 (ISO 8859-1 LH);</p> <p>"96-character G-set", 4/1 (ISO 8859-1 RH);</p> <p>"94-character G-set", 2/10 3/10 (Symbol LH);</p> <p>"94-character G-set", 2/6 3/10 (Symbol RH).</p> <p>If any of these character sets is of type "complete code", specify the content of the complete code and its associated sequence tail: Not applicable.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.16.15 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>CHARACTER CODING ANNOUNCER</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.15</p> | <p>Element is: Required Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? Value shall be 'basic 8-bit'.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? Values shall be 'basic 7-bit' and 'basic 8-bit'.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

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| T.16.16 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| NAME PRECISION [v2] References: 7.3.16 Part 3, 8.3 Part 4, 7.2 | Element is: Required No ; Permitted No ; Prohibited Yes ; The parameter value of this element is coding dependent. Other: None . | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; The parameter value of this element is coding dependent. Other: None . |
| T.16.17 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| MAXIMUM VDC EXTENT [v2] References: 7.3.17 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter values? None . Other: None . |
| T.16.18 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

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| <p>SEGMENT PRIORITY EXTENT</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.18</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.19</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>COLOUR MODEL</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.19</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of colour models? Shall be 1, 6, 7, or 8.</p> <p>Other: Values 6, 7, and 8 are the registered values for RGB-alpha, sRGB, and sRGB-alpha.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of colour models? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.20</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>COLOUR CALIBRATION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.20</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Calibration selection values permitted in accordance with the permitted model(s):</p> <p>If CYMK is permitted, minimum number of grid locations:</p> <p>Any restrictions on the number of colour lookup table entries, n?</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Calibration selection values permitted in accordance with the permitted model(s): Values 1..6, 9.</p> <p>If CYMK is permitted, minimum number of grid locations: 3.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the number of colour lookup table entries, n? None.</p> |

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| | <p>Any restrictions on the number of grid locations, m?</p> <p>If CYMK is permitted, algorithms for interpolation between grid locations?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Any restrictions on the number of grid locations, m? None.</p> <p>If CYMK is permitted, algorithms for interpolation between grid locations? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.16.21 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>FONT PROPERTIES</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.21</p> | <p>Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? The required parameters, when used, are INDEX, FONT FAMILY, POSTURE, WEIGHT, PROPORTIONATE WIDTH, DESIGN GROUP and STRUCTURE.</p> <p>Other: This element is required when a font is used that is not in the list of recommended fonts specified in the FONT LIST element. Parameter values of type SF are considered to be case insensitive</p> | <p>Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? All defined index and enumerated values of all parameters shall be permitted.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.16.22 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

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| <p>GLYPH MAPPING</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.22</p> | <p>Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Subset of AFII registered glyphs which may be referenced:</p> <p>Maximum number of glyphs which may be defined:</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Subset of AFII registered glyphs which may be referenced: None.</p> <p>Maximum number of glyphs which may be defined: 8192.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.16.23</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>SYMBOL LIBRARY LIST</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.23</p> | | <p>Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Libraries which may be accessed and their encoding rules:</p> <p>Maximum number of libraries which may be accessed:</p> <p>Other:</p> <p>NOTE - There are currently no registered symbol libraries.</p> |
| <p>T.16.24</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>PICTURE DIRECTORY</p> <p>[v4]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.24</p> <p>9.5.4.6</p> <p>T.14.5</p> | <p>Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Follow the rules for non-graphical text strings for picture identifier parameter, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Follow the rules for non-graphical text strings for picture identifier parameter, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
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6.6 Picture Descriptor Elements



| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.17.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>SCALING MODE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.1</p> | <p>Element: Required Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values?</p> <p>SCALING MODE shall be metric.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? <i>If SCALING MODE is metric then the 'metric scale factor' shall be positive.</i></p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.17.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |


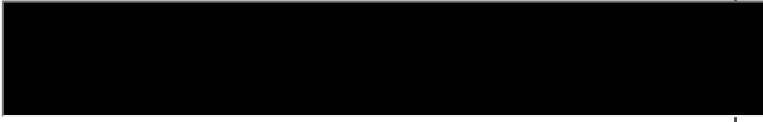
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| <p>COLOUR SELECTION MODE</p> <p>[v1][v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.2</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.3</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>LINE WIDTH SPECIFICATION MODE</p> <p>[v1][v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.3</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.4</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>MARKER SIZE SPECIFICATION MODE</p> <p>[v1][v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.4</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |


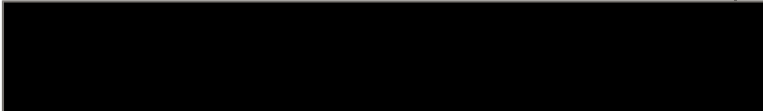
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| T.17.5 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>EDGE WIDTH SPECIFICATION MODE</p> <p>[v1][v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.5</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.17.6 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>VDC EXTENT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.6</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Limits on the sense and orientation of the VDC space: None.</p> <p>Is zero-area VDC extent permitted? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify its meaning.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.17.7 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |


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| <p>BACKGROUND COLOUR</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.7</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T.14.1</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>The <i>colour value</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.17.8 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>DEVICE VIEWPORT</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.8</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Interaction of this element with environmental presentation directives:</p> <p>Meaning of this element if the specified value is inconsistent with the presentation device:</p> <p>Other:</p> <p>NOTE - This element is prohibited due to its device dependence.</p> |
| T.17.9 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>DEVICE VIEWPORT</p> <p>SPECIFICATION MODE</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.9</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Set of legal values:</p> <p>Other:</p> <p>NOTE - This element is prohibited due to its device dependence.</p> |
| <p>T.17.10</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>DEVICE VIEWPORT MAPPING</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.10</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Set of legal values:</p> <p>Other:</p> <p>NOTE - This element is prohibited due to its device dependence.</p> |
| <p>T.17.11</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>LINE REPRESENTATION</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.11</p> <p>9.5.2.6</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.20.1</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions:</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions: 20.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.12</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>MARKER REPRESENTATION</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.12</p> <p>9.5.2.6</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.20.5</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions:</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions: 20.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.13</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>TEXT REPRESENTATION</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.13</p> <p>9.5.2.6</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.20.9</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions:</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions: 20.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.14</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>FILL REPRESENTATION</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.14</p> <p>9.5.2.6</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.20.21</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions:</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions: 20.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.15</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>EDGE REPRESENTATION</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.15</p> <p>9.5.2.6</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.20.26</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions:</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneous bundle definitions: 20.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.16</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>INTERIOR STYLE SPECIFICATION MODE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.16</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restriction on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.17</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |



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| <p>LINE AND EDGE TYPE DEFINITION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.17</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any limits on the number of definitions? Maximum of 32 line types shall be specified simultaneously.</p> <p>Any limits on the number of elements in a given definition? Number of values in the dash gap list shall not exceed 8.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the dash cycle repeat length? None.</p> <p>Any restrictions on complexity of definition to prevent degeneracies? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.17.18</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>HATCH STYLE DEFINITION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.18</p> | | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Limit on the number of hatch styles? Maximum of 32 hatch styles shall be specified simultaneously.</p> <p>Limit on the number of gaps in a given definition? Number of entries in the gap width list shall not exceed 8.</p> <p>Any limits on duty cycle length? None.</p> <p>Any restrictions on complexity of definition to prevent degeneracies? None.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the style indicator? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

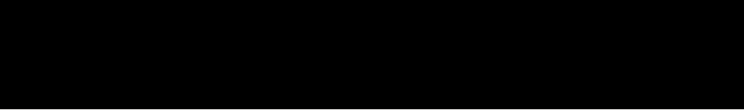
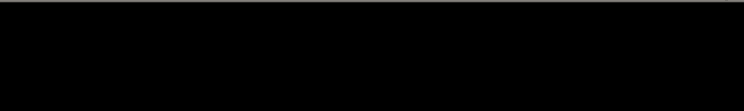
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| T.17.19 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>GEOMETRIC PATTERN DEFINITION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.19</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any limits on the number of geometric patterns defined?</p> <p>Any limits on the classes of primitives?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any limits on the number of geometric patterns defined? The maximum number of geometric patterns is 64.</p> <p>Any limits on the classes of primitives? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> <p>NOTE - The number of geometric patterns cannot exceed the number of segments.</p> |
| T.17.20 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>APPLICATION STRUCTURE DIRECTORY</p> <p>[v4]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.20</p> <p>9.5.4.6</p> <p>T.14.5</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Follow rules for non-graphical text strings <i>for application structure identifier</i> parameter, clause 9.5.4.6 and T.14.5.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Follow rules for non-graphical text strings <i>for application structure identifier</i> parameter, clause 7.5.4.6 and T.14.5.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |


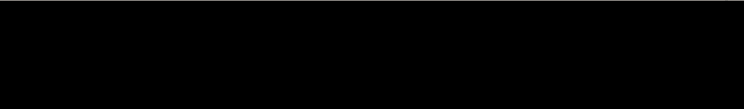
6.7 Control Elements

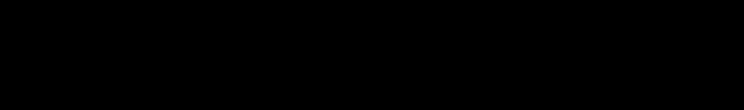
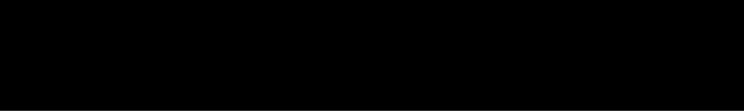
| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.18.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| VDC INTEGER PRECISION [v1] References: 7.5.1 Part 3, 8.5 Part 4, 7.4 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; The parameter values of this element are encoding dependent. Restrictions are specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632. Other: None . |
| T.18.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| VDC REAL PRECISION [v1] References: 7.5.2 Part 3, 8.5 Part 4, 7.4 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; The parameter values of this element are encoding dependent. Restrictions are specified in parts 3 and 4 of ISO/IEC 8632. Other: None . |
| T.18.3 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>AUXILIARY COLOUR</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.3</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T.14.1</p> <p>D.4.4.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>auxiliary colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.18.4 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>TRANSPARENCY</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.4</p> <p>9.5.7.9</p> <p>T.14.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restriction on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.18.5 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>CLIP RECTANGLE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.5</p> <p>D.4.4.2</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Meaning of boundary cases for:</p> <p>zero-area: Prohibited.</p> <p>area greater than VDC extent: Clipping shall be done to the intersection of CLIP RECTANGLE and VDC EXTENT.</p> <p>additional cases: None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.6</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>CLIP INDICATOR [v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.6</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.7</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>LINE CLIPPING MODE</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.7</p> <p>D.4.4.3</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.8</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>MARKER CLIPPING MODE [v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.8</p> <p>D.4.4.3</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>P>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.9</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>EDGE CLIPPING MODE</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.9</p> <p>D.4.4.3</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>P>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.10</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>NEW REGION</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.10</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element shall be permitted only if BEGIN FIGURE is permitted.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the number of occurrences? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.11</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>SAVE PRIMITIVE CONTEXT</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.11</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneously saved contexts:</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of simultaneously saved contexts: 1024.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.12</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>RESTORE PRIMITIVE CONTEXT</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.12</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>This element is permitted only if SAVE PRIMITIVE CONTEXT is permitted.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element is permitted only if SAVE PRIMITIVE CONTEXT is permitted.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.18.13</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>PROTECTION REGION INDICATOR</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.13</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The values are restricted to: off, clip.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element shall be permitted only if BEGIN PROTECTION REGION is permitted.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |



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| T.18.14 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| GENERALIZED TEXT PATH MODE [v3] References: 7.5.14 | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? off, axis-tangential Other: None . | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? None . Other: None . |
| T.18.15 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| MITRE LIMIT [v3] References: 7.5.15 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? None . Other: None . |
| T.18.16 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |


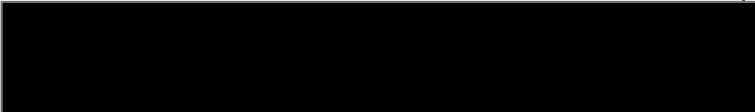
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| <p>TRANSPARENT CELL COLOUR</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.5.16</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T14.1</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>transparent cell colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
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6.8 Graphical Primitive Elements



| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.19.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>POLYLINE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.1</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.21</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of points or state "no limit": 4096.</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.19.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |



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| <p>DISJOINT POLYLINE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.2</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of points or state "no limit": 4096.</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.19.3 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>POLYMARKER</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.3</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of points or state "no limit": 4096.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.19.4 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

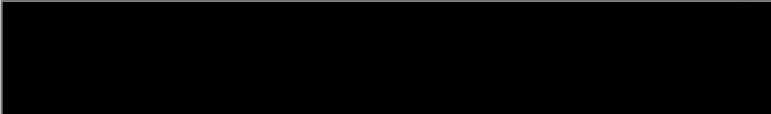
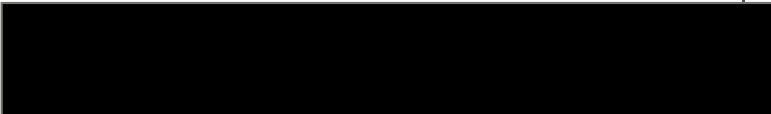
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| <p>TEXT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.4</p> <p>9.5.4.5</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>The <i>string</i> parameter shall follow the rules for graphical text, clause 9.5.4.5.</p> <p>Is the 'not final' flag allowed: (yes/no)</p> <p>Other: Graphical text shall be represented by the Restricted Text element in this profile.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>string</i> parameter shall follow the rules for graphical text, clause 9.5.4.5.</p> <p>Is the 'not final' flag allowed: (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>RESTRICTED TEXT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.5</p> <p>9.5.4.5</p> <p>T.25.4</p> <p>D.4.5.2</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>string</i> parameter shall follow the rules for graphical text, clause 9.5.4.5.</p> <p>Is the 'not final' flag allowed: (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>For[v1/2] metafiles, is the realization of RESTRICTED TEXT according to one of the standard or registered values for RESTRICTED TEXT TYPE? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify. Boxed-cap, also see T.25.4</p> <p>For [v3] metafiles, RESTRICTED TEXT TYPE shall be used if this element is used.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.6</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |


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| <p>APPEND TEXT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.6.</p> <p>9.5.4.5</p> <p>D.4.5.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>string</i> parameter shall follow the rules for graphical text, clause 9.5.4.5.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.7</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>POLYGON</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.7</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of points: <i>4096</i>.</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.8</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>POLYGON SET</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.8</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of points: 4096.</p> <p>Number of polygons in a set? No limit.</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: Each individual polygon within a set shall have at least 3 points.</p> |
| <p>T.19.9</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>CELL ARRAY</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.9</p> <p>D.4.5.3</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Limit for nx: 32768</p> <p>Limit for ny: 32768</p> <p>Limit for nx*ny: 1,073,741,824 ("1 giga", 32768**2).</p> <p>Are rotated and skewed cell arrays allowed? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify the graphical meaning.</p> <p>Other: Zero-area cell arrays are prohibited.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Limit for nx: 2048.</p> <p>Limit for ny: 2048.</p> <p>Limit for nx*ny: 4194304.</p> <p>Are rotated and skewed cell arrays allowed? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify the graphical meaning.</p> <p>Other: Zero-area cell arrays are prohibited.</p> |
| <p>T.19.10</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |

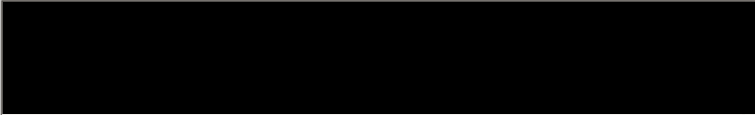
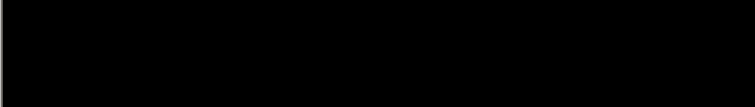
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| <p>GENERALIZED DRAWING PRIMITIVE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.10</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>List all the registered GDPs that are allowed:</p> <p>List all profile-defined GDPs that are allowed and attach complete description:</p> <p>Other:</p> |
| <p>T.19.11</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>RECTANGLE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.11</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.12</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |



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| <p>CIRCLE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.12</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.13</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>CIRCULAR ARC 3 POINT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.13</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> <p>D.4.5.4</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.14</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |



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| <p>CIRCULAR ARC 3 POINT CLOSE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.14</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> <p>D.4.5.5</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.15</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>CIRCULAR ARC CENTRE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.15</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> <p>D.4.5.6</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.16</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |



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| <p>CIRCULAR ARC CENTRE CLOSE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.16</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> <p>D.4.5.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.17</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>ELLIPSE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.17</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> <p>D.4.5.9</p> <p>D.4.5.10</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

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| T.19.18 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>ELLIPTICAL ARC [v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.18</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> <p>D.4.5.11</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.19.19 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>ELLIPTICAL ARC CLOSE [v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.19</p> <p>T.14.3</p> <p>D.2.2.2</p> <p>D.4.5.12</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-area geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.3.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.19.20 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>CIRCULAR ARC CENTRE REVERSED</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.20</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> <p>D.4.5.8</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.21</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>CONNECTING EDGE</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.21</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>This element shall be permitted only if BEGIN/END FIGURE is permitted.</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.22</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>HYPERBOLIC ARC</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.22</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.23</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>PARABOLIC ARC</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.23</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.24</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>NON-UNIFORM B-SPLINE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.24</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Set of spline orders: <i>cubic spline</i>.</p> <p>Maximum number of control points: 4096.</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: <i>None</i>.</p> |
| <p>T.19.25</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>NON-UNIFORM RATIONAL B-SPLINE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.25</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Set of spline orders: <i>cubic spline</i>.</p> <p>Maximum number of control points: 4096.</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: <i>None</i>.</p> |
| <p>T.19.26</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |



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| <p>POLYBEZIER</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.26</p> <p>T.14.2</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum number of points: 4096.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the continuity indicator? None.</p> <p>Zero-length geometric degeneracies shall be as defined in T.14.2.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.19.27</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>POLYSYMBOL</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.27</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Point list:</p> <p>Effect of a reference to a symbol index parameter which is not in the symbol library.</p> <p>Other:</p> <p>NOTE - This element is prohibited because SYMBOL LIBRARY LIST is prohibited.</p> |
| <p>T.19.28</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |


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| <p>BITONAL TILE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.28</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> <p>D.4.5.13</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>List allowable compression types: 0, 1, 2, 5, or 6.</p> <p>Requirements on row padding: None.</p> <p>Other: The values 0, 1 are deprecated and may be removed from a future version of WebCGM.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>List allowable compression types: Values 0..6.</p> <p>Requirements on row padding: None.</p> <p>Other: CCITT compression methods (T6 and T4) should be used with 1 bit cell colour precision and indexed colour.</p> <p>Note - JPEG, LZW, and PNG have been registered in the ISO Registry of Graphical Items.</p> |
| <p>T.19.29</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>TILE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.6.29</p> <p>D.2.2.1</p> <p>D.4.5.13</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>List allowable compression types: 0, 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, or 9</p> <p>Requirements on row padding: None.</p> <p>Other: The value 9 is the ISO registered value for compression method 0 of PNG. The values 0, 1, 2 are deprecated and may be removed from a future version of WebCGM.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>List allowable compression types: Values 0..6.</p> <p>Requirements on row padding? None.</p> <p>Other: CCITT compression methods (T6 and T4) should be used with 1 bit cell colour precision and indexed colour.</p> <p>Note - JPEG, LZW, and PNG have been registered in the ISO Registry of Graphical Items.</p> |

6.9 Attribute Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.20.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>LINE BUNDLE INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.1</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>D.4.6.1</p> <p>T.17.11</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>The <i>line bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 7.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values:</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>line bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 7.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values: 1..5.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>index 1 2 3 4 5</u> <p>line type 1 2 3 4 5</p> <p>line width 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0</p> <p>line colour 1 1 1 1 1</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.2 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>LINE TYPE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.2</p> <p>9.4.17</p> <p>D.4.6.2</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Select 1 or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • values 1..5: Yes • subset of registered values (attach list): 6..15: Yes • profile-defined values (attach complete description): No | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Select 1 or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • values 1..5; Yes • subset of registered values (attach list); No • profile-defined values (attach complete description); No <p>For [v3] metafiles,</p> |



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| | <p>For [v3] metafiles,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> negative values assigned by the LINE AND EDGE TYPE DEFINITION element. Yes; <p>Other: Line types 6-15 are included in the Register of Graphical Objects. This register is available from the ISO SC24 Committee. See Section 4.18 about specific and generic line types.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> negative values assigned by the LINE AND EDGE TYPE DEFINITION element. Yes <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.3</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>LINE WIDTH</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.3</p> <p>D.4.6.3</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is value zero allowed? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify its meaning. Minimum available line width.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.4</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |


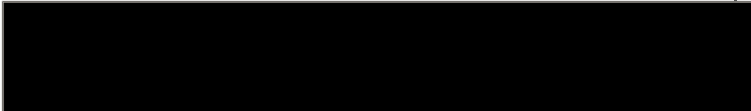
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| <p>LINE COLOUR</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.4</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T.14.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>line colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>MARKER BUNDLE INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.5</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.17.12</p> <p>D.4.6.1</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>The <i>marker bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values:</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>marker bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values: 1..5.</p> <p>index 1 2 3 4 5</p> <p>marker type 1 2 3 4 5</p> <p>marker width 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0</p> <p>marker colour 1 1 1 1 1</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

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| T.20.6 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>MARKER TYPE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.6</p> <p>D.4.6.4</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Indicate one or more of the following restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • values 1..5; Yes • subset of registered values (attach list); No • profile-defined values (attach complete description). No <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.7 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>MARKER SIZE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.7</p> <p>D.4.6.5</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is value zero allowed? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify its meaning. Minimum available size.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.8 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |


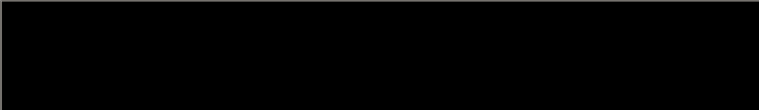
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| <p>MARKER COLOUR</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.8</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T.14.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>marker colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.9 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>TEXT BUNDLE INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.9</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.17.13</p> <p>D.4.6.1</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>The <i>text bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values: <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>text bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values: 1..2.</p> <p>index 1 2</p> <p>font index 1 1</p> <p>text precision stroke stroke</p> <p>character expansion factor 1.0 0.7</p> <p>character spacing 0.0 0.0</p> <p>text colour 1 1</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> |

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| | | Other: None. |
| T.20.10 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| TEXT FONT INDEX [v1] References: 7.7.10 9.5.4.2 T.16.13 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Every referenced index shall refer to an entry in the FONT LIST (see T.16.13). Other: None. |
| T.20.11 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| TEXT PRECISION [v1] References: 7.7.11 | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? Value shall be 'stroke' . Other: None. | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? None. Other: None. |
| T.20.12 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>CHARACTER EXPANSION FACTOR</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.12</p> <p>D.4.6.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is value zero allowed? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, state the meaning.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? Values shall be restricted to the range 0.1..10.0</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.13</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>CHARACTER SPACING</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.13</p> <p>D.4.6.8</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? Values shall be restricted to the range of -1.0..5.0.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.14</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>TEXT COLOUR</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.14</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T.14.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>text colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.15</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>CHARACTER HEIGHT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.15</p> <p>D.4.6.9</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is zero height allowed: (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, state its meaning: Minimum available height.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.16</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>CHARACTER ORIENTATION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.16</p> <p>D.4.6.10</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the following distortion aspects?</p> <p>rotation? None.</p> <p>skewing? None.</p> <p>mirroring? None.</p> <p>aspect ratio? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.17</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>TEXT PATH</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.17</p> <p>D.4.6.11</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.18</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>TEXT ALIGNMENT</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.18</p> <p>D.4.6.12</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the horizontal and vertical alignment values? None.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the continuous horizontal and vertical alignment values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.19</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>CHARACTER SET INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.19</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.16.14</p> <p>T.16.22</p> <p>D.4.6.13</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Every referenced index shall refer to an entry in the CHARACTER SET LIST. This includes implicit reference to the default index value.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Every referenced index shall refer to an entry in the CHARACTER SET LIST or GLYPH MAPPING. This includes implicit reference to the default index value.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.20</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

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| <p>ALTERNATE CHARACTER SET INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.20</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.16.14</p> <p>T.16.22</p> <p>D.4.6.13</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Every referenced index shall refer to an entry in the CHARACTER SET LIST. This includes implicit reference to the default index value.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Every referenced index shall refer to an entry in the CHARACTER SET LIST or GLYPH MAPPING. This includes implicit reference to the default index value.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.21</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>FILL BUNDLE INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.21</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.17.14</p> <p>D.4.6.1</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>The <i>fill bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values:</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>fill bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values: 1..5.</p> <p>index 1 2 3 4 5</p> <p>interior style hatch hatch hatch hatch hatch</p> <p>fill colour 1 1 1 1 1</p> <p>hatch index 1 2 3 4 5</p> <p>pattern index 1 1 1 1 1</p> |


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| | | <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.22 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>INTERIOR STYLE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.22</p> <p>D.4.6.15</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>For 'hollow' interior style, line type and width of the bounding line: Solid line type and default line width.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.23 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>FILL COLOUR</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.23</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T.14.1</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>fill colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

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| T.20.24 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>HATCH INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.18</p> <p>7.7.24</p> <p>6.7.4.3</p> <p>D.4.6.16</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Select 1 or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • values 1..6: Yes • subset of registered values (attach list): No • profile-defined values (attach complete description): No <p>For [v3] metafiles,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • negative values assigned by the HATCH STYLE DEFINITION element. Yes <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.25 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>PATTERN INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.25</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>pattern index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |



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| T.20.26 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>EDGE BUNDLE INDEX</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.26</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.17.15</p> <p>D.4.6.1</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>The <i>edge bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values:</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>edge bundle index</i> parameter shall follow the rules for indexes, clause 9.5.4.2.</p> <p>For [v1] metafiles, allowable index values: 1..5.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>index 1 2 3 4 5</u> <p>edge type 1 2 3 4 5</p> <p>edge width 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0</p> <p>edge colour 1 1 1 1 1</p> <p>For [v2/3] metafiles, any referenced bundle shall have an explicit representation definition.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.27 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>EDGE TYPE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.4.17</p> <p>9.7.27</p> <p>D.4.6.17</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Select 1 or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • values 1..5: Yes • subset of registered values (attach list): No • profile-defined values (attach complete description): No <p>For [v3] metafiles,</p> |



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| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> negative values assigned by the LINE AND EDGE TYPE DEFINITION element. Yes <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.28 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| EDGE WIDTH [v1] References: 7.7.28 D.4.6.18 | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Is value zero allowed? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify its meaning. Minimum available edge width.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.29 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| EDGE COLOUR [v1] References: 7.7.29 9.5.4.1 T.14.1 | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>The <i>edge colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |



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| T.20.30 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| EDGE VISIBILITY [v1] References: 7.7.30 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? None . Other: None . |
| T.20.31 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| FILL REFERENCE POINT [v1] References: 7.7.31 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? None. Other: None. |
| T.20.32 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |



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| <p>PATTERN TABLE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.32</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Maximum size for nx: 32.</p> <p>Allowable values for nx: 8, 16, or 32.</p> <p>Maximum size for ny: 32.</p> <p>Allowable values for ny: 8, 16, or 32.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the number of pattern definitions? 64.</p> <p>Any restrictions on allowable combinations of nx and ny? None.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the number of colours? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.33</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>PATTERN SIZE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.33</p> <p>D.4.6.19</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Must pattern vectors be parallel to coordinate axes? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If no, state the meaning of skewed or non-aligned patterns.</p> <p>Other:</p> |


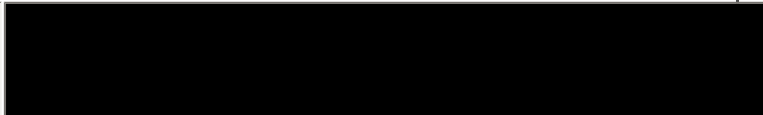
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| T.20.34 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| COLOUR TABLE [v1] References: 7.7.34 9.5.4.1 T.14.1 | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any limits on the length of colour list? Monochrome: 2, Colour: 256.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the index values? Index values shall not exceed the maximum colour index.</p> <p>Other: Grayscale metafiles are considered special cases of colour metafiles.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any limits on the length of colour list? Monochrome: 2, Grayscale: 64, Colour: 256.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the index values? Index values shall not exceed the maximum colour index.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.35 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| ASPECT SOURCE FLAGS [v1] References: 7.7.35 D.4.6.20 | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Are all ASF values to be the same: for the metafile? (yes/no) within each class (line, marker, text, fill, edge) of primitive? (yes/no)</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Are all ASF values to be the same: for the metafile? (yes/no) No. within each class (line, marker, text, fill, edge) of primitive? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.36 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

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| <p>PICK IDENTIFIER</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.36</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.37</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>LINE CAP</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.37</p> <p>9.5.7.5</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the line cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..4;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the dash cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..3;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the line cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..5;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the dash cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..3;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.38</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>LINE JOIN</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.38</p> <p>9.5.7.5</p> <p>T.26.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..4;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.39</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>LINE TYPE CONTINUATION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.39</p> <p>9.5.7.5</p> <p>T.26.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? 1..4.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.40</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>LINE TYPE INITIAL OFFSET</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.40</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.41</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>TEXT SCORE TYPE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.41</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; Values 1..4;</p> <p>No; Subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.42</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>RESTRICTED TEXT TYPE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.42</p> <p>9.5.7.5</p> <p>T.26.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; Values 1..6;</p> <p>No; Subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Algorithms for achieving restriction type? (attach) Not specified.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.43</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>INTERPOLATED INTERIOR</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.43</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any limits on the number of stages? Maximum number of stages is 8.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; Values 1..3;</p> <p>No; Subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.44</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>EDGE CAP</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.44</p> <p>9.5.7.5</p> <p>T.26.7</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the edge cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..4;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the dash cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..3;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the edge cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..5;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values for the dash cap indicator? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..3;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.45</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>EDGE JOIN</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.45</p> <p>9.5.7.5</p> <p>T.26.7</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..4;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? (choose 1 or both)</p> <p>Yes; values 1..4;</p> <p>No; subset of registered values (attach list).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.20.46</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

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| <p>EDGE TYPE CONTINUATION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.46</p> <p>9.5.7.5</p> <p>T.26.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the set of values? 1..4.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.47 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>EDGE TYPE INITIAL OFFSET</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.47</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.20.48 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>SYMBOL LIBRARY INDEX</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.48</p> <p>9.5.4.2</p> <p>T.16.23</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Every referenced index shall refer to an entry in the SYMBOL LIBRARY LIST (see T.16.23).</p> <p>Other: <i>This element is prohibited because SYMBOL LIBRARY LIST is prohibited.</i></p> |
| T.20.49 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>SYMBOL COLOUR</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.49</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>T.14.1</p> <p>T.16.23</p> <p>D.4.6.21</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>The <i>symbol colour specifier</i> parameter shall follow the rules for colour, clause 9.5.4.1 and T.14.1.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value?</p> <p>Other: <i>This element is prohibited because SYMBOL LIBRARY LIST is prohibited.</i></p> |
| T.20.50 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>SYMBOL SIZE</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.50</p> <p>T.16.23</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Is value zero is allowed: (yes/no)</p> <p>If yes, specify its meaning.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value?</p> <p>Other: <i>This element is prohibited because SYMBOL LIBRARY LIST is prohibited.</i></p> |
| <p>T.20.51</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>SYMBOL ORIENTATION</p> <p>[v3]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.7.51</p> <p>T.16.23</p> <p>D.4.6</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on rotation?</p> <p>Any restrictions on skewing?</p> <p>Any restrictions on mirroring?</p> <p>Any restrictions on distortion of aspect ratio?</p> <p>Other: <i>This element is prohibited because SYMBOL LIBRARY LIST is prohibited.</i></p> |


6.10. Escape Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.21.1 | Same as Model Profile: No ; | |
| ESCAPE [v1] References: 7.8.1 | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>List all registered ESCAPEs that are allowed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ESCAPE 22, Transparent Cell Colour [v1/v2] metafiles only. • ESCAPE 45, Alpha Transparency: The SDR parameter is encoded as a real value between 0.0 and 1.0, inclusively, and applies to all subsequent graphical primitives. <p>List all profile-defined ESCAPEs that are allowed and attach complete description:</p> <p>Other: All ESCAPE element parameters shall be encoded as SDRs</p> <p>NOTE: Only registered ESCAPEs and profile-defined ESCAPEs shall be allowed in profiles.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>List all registered ESCAPEs that are allowed:</p> <p>ESCAPE 22, Transparent Cell Colour [v1/v2] metafiles only.</p> <p>List all profile-defined ESCAPEs that are allowed and attach complete description: None.</p> <p>Other: None</p> |

6.11 External Elements



| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.22.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

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| <p>MESSAGE</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.9.1</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Values of the <i>action required flag</i> parameter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'action' Permitted No; Prohibited No; <p>(if permitted, specify the messages and actions taken)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'no action' Permitted No; Prohibited No; <p>Any restrictions on the length of the message string, other than those for type SF parameter?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Values of the <i>action required flag</i> parameter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'action' Permitted No; Prohibited Yes; <p>(if permitted, specify the messages and actions taken)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'no action' Permitted Yes; Prohibited No; <p>Any restrictions on the length of the message string, other than those for SF parameter? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.22.2</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>APPLICATION DATA</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.9.2</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Attach a syntactic and semantic description of all application data elements associated with this profile.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Attach a syntactic and semantic description of all application data elements associated with this profile.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

6.12 Segment Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.23.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| COPY SEGMENT [v2] References: 7.10.1 D.4.9.2 | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Every segment identifier shall refer to a defined segment.</p> <p>Any limits on the segment transformation application value?</p> <p>Any restrictions on the nature of the transformation (e. g., permitting only isotropic transformations)?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Every segment identifier shall refer to a defined segment.</p> <p>Any limits on the segment transformation application value? None.</p> <p>Any restrictions on the nature of the transformation (e. g., permitting only isotropic transformations)? Non-singular.</p> <p>Other: <i>None</i>.</p> |
| T.23.2 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| INHERITANCE FILTER [v2] References: 7.10.2 | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any limits on the filter selection list?</p> <p>Any limits on the selection setting?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any limits on the filter selection list? None.</p> <p>An limits on the selection setting? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.23.3 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

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| <p>CLIP INHERITANCE</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.10.3</p> <p>D.4.9.2</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any limits on the parameter?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any limits on the parameter? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.23.4</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>SEGMENT TRANSFORMATION</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.10.4</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the nature of the transformation (e. g., permitting only isotropic transformations)?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the nature of the transformation (e. g., permitting only isotropic transformations)? Non-singular.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.23.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |
| <p>SEGMENT HIGHLIGHTING</p> <p>[v2]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.10.5</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted No; Prohibited Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter values? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

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| T.23.6 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| SEGMENT DISPLAY PRIORITY [v2] References: 7.10.6 | Element: Required No ; Permitted No ; Prohibited Yes ; Any restrictions on the parameter values? Other: None . | Element: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter values? None . Other: None . |
| T.23.7 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| SEGMENT PICK PRIORITY [v2] References: 7.10.7 | Element: Required No ; Permitted No ; Prohibited Yes ; Any restrictions on the parameter values? Other: None . | Element: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Prohibited No ; Any restrictions on the parameter values? None . Other: None . |

6.13 Application Structure Elements

| Functionality | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.24.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

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| <p>APPLICATION STRUCTURE ATTRIBUTE</p> <p>[v4]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>6.9</p> <p>6.13.5</p> <p>7.9.2</p> <p>7.1.1</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Define the set of structure elements for use within application structures, and attach complete syntactic and semantic description:</p> <p><i>The set of attributes allowed is listed in Section 3 and are defined according to application structure type.</i></p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element: Required No; Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Define the set of structure elements for use within application structures, and attach complete syntactic and semantic description:</p> <p>None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
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6.14 Generator Implementation Requirements

| Functionality | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
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| T.25.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>Colour requirements</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>9.5.6.2.2</p> | | <p>Colour mapping is: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Reduction of the number of colours? Not specified.</p> <p>NOTE - If mapping of application colours to metafile colour specifications is required, it is recommended that colour distance in the mapping be computed by the Euclidean metric in CIEXYZ space.</p> <p>Definition of mapping algorithms, metrics, and colour space?</p> <p>No specific colour mapping techniques or</p> |

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| | | <p>selection of metafile colour sets are defined.</p> <p>For [v1/2] metafiles, implicit colour calibration specifications? No specifications are defined.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.25.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>Geometric accuracy and latitude</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.2.1</p> | | <p>Accuracy and latitude for mapping application graphics to CGM graphical primitive elements:</p> <p>Accuracy and latitude for mapping application graphics to CGM graphical primitive elements:</p> <p>Generators shall produce a metafile whose graphical primitive elements match the application graphical primitives accurately to within $\pm 0.1\%$ of relative position within the VDC Extent box or $\pm 1/2$ pixel of the intended size, whichever is greater. Generators shall produce geometric size aspects of the primitives (e.g., text size, line width, and edge width) to within 1% of the intended size or $\pm 1/2$ pixel of the intended size, whichever is greater.</p> <p>This requirement shall apply to all graphical primitive elements, unless superseded by specific element requirements in this clause.</p> |
| T.25.3 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>Text accuracy and latitude</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.2.3</p> | | <p>Is text accuracy and latitude addressed? (yes/no) Yes</p> <p>If yes, specify. Metafile text specifications shall match the text of the application picture to within $\pm 1\%$ of relative to the intended size or $\pm 1/2$ pixel of the intended size, whichever is greater, for the placement and overall extent of each text string.</p> |
| <p>T.25.4</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>Font substitution</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.2.4</p> <p>annex I</p> | <p>Font substitution is: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Similarity of font visual characteristics? Substituted fonts shall be metrically equivalent or be controlled by the RESTRICTED TEXT element.</p> <p>Font metrics? Specified in ISO/IEC 8632:1999 Annex I for the core 13 fonts.</p> <p>Individual glyph metrics? Specified in ISO/IEC 8632:1999 Annex I for the core 13 fonts.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Font substitution is: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>Similarity of font visual characteristics? Substituted fonts shall have similar visual characteristics (e. g., posture, weight, proportionate width).</p> <p>Font metrics? Specified in annex I.</p> <p>Individual glyph metrics? Specified in annex I.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.25.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>Preservation of primitives</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.3</p> | | <p>Is preservation of graphical primitive elements addressed? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify allowable substitutions.</p> |


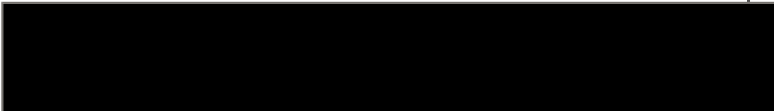
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| T.25.6 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| <p>Semantic latitude</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.4</p> | <p>Drawing priority and mode: <i>Priority shall correspond to the metafile order (i.e., primitives occurring later in the file shall overlay primitives occurring earliest in the file). Mode shall be "replacement" mode.</i></p> <p>Clipping: <i>Clipping shall be to the intersection of the clip rectangle, the VDC EXTENT, the device viewport, and the device view surface limits.</i></p> <p>Edge centring: <i>Edges shall be centred on the ideal mathematically-defined edge of the area</i></p> <p>Meaning of predefined line types and edge types: <i>See Section 6.18 about specific and generic line types.</i></p> <p>Meaning of predefined hatch styles: <i>See Section 6.19 about specific and generic hatch styles.</i></p> <p>Other: <i>None.</i></p> | <p>Drawing priority and mode: <i>Priority shall correspond to the metafile order (i.e., primitives occurring later in the file shall overlay primitives occurring earliest in the file). Mode shall be "replacement" mode.</i></p> <p>Clipping: <i>Clipping shall be to the intersection of the clip rectangle, the VDC EXTENT, the device viewport, and the device view surface limits.</i></p> <p>Edge centring: <i>Edges shall be centred on the ideal mathematically-defined edge of the area.</i></p> <p>Meaning of predefined line types and edge types: <i>The exact on-off definitions for the predefined line types and edge types are not specified.</i></p> <p>Meaning of predefined hatch styles: <i>The inter-line spacing is not specified. Use the latitudes of annex D.4.6.16 for the angular directions.</i></p> <p>Other: <i>None.</i></p> |
| T.25.7 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

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| <p>Error processing</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.5</p> | | <p>Is error processing addressed? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify the action taken.</p> <p>Classification of error severity?</p> <p>Requirements for error recovery?</p> <p>Requirements for error reporting?</p> <p>Additional areas?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.25.8</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>Reporting</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.6</p> | | <p>Is reporting required? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify the action taken.</p> <p>Method and format of the reporting?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requirement to report substitution, error, fallback behavior, mappings, or other behaviors? <p>Additional areas?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.25.9</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

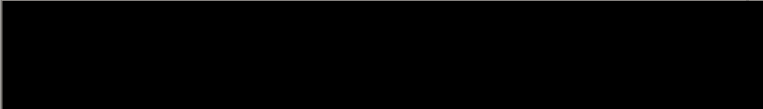
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| <p>Degeneracies</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.6.7</p> <p>9.5.4.4</p> <p>D.2</p> <p>D.4</p> | <p>Is the generation of degenerate primitives addressed? (yes/no) No. The generation of degenerate primitives is not restricted.</p> <p>If yes, attach specifications.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

6.15 Interpreter Implementation Requirements

| Functionality | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T.26.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>Number of pictures</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.7.2</p> <p>T.13.2</p> | | <p>If 0 pictures are permitted (see T.13.2), describe the interpreter behavior: Prohibited by T.13.2.</p> |
| T.26.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

| | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Empty pictures</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.7.3</p> <p>T.13.3</p> | | <p>If permitted (see T.13.3), interpreter behavior: <i>The graphical effect shall be one picture in the background colour.</i></p> |
| <p>T.26.3</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>Colour requirements</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.4.1</p> <p>9.5.7.4.2</p> <p>9.5.4.5</p> | | <p>Interpreters shall be classified as either monochrome, grayscale, or colour interpreters (depending on the colour capability of the interpreter), and shall meet the criteria in attachment 25.4</p> <p>Conversions between different colour models shall be according to the conversions in annex G.</p> <p>Mapping of metafile colour to device components? <i>If mapping (to fewer colour, or grayscale, or monochrome) is required for RGB metafiles, the recommendations of annex D.3.2 shall be used.</i></p> <p>For [v1/2] metafiles, implicit colour calibration specifications? <i>No specifications are defined.</i></p> <p>Other: <i>None.</i></p> |
| <p>T.26.4</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |

| | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Geometric accuracy and latitude</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.7.4.1</p> | | <p>Accuracy and latitude for placement and realization of geometric aspects when geometric primitive elements are rendered. Interpreters shall render graphical primitive elements accurately to within $\pm 0.1\%$ of relative position within the VDC Extent box or $\pm 1/2$ of the pixel resolution of the output device, whichever is greater. Interpreters shall render the geometric size aspect of primitives (e.g., text size, line width, and edge width) to within 1% of the intended size or $\pm 1/2$ pixel of resolution of the output device, whichever is greater.</p> <p>This requirement shall apply to all graphical primitive elements, unless superseded by specific element requirements in this clause.</p> |
| T.26.5 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>Text rendering</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.7.4.3</p> | | <p>Is text accuracy and latitude addressed? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify. Interpreter-rendered text shall match the text specification of the metafile to within 1% relative to the intended size or $\pm 1/2$ pixel of resolution of the output device, whichever is greater, for the placement and overall extent of each text string.</p> <p>Is precision of text rendering is addressed? (yes/no) Yes.</p> <p>If yes, specify interpreter action. Interpreters shall render text using 'stroke' precision, regardless of the actual value of the TEXT PRECISION of the metafile.</p> |
| T.26.6 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

| | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Font substitution</p> <p>References:</p> <p>T.16.13</p> <p>9.5.7.4.4</p> <p>annex I</p> | <p>Font substitution is: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>If prohibited, use the font as specified in the FONT LIST.</p> <p>If permitted, include a reference set of font and glyph metrics which correspond to the canonical instances of the substitutable font. See the FONT LIST element and annex I CGM:1999.</p> <p>Are substitution methods, latitudes, and constraints addressed? (yes/no)</p> <p>No</p> <p>If yes, specify:</p> <p>Similarity of font visual characteristics? <i>Substituted fonts shall be metrically equivalent or be controlled by the RESTRICTED TEXT element.</i></p> <p>Font metrics? Substituted fonts shall have similar metrics to the fonts specified in the metafile.</p> <p>Individual glyph metrics? Specified in ISO/IEC 8632:1999 Annex I for the core thirteen fonts.</p> <p>Additional areas? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Font substitution is: Permitted Yes; Prohibited No;</p> <p>If prohibited, use the font as specified in the FONT LIST.</p> <p>If permitted, include a reference set of font and glyph metrics which correspond to the canonical instances of the substitutable font. See the FONT LIST element and annex I.</p> <p>Are substitution methods, latitudes, and constraints addressed? (yes/no) Yes. If yes, specify:</p> <p>Similarity of font visual characteristics? <i>Substituted fonts shall have similar visual characteristics to the fonts specified in the metafile</i></p> <p>Font metrics? Substituted fonts shall have similar metrics to the fonts specified in the metafile.</p> <p>Individual glyph metrics? As specified in annex I.</p> <p>Additional areas? None.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.26.7</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

Semantic
latitude

References:

9.5.7.5

[T.20.37](#)

[T.20.38](#)

[T.20.39](#)

[T.20.42](#)

[T.20.44](#)

[T.20.45](#)

[T.20.46](#)

Drawing priority and mode: ***Priority shall correspond to the metafile order (i.e., primitives occurring later in the file shall overlay primitives occurring earliest in the file. Mode shall be "replacement" mode.)***

View surface clearing at picture start: ***Surface will be cleared upon the occurrence of BEGIN PICTURE BODY, except as specified elsewhere in this profile.***

Clipping: ***When CLIP INDICATOR is 'off', clipping shall be to the intersection of the device viewport and the device view surface limits. When CLIP INDICATOR is 'on', clipping shall be to the intersection of the clip rectangle, the VDC EXTENT, the device viewport, and the device view surface limits***

Edge centring: ***Edges shall be centred on the ideal mathematically-defined edge of the area.***

Meaning of predefined line types and edge types: ***See Section [6.18](#) about specific and generic line types.***

Meaning of predefined hatch styles: ***See Section [6.19](#) about specific and generic hatch styles.***

In the absence of a LINE/MARKER/TEXT/EDGE CLIPPING MODE element, the interpreter treatment of LINE/MARKER/TEXT/EDGE CLIPPING MODE shall be:

In the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standardized values. **YES.** Specify which one: **SHAPE**

In the style of any of the specific parameter values, from the set of standardized values. **NO**

Drawing priority and mode: ***Priority shall correspond to the metafile order (i.e., primitives occurring later in the file shall overlay primitives occurring earliest in the file. Mode shall be "replacement" mode.)***

View surface clearing at picture start: ***Surface will be cleared upon the occurrence of BEGIN PICTURE BODY.***

Clipping: ***When CLIP INDICATOR is 'off', clipping shall be to the intersection of the device viewport and the device view surface limits. When CLIP INDICATOR is 'on', clipping shall be to the intersection of the clip rectangle, the VDC EXTENT, the device viewport, and the device view surface limits.***

Edge centering: ***Edges shall be centred on the ideal mathematically-defined edge of the area.***

Meaning of predefined line types and edge types: ***The exact on-off definitions for the predefined line types and edge types are not specified.***

Meaning of predefined hatch styles: ***The inter-line spacing is not specified. Use the latitudes of annex D.4.6.16 for the angular directions.***

In the absence of a LINE/MARKER/TEXT/EDGE CLIPPING MODE element, the interpreter treatment of LINE/MARKER/TEXT/EDGE CLIPPING MODE shall be:

In the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standardized values. **YES.** Specify which one: **SHAPE**

In the style of any of the specific parameter values, from the set of standardized values. **NO**

For [v1/v2] metafiles, text restriction method for RESTRICTED TEXT elements, chosen from the set of standard and registered styles of the RESTRICTED TEXT TYPE element: **Value 2.**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of the 2 aspects of line cap shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value pair from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the LINE CAP element. **No** Values = ?
- in the style of any parameter value pair from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the LINE CAP element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of the 2 aspects of edge cap shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value pair, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the EDGE CAP element. **No** Values = ?
- in the style of any parameter value pair, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the EDGE CAP element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of line join shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE JOIN element. **No** Value = ?
- in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE JOIN element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of edge join

For [v1/v2] metafiles, text restriction method for RESTRICTED TEXT elements, chosen from the set of standard and registered styles of the RESTRICTED TEXT TYPE element: **Value 2.**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of the 2 aspects of line cap shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value pair from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the LINE CAP element. **No** Values = ?
- in the style of any parameter value pair from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the LINE CAP element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of the 2 aspects of edge cap shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value pair, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the EDGE CAP element. **No** Values = ?
- in the style of any parameter value pair, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding values 1) of the EDGE CAP element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of line join shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE JOIN element. **No** Value = ?
- in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE JOIN element. **Yes**

shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE JOIN element. **No** Value = ?
- in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE JOIN element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of line type continuation shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE TYPE CONTINUATION element. **No** Value = ?
- in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE TYPE CONTINUATION element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of edge type continuation shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE TYPE CONTINUATION element. **No** Value = ?
- in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE TYPE CONTINUATION element. **Yes**

Other: **None**.

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of edge join shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE JOIN element. **No** Value = ?
- in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE JOIN element. **Yes**

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of line type continuation shall be either:

- **No**; in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE TYPE CONTINUATION element. Value = ?
- **Yes**; in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the LINE TYPE CONTINUATION element.

For [v1/2] metafiles, interpreter treatment of edge type continuation shall be either:

- in the style of one specific parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE TYPE CONTINUATION element. **No** Value = ?
- in the style of any parameter value, from the set of standard and registered values (excluding value 1) of the EDGE TYPE CONTINUATION element. **Yes**

Other: **None**.

| | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T.26.8 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>Error processing</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.7.6</p> | | <p>Is error processing addressed? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify the action taken.</p> <p>Classification of error severity?</p> <p>Requirements for error recovery?</p> <p>Requirements for error reporting?</p> <p>Additional areas?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.26.9 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| <p>Reporting</p> <p>References:</p> <p>9.5.7.7</p> | | <p>Is reporting required? (yes/no) No.</p> <p>If yes, specify the action taken.</p> <p>Method and format of the reporting?</p> <p>Requirement to report any substitution, error, fallback behavior, mappings, or other behaviors?</p> <p>Additional areas?</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| T.26.10 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

Degeneracies**References:**

9.5.7.8

9.5.4.4

D.2

D.4

Is the interpretation of degenerate primitives addressed? (yes/no) **Yes.**

If yes, for each primitive, specify the degeneracy including its source (i.e., intrinsic or computational). ***Intrinsically degenerate primitives shall be rendered as specified in annex D subsections: D.2.2, D.2.3, D.4.5.4 through D.4.5.8, D.4.5.11, and D.4.5.12. Interpreters are not required to detect computational degeneracy. If interpreters do detect computational degeneracies, they shall be rendered as specified in annex D subsections: D.2.2, D.2.3, D.4.5.4 through D.4.5.8, D.4.5.11, and D.4.5.12***

Other: **None.**

Attachment 26.4**Colour requirements, Model Profile:**

The colour mapping step (CMS) and colour rendering step (CRS) for each class of interpreters is as follows:

- monochrome:
 - CMS**
all foreground information is mapped to one colour, background information to another colour.
 - CRS**
all foreground information is mapped to one colour, background information to another colour.
- grayscale:
 - CMS**
32 gray levels, the recommendations of annex D.3.2 is used to map colour to gray.
 - CRS**
a unique representation of each of the levels of gray.
- full colour:
 - CMS**
5R,9G,5B grid of RGB colour cube, plus a 32 gray levels (0-1), some of which are already on the grid.

CRS

a unique representation of all the "colours".



6.16 Binary Encoding Rules

6.16.1 Delimiter Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T.12.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| NOOP [v1] References: Part 3, 8.2 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? None . Other: None . |

6.16.2 Metafile Descriptor Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| T.13.1 | Same as Model Profile: No | |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>INTEGER PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.4</p> <p>Part 3, 8.3</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? 16, 32</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? 8, 16, or 32.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.13.2</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> |  |
| <p>REAL PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.5</p> <p>Part 3, 8.3</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? (1, 16, 16) or (0, 9, 23).</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.13.3</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: No</p> |  |

| | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>INDEX PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.6</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? 16</p> <p>Other: None.</p> | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value? 8, 16, or 32.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.13.4</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>COLOUR PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.7</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value?</p> <p>8 or 16.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |
| <p>T.13.5</p> | <p>Same as Model Profile: Yes</p> | <p style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</p> |
| <p>COLOUR INDEX PRECISION</p> <p>[v1]</p> <p>References:</p> <p>7.3.8</p> | | <p>Element is: Required No; Permitted Yes;</p> <p>Any restrictions on the parameter value?</p> <p>8 or 16.</p> <p>Other: None.</p> |

| | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T.13.6 | Same as Model Profile: No | |
| NAME PRECISION [v2] References: 7.3.16 Part 3, 8.3 | Element is: Required No ; Permitted No ; Prohibited Yes Any restrictions on the parameter value? 8 or 16. Other: None. | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? 16 or 32. Other: None. |

6.16.3 Control Elements

| Element | Specifications - WebCGM 2.0 Profile | Specifications - Model Profile |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T.14.1 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |
| VDC INTEGER PRECISION [v1] References: 7.5.1 Part 3, 8.5 | | Element is: Required No ; Permitted Yes ; Any restrictions on the parameter value? 16 or 32. Other: None. |
| T.14.2 | Same as Model Profile: Yes | |

VDC REAL
PRECISION

[v1]

References:

7.5.2

Part 3, 8.5

Element is: Required **No**; Permitted **Yes**;

Any restrictions on the parameter value? **(1, 16, 16) or (0, 9, 32).**

Other: **None.**

6.17 Symbol Library

Note. The symbol library functionality of WebCGM 1.0 is removed from WebCGM 2.0.

6.18 Line and Edge Style Definitions

WebCGM supports both generic, but imprecise line types, and specific, precise line types. The realizations of line types 1..5 are described in general terms in the CGM standard (e.g., "dash-dot-dot"), and the realizations and constraints of the registered line types 6..15 are described in the ISO Register of Graphical Items (e.g., requirements for inking vertexes in certain engineering line types). Otherwise, the exact line patterns of implicit line types 1..15 are unconstrained. Where exact realizations of line types are expected and required, the LINE AND EDGE TYPE DEFINITION element should be used.

6.19 Hatch Style Definitions

WebCGM supports both generic, but imprecise hatch styles, and specific, precise hatch styles. The realizations of hatch styles 1..6 are described in general terms in the CGM standard. Otherwise, the exact hatch patterns of implicit hatch styles 1..6 are unconstrained. Where exact realizations of hatch styles are expected and required, the HATCH STYLE DEFINITION element should be used.

6.20 JPEG Compression within the Tile Element

This profile allows the use of JPEG restricted to the TILE element. The method is limited to BASELINE JPEG. BASELINE JPEG conforms to the process required for all DCT-based decoders. The colour selection mode of the TILE element shall always be direct, independent of the COLOUR SELECTION MODE in effect in the CGM. The cell colour precision parameter of the TILE shall always be 8-bit for BASELINE JPEG. The COLOUR model of the TILE element shall be defined in the method specific parameters element

of the TILE. It can be the same or independent of the COLOUR MODEL of the CGM. BASELINE JPEG shall assume that the order of the spectral bands is the same order given by the colour model as defined by the method specific parameters. For example, if the model is RGB, each scan will compress the red component, followed by the green component, followed by the blue component. For the case where the colour model is "RGB related", the specific colour model shall be defined in the method specific parameters of the TILE element. The method specific parameters shall be present for each image compressed using BASELINE JPEG. The parameters shall be encoded as an SDR. The JPEG colour model parameter is required and is specified according to the rules of the INDEX PRECISION element. Valid values are:

- 0 - JPEG colour model is the same as the COLOUR MODEL of the CGM.
- 1 - 1RGB
- 2 - CIELAB
- 3 - CIELUV
- 4 - CMYK
- 5 - RGB related

Values outside the range of 0-5 are not allowed. The JPEG colour submodel is required only when the JPEG colour model is "RGB related" and is specified according to the rules of the INDEX PRECISION ELEMENT. Valid values are:

- 0 - YCbCr
- 1 - YCrCb
- 2 - YUV
- 3 - YIQ
- 4 - YES
- 5 - ADT

Other values are not allowed.

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CGM Open specification - WebCGM 2.0 - Appendixes

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A. Conformance

This section and its subsections are normative, unless otherwise indicated.

A.1 Conformance definitions

WebCGM 2.0 defines conformance for these classes of product:

- WebCGM 2.0 instances
- WebCGM viewers (static)
- WebCGM viewers (dynamic), including WebCGM DOM implementation
- XML Companion File (XCF) instances

WebCGM contains both static graphics functionality and dynamic behaviors functionality. Viewer conformance to the static graphics functionality can be measured for any kind of WebCGM viewer. Full viewer conformance to the dynamic behaviors specifications can only be measured in an environment of HTML-based documents and Web browsers. Therefore, full dynamic conformance of a viewer to all specifications in WebCGM 2.0 can only be measured for a WebCGM browser plugin (or equivalent architecture).

A.2 Deprecated and obsolete features

These features of WebCGM 1.0 have been made obsolete, and are not part of the WebCGM 2.0 standard:

- multiple pictures -- a valid WebCGM 2.0 instance may only contain one CGM picture; WebCGM 1.0 allowed multiple pictures.
- symbol libraries -- this 1.0 functionality was unused and unseen in the five years between WebCGM 1.0 and 2.0, therefore all elements associated with Symbol Libraries have been removed from WebCGM 2.0.
- continued Application Structures

These WebCGM 1.0 features are deprecated in WebCGM 2.0, and may be removed (made obsolete) in a future version:

- TILE compression types 0, 1, 2
- BITONAL TILE compression types 0, 1
- the three WebCGM 1.0 object behaviors in the URI fragment -- highlight, view_context, highlight_all -- are deprecated and replaced by a set of behaviors that are atomic, orthogonal and comprehensive in combination.
- the 'viewport' param element, unused and unseen in the five years between WebCGM 1.0 and 2.0.
- the WebCGM 1.0 Character Set List designation tails for UTF-8 and UTF-16 are replaced by correct derivations in WebCGM 2.0, and the 1.0 forms are deprecated.

For WebCGM 2.0, deprecation is defined as follows. Deprecated features must not be present in conforming 2.0 content, but must be supported by conforming 2.0 viewers that support conforming 1.0 content.

A.3 Optional features

There are no optional features in WebCGM. Conforming static implementations

must implement all static functionality as defined herein. Conforming dynamic implementations must implement all dynamic functionality, including DOM and XCF functionality, as defined herein.

A.4 Extensibility

A.4.1 Extensibility by implementations

For WebCGM implementations, the following extensibility rules apply to the given WebCGM components for which WebCGM defines conformance.

Metafiles

Metafiles are absolutely not extensible. There shall be no content in conforming WebCGM metafile instances beyond what is defined and allowed by the [WebCGM Proforma](#) of Chapter 6.

DOM

A conforming WebCGM DOM implementation must implement the interfaces of [WebCGM DOM definition](#) (Chapter 5) exactly as described therein. Any DOM implementation, whether profile defined or private (vendor defined), that extends, subsets, or modifies the WebCGM DOM is not a conformant WebCGM DOM implementation. The specification of a DOM based on or derived from the WebCGM DOM is considered to be a new, independent DOM that would be outside of the scope of the WebCGM specification. Such a DOM would not be WebCGM conformant, and a WebCGM DOM implementation is not expected to handle this DOM.

Companion files (XCF)

XML Companion Files (XCF) are extensible with application-specific metadata in foreign namespaces, following the extension rules defined in Chapter 5, [XML Companion File](#). Such namespace extensions shall have no graphical effects, i.e., if the namespace extensions are stripped from a companion file, then the graphical rendering following the [load and apply of that XCF](#) shall be the match the rendering following the load-and-apply of the unaltered XCF.

A.4.2 Extensibility by profiles

This sub-section is informative (non-normative.)

One design goal of WebCGM is to serve as a foundation profile for a family of

closely related technical application sectors. The aim is that those sectors may succinctly present their profile definitions as delta documents from WebCGM, as explained in [Cascading Profiles](#). The following rules should be observed by such profiles.

Metafiles

Profiles typically define their valid metafile content to be a subset of the full [WebCGM Proforma](#) (Chapter 6). Other than subsetting values and elements, profiles should not modify any standard WebCGM content. Profiles may extend standard WebCGM content by using the defined CGM:1999 extension mechanisms (ESCAPE, GDP, APPLICATION DATA), provide the constraints of CGM:1999 Rules for Profiles (clause 9) are observed. Specifically, such extensions should be either *profile defined* (sufficient for universal unambiguous implementation) or *registered* (in the ISO Registry of Graphical Items). Note: Profiles should use caution when extending valid metafile content, as it fragments implementations and creates interoperability problems with other application sectors.

DOM

Profiles based on WebCGM should not modify or add to the standardized WebCGM DOM methods or interfaces. Neither should such profiles add entirely new interfaces. A profile-defined DOM based on or derived from the WebCGM DOM is considered to be a new, independent DOM. A WebCGM DOM implementation should not be expected to interoperate with this DOM. The recommendations of this paragraph should help to minimize the interoperability differences amongst closely-related technical constituencies whose profiles derive from WebCGM.

Companion files (XCF)

Profiles may subset WebCGM's XML Companion File (XCF) definition. Profiles may extend WebCGM's XCF definition with [application-specific metadata](#) in foreign namespaces, following the extension rules defined in Chapter 5, [XML Companion File](#). As for [implementation-defined XCF extensions](#), profile-defined XCF extensions shall be non-graphical.

A.5 Normativity

A.5.1 Normative and informative content

The sections and subsections of this specification are labelled, after the section heading, to specify whether they are normative or informative. If a subsection is not labelled, it has the same normativity as its parent section.

For example, this conformance clause (Appendix A) says, right after the section heading, "*This section and its subsections are normative, unless otherwise indicated.*" Section A.4.1 has no label, so it is normative, while A.4.2 says "*This sub-section is informative (non-normative.)*"

All examples in this specification are informative. All illustrations in this specification are informative. All [EBNF](#) in this specification is normative, unless specifically labelled as informative. All DTDs and DTD fragments are normative, unless specifically labelled as informative.

A.5.2 Normative language and conformance requirements

The individual conformance requirements of this specification are presented in these principal ways:

- [RFC2119](#) Keywords: The keywords “MUST”, “MUST NOT”, “REQUIRED”, “SHALL”, “SHALL NOT”, “SHOULD”, “SHOULD NOT”, “RECOMMENDED”, “MAY”, and “OPTIONAL” are used as defined in [RFC 2119](#) in this conformance clause. Occurrences of these words in normal lowercase have the RFC-2119-defined normative implications.
- Descriptive language: Descriptive prose that defines a graphical or dynamic effect to be achieved, when occurring in a normative section, represents conformance requirements. For example: "A non-visible object is not displayed."
- Imperative voice: Imperative voice statements that define a graphical or dynamic effect to be achieved, when occurring in a normative section, represents conformance requirements. For example: "If the picture behavior value is any valid name string other than the above reserved names, (it begins with an alphabetic character (a-zA-Z)), remove the existing content (picture or document) from the frame whose name matches the string and display the specified content in the specified frame."

A.6 Validation tools

This subsection is informative.

One of the primary benefits of any CGM profile is the ability to insure interoperability through the use of validation tools against CGM instances and certification services for applications. Once an application has been certified

through a testing service, behavior of that application is predictable under the constraints of the profile. Validation and certification tools and services which exist (or have existed) and can be leveraged for WebCGM are:

- Validation tools exist for metafile *instances*.
- A [WebCGM 1.0 test suite](#), currently being upgraded to 2.0 (first public release pending).
- Previous test suites and certification services for *interpreters* for the closely related ATA profile -- several viewer, printer, and interpreter products that now also support WebCGM were certified for ATA compliance.

B. References

B.1 Normative References

This section is normative.

All valid profiles of CGM conform to the ISO CGM standard. As are all profiles, the WebCGM profile is defined by reference to the ISO standard:

ISO/IEC 8632:1999(E)

Information technology - Computer graphics - Metafile for the storage and transfer of picture description information

- Part 1: Functional description
- Part 3: Binary encoding
- Part 4: Clear text encoding

Available at the ISO page of [Publicly Available Standards](#). CGM:1999 was reaffirmed by ISO, without changes, at its 5-year review in 2004.

The other normative references of this profile are:

RFC-3986

Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax,

URL: <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt>

RFC-1951

Deutsch, P., "DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification version 1.3", RFC1951, Aladdin Enterprises, May 1996,
URL: <http://www.w3.org/Graphics/PNG/RFC-1951>

ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993, AM2:1996

Information technology - Universal multiple-octet coded character set (UCS)
- Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane
AMENDMENT 2: UCS Transformation Format 8 (UTF-8)

REC-png

PNG (Portable Network Graphics) Specification, Version 1.0, URL:
<http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-png-multi>

RFC2119

IETF [RFC 2119: Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt), S. Bradner, March 1997. Available at <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt> .

XML 1.0

[XML 1.0, third edition, http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xml-20040204/.](http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xml-20040204/)

Namespaces in XML

<http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml-names>

B.2 Informative References

This section is informative (non-normative).

SVG 1.1

<http://www.w3.org/TR/SVG11/>

DOM Level 3

<http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-DOM-Level-3-Core-20040407/>

HTML 4.01

[HTML 4.01 Specification](http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-html40/)

CSS 2.0

<http://www.w3.org/TR/CSS2/>

Xpointer Framework

<http://www.w3.org/TR/2003/REC-xptr-framework-20030325/>

Cascading Profiles

Definition and description of how to write a profile based on WebCGM as the starting point, for closely related technical application sectors. At <http://www.cgmpopen.org/technical/cascading-profiles.html>

WebCGM 2.0 Requirements

The requirements used to define the new functionality for WebCGM 2.0.

At http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/14243/WebCGM_20_Requirements.html

SpecGL 1.0

The W3C [QA Framework: Specification Guidelines](#), has guided the inclusion of the normative Conformance clause, and other conformance-related details of WebCGM. At <http://www.w3.org/TR/qaframe-spec/>.

B.3 Document Sources and Registration Authority

This section is informative (non-normative).

Copies of the ISO standards may be obtained from ISO:

ISO Central Secretariat
1, rue de Varembe
Case postale 56
CH-1211 Geneve 20
Switzerland

For the purpose of this Recommendation and according to the rules for the designation and operation of registration authorities in the ISO/IEC Directives, the ISO and IEC Councils have designated the following as the registration authority:

National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA)
(Joint Interoperability Test Command)
The Registration Authority for Graphical Items
Building 57305
Fort Huachuca
Arizona
85613-7020
USA

For more information on the CGM standard itself, the [CGM Open Web site](#) has both bibliographic references, and short articles on CGM topics:

CGM Open

<http://www.cgmopen.org/>

The following World Wide Web sites have more information on CGM:

ISO/JTC1/SC24

<http://www.cwi.nl/JTC1SC24/>

W3C WebCGM Overview

<http://www.w3.org/Graphics/WebCGM>

C. What's new in WebCGM 2

This section is informative (non-normative).

1. DOM. A major functional addition is a limited WebCGM Document Object Model (DOM), carefully targetted at the WebCGM 2.0 requirements.
2. XCF. The second major functional addition is the definition of a standard XML Companion File for use by WebCGM (and related) applications, closely integrated with WebCGM DOM.
3. Event model. As an adjunct to the DOM definition, a more detailed event model has been specified, allowing definition and attachment of user event handlers to objects, and specifying how "pick" events are handled in a backward compatible way to WebCGM 1.0.
4. Complementing the event model, a new param sub-element is added to the OBJECT element, to allow handling of onload events.
5. Single picture. Whereas ISO CGM:1999 allows multiple independent pictures in a metafile, and WebCGM 1.0 originally did, multiple pictures were deemed not amongst the requirements for WebCGM. To simplify WebCGM, they were deprecated in WebCGM 1.0 2nd Release, and are now removed from WebCGM 2.0.
6. Fragment syntax. Small changes to allowable values, in order to embody the single-picture rule, but the overall structure of the fragment is unchanged for backward compatibility.
7. Fragment syntax and xcfterm. It is now possible in the link fragment to specify to load-and-apply an XML companion file before first display of the graphics of a targetted picture.
8. More object behaviors. The set of object behaviors that can be included in the link fragment syntax has been expanded to give much more user control. A set of behaviors is built from EBNF syntax, by combinations of an orthogonal navigation term and highlighting term. The 3 behaviors of WebCGM 1.0 are deprecated.
9. Grnode. WebCGM 2.0 defines a purely graphical grouping mechanism, "graphical node", which groups graphical primitives as an Application

- Structure, but diallows the attributes or properties that associate intelligence with objects.
10. New APS attributes. WebCGM defines new APS attributes of type 'visibility' and 'interactivity' that may be applied to most object (APS) types.
 11. Style Properties. For use in DOM and XCF, WebCGM 2.0 defines a set of Style Properties -- text color, stroke weight, etc -- that transiently (for the duration of a DOM or viewing session) override the corresponding CGM attributes for targeted picture and APS nodes.
 12. Obsolete features. A number of previously deprecated WebCGM 1.0 features are [made obsolete](#) (removed from WebCGM 2.0).
 13. Deprecated features. A number WebCGM 1.0 features are [deprecated](#) in WebCGM 2.0 (may be removed in a future revision).
 14. Symbol Libraries. This capability was in WebCGM 1.0, but was removed from WebCGM 2.0 because of lack of interest (POLYSYMBOL, several SYMBOL LIBRARY elements, some registered ESCAPEs, etc).
 15. 2.0 and has added some graphical items that were deferred from WebCGM 1.0 (for expedience)
 - o NUBS and NURBS
 - o clipping to regions other than rectangles
 - o increased sizes for Cell Array and Tile Array elements
 - o Auxiliary Colour and Transparency
 - o text-on-path (i.e., text layout along arbitrary paths)
 - o increased sizes for Closed Figure elements

D. Glossary

Application Structure, APS

The CGM structure for grouping other elements and assigning them a unique identifier, a type, and attaching attributes. WebCGM contains five valid APS types: gobject, layer, para, subpara, grnode.

APS Attribute, Application Structure Attribute

The CGM element that is used to define and associate an attribute with an APS. WebCGM contains ten valid APS Attribute types: region, viewcontext, linkuri, layername, layerdesc, screentip, name, content, visibility, interactivity.

Style Property

A graphical attributes that may be applied and manipulated at the APS or picture level, transiently, by WebCGM DOM and WebCGM XCF.

WebCGM 2.0 defines nine style properties.

DOM, Document Object Model

A Document Object Model is a platform- and language-neutral interface that allows programs and scripts to dynamically access and manipulate the content, structure and style of documents. WebCGM defines a DOM of limited scope, allowing discovery and navigation of the WebCGM structure tree, transient manipulation of styles and standardized metadata, and discovery and manipulation of application-specific metadata. The WebCGM DOM is based upon and borrows from the principles the W3C DOM Level 2 and DOM Level 3 Recommendations.

WDOM, WebCGM DOM

The WebCGM Document Object Model, this terminology is used when it is needed to unambiguously distinguish the WebCGM DOM from the generalized W3C DOM specifications.

CGM, Computer Graphics Metafile

ISO/IEC standard 8632:1999 (CGM:1999), CGM is a metafile format consisting of composite raster and scalable vector graphics information.

metafile

A mechanism for retraining and transporting graphical data and control information, containing a device independent description of one or more pictures.

NVDC, Normalized Device Coordinates

The coordinate system that is used to communicate coordinate data through the WebCGM DOM, NVDC is VDC normalized so that the origin is lower-left and units are millimeters.

EBNF, Extended Bauer Normal Form

A formal specification technique used in WebCGM to express pieces of grammar and syntax such as the URI fragment syntax.

XCF, XML Companion File

An XML file format defined by WebCGM, that can be used to externalize metadata from WebCGM instances and bind it to objects in the metafile.

Cascading profile

A method by which closely related profiles can be expressed efficiently, by only enumerating the differences between a given profile and a base profile such as WebCGM.

PPF, Profile Proforma

A method of expressing profiles standardized in CGM:1999 (clause 9), the PPF presents a profile as a single table covering all aspects of the CGM standard, with a reference column (enumerating a Model Profile or other base profile), and a column to define the target profile by comparison to the reference column.

handler, event handler

An event handler is a method called by the WebCGM DOM

implementation whenever a specified event occurs. Users register the event types they are interested in by calling the `addEventListener()` method of the `WebCGMMetafile` object.

listener, event listener

The event listener specifies the interface via which users register event handlers with the WebCGM DOM implementation. This interface consists of a single method, `handleEvent()`, which the WebCGM DOM implementation calls whenever specified events occur. Users pass `WebCGMEventListener` objects as arguments to the `addEventListener()` method of the `WebCGMMetafile` object to register a specific event handler with the WebCGM DOM implementation.

host application

The user agent, typically is a script that controls the behavior of a web page. In the context of WebCGM the host application controls the behavior of the WebCGM renderer through the DOM.

host environment

The combination of the host application and the host document

host document

The web page, contains a combination of both HTML and WebCGM content.

object

An Application Structure or Picture in a WebCGM.

object behavior

One of a set of (thirteen) ways in which the view of an object or collection of objects is presented following the execution of a hyperlink to the object (s). WebCGM standardizes a number of objects that give complete control over the zoom, pan, and highlight aspects of the view.

picture behavior

One of a set of (six) ways in which the view of a picture is handled following the execution of a hyperlink to the picture. Based on the 'target' attribute of the HTML 'a' tag, the WebCGM picture behaviors allow the specification of the new view to occur in a new window, to overwrite the whole contents of the source window, to overwrite the parent window, etc.

metadata

Non graphical information contained within or associated with standard graphical files, in WebCGM metadata supports such ancillary functions as hierarchical picture structuring, object identification and navigation, and association of application-specific non-graphical data with graphical objects.

fragment (URI fragment)

As standardized in RFC3986, the fragment is a part of a URI that is separated from the path/file name by a "#" character, and provides information that is reserved for processing by agents that are invoked by

the browser to handle the resource information type of the URI. WebCGM standardizes the syntax and semantics of a URI fragment, for transmitting object and picture selection and behavior information to WebCGM viewers.

interactive region

the effective geometric region for the purposes of all interactive cursor and mouse operations, such as picking and mouseover. By default, the *drawn graphical primitives* of the object define the interactive region. For filled-area primitives this includes: the edge, if edge visibility is 'on'; the interior, if the interior style is other than 'empty' or 'hollow'; and, the boundary, for interior style 'hollow'. For all graphical primitive types, *drawn graphical primitives* exclude any that are fully transparent (so a fully transparent object is equivalent to an empty object, for purposes of interactive region definition). If the object contains a ['region' APS Attribute](#), then that region area is the interactive region.

target rectangle

A rectangular region around the target object(s) that is used for the application of object behaviors following hyperlink execution. The target region is defined by APS Attributes and/or target geometry, and for example provides the area to be encompassed by a zoomed view.

inheritance

The determination of values of APS Attributes and Style Properties for objects in the WebCGM hierarchical object tree, when all aspects have not been explicitly specified for all objects in the tree. WebCGM defines an inheritance model that is closely based on CSS (Cascading Style Sheets, a W3C Recommendation).

NS, namespace

A method devised and standardized by the *XML Namespaces* standard, namespace provides a way to distinguish to which specification and grammar elements and attributes belong, when information from distinct XML languages is mixed in the same document. WebCGM uses namespaces to separate standardized WebCGM XCF elements and attributes from embedded and intermingled application-specific metadata.

E. Change Log

This section is informative (non-normative).

Changes since OASIS-published first Committee Draft:

- ---20050909 text includes all of below changes---
- added OASIS Logo and "Notices" to cover page.
- added "A.5 Normativity", to explain normative/informative content and conformance requirements.
- added RFC2119 to normative references (B.1).
- added exception NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR to setAppStructureAttr, removeAppStructureAttr (5.7.6).
- added legal-character reference to WebCGMNode.setAppStructureNS(), for exception determination (5.7.4).
- added definitions (Appendix D) of event handler, event listener, host application, host document, host environment.
- change A.4.2 (profile extensions rules) to non-normative, edit to reflect resolved issues and cascading policy.
- add Null return value discussion to Basic Data Types (5.5.2.1), link all Ch.5 "null" return specifications to it.
- WebCGMPicture (5.7.5) .getAppStructureById (fix), getAppStructuresByName (ok): make consistent about "null" return.
- WebCGMNode (5.7.4) .childnodes (fix), .attributes (ok), .getElementsByTagNameNS (fix): make consistent about "null" return.
- 5.7.10, fix 2nd bullet list to reflect that event handlers are only attached to the WebCGMMetafile interface.
- add "empty string" discussion to Basic Data Types (5.5.2.2), link all subsequent Ch.5 occurrences of "empty string" to it.
- change default namespace to "#FIXED" in XCF (4.3.3 & 4.4).
- fixed getAppStructureById for null return (was: returns empty list) (5.7.5).
- changed 'null' to 'empty string' in namespaceURI, prefix, localName attributes of WebCGMNode interface (5.7.4).
- added ATTR_NODE to WebCGMNode.namespaceURI applicability (5.7.4).
- Clarify resolution of relative URIs for applyCompanionFile, improve wording and linking of description (5.7.5).
- In 3.2.1.5, grnode, clarify "Viewer behavior" wording about interactive, direct child, etc.
- ---20050804 text includes all of below changes---
- first cut at definitions of majority of terms in the glossary (Appendix D).
- added XCF webcgm/xmlns examples, and clarified that xmlns must be present on 'webcgm' (4.3.3).
- reference DOM basic data types from XCF "Data types and encodings" (4.3.1).
- wrote comprehensive "Basic data types" section (5.5).
- changed "deprecated" to "discouraged" in 'linkuri' (to align past intent with new "deprecated" definition) (3.2.2.3).

- added correct/incorrect usage examples to `getWebCGMDocument.src` description (5.7.3)
- added local TOCs to chapters 1 and 6.
- added extensibility rules for profiles to Conformance clause (appendix A.4.1).
- fixed example 5.1b to remove private graphical stuff (5.3).
- added extensibility rules for implementations to Conformance clause (appendix A.4.2).
- added precise definition of "deprecated" to conformance clause (A.2)
- added local TOC to start of Ch.2
- ---20050719 editors draft includes all of below changes---
- moved Ch.4 "Data types & encodings" before the descriptions of the XCF elements (4.3.1).
- added clarifying example of 3rd parameter usage to 'linkuri' (3.2.2.3).
- added explanation to Fundamental Interfaces (5.7) of picture-as-root.
- added explanation to `WebCGMAttr` (5.7.8) about `parentNode`, sibling nodes, etc (null).
- added first cut of ECMAScript binding (appendix F).
- mark example 5.1b for replacement (it's more or less invalidated by past couple months developments) (5.3).
- replace character-height SP with the text-size SP (5.7.5, 4.3.2, 4.4).
- clarified `WebCGMNode.attributes` about `apsid` and `pictid`, added table of `NodeType / Attributes` (5.7.4).
- added `getAppName()` and `getAppVersion()` to `GetWebCGMDocument` interface (5.7.2).
- replaced enumeration of `objBehaviors` in frag. EBNF with the 3-line generating EBNF (3.1.1.2).
- moved behaviors-summary table to new 3.1.1.7, linked to rules elsewhere.
- added example in 3.1.1.5 of resolution of relative URI in `xcfterm` of fragment.
- fixed the `NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR` exception description on `WebCGMNode:Attr` (5.7.8).
- correct `FILE_INCOMPATIBILITY_ERR` to `FILE_INVALID_ERR` in `WebCGMException` IDL (5.7.1).
- removed deprecation warnings about `sRGB` (2.2.2, 2.5.3, 6.5, A.2).
- change visibility to `pictureVisibility` on 'webcgm' XCF (4.3.3), change `setPictVisibility()` to `setPictureVisibility` (5.7.5).
- remove "must navigate first, then highlight", from `obj` behaviors (3.1.2.4)
- remove `hasAttributesNS()` from `WebCGMNode` interface; fix explanation of attributes, `hasAttributes` (5.7.4).
- ---20050708 editors draft includes all of below changes---
- added summary table to 3.1.2, `picBehavior` & `objBehavior` rules for H2C, C2H, C2C, DOM, XCF.

- added clearHighlight special form to obj-selection-keywords and obj-behaviors sections (3.1.1.2, 3.1.2.4.1).
- updated fragment EBNF for all changes to obj. behaviors (3.1.1.2).
- added 'visibility' to XCF 'webCGM' element (4.3.3).
- finalize wording of parentNode attribute on WebCGMNode interface (5.7.4).
- finalize format of metafileDescription attribute on WebCGMMetafile interface (5.7.3).
- finalize description of 'src' attribute on WebCGMMetafile interface (5.7.3).
- remove clearStyleProperty method from WebCGMPicture interface, explain that "inherit" has same effect (5.7.5).
- text-font included in Style Properties of 5.7.5 and XCF; explain initial value "metafile".
- clarify that 'attributes' and hasAttributes() on WebCGMNode include the apsid parameter of BegAps (5.7.4).
- added informative note to PPF (Ch.6) T.14.4 and T.14.5 that Unicode octet strings are "big-endian".
- added 'onload' param sub-element to OBJECT (3.4).
- in SP definitions (5.7.5), add inheritance-related specs of Computed Value, "Inherited:yes", and "inherit" value.
- in SP definitions (5.7.5) clarify "replacement mode" (not accumulate), and "order counts".
- prohibit intensity plus {fill-color | stroke-color | text color} on same XCF element (4.3.2).
- finished editing obj. Behaviors sections (3.1.2.3, 3.1.2.4).
- added %styleProperties; to other XCF elements, and fixed the extension entity definitions on all of them (4.3, 4.4).
- added "xmlns CDATA #implied" to ATTLIST of XCF 'webcgm' element (4.3.3, 4.4).
- added "Namespaces in XML" to normative references (B.1).
- UTF-8 & UTF-16 corrections made to PPF (ch.6, T.16.14).
- setPictVisibility() added to WebCGMPicture interface (5.7.5).
- ---20050627 editors draft includes all of below changes---
- new 'layer' content picture in Ch.2, to allow empty layers (2.3.5).
- started implementing the new object behaviors of the URI fragment, deprecating old (1.0) 3 behaviors (3.1.2.3, 3.1.2.4).
- deprecate viewport param element of OBJECT (3.4).
- fixed format of example on metafileDescription attribute, defined on WebCGMMetafile interface (5.7.3).
- added picBehavior and same-CGM rules to src attribute, defined on WebCGMMetafile interface (5.7.3).
- added new draft of DOM ch.5.4, "Inheritance model..."
- swapped example 4.1 to be last example (now 4.3), indicated "partial

- inventory; "full description" is out-of-scope; also fixed the parallel text in Ch.2.
- added Ch.4 XCF subsection defining Conforming WebCGM XCF file (4.2.4)
 - added Ch.4 XCF subsection for Namespace, Public Identifier, System Identifier (4.2.3).
 - clarified "mostly flat" structure of XCF, add example to illustrate, mention webcgm-Picture root correspondence (4.2.1).
 - added to 'version' attribute of 'webcgm' element, "every XCF must identify version by 'version' or DTD" (4.3.3).
 - change "mouse region" to "interactive region" (everywhere, mostly Ch.3 and Appendix D).
 - added Style Properties to XCF, define styleProperties entity, add to DTD (all 4.3 subsections, 4.4).
 - restructured XCF (Ch.4) sub-sections.
 - clarify that _replace picture behavior does not reload CGM, for intra-CGM link within the same picture (3.1.2.2).
 - clarify in OBJECT (3.4) that the FIXED param elt. only affects viewers' user zoom/pan controls.
 - in Style Prop. table of Interface WebCGMPicture (5.7.5), stroke-weight and character-height must be > 0.
 - Added placeholder "ECMAScript binding" appendix (F), per 20050608 telecon.
 - **---20050610 editors draft includes all of below changes---**
 - add local TOC to chapter 3.
 - annotate "No example this WebCGM version" in 5.4.1.3 "Used Values".
 - add "not fully transparent" to definition of mouse region, mention also in 5.7.10.
 - remove 1.0 restriction and allow empty layers in 2.0 (3.2.1.2, 3.3).
 - convert content model of grobject to EBNF (3.2.1.1).
 - clarify in 3.2.2.9 (visibility) and 3.2.2.10 (interactivity) that they inherit to/ thru grnode, even though they don't apply to it .
 - fix viewer behavior of grobject (3.2.1.1), to reconcile former items #2,3,4 with event model (5.7.10), by converting them to an example.
 - clarify (no functional change) viewer behavior for linkuri (3.2.2.3) and screentip (3.2.2.6), to make consistent w/ the event model (5.7.10).
 - make 3.4 description of <object> element XHTML friendly (lower case, etc).
 - clarify in 'visibility' (3.2.2.9) and 'interactivity' (3.2.2.10) that they inherit to/ through 'grnode' even though they don't apply.
 - clarified / corrected wording of grnode (3.2.1.5)
 - added notation definition to 3.1.1.2, and referenced it from 3.2.1.
 - added introductory text, clarified wording, flagged issues, in object

behaviors sections (3.1.2.4).

- changed example 3 (3.1.3.4) to avoid deprecated `view_context` behavior, fixed examples 5,6,7 for 'zoom' default instead of 'highlight', clarified wording (e.g., re. target rectangle) in several examples.
- added notation definition before EBNF in 3.1.1.2 (frag. syntax)
- added bullet to 3.1.1.3-#3, specifying (char)+ for `xcfterm`
- added 3.1.1.5 about resolving relative URI for `xcful`, link that from 3.1.2.6.
- updated RFC2936 to RFC3986, Xpointer to REC Xpointer Framework, XML 1.0 2nd Ed to XML 1.0 3rd Ed., HTML 4.0 to HTML 4.01 (throughout the spec).
- clarified (in 5.4) those parts of CSS2 inheritance model that don't apply to any WebCGM cases yet.

---20050530 editors draft includes all of below changes---

- implemented AM review editorial comments on Overview (Ch.1) (200505?? email)
- implemented FC review comments (editorial) on 5.7 (20050524 email)
- implemented DL review comments (editorial) on 5.1 - 5.6 (20050506 email)
- clarify that all 3 parts of `linkuri` must be supplied (even if empty) in WebCGMs (3.2.2.3) and DOM (5.5).
- moved `addEventListener` method from `WebCGMPicture` node (5.7.5) to `WebCGMMetafile` node (5.7.3).
- define "mouse region" in common, for prev. "picking region", 'region' `ApsAttr`, new events model, etc (3.2.1.1, 3.2.2.1, 5.7.10).
- in 5.5 define `validChar` for `Delimited String` (by ref to individual APS Attr data rules, plus `Char. Repertoire` 3.1.1.3)
- a `Delimited String` cannot contain both a `QUOTE` and an `APOSTROPHE` within substring data content (5.5).
- `Delimited String` containing a single substring is coded identically to simple string (5.5).
- added "inherit" value for 'visibility' and 'interactivity' -- (3.2.2.9, 3.2.2.10, 4.3), 5.7.6.
- 5.7.5 table: removed Note after it; fixed inaccurate descriptions of all style properties.
- 5.7.5 table: added Initial Value, add absolute to stroke-weight & character-height
- 5.7.6, changed 'viewcontext' to simple string, fixed it and 'region' examples (wsp)
- renamed "style attribute" to "style property" throughout Ch.5 & Ch.4, including names of methods.
- added a subsection to XCF, describing attribute encoding (4.3.1).
- readability of Abstract improved, Status updated.

- added first-draft terms list for glossary, of DC (Appendix D).
- fixed parameters of Example 4.1 consistently with Ch.5 specifications.

F. ECMAScript binding

[Ed. Better formatting is intended in next version...]

Prototype Object WebCGMException

The WebCGMException class has the following constants:

WebCGMException.INDEX_SIZE_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 1.

WebCGMException.WEBCGMSTRING_SIZE_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 2.

WebCGMException.INVALID_CHARACTER_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 3.

WebCGMException.NO_DATA_ALLOWED_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 4.

WebCGMException.NO_MODIFICATION_ALLOWED_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 5.

WebCGMException.NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 6.

WebCGMException.INVALID_ACCESS_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 7.

WebCGMException.FILE_NOT_FOUND_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 8.

WebCGMException.FILE_INVALID_ERR

This constant is of type Number and its value is 9.

Object WebCGMException

The WebCGMException object has the following properties:

code

This property is of type Number.

Object GetWebCGMDocument

The GetWebCGMDocument object has the following methods:

getWebCGMDocument()

This method returns a WebCGMMetafile.

getAppName()

This method returns a String.

getAppVersion()

This method returns a String.

Object WebCGMMetafile

The WebCGMMetafile object has the following properties:

metafileDescription

This read-only property is of type String.

firstPicture

This read-only property is a WebCGMPicture object.

metafileID

This read-only property is of type String.

metafileVersion

This read-only property is of type Number.

src

This property is of type String.

The WebCGMMetafile object has the following methods:

addEventListener(type, listener);

The type parameter is of type String.

The listener parameter is a

WebCGMEventListener object.

removeEventListener(type, listener);

The type parameter is of type String.

The listener parameter is a

WebCGMEventListener object.

Prototype Object WebCGMNode

The WebCGMNode class has the following constants:

WebCGMNode.PICTURE_NODE

This constant is of type Number and its value is 1.

WebCGMNode.APP_STRUCTURE_NODE

This constant is of type Number and its value is 2.

WebCGMNode.XML_METADATA_NODE

This constant is of type Number and its value is 3.

WebCGMNode.TEXT_NODE

This constant is of type Number and its value is 4.

WebCGMNode.ATTR_NODE

This constant is of type Number and its value is 5.

Object WebCGMNode

The WebCGMNode object has the following properties:

nodeName

This read-only property is of type String.

nodeValue

This read-only property is of type String, can raise a WebCGMException object on retrieval.

nodeType

This read-only property is of type Number.

parentNode

This read-only property is a WebCGMNode object.

childNodes

This read-only property is a WebCGMNodeList object.

firstChild

This read-only property is a WebCGMNode object.

lastChild

This read-only property is a WebCGMNode object.

previousSibling

This read-only property is a WebCGMNode object.

nextSibling

This read-only property is a WebCGMNode

object.

attributes

This read-only property is a WebCGMNodeList object.

ownerPicture

This read-only property is a WebCGMPicture object.

namespaceURI

This read-only property is of type String.

prefix

This read-only property is of type String.

localName

This read-only property is of type String.

The WebCGMNode object has the following methods:

hasChildNodes()

This method returns a Boolean.

hasAttributes()

This method returns a Boolean.

getAttributeNS(namespaceURI, localName)

This method returns a String.

The namespaceURI parameter is of type String.

The localName parameter is of type String.

setAttributeNS(namespaceURI, qualifiedName, value)

This method has no return value.

The namespaceURI parameter is of type String.

The qualifiedName parameter is of type String.

The value parameter is of type String.

getElementsByTagNameNS(namespaceURI, localName)

This method returns a WebCGMNodeList

object.

The namespaceURI parameter is of type String.

The localName parameter is of type String.

Object WebCGMPicture

WebCGMPicture has all the properties and methods of the WebCGMNode object as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The WebCGMPicture object has the following properties:

width

This read-only property is of type Number.

height

This read-only property is of type Number.

pictid

This read-only property is of type String.

The WebCGMPicture object has the following methods:

applyCompanionFile(fileURI)

This method returns a Boolean.

The fileURI parameter is of type String.

getAppStructureById(apsId)

This method returns a WebCGMNode.

The apsId parameter is of type String.

getAppStructuresByName(apsName)

This method returns a WebCGMNodeList.

The apsName parameter is of type String.

highlight(nodes,state)

This method has no return value.

The nodes parameter is WebCGMNodeList

object.

The state parameter is of type Boolean.

setPictureVisibility(visibility)

This method has no return value.

The visibility parameter is of type String.

setStyleProperty(style,value)

This method has no return value.

The style parameter is of type String.

The value parameter is of type String.

reloadPicture()

This method has no return value.

Object WebCGMAppStructure

WebCGMAppStructure has all the properties and methods of the WebCGMNode object as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The WebCGMAppStructure object has the following properties:

apsId

This read-only property is of type String.

nameCount

This read-only property is of type Number.

linkuriCount

This read-only property is of type Number.

The WebCGMAppStructure object has the following methods:

getAppStructureAttr(name)

This method returns a String.

The name parameter is of type String.

setAppStructureAttr(name,value)

This method has no return value.

The name parameter is of type String.

The value parameter is of type String.

removeAppStructureAttr(name)

This method has no return value.

The name parameter is of type String.

setStyleProperty(style,value)

This method has no return value.

The style parameter is of type String.

The value parameter is of type String.

Object WebCGMNodeList

The WebCGMNodeList object has the following properties:

count

This read-only property is of type Number.

The WebCGMNodeList object has the following methods:

item(index)

This method returns a WebCGMNode object.

The index parameter is of type Number.

removeItem(index) // should this raise an exception?

This method returns a WebCGMNode object.

The index parameter is of type Number.

appendItem(newItem) // should this raise an exception?

This method returns a WebCGMNode object.

The newItem parameter is of type String.

Object WebCGMAttr

WebCGMAttr has all the properties and methods of the WebCGMNode object as well as the properties and methods defined below.

The WebCGMAttr object has the following properties:

name

This read-only property is of type String.

value

This property is of type String.

ownerNode

This read-only property is a WebCGMNode object.

Object WebCGMEventListener

This is an ECMAScript function reference. This method has no return value. The parameter is a WebCGMEvent object.

Object WebCGMEvent

The WebCGMEvent object has the following properties:

type

This read-only property is of type String.

target

This read-only property is a WebCGMNode object.

button

This read-only property is of type Number.

numPressed

This read-only property is of type Number.

clientX

This read-only property is of type Number.

clientY

This read-only property is of type Number.

ctrlKey

This read-only property is of type Boolean.

shiftKey

This read-only property is of type Boolean.

altKey

This read-only property is of type Boolean.

metaKey

This read-only property is of type Boolean.

The WebCGMEvent object has the following methods:

`preventDefault()`

This method has no return value.

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